

**A Study on Forces, Tool Wear and Surface finish in Orthogonal Machining
of Aluminum 6061 T6 alloy and AISI 1020 Steel with HSS and Uncoated
Carbide tool inserts under different gaseous cutting environments**

by

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Abstract

The current study is a statistically designed Orthogonal tube turning experiment to evaluate different cutting environments that can be used in machining aluminum 6061 T6 alloy and AISI 1020 Steel alloy. Two different tool material types, solid uncoated carbide and High Speed Steel (HSS) inserts were used along with different levels of uncut chip thickness in a classic orthogonal tube turning experiment. Three different rake angles of 0° , 7° and 15° using customized tool holders were designed and made to hold the inserts which had identical cutting angles. The cutting fluids used in this study are Nitrogen, Liquid Nitrogen and Cold Compressed "shop" air the performance of which were compared to the results obtained from dry machining. The force data (cutting force and the thrust force) were collected using a Kistler force dynamometer and processed using LabVIEW software. The tools are subjected to 1 minute of cutting at two different feed rates of $0.002''/\text{rev.}$ and $0.004''/\text{rev.}$ at a constant depth of cut of $0.125''$ and at a constant speed. The tool inserts after 1 minute of cutting are studied for tool wear using a Keyence 3- D microscope. The surface finish of the work piece surface (average surface roughness) after one minute of cutting is examined under a contact type profilometer.

The force data was used to calculate the different cutting parameters using classic orthogonal expressions as derived by Merchant and Payton and variation

trend was validated against the literature. The ratio of the force along the shear plane to the force normal to the shear plane was studied and was found to be varying only with the cutting geometry (feed in this case) while remaining statistically unaffected by, tool rake angle and environment, suggesting that it is a material constant. Payton's corrected Merchant's force diagram (MFD) is revisited to obtain expressions to calculate the shear stress and shear strain. The mechanisms of dislocation movement are applied on the activation plane to obtain expression for activation energy. A finite element model to simulate the cutting process was used, results of which shows that, the cutting force values and shear strain were within 10% variation from the experimental value while the thrust force predicted by the model largely varied.

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List of Symbols

F_c	Cutting Force; Force component acting in direction of motion of tool.
F_t	Thrust Force; Force component acting in direction normal to shear plane
R	Resultant force
F	Frictional Force upon Chip
N	Normal Force upon Chip
μ	Friction Co efficient
F_s	Shear Force on the Plane
F_n	Normal Force on the Plane
t	Uncut Chip Thickness (also referred to as Feed Rate)
t_c	Cut Chip Thickness
t/t_c	Chip Thickness Ratio
A_s	Area of the Shear Plane
τ_s	Shear Stress on the Shear Plane

γ	Shear strain
σ	Normal Stress
$\dot{\gamma}$	Shear strain rate
α	Rake Angle
β	Friction Angle
ϕ	Shear Plane Angle
ψ	Shear Front Angle
V	Cutting Velocity
V_c	Chip Velocity
V_s	Shear Velocity
k	Boltzmann's Constant
T	Temperature
G	Shear modulus
b	Burgers vector
R	Universal gas constant
Q	Activation Energy
λ	Angle between resultant and F_s

- χ Angle between resultant and F_n
- ζ Angle between shear force (Payton) & vertical

Introduction

Fred W. Taylor [1] in his article “On the art of cutting metals”, observes that the major reason for the failure of any cutting tool is the wear or dullness caused by rubbing of the chip on the tool lip which in turn produces heat that causes the tool to soften and wear off. The heat generated to cause the softening of the tool material is attributed to the following main events that occur during the cutting process,

- The pressure created when the chip slides over the tool
- The speed with which the chip slides along the tool face
- The co-efficient of friction between the chip and the tool surface.

From the above it is evident that the best way to increase the longevity of the cutting tool is somehow to control the temperature that causes the tool to soften and ultimately fail due to wear. The best solution that immediately crosses one’s mind is the application of relatively cooler substances (coolants/lubricants - Modern convention is to refer to coolants/lubricants as metal working fluids) on the tool to reduce the temperature while cutting.

Using metal working fluids (MWFs) for tribological reasons has been shown to be potentially dangerous to humans. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH)’s report of 2007 documents that of the

35 workers sampled (between March 8th and 12th, 2004), 6 workers were diagnosed with bronchitis and 3 with pneumonia while 2 other workers reported skin allergies when they were constantly exposed to Metal working fluids (MWFs) while employed at COL-FIN specialty steel, Pennsylvania. According to the plant's Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) one of the MWF used consisted of 85% petroleum distillates/paraffins and 15% proprietary additives while the other MWF was a soluble oil/MWF mix with 3% aqueous triethanolamine as the active ingredient. The investigators found from the samples of aerosol and stored MWF collected at the facility that the aerosol levels exceeded the NIOSH REL of 0.5 mg/m³ with a maximum of 2.3 mg/m³ and also had high levels of endotoxins [2].

The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), acting for the U.S. Department of Labor, classifies metal cutting fluids as follows (March, 1998):

1. Straight oil (neat oil) MWFs are severely solvent-refined petroleum oils (lubricant-base oils) or other animal, marine, vegetable, or synthetic oils used singly or in combination and with or without additives. Straight oils are not designed to be diluted with water.
2. Soluble oil (emulsifiable oil) MWFs are combinations of 30% to 85%severely refined lubricant-base oils and emulsifiers that may include other performance additives. Soluble oils are diluted with water at ratios of 1part concentrate to 5B40 parts water.

3. Semi-synthetic MWFs contain a lower amount of severely refined lubricant-base oil in the concentrate (5% to 30%), a higher proportion of emulsifiers, and 30% to 50% water. The transparent concentrate is diluted with 10 to 40 parts water.
4. Synthetic MWFs contain no petroleum oils and may be water-soluble or water dispersible. The synthetic concentrate is diluted with 10 to 40 parts water.

Identified MWF Hazards

Each MWF class consists of a wide variety of chemicals used in different combinations and the risk these chemicals pose to workers may vary because of different manufacturing processes, various degrees of refining, recycling, improperly reclaimed chemicals, different degrees of chemical purity, and potential chemical reactions between components.

Contamination may occur from (1) process chemicals and ancillary lubricants inadvertently introduced, (2) contaminants, metals, and alloys from parts being machined, (3) water and cleaning agents used for routine housekeeping, and (4) contaminants from other environmental sources at the worksite. In addition, bacterial and fungal contaminants may metabolize and degrade the MWFs to hazardous end products as well as produce endotoxins.

Water-based MWFs are excellent nutritional sources for many kinds of bacteria and fungi. The predominant microbial species routinely recovered from MWFs are virtually identical to those routinely recovered from natural water

systems. Anaerobic bacteria, specifically the sulfate reducers, may produce hydrogen sulfide and other disagreeable and toxic gases. Research suggests that microorganisms and/or their products such as endotoxins may cause some of the respiratory health effects seen in exposed workers. However, this research has not determined the specific role that the contaminating microorganisms play in causing MWF associated respiratory effects.

Substantial evidence indicates that some MWFs are associated with an increased risk of larynx, rectum, pancreas, skin, scrotum, and bladder cancer. Because the time between initial exposure to a carcinogen and the appearance of most types of cancer is often 20 or more years, these studies most likely reflect the cancer risk associated with exposure conditions in the mid-1970s and earlier. It should be noted that the studies results were not highly consistent with respect to the specific types of cancer which were associated with MWF. In addition, the specific MWF constituent(s) or contaminant(s) responsible for the various cancers remain to be determined. The inconsistencies in the results, and the inability to identify the responsible MWF constituent(s) or contaminant are a likely result of the diverse nature of the MWF mixtures studied, and the absence of detailed exposure information.

NIOSH recommends in a published criteria document, Occupational Exposure to Metalworking Fluids, that airborne exposures to MWF aerosol be limited to 0.4 mg/m^3 for thoracic particulate mass as a Time Weighted Average (TWA) for up to 10 hours per day during a 40-hour week. The 0.4 mg/m^3 concentration corresponds to approximately 0.5 mg/m^3 for total particulate mass

in most workplaces. The OSHA PEL for oil mist is 5 mg/m^3 as an 8-hour TWA and typical bacterial counts are 10^5 to 10^7 CFU/mL fluid. [2].

Also Sreejith, P, S., and Ngoi, B, K, A., (2000) in their study on dry machining document that in a typical manufacturing plant around 16% -20 % of the cost to make a product is associated with coolants and lubricants used for the process (involving various metal cutting and forming process)[3]. This paves way for exploring additional alternatives that improves the efficiency of the metal cutting process and as well increase the tool life but at the same time does not expose the workers handling it to a potentially hazardous environment.

There are not many recent studies showing the benefits of MWF to the orthogonal machining process and no studies on file that show any change in the forces of cutting at all. Above mentioned facts substantiate the need for exploring alternative metal working fluids, which do not pose a hazard to workers and as well be economical while improving the cutting process.

Scope and Objectives

The goal of this dissertation is to conduct orthogonal tube turning experiments to study gaseous metal working fluids while machining Al 6061 T6 and 1020 alloy steel using High Speed Steel (HSS) and Uncoated carbide (UC) cutting tools. Such alternate gaseous fluids will not only avoid the exposure of operators to carcinogenic environments but also should help in improving the efficiency of cutting process by increasing the tool life and reducing the forces involved in machining.

The primary objectives of this study include:

- Set up an orthogonal tube turning set up which is statistically repeatable, sensitive and is able to achieve atleast 90% statistical confidence with 4 replicates.
- Establish a Statistical Design of experiments (DOE) with different factor levels under observation, such as tool rake angle, feed, cutting environment and position of coolant supply.
- Conduct experiments based on the DOE to determine the following :
 - Observe the Cutting force and thrust force while machining using force dynamometer and LabVIEW.
 - Calculate the Chip thickness ratio and shear plane angle.

- Measure the tool wear using 3-D optical microscope.
- Measure the surface roughness of the finished work surface using a profilometer.
- Statistically analyze the effects of various factor level combinations under observation on the forces, tool wear and surface finish.

Secondary objectives of this research include:

- Determine the effect of coolant supply pressure on cutting forces.
- Determine the hardness of the work piece to check if the coolants used altered the material properties using Rockwell hardness tester.
- Compare the experimental data with simulated results (for two different cases) using a previously developed simulation model (at Auburn University) in LS DYNA.
- Revisit the dislocation theory to predict the activation energy across the activation plane (Merchant's shear plane)

Literature review

Tool makers have historically sought to make even better cutting tools, from ancient butchery/warfare to modern manufacturing. Onset of the industrial revolution during the late 18th century paved path to new and modernized techniques to process metals than the old conventional hand production methods. The first well documented study found in the literature of metal cutting starts in middle of 19th century.

In the earliest documented reference, Cocquilhat (1851) [4] centered his studies upon the cutting with a drill of a rotating work piece. From these fundamental studies, he was able to extend his basic observations of the metal cutting process to more worldly interests. With the knowledge of work required per unit volume of material removed and assumptions of wages and working days, he then made some calculations on the costs of digging tunnels, cutting marble and trench digging.

The first experiments in which the influence of tool geometry was studied were reported by Joessel (1865) [5]. Forces were obtained in lathe cutting and drilling by measuring the torque required to turn the machine while cutting, care being taken to subtract the torque required to overcome the friction of the machine. The effects of depth of cut, speed and rake angle were studied.

References to “cutting fluids” are also found in his work (linseed oil, quicklime and nitric acid to name a few), although no explanation of their benefit was attempted.

The first attempts to study chip formation are those of Time (1877) [6] and Tresca (1878) [7]. Time was the first to correctly model the process ahead of the tool as one of shear, although he may be criticized for his viewpoint that the chip formation took place by fracturing of the metal on successive shear planes rather than by plastic deformation. This is understandable though since the plastic deformation of metals in operations other than cutting was only beginning to be investigated at the time.

Mallock (1881) [8] produced a set of drawings of polished and etched chips in 1881, which rival modern photomicrographs in quality. He deduced that the cutting process was one of shear along a sharply defined shear plane with friction occurring along the tool face. With Time, he thought of fracture as occurring on the successive shear planes and described the chip as a “metallic slate.” Mallock observed that the friction between the chip and the tool decreased when a “cutting fluid” was applied. His drawings clearly show that when cutting copper, the use of soap and water as a cutting fluid increased the shear plane angle, which is most easily described as a line from the tip of the tool to the back of the undeformed chip, Figure 1. He was also the first to attempt to categorize the bluntness of the leading edge of the tool (the cutting edge) as a factor.

Haussner (1892) [9] was successful in building the first instrument, which could directly measure the forces involved in metal cutting. In this planning dynamometer, the work was restrained by a stiff spring. Deflections of the spring were magnified and a record was drawn by the dynamometer of the force against the distance of the cut. Although he was successful only in measuring the force horizontally along the cut, this was a major advance. He also noted the earliest comments on what appears to be the built up edge in stating, “with ductile materials, after cutting starts, chips welded to the tool and were very hard to separate”. He may also have been the first to deduce the presence of a normal stress along the shear plane, concluding that the elements were not “freely sheared but is under a normal pressure”.

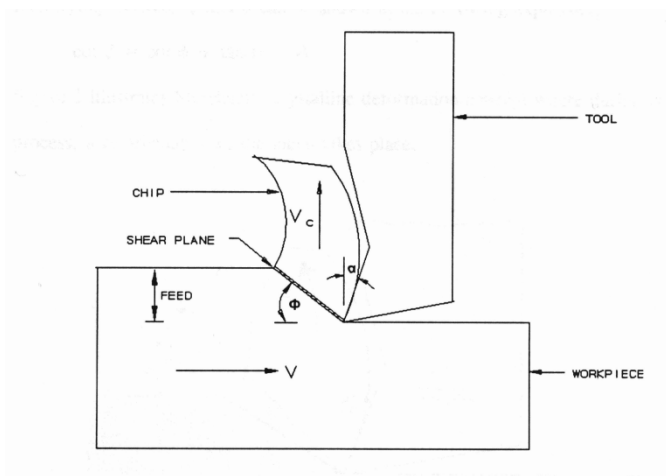


Figure 1: Shear Plane Angle and Tool Rake Angle

Zvorkin (1893) [10] published an extensive review of “planing” in 1893 using his new hydraulic dynamometer. He concurred with Haussner that the resultant force was not necessarily in the cutting direction. Assuming that the

force in the direction of the cutting velocity would be a minimum led him to conclude the first attempt to predict the shear plane angle of Figure 1. In terms of the tool rake angle α and friction angle β

$$\phi = 45 + \alpha/2 - \beta/2 - \beta'/2 \quad 1$$

where Φ corresponds to the shear plane angle, β is the friction angle on the chip and β' is a friction angle for the shear plane itself. This is the first of many formulations of the functional relationship amongst the various angles detailed shortly in an attempt to formulate a predictive relationship based upon the observed geometries at the tool interface. This equation will appear again in the literature review of modern theory, with β' equal to zero:

$$\phi = 45 + \alpha/2 - \beta/2 \quad 2$$

Equation 2 was derived independently in 1896, in the German engineering handbook “Ingenieur und Maschininenmechanick” (1896)[11] . The basis of derivation in that case was that the shear plane would be the plane of maximum shear stress. The German handbook marks the beginning of the ongoing search for a predictive approach to the shear plane angle that eludes engineers to the current day. It carefully compared equations 1 and 2 at great length, offering reasons for the disagreement. Those equations continued in the literature after the turn of the 20th century. Lindner (1907) [12] followed by Ernst and Merchant in 1941 [13], obtained equation 1, while Piispanen (1937) [14] , and Merchant (1945) [15] , obtained equation 2. The development of the many versions of this

predictive equation will be detailed at great length in the Shear Zone Section, since the nature of the material action within this zone will be one of the objectives of this experiment.

Force analysis would continue to improve to the current day dynamometers and began to be joined with photographic studies in the “Roaring Twenties” when Coker and Chakko (1925) [16] carried out experiments in 1925, and Coker [17] in 1922 carried out a series of photoelastic experiments on the action of cutting tools. They were able to show in their photographs that there were zones of approximately radial compression and tension ahead of and behind a line going forward from the tool point, which corresponds to the plane defined by the angle Φ in Figure 1. Coker’s photographs were not taken during cutting however, but during a stoppage of the tool. Ishi (1929) [18] and Schwerd (1935) [19] were the first to study the cutting process while cutting was actually in progress. Photographs were also taken through a microscope by Boston (1930) [20], which presented detailed appearance of the metal cutting process. Their photographs were instrumental in the thought processes of the metal cutting investigators of the 1940’s and continue to be highly regarded today by photographic experts in the metal cutting field.

It was also at this time that one of the first experiments examining hardness was conducted in 1926 by Herbert [21] . He showed that the chip material was harder than the work material and demonstrated that metal cutting involved intense strain hardening which could only come about through the mechanisms of plastic flow.

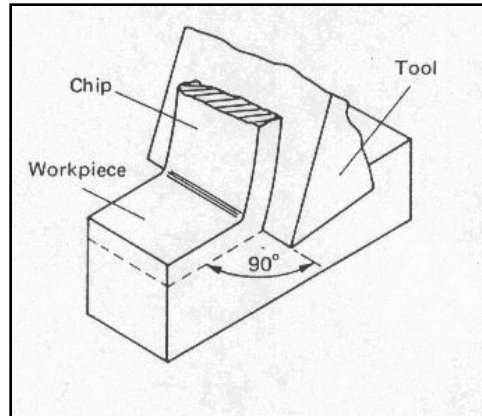


Figure 2: Orthogonal Machining Cut [22]

Orthogonal cutting such as depicted in Figure 2 is seldom used in practice, although it remains the simplest model for scientific analysis. This perpendicular, overlapping cut is only observed in the laboratory and extensively used for research purposes. Nearly all of the practical cutting processes are oblique, where the leading tool edge is inclined to the relative velocity vector between the tool and work. Even in today's computer age, modeling such a difficult geometry remains a daunting task. Thus, it is necessary to consider how the mechanics of the orthogonal cutting can be extended and altered to describe oblique cutting.

Dr. Merchant's work in 1944 [22] presented a simplified 2-D model of the conventional oblique machining process called the orthogonal machining process which considers only two axes at a time which is also one of the widely used research model as it involves less complicated computations, easier to analyze and moreover is found to be in good agreement when extended to a 3-D model. Merchant's orthogonal machining model is of two types 1) orthogonal plate

turning at moderate and high speeds, 2) orthogonal tube turning at moderate speeds and is generally characterized by the following [23, 24]:

- The cutting edge is sharp and there is no contact with the work piece on the clearance face.
- The plane of the cutting edge is perpendicular to the direction of motion.
- The tool moves at a constant velocity and depth of cut generating the chip.
- The cutting edge on the tool is wider than the thickness of the work piece machined.

The work describes a geometrical model of the force system commonly referred to as Merchant's force diagram / merchant's circle is shown in figure 3. F_c is the cutting force acting along the horizontal axis at the tool tip and the work piece interface due to the motion of the work piece against the tool which is also accompanied by the thrust force F_t acting in the vertical axis perpendicular to the F_c at the same instance.

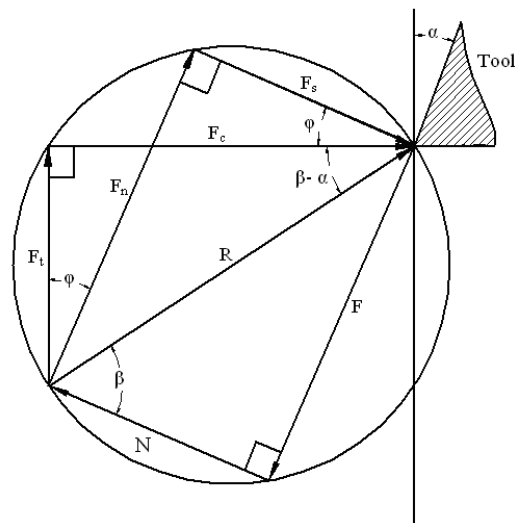


Figure 3: Merchant's 1945 force diagram (MFD) [25].

There are three different chip types mentioned in the literature as first defined by Ernst. They are: Type 1: Discontinuous or Segmented chip, Type 2: Continuous and Smooth chip and Type 3: Continuous chip with built up edge (BUE) of the chip material between the tool and chip [25].

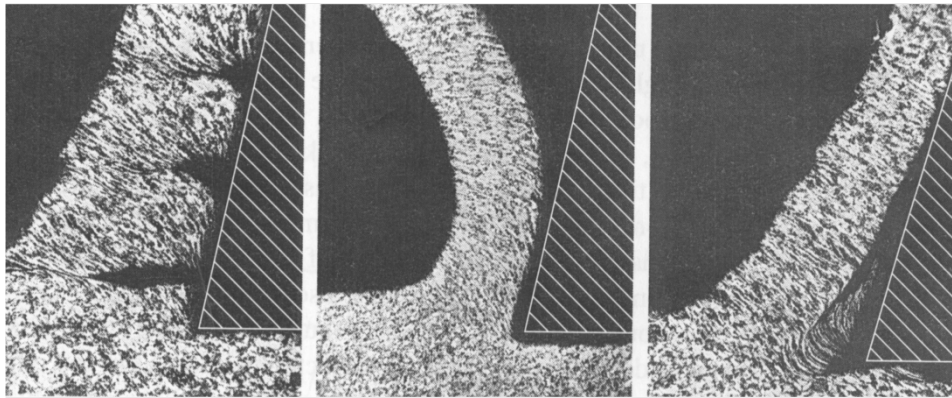


Figure 4: Type 1, 2 and 3 chips in that order.

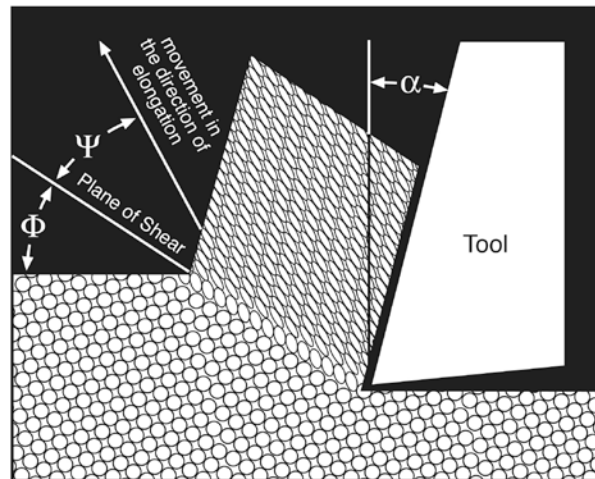


Figure 5: Merchant's observation of chip formation (Merchant, 1945) [22]

Merchant's model represented the shear zone as a single plane, or thin-zone model. The angle of inclination of the shear plane to the cutting direction

was defined by the angle Φ . Merchant observed that the crystal structure of the material was elongated by the shear process and called direction of crystal elongation the direction ψ .

Merchant did not develop the plastic deformation aspect of his observations. Both Merchant and Piispanen used a “deck of cards” concept to visualize the shear zone process, where the shear mechanism during chip formation can be illustrated by the incremental displacement of cards in a stack (Figure 6). Each card moves forward a small amount in respect to the next card in the stack as the cutting process occurs. Merchant (1945) [22] proposed that the shear process elongated the crystalline structure of the metal, and that the direction of elongation was in a different direction than the shear plane.

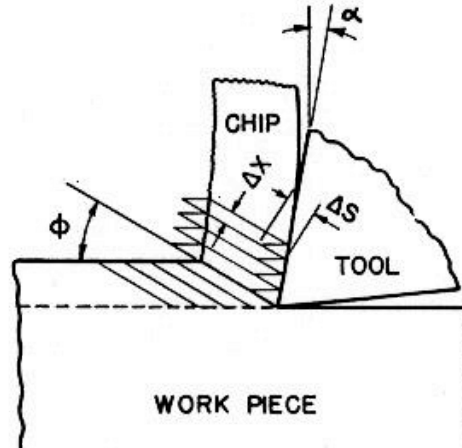


Figure 6: Merchant's Stack of Cards Model (Merchant, 1945)[15]

The thickness of each card element was ΔX , and each element in the model was displaced through distance ΔS with respect to its adjacent neighbor.

Therefore, the shear strain, γ , could be expressed as $\gamma = \Delta S / \Delta X$. From the geometry of his stack of cards, Merchant thus developed the following equation:

$$\gamma = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \phi \times \cos(\phi - \alpha)} \quad 3$$

Ernst and Merchant would eventually observe (Ernst and Merchant, 1941) [13] that the angle between the resultant force R and the shear plane was thus given by:

$$\phi = 45 + \frac{\alpha}{2} - \frac{\beta}{2} \quad 4$$

Equation 4 was the first of many modern attempts to derive a functional angle relationship $f(\alpha, \beta)$ of some type. It has come to be referred to as the Ernst and Merchant solution (Eggleston et al, 1959) [26]. Although independently derived, this is again the result Zvorkin published in 1893[10].

Lee and Shaffer (1951) [27] examined the geometry by considering that a part of the chip would behave as an ideal plastic solid. Using Mohr diagrams they developed the following relationship amongst the angles of the Merchant model:

$$\phi = 45 + \alpha - \beta \quad 5$$

Thus both equation 4 and 5 suggest a strong interaction between the frictional angle and the tool rake angle in determining the shear plane angle. This has not proven to be a very satisfactory observation. Eggleston et al (1959) [26] noted in his detailed review of the observations of the angle relationships that neither the Ernst nor Merchant formulation, based upon the minimum energy

criterion, or the ideal plastic-solid solution of Lee and Shaffer, nor the mathematical derivations of Hill are in agreement with all the experimental observations.

The cutting action in any metal cutting operation involves two surfaces with distinct characteristics to come in contact (tool surface and the work piece surface) leading to friction between them. This generates heat which further accelerates the physical and chemical processes associated with tool wear. In metal cutting the type of friction occurring at the tool-chip interface is mainly solid friction. Solid friction can be defined as the resistance to movement of one solid body over another. In metal cutting the movement may involve sliding or seizure at the tool-chip interface.

Traditionally, it has been assumed that coulombic friction controls the interface forces at low loads and that as the load grows to the point where the real area of contact is equal to the apparent area of contact, friction becomes independent of pressure and takes on the value of k , which is the shear flow stress of the weaker material (Bowden et al, 1964) [28]. In metal cutting, k is not a simple value. It is modified by the hydrostatic pressure, high strain rates, large strains and high temperatures at high cutting speeds so that the final value is lower than the k determined from uniaxial tension tests (Ling et al, 1987)[29] . A recent analysis of friction in metal working processes based on slip line field studies has been presented by Kopalinsky et al (1991) [30] . The frictional processes in metal cutting are complex because of the existence of very high normal loads. Friction under high normal loads has been discussed in detail by Thomsen (1969) [31]. An

increase in the normal load across the contacting surfaces produces an increase in the real area of contact. Relative motion between the surfaces produces shearing of welded asperities and some subsurface plastic flow.

The frictional force F is given by the equation $F=A_rS$ where S is the shear strength of the asperities of the softer material, but is not linearly related to the normal force N . In Region II of Figure 7, it has been shown that at very high normal loads the real area of contact approaches the apparent area of contact A_a . With this condition A_r has reached its maximum value ($A_r/A_a=1$) and conditions of sticking friction are said to exist [103].

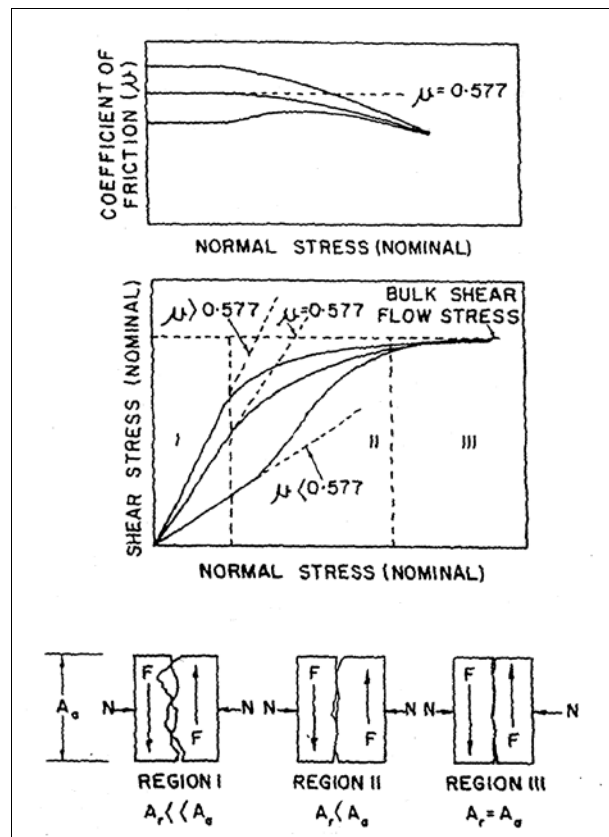


Figure 7: A schematic representation of dry friction for pressures in the metal cutting range showing that for light pressures the coefficient of friction is independent of pressure and Amontons' law applies. (As the pressure increases in clean surfaces sub-surface flow takes place when $F=At$ and $p=0.577$ and F remains constant at large pressures unless t is altered by

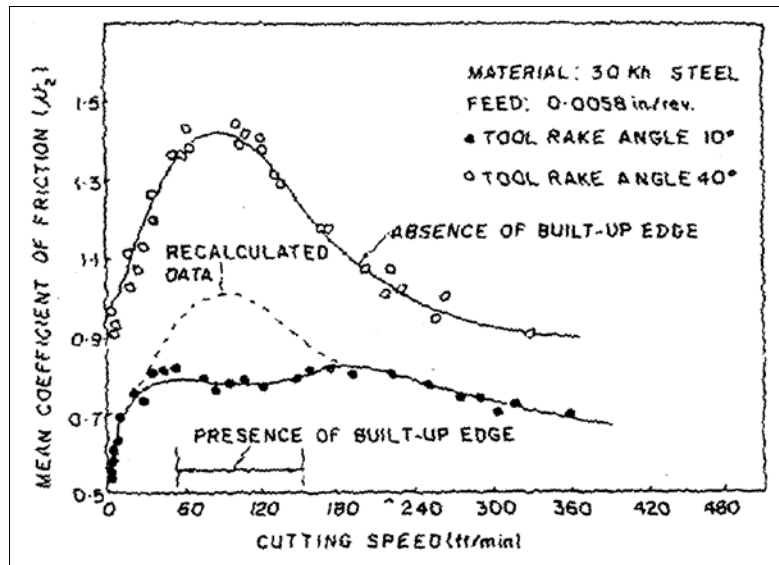
phenomena such as work hardening. μ decreases with increase of pressure if t remains constant)
(Thomsen, 1969) [31].

Relative motion between the surfaces produces gross subsurface flow and the coefficient of friction reaches its limiting value of 0.577 if it is assumed that the Von Mises flow rule applies. Then the frictional force F is independent of the normal force N and the coefficient of friction decreases with a further increase in normal load. Friction in metal cutting occurs at the flank and the rake faces of the tool. There is ample evidence in the literature supporting the existence of sticking friction at the flank face of the tool (Hitomi et al, 1962 and Trigger et al, 1952) [32, 33]. Ham et al (1961) [34] also showed that adhesion at the flank face could be prevented by the application of a lubricant and an increase in tool clearance angle.

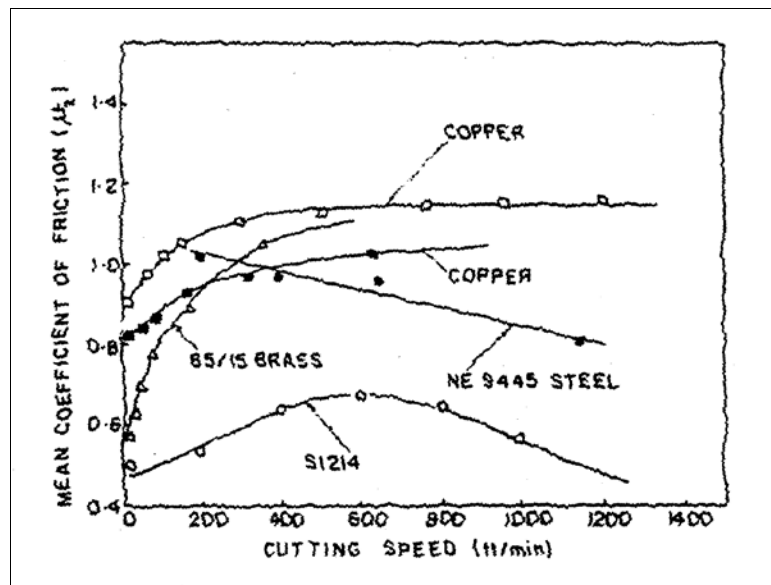
$$\phi = F(\beta, \alpha) \quad 6$$

The severely work hardened chip which is formed by a shear process in the primary shear zone flows up the tool rake face under the action of large normal and shear stresses (Ham et al 1961)[34]. Assumption that the frictional condition in this region controls the geometry of the metal cutting process has led to the representation of the frictional behaviour by a single parameter β , the mean angle of friction on the tool face. β is related to the mean normal and frictional forces by the expression $\tan \beta = F/N$ or $\tan \beta = \mu$ where μ is the coefficient of friction on the tool rake face. A large proportion of previous theoretical work concerning the mechanics of metal cutting has dealt with the effect of the mean angle of friction β and the tool rake angle α on the shear angle.

The most extensive work on the influence of cutting conditions on tool chip interface friction appears to be that of Zorev (1966) [35]. Under dry machining the mean coefficient of friction increases with increase in cutting speed. For certain ferrous materials, the mean coefficient of friction is shown to reach a maximum and then decrease continuously with further increase in cutting speed. For certain non-ferrous materials the mean coefficient of friction continues to increase but tends to become constant at high cutting speeds. Typical results produced by Zorev are shown in Figure 8 (a) and (b). Zorev (1966) [35] attributed the observations to the generation of surface contaminant oxide films that lower adhesion at the interface when machining at extremely low cutting speeds and to the existence of conditions of seizure at high cutting speeds. The increased coefficient of friction produces a decrease in the shear angle and increase in cutting forces. An increase in tool rake angle produces an increase in the mean coefficient of friction (Zorev, 1966 and Eggleston et al, 1959) [26, 35]. An increase in the tool rake angle produces little change in the conditions of strain, strain rate and temperature at the tool-chip interface and hence little change in the shear flow stress of the chip material. However, by comparison an increase in the tool rake angle causes a large decrease in the normal stress. The coefficient of friction is low at low feeds due to the formation of a built-up edge, which in turn increases the effective rake angle.



(a) Effect of Cutting Speed on Mean Coefficient of Friction, μ on tool rake face (Zorev, 1966)[35].



(b) Effect of Cutting Speed on mean coefficient of friction (Zorev, 1966)

Figure 8: Zorev's observations (a) and (b) [35]

Lubrication is achieved either through application of an external fluid or through the presence of inclusions of a lubricating nature in the work piece. These inclusions are known as free cutting additives. The most common method of application is by flooding the cutting point with a lubricant fluid. A general view is that lubricating action occurs at the tool-chip interface through the formation of a film, which tends to restrict metal-to-metal contact. However some confusion still exists concerning the true lubricating action of the cutting fluids. While Trent (1965) [36] has provided metallographic evidence to show that the lubricant cannot penetrate the whole of the contact area, Williams et al (1970) [37] claim that cutting lubricants reduce frictional forces through reduction of the tool-chip contact length. Childs (1972) [38] has shown that while sticking friction conditions may prevail very close to the cutting edge of the tool in well-lubricated cutting, the elastically stressed portion of the contact area that exists during unlubricated cutting is eliminated by lubrication. There is ample evidence to show that at high cutting speeds where conditions of seizure prevail at the tool-chip interface externally applied lubricants become ineffective, as the atomic contact at the interface is inaccessible to external lubricants (Mullick et al, 1966) [39]. Therefore, the most viable method is in-situ lubrication of the interface from either the workpiece or the tool. One method of achieving in-situ lubrication of the tool-chip interface is by inclusion engineering of the workpiece with glassy phase inclusions which remain viscous under the prevailing strain, strain rate, pressure and temperature at the tool-chip interface.

Even though, the complete metal cutting literature (vast) has not been covered, efforts have been taken to introduce the basic theory of metal cutting with some of the notable models that best describe the process. Also with the understanding of role of friction in metal cutting, it is now necessary to explore the efforts taken (in the literature) to minimize it in order to avoid/reduce tool wear.

Use of coolants in metal cutting has been first documented by Fred W. Taylor in the famous keynote address delivered by him in the New York meeting of ASME in December 1906, stating that in 1883, along with his teammates he found that using a heavy stream of water (Supersaturated with carbonate of soda to prevent rusting) on the chip at the point of removal from a steel forging permitted an increase in cutting speed and hence an increase in work done from 30 to 40%. Up to this point in the history of metal cutting even though use of small quantities of water in machining has been reported in several instances but was not used with an objective of cooling, but to obtain a finish that the historians (machinist) claim to be a water finish.

In the same address, it was reported that, in the year 1894-95, a heavy stream of water was used on the tool nose while cutting wrought iron and steel increased the cutting speed by 33%. This was a major breakthrough in terms of using water as a coolant because, up till then tool makers warned not use water on tools. Also in 1906, the same team observed that flooding of water during machining of cast iron improved the cutting speed and thereby the work done by 16% [1].

Since then a lot of different types of coolants starting with water to different synthetic/non-synthetic based fluids, oil based fluids, organic/ mineral oils etc., have been used in the metal cutting process with a primary objective of increasing the tool life. On the down side it led to some serious concerns including the difficulty involved in separating the coolant from the chip, handling and disposal of the coolant itself to name a few. The industry started paying attention only when severe health hazards were encountered by the workers who were exposed to these coolants and when the safety organizations started making the rules on handling and use of coolants more stringent.

This scenario gave rise to exploration of other alternative fluids that were easy, safe and more user friendly and at the same time served the primary objective of increasing the tool life and the efficiency of the process itself.

Niebusch, R, B., and Strieder, E, H., in 1950 conducted experiments using metal cutting fluids in machining and grinding operations. Their study was based off the “rule of thumb”, ‘gallons of cutting fluid per minute = maximum horsepower required for cut’. They concluded that adequate supply of coolant on the cutting tool (wheel in case of grinding) only will result in improvement in efficiency of the process, improving the tool life by 100% and also resulted in better surface finish, greater accuracy, elimination or reduction in steam and smoke and hence the operator complaints [40].

Rowe, G, W., and Smart, E, F., (1963) reported the role of oxygen in dry machining of mild steel, stating that, oxygen in particular is effective in reducing

the cutting forces and improving the surface finish. The experiments were carried out at different speed ranging from 20 feet per minute to 350 feet per minute at constant tool rake angle of 18 degrees and clearance angle of 6 degrees with varying feeds ranging from 0.001 inch per rev to 0.005 inch per rev. the results showed that when using oxygen, the cutting forces were low compared to air cutting and nitrogen atmosphere with later producing higher cutting force values. They concluded that there is a marked change in the chip formation criteria when using oxygen as built up edge is avoided in this case where as it was observed in dry machining and vacuum chamber machining. Further, a thin coating of MoS₂ over the tool face eliminated the formation of built up edge even in vacuum machining until the coating wore out [41].

Williams, J, E., Smart, E, F., and Milner, D, R., (1970) conducted experiments to assess the effect of carbon tetrachloride (CCl₄ spray cooling) in machining operations of different materials. Their study revealed some important results such as, CCl₄ had a very little effect when machining brittle materials like grey cast iron and magnesium, but in pure metals and single phase alloys, the cutting forces were observed to be lower (one fifth to one half of cutting forces observed in air cutting) when machining under 100 feet per minute (cutting speed) and increased thereafter as the softening of chip due to heating is reduced. The effect was higher at rake angles of 6 degrees when compared to a 35 degree tool as the tool chip contact area decreased with decrease in tool face force. However in machining two phase alloy elements a similar trend was observed but formation of built up edge was absent when machining under low cutting speeds [37].

Childs, T, H, C.,(1972) analyzed the effect of Carbon tetrachloride in machining of high permeability iron with a 30 degree rake angle high speed steel tool. The feed and cutting speed was maintained at 10^{-2} inch/pass and inch/minute respectively and the cutting fluid was flooded over the cutting zone continuously. The results indicated that the horizontal force (cutting force) reduced by half and so was the coefficients of friction when the cutting environment was changed from dry (air) machining to CCl_4 environment. The study also notes that the same difference in the cutting force was observed by Shaw in his experiments carried out with CCl_4 at higher cutting speeds of 6 inch/minute with mild steel. It is also important to note that the changes in the chip shape which was more curlier and hence a large shear plane angle in the lubricated condition than the dry machining [38].

Zhao, Z., and Hong, S, Y., (1992) carried out experiments to determine the ability of cutting tool materials to work in cryogenic cutting conditions. Even though a metal cutting experiment was not conducted, the researchers were careful enough to subject the six different tool materials to different material testing techniques which were similar to the ones the tools would experience in metal cutting operations. Another important feature that the researchers observed was that, all the materials including 1010 steel, 1070 steel, E52100 steel, Ti-6Al-4V Titanium alloy, A390 cast aluminum showed an increase in hardness and strength (both tensile, yield) while conducting material strength analysis at low cryogenic temperatures. At the end of their study they concluded that the carbide

tool material possessed good rupture strength, hardness and impact strength and would be more suitable to be used in cryogenic conditions [42].

Zhao, Z., and Hong, S, Y., (1992) studied the response of five commonly machined materials in cryogenic cutting environment by conducting standard mechanical testing procedures in a range of temperatures varying from 100 degree Celsius to -196 degrees Celsius. The results showed that low temperatures were ideal to machining conditions for 1010 low carbon steel materials whereas use of cryogens impaired the tool wear in 1070 high carbon steel and E52100 high alloy steels. When analyzing A390, it showed a trend to resist abrasive wear and in case of Ti-6Al-4V reduced the affinity between the titanium and tool material [43].

It is important to note that both the studies carried out by Zhao, Z., and Hong, S, Y., were not doing exactly machining experiments but subjecting both the tool material and the work material separately to various mechanical testing procedures (tensile testing, impact testing, hardness testing, micro structural analysis etc.) that resembles to the cutting conditions. This becomes important as it gives us an idea of how materials would behave in cryogenic environments.

There are several studies carried out to determine the position of coolant supply in a metal cutting operation wherein it was concluded that high pressure jet cooling was significantly better than the flood cooling procedures. On such study was carried out by Kovacevic, R., Cherukuthota, C., and Masurkiewicz, M., in 1994 in which Milling of Stainless steel AISI 304 and Titanium Ti-6Al-4V were considered under two different coolant(water) supply conditions including flood

cooling, supply through a hole in the rake face of the tool and through an external nozzle. The experiments were carried out at constant feed and speeds and tool geometry which indicated that the use of high pressure jet cooling was significantly better than the flood cooling technique. There was a drastic reduction in cutting forces when using high pressure coolant along with an improved surface finish and at some instances it was similar to a ground surface finish. Intense shearing of chips in case of flood cooling is absent in case of high pressure jet cooling which was evident from the SEM micrographs of the chips. Formation of built up edge in machining of titanium was completely eliminated in case of high pressure cooling and when the coolant was supplied through a hole in the rake face, it reduced the tool chip contact area by curling the chip up and in case of external nozzle supplying coolant, the high pressure jet fragmented the chips and hence causing a reduce tool chip contact area and thereby decreasing the tool wear and increasing the tool life significantly [44]

Kim, S, W., Lee, D, W., Kang, M, C., and Kim, J, S., (2001) conducted studies to determine the effect of compressed cold air system in machining of difficult to cut metals such as hardened steel, die steel (HRc 42) nickel based alloys etc., Two different tool materials including high speed steel and coated carbide tools were used in this investigation which was conducted on a vertical milling machine with cutting speed set at 90 and 210 m/min. Tool wear (Flank) was measured using a CCD camera and a tool makers microscope. The results showed that when machining Die steel the tool life improved two folds when using compressed air than dry environment and went up 3.5 times when

comparing compressed air with flood coolant, former being more efficient. The authors also note that the compressed air environment did not create any significant improvements in machining Inconel 718 (HRc 43) at a speed of 210 m/min when compared to flood of dry environments and they attribute such an observation to that the severe thermal friction taking place when machining at such high speeds and the inability of the coolant to infiltrate the tool chip interface [45].

Hong, Shane, Y., Ding, Yucheng., and Jeong, Woo-cheol., in 2001 studied the behavior of friction and the cutting force while machining Ti-6Al-4V under cryogenic cutting conditions. For this study the authors developed a new system for Liquid nitrogen delivery consisting of two nozzles, one on the rake face of the tool very much close to the tool chip interface in the cutting zone itself by placing the supply nozzle under the chip breaker present in the tool insert. The primary nozzle cools two regions of the tool including the rake face and the flank face and the second nozzle is placed on the clearance face of the tool and both the nozzles supply liquid nitrogen at variable flow rates which is monitored by a cryogenic turbine flow meter. The flow rate was maintained at 0.625 l/min on the rake face, 0.53 l/min on the flank face and 0.814 l/min for the clearance face and a cutting speeds ranging between 1 m/s to 2.5 m/s along with depth of cut and feed maintained at 0.05 inches and 0.01 inches respectively. The authors conclude that the use of liquid nitrogen helps in reduction of feed force, coefficient of friction between the tool and chip, but cutting force increased due to the cooling of the work material making it harder to cut [46].

Dhar, N, R., and Chattopadhyay, A, B., (2001) carried out experiments to determine the beneficial effects of cryogenic cooling when machining AISI 1060 steel. The experiments were carried out with carbide inserts at cutting speeds of 110 m/min with feed rate at .20mm/rev and depth of cut maintained at 2mm. The tool wear was monitored at regular intervals and measured using an inverted metallurgical microscope (Olympus model MG) fitted with a micrometer capable of measuring accurately upto 1 micron change. Surface finish was observed with a contact type stylus profilometer (Talysurf: model Surtonic 3P, Rank Taylor Hobson) and the cutting inserts were evaluated at the end of machining under scanning electron microscope (model: JSM 5800, JEOL, Japan). The results show that the cryogenic cooling yielded better surface finish reduced tool wear and thereby prolonged the tool life when compared with wet machining and dry machining conditions [47].

The same authors in the year 2002 carried out similar experiments on different tool materials including E4340C and AISI1040 steels with different cutting parameters. The cutting speed was varied between 60 and 150 m/min with the feed rate range being between 0.12 mm/rev to 0.24 mm/rev and depths of cut of 1.5 mm and 2 mm. The authors conclude that the use of cryogenics for cooling machining operations especially in the current experiments reduced the temperature values of up to 34% and also contributed to a significant decrease in flank wear of the tool [48].

Dahlman, Patrik., and Escursell, Marcel., in 2003 employed the technique of high pressure jet-assisted cooling to machine decarburized steel. The cutting

speeds were varied between 300 and 650 m/min with feed rate variation in the range of 0.2 to 0.7 mm/rev. The authors first examined the wear and surface finish closely using a Scanning Electron Microscope and then used a microscope fitted with a digital camera and imaging software to measure wear. Surface roughness was measured by a rubber-replica method in which a mixture of rubber and reactive was applied to the surface and allowed to polymerize after which it was examined under a Wyko optical reflecting equipment. The high pressure jet-assisted cooling system made a major contribution in improving the surface finish of the work piece by about 80% even though a drastic reduction in tool wear is observed, it is important to note that tool is sensitive to thermal cracking with the above environment [49].

Cakir , O., Kiyak, M., and Altan, E., in 2004 investigated the effects of cutting fluids to provide quantitative results about the cutting force, thrust force and the surface roughness. A 5% emulsion type cutting fluid was used as liquid coolant and compressed oxygen, nitrogen and carbon dioxide gas stored in cylinders at their normal temperatures were used. They used tubes ending with nozzles and fitted with suitable pressure regulators to direct the gases and the coolant at the cutting edge of the tool. The response curve of the mean cutting force and the thrust force showed that all gaseous and flood coolant is different from the dry cutting and also increases with increase in feed. Later Cakir analyzed the response of the shear plane angle under varying depth of cut. This showed an appreciable increase in the shear angle in the gaseous and flood coolant environment leading to smaller shear area and reduced cutting forces as compared

to dry cutting environment. Although the effect of feed was obvious on the surface roughness of the machined parts the investigation concluded that the dry machining produced the highest value of roughness then wet machining [50].

Stanford, M., and Lister, P. M., in the year 2004 published their work, in which a relationship between cutting environment and tool wear was established. In their experiments, they used En32 steel with the cutting parameters of 200 m/min to 600 m/min speeds, 0.1mm/rev feed and 1.5 mm depth of cut. The tool parameters were zero rake angle and 0.8mm cutting nose radii for both coated and uncoated carbide inserts. The cutting duration was varied between 20 seconds and 80 seconds wherein different cutting environments like semi synthetic flood coolant, atmospheric air without coolant (dry), air blast at 0.2MPa and nitrogen blast at 0.2 MPa. From the above experiments the inferred that nitrogen rich environments, reduce the flank wear upto 55% in both coated and uncoated tools and also concluded that nitrogen rich environments have a potential in high speed cutting and high temperature scenarios [51]. The authors also note the important work carried out by Trent and Wright in 2000 wherein they conclude that the coolant cannot prevent the heat generation while machining as it has no access to the primary deformation zone in the cutting process which brings us the next question of the effect of the position of coolant supply.

M'Saoubi, R., Chandrasekaran, H., in 2004 investigated the effect of tool micro-geometry and temperature on coated tools. During their investigation they found that machining parameters chosen has an effect on temperature. An increase in cutting speed or feed resulted in the increase in the temperature. It was

noted that the maximum temperature moved closer to the tip of the tool as cutting speed increased and away as the feed increased. The material hardness as well had an effect on the temperature. This may be explained by the fact that harder the materials, smaller will be the plastic deformation zone and the size of tool chip contact length[52].

Salgam, H., Yaldiz, S., Unsarcar, F., in 2005 investigated the effect of tool geometry on the cutting forces and tool temperature. During machining large amount of energy is converted into heat energy considerably on the shear plane, rake face and clearance face. In orthogonal machining, the cutting is assumed to be uniform along the cutting edge; hence it is a two dimensional plane strain deformation. The cutting forces are exerted only in the direction of velocity and uncut chip. Rake angle determines the tool/chip contact area. They found that with the increase in the rake angle from 0° up to 20° has a positive effect on the tool by increasing the shear plane angle causing the reduction in the force system. But increasing beyond a point affects the tool's performance and accelerates tool wear. Smaller positive rake angles leaves a better finish but excessive positive angle weakens the tool causing tool breakage. The optimal rake angle was obtained as 12° [53].

Dhar, N. R., Kamruzzaman, M., and Ahmed, M., 2006,[54] studied the effect of minimum quantity lubrication (MQL) on tool wear and surface finish in machining 4340 steel. The turning experiment was carried out on a solid piece of the fore mentioned grade steel using a carbide insert under different cutting environments like dry, wet (flood) and MQL. The cutting fluid used was a

combination of air at 7 bar and 60 ml/h lubricant while the cutting parameters were maintained at 1.5 mm depth of cut, 110 m/min speed and 0.16 mm/rev feed. Tool wear and surface finish was measured using a metallurgical microscope (Carl Zeiss, 351396, Germany) fitted with a micrometer (at least 1 micron), a scanning electron microscope (Hitachi, S-2600N, Japan) and a contact stylus type profilometer (surtronic 3+ roughness checker, UK). In all, the MQL demonstrated minimum flank wear (both principal and auxiliary) and at the same time improved the surface finish of the work piece which primarily was attributed to the reduced tool wear and damage of the tool tip.

Su, Y., He, N., Li, L., and Li, X. L., 2006, conducted high speed milling experiments on Ti-6Al-4V to determine the effects of different cutting environments on tool wear during the process. A coated carbide tool was used to perform the down milling operation at 400 m/min cutting speed, 0.1 mm/rev feed and depth of cuts at 5 mm axial and 1 mm radial. Different cutting environments like dry, flood, nitrogen, nitrogen oil mist (UNILUB 2032 cutting oil, Blaster 2000 lubricant) compressed cold nitrogen and oil mist (-10 °C) were investigated with the tool nozzle positioned at entry and exit of the tool. Different wear phenomena occurred during the machining process like flank wear, notch wear and nose wear were observed and measured using a toolmakers microscope. The results showed that Cold compressed nitrogen gas oil mist environment resulted in 2.93 times improved tool life than dry cutting and nitrogen gas oil mist improved the tool life by 1.93 times. The coated carbide tools predominantly

showed diffusion wear under the environments investigated and flood coolant showed the maximum.[55]

Dhar, N. R., and Kamruzzaman, M.,[56] in 2007 reported from their experiments the cutting temperature, tool wear surface roughness and dimensional deviation in machining 4037 steel under cryogenic environments. The turning operation was carried out using a -6° rake angle coated carbide insert under dry, wet and cryogenic cooling using liquid nitrogen. The cutting parameters used in this study were 1.5 mm depth of cut, with speeds varied between 165 to 264 m/min and feed variation of 0.1 to 0.2 mm/rev. The authors conclude that the cryogenic machining environment provided better surface finish, less dimensional deviation, low tool wear and low interface temperatures (measured using work tool thermocouple) compared to that of flood coolant which had similar results as that of dry machining.

Su, Y., He, N., Li, L., Iqbal, A., Xiao, M. H., Xu, S., and Qiu, B. G., 2007, [57] conducted experiments using refrigerated cooling air while turning difficult to cut material Inconel 718 (HRc 41) with coated carbide insert. Three different environments including dry, cooling air (-20°C) and a combination of cooling air (-20°C) and Minimum quantity lubrication (30 mL/h of UNILUB 2032 cutting oil) at 0.5 mm depth of cut, 0.1 mm/rev feed and a cutting speed of 76 m/min. Tool wear and surface finish was measured using a tool makers microscope and Mahr Perthometer M1 respectively. The results showed that the third case provided a 124% improvement in tool life and the second case 78% improvement in tool life over the dry scenario. The authors also make an interesting observation

of the chip curl formed during the different cutting environments, which shows that the conventional long tubular chips changed its profile when cooling air was used to a short continuous tubular chips.

The same paper also reports the results of high speed milling experiment carried out on AISI D2 steel (62 HRC) at cutting speed of 175 m/min with feed at 0.08 mm/rev and depth of cut axially at 4 mm and 0.4 mm radially under the same set of environments. The results showed that the cooling air environment improved the tool life by 130% slightly better than the combination environment and a considerable change in chip morphology from a tight curl during dry machining to a flat due to reduced cutting region temperatures.

Kalyankumar, K. V. B. S., Choudry, S.K., in 2007 investigated the effects of cryogenic cooling on tool wear and high frequency dynamic cutting forces generated during high speed machining of stainless steel. They observed from their experiments that the cutting force decreased with increase in cutting speed since the coefficient of friction at the tool chip interface decreases and the shear plane angle increases, decreasing the area of shearing. They also found that the increase in feed and depth of cut increased the cutting force. Due to the increase in depth of cut and feed, the material removal rate also increases eventually the rate of plastic deformation and hence the cutting force increases. With the increase in cutting speed, higher cutting temperature and shortened contact area were observed. As a result the temperature concentration moved towards the tip of the tool resulting in the reduction of tool strength and increased tool wear. They concluded that the cutting force and tool wear was considerably less using

the cryogenic environment compared to a dry environment wherein tool wear (Flank) was measured using a tool room microscope [58].

Sreejith, P. S., 2008,[59] published the results of the study on effects of different lubricating environments in machining Aluminum 6061. The turning experiment was conducted using a 15° rake angle, diamond coated carbide tool insert at a speed of 400 m/min, depth of cut at 1 mm and feed rate of 0.15 mm/rev. Surface roughness was measured using a Hommelwerke T1000 profilometer and the tool wear was measured using a toolmakers microscope. The environments used were dry, flooded and Minimum quantity lubrication which was applied at 50mL/h and 100 mL/h using a commercial oil BP Microtrend 231L. The results showed that the cutting forces were low for flood cooling which was attributed to the lower adhesion of the tool and hence lower friction forces. The author also concludes that application of coolant does not necessarily reduce tool wear as it was observed that MQL conditions showed low tool wear and also as it produced comparative results as flood coolant suggesting that MQL could be economically a viable solution.

Stanford, M., Lister, P.M., Morgan, C., Kibble, K.A., in 2008 studied the effects of cutting forces and tool wear under different cutting conditions. The behavior of the responses were derived by using a 4% dilution semi synthetic flood coolant, compressed air (20% oxygen at 0.27 MPa), Nitrogen gas (6% oxygen at 0.27 MPa) and liquid nitrogen and eventually compared against dry cutting. Plain carbon steel with UTS of 217 MPa was machined on a CNC turning center with a constant depth of cut of 1.2 mm and a feed rate of 0.1inch/rev under

different cutting environments. Tool wear was measured optically using a Vickers optical tool makers microscope and tool chip contact length, crater wear position etc., were determined using an Zeiss EVO50 Scanning Electron microscope. A Coordinate measuring Machine with Renishaw TP 200 touch trigger system and a stylus probe was used in to determine the chip thickness which the authors claim to be more repeatable when compared to other conventional (Micrometer) and optical methods (microscopy and SEM). Results show that the cutting force and the thrust force decreases with the use of flood coolant and liquid nitrogen as compared to the other gaseous environments and dry machining. Also the use of flood coolants showed a significant increase in the shear plane angle as compared to dry and gaseous environment cutting. It was observed that compressed air and nitrogen environment produced significantly thicker chips which can be confirmed by smaller shear angle and longer shear plane. Stanford et al further discusses the behavior of the crater wear and flank wear and concludes that although all the environments show significant wear, the dry cutting environment produces the highest level of wear. According to their experiments the best performing environment with considerably less wear is produced when flood coolant is used and lowest density of work piece adherence at the crater face and the flank edge is achieved. It is also explained that the use of nitrogen environment would assist in the reduction of notch wear reducing oxidation and providing better finish of the machined component [60].

Yalçın, B., Özgür, A. E., and Koru, M., 2009,[61] conducted experiments to study the performance of air cooling in milling of 1050 steel with a High speed

steel cutting insert. The cutting parameters were maintained at 2.5 mm depth of cut, feed rate of 0.4 mm/rev and speed of 20 m/min under dry, fluid cooling, and air cooling at 0° C directed towards the cutting edge. The results showed that work material adhesion to the tool under dry cutting environments, but air cooling reduced adhesion and as well formation of built up edge (SEM photographs). The authors also conclude that air cooling will avoid corrosion, chemical reaction which would accompany the fluid cooling technique.

Payton, L. N., and Sripathi, P., 2010,[24] conducted orthogonal tube turning experiments on aluminum 6061 T6 alloy with a high speed steel tool under 4 different cutting environments including nitrogen, cold compressed air, kool mist and dry (zero coolants of any sort used). The experiment was carried at five different feeds (0.001” to 0.005” at increments of 0.001”) and four different rake angles (0°, -10°, 15° and 30°) with a constant depth of cut of 0.125” and speed at 640 RPM. The cutting forces and the thrust forces documented shows an increase with increase in feed but decreased with increase in rake angles. Cold compressed air environment recorded marginally low cutting force and thrust force values closely followed by nitrogen environment, with spray coolant (kool mist) in the third position. The tool wear was recorded in terms of surface roughness of the affected area of the tool measured using a confocal non-contact type profilometer. The results showed that the tool wear was least when the cutting was performed under nitrogen cutting environments. The author also provides a summary table of the variation of forces with different parameters

involved in the cutting process collected from previous literature in the following table.

Parameter	Change	Cutting Force	Thrust Force	Chip Thickness	Wear	Shear Angle
Feed, t	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
Rake Angle α (0-20)	↑	↓	↓	↓	↓	↑
Negative Rake Angle ($\alpha < 0$)	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↓
Cutting Speed, v	↑	↓	↓	↓	↑	↓
Width of Cut, w	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↓
Compressed Air	ON	↑	↑	↑	↓	↑
Metal Working Fluid (MWF)	ON	↓	↓	↓	↓	↑
Contact Length	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑

Table 1: Parametric responses to changes in cutting conditions during orthogonal tube turning experiments.

Tool wear (life) plays a crucial role in determining the efficiency of the machining process in terms of dimensional accuracy, surface finish which rule the quality of parts produced in any industry. It is a very important phenomena that has been carefully studied over the past whenever evaluating a machining technique. A well experienced operator or a machinist can easily identify a tool that wears out while machining by just observing the noise of vibration from the machine. The most basic method to determine tool life is to record the time the tool was used before it broke during a machining process. Other common method used in carrying out such studies in the past is optical techniques specially using microscopes (tool makers / metallurgical microscopes / Scanning Electron Microscope). With advent in technologies and development of new tools like profilometer has really taken this study to the next level. Apart from the optical

methods and profilometry there are several other methods that are used in line (during the cutting process) as well offline (after the cutting process) to monitor tool wear and surface finish which are documented in the following pages. (Note: Some of the measuring strategies used by researchers have been discussed in the previous pages while discussing the effects of coolants in machining).

Before getting into the detailed literature available about tool wear it is necessary to introduce the standards established by international societies. The American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) in its publication titled “Tool life testing with single- point turning tools” discusses about various scenarios that a tool could be deemed worn or failed. The common criteria for wear evaluation of high speed steel tools and sintered carbide tools are [62]:

- The average width of the flank wear in zone B is 0.3 mm for being regularly worn and a maximum width of 0.6 mm when not regularly worn.
- The depth of crater K_T varies from a minimum of 0.14 mm for a feed rate of 0.25 mm/rev and to a maximum of 0.25 mm for a feed rate of 0.63 mm/rev. also in general it is given by the equation.,

$$K_T = 0.06 + 0.3 f \quad 7$$

f feed rate in mm/rev.

- Wear in minor flank is often hard to directly measure and hence, surface roughness values of the finished surface of the work piece can be used to ascertain the tool wear/life indirectly. The range of R_a values used in this case vary from 0.4-0.8-1.6-3.2-6.3-12.5 μm .

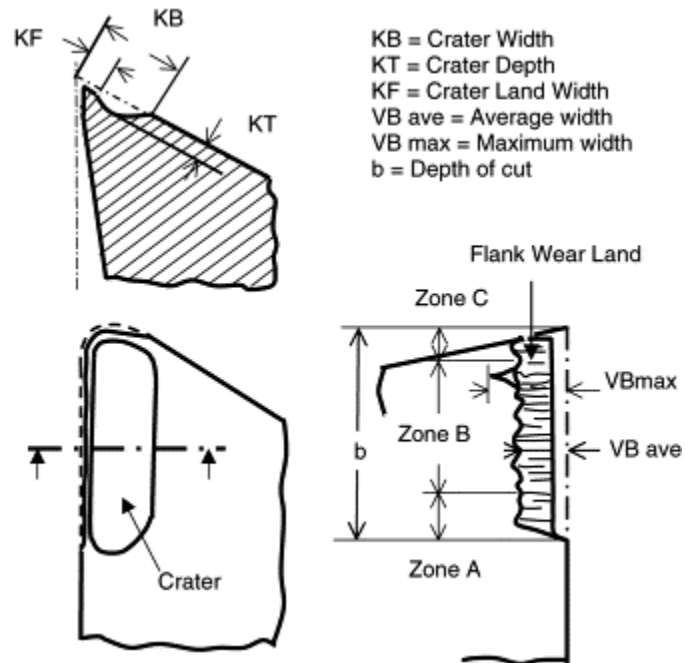


Figure 9: Schematic representation parameters considered for tool wear evaluation. [63]

Lim, G, H., in 1995 during his study to determine the tool wear, used the vibration analysis procedure. The author also cites the ISO standards for tool failure (for single point cutting tools) criterion which is divided into 3 categories as follows (i) catastrophic failure (ii) maximum flank wear of 0.3 mm for regular wear and (iii) maximum flank wear of 0.6mm in case of irregular flank wear. The natural frequency of the tool holder along with the insert was studied by conducting a dynamic analysis. An accelerometer was connected to the shank of the tool on to the side to monitor the feeding direction (axial in this case) and the signals from the accelerometer are amplified and transformed (FFT) and plotted. It was observed that the amplitude of vibration during the cutting process produced two peaks in which the second peak serves to be a warning before the tool fails. The author concludes that the initial peak in vibration as a system

characteristic attributed to the mass of the work piece which decreases as the cut progresses and the second peak (which was lower than the first one) due to increase in friction which is a result of tool wear [64].

Routio, Mauri., and Saynatjoki, Matti., (1995) [65] conducted experiments to study tool wear and failure during the drilling process of stainless steel using online tool wear measurement techniques. In the method the examiners measured and analyzed the current output (in the form of voltage) from the spindle motor (spindle power) with the aid of a data recorder and as well the axial feed force and torque on the spindle using the dynamometer. The measurement values remained almost constant for the entire period of the tool life which makes this technique not appropriate to monitor tool wear but can be utilized to notify the operator when a tool breaks during machining so that further damage to the work piece and unnecessary rejection is avoided.

Lee, J, H., and Lee, J, S., in 1999 applied the concepts of neural networks to predict the tool wear (flank wear) for a turning process. The authors considered force ratios (Feed force, tangential force and radial force) and force increments (initial to final) obtained from force signals to predict the flank wear as force ratios are a function of tool wear. As there are several other factors like cutting condition variation, tool geometry variation and material property variation influencing the force signals, a multi-layer perceptron model which utilizes an error-back-propagation algorithm with a nonlinear sigmoid function was used. Force increments when used as an input to the algorithm yielded marginally more error percentage when compared to the force ratio inputs and among the force

ratio inputs, the one that incorporates all the three components reduced the error percentage significantly.[66]

Gekode, Haron, O., and Subramanian, S, V., in 2002 studied the tribological phenomenon of tool chip interface and tool wear mechanisms while machining AISI 1045 and AISI 1020 steels using tungsten carbide inserts. In this study the authors evaluated the chips for diffusion of tool material (tungsten and cobalt in this case) which is extremely low in the order of Parts per million (ppm). A well established technique to handle such low concentrations and a very high sensitivity is the Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry technique (ICP-MS) was used by the authors with a detection limit of 0.1ppm and 4-7% standard deviation. Also the atomically dissolved tungsten was measured by first dissolving the chips in sub boiling nitric acid and the total tungsten (atomically dissolved tungsten in matrix and as tungsten carbide) by dissolving separately in a aqua regia plus hydrofluoric acid mixture. The difference in the above measurements led to the dissolution wear (measurement) and the mechanical wear in the form of crater depth was measured using a Mitutoyo surfest 211 series 178 [67].

Kim, Jeon-ha., Moon, Deok-kyu., Lee, Deuk-woo., Kim, Jeong-suk., Kang, Myung-chang., and Kim, Kwang ho., in 2002 initially used an optical microscope (Olympus 50X- 500X) to measure the tool wear but later used a Charge Coupled Device (CCD) camera (Pulnix 200X, Neocom 200X) with a exclusive jig on the same optical microscope in order to minimize the error during wear measurement on the milling cutters. In the CCD method, a new program

called image pro plus was used to exclude the subjective views of the measurer and an additional light source was introduced in order to minimize the error. Also the jig was designed in such a way that the base of the end mill as well the side of the end mill could be analyzed without manhandling it (as is the case with the conventional optical microscope used initially) [68].

Otto, T., Kurik, L., Papstel, J., (2003) used a CCD camera (1/3" and 680,000 pixels) equipped with changeable standard lenses and adapter to measure tool wear. The measuring system was capable of making angular measurements, area measurements, maximum and minimum measurement in both vertical and horizontal directions and as well the perimeter from a black and white image processed by the camera which was subjected to digital noise filtering. This set up also had the capability of measuring the 3-d wear area by measuring from two different angular positions with respect to the optical axis (similar to the modern sophisticated 3-d microscopes). The authors conclude that coupling of CCD image analysis along with the indirect measurement of vibration accelerations and noise analysis will give additional information of cutting tools condition, surface/contact areas, average wear and chip movement so that the machining process could be optimized accordingly [69].

There are several tool wear prediction models (based on forces and cutting conditions in machining) available in the literature which primarily considers the force values obtained during the cutting process and predicts the tool wear which is ideally a function of forces involved in machining. Oraby and Hayhurst model (1991), Korean, Ulsoy and Danni model (1986) , Choudhury and Rath model

(1999)[70], Choudhury and Kishore model (2000) [71], Zhao, Barber and Zou model (2002) Oraby and Hayhurst model (2004) [72] , Astakhov model (2004) [73] to name a few [74] . Since the current study focuses only on practical tool wear measuring, the details of the above model are not explored much.

Optical measuring techniques were utilized to quantify the finished surfaces and most of them in the literature correspond to offline measurement modes. Pavel, Radu., Marinescu, Ioan., Deis, Mick., and Pillar,Jim., in 2005 [75] used a Mommelwerke T1000 Profilometer to measure the surface roughness of the cut surface and a Wyco machine was used to analyze the surface topography (3-D surface) and texture. Kishawy, H, A., Dumitrescu, M., Ng, E.-G., and Elbestawi, M, A.,(2005) in their efforts to measure the average surface roughness of the finished surface on a high speed machined aluminum alloy, utilized a Zeiss Handysurf E-30A profilometer [76]. Tamizharasan, T., Selvaraj, T ., and Noorul Haq, K., in 2005 used a VERSAMET 3, optical Microscope with a magnification range of 50X to 1000X and a MITUTOYA surface tester with a measuring range of 0.3 microns to 10 microns to evaluate the finished surface from a hard turning process [77]. A MITUTOYA's surfest surface finish measuring instrument was used by Anthony Xavier, M., and Adithan, M.,(2009) in their study involving cutting fluids in turning of 304 Stainless steel [78]. Khidhir, Basim, A., and Mohamed, Bashir.,(2011) used a hand-held surface roughness tester TR200 instrument to study the machined surface of nickel based hastelloy-276 [79].

Materials, Instruments and Machines

Raw materials, tools, software, instruments and machines used in this study to collect force data and wear data are listed below:

- ◆ Raw Material
 - Aluminum 6061 T6 Tube. (3” OD, 0.125 wall thickness)
 - AISI 1020 Steel Tube. (3” OD, 0.125 wall thickness)
- ◆ Tool Material
 - High Speed Steel Tool Inserts (Arthur R. Warner Co.)
 - Uncoated Carbide Inserts (ISCAR)
- ◆ Machines
 - HAAS Three axis Mill (TM2)
 - HAAS Two axis Lathe (TL2)
 - South bend Lathe
- ◆ Gases and equipments
 - VORTEC cold air gun. (For cold compressed shop air).
 - Nitrogen (at room temperature) from Airgas.
 - Liquid Nitrogen (at -278 degree C) from Airgas.
- ◆ Instruments
 - KISTLER Three component Dynamometer (9257A)

- Kistler Charge Amplifier(Model 5004)
- National Instruments DAQ device (NI USB-6008)
- Daktak 150 Surface Profilometer
- Keyence VHX 1000E Microscope
- Fowler Digitrix II 0-1” Micrometer
- ◆ Softwares
 - LabVIEW 8.2 data acquisition software.
 - Minitab 15 Statistical analysis software.
 - Daktak-vision software for surface profilometer

Aluminum 6061 T6 alloy was chosen as one of the raw materials for this study as it is one of the most commonly used materials in the aerospace industry. The other AISI 1020 steel which is low carbon grade steel was chosen to study the impact of gaseous coolants, as it was one of the easy to machine and largely consumed in the industry.

The chemical composition and the physical properties of the raw materials used in the research are given below

AISI 1020 STEEL	% C	%Mn	% Si	% S	% P	% Al	Iron remainder
	0.210	0.466	0.011	0.000	0.009	0.031	

ALUMINUM 6061 T6	% Fe	% Mn	% Si	%Mg	%Cr	%Zn	%Ti	% Cu	Aluminum remainder
	0.7	0.15	0.8	1.2	0.35	0.25	0.15	0.40	

Table 2: Chemical compositions of the raw material.

Material	Aluminum 6061 T6	AISI 1020 Steel
Property		
Yield Strength	42.70 KSI	81647 PSI
Tensile Strength	46.85 KSI	91641 PSI
% Elongation	13.225	17
Hardness	96.75 HRE	81 HRB

Table 3: Physical properties of the raw materials.

Two different tool types were used in this study including, High Speed Steel (HSS) and uncoated carbide. Unlike previous research carried out at Auburn University, which utilized a whole stick of HSS tools with rake angle ground into it, this study used tool inserts thereby significantly cost of the research. The inserts used, both HSS and uncoated carbide, do not have any form of chip breaker built into them and the rake angle is 0 degrees (three different rake angles 0°, 7° and 15° used in this study are obtained by using custom designed tool holder). The clearance angle is 20 degrees and the nose radius is 1/16th with a thickness of 0.125" and a size of 0.5" * 0.5".

HAAS TM2, 4 axis tool room mill was used to machine the custom designed tool holder and the modified tool post to be used on the 2 axis HAAS lathe for the orthogonal tube turning experiments.

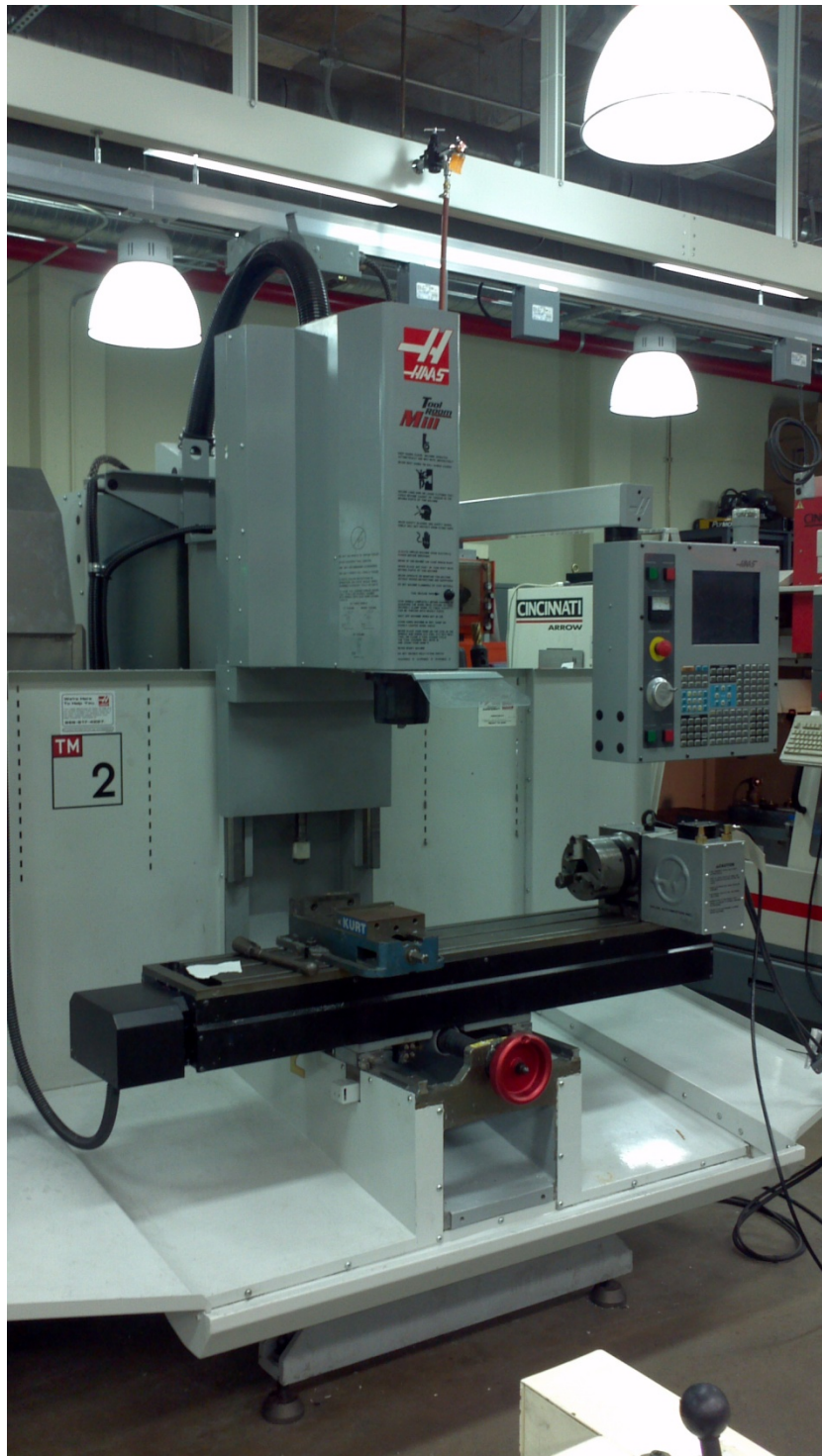


Figure 10: HAAS TM2 MILL

The actual experiment was carried out on a 2 axis HAAS Tool room lathe (TL2) machine with a swing of 16" * 48". The machine has 12 HP Spindle with the maximum spindle RPM of 2000 and maximum traverse feeds in x axis of 75"/min. and 150"/min. on the Z axis.

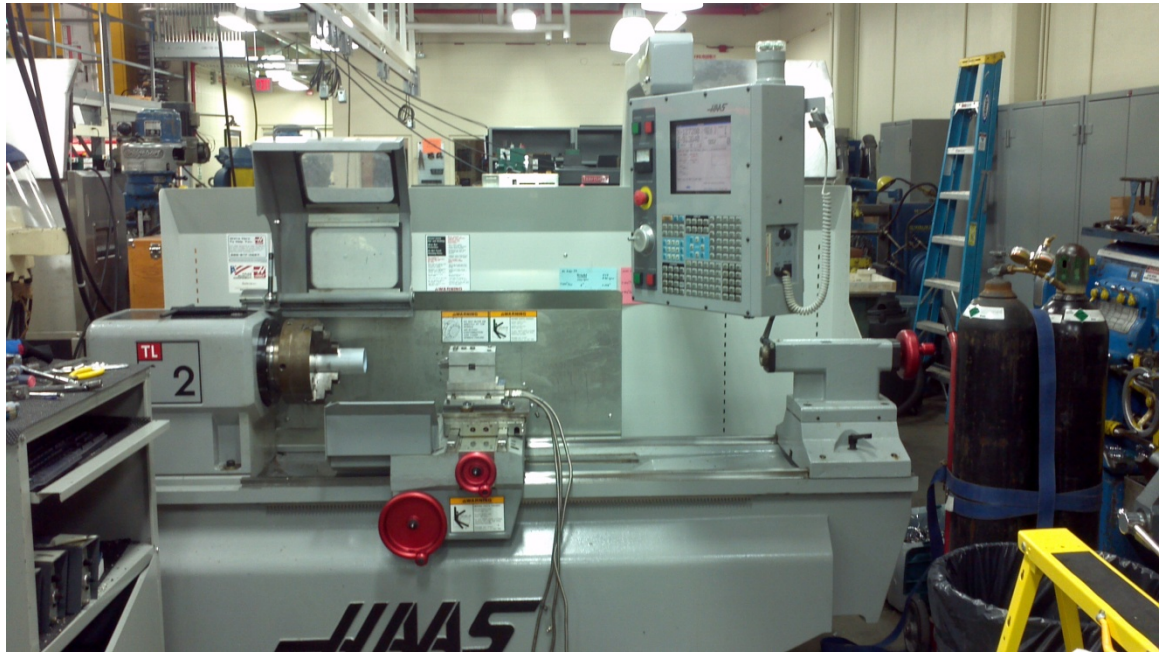


Figure 11: HAAS TL2 Lathe.

The manual all geared south bend lathe is used in preparing the samples by parting the saw cut edge of pipe sections of the raw material flat so that it sits on flush in the chuck during the experiment. Also after the experiment is complete a thin section of the work piece is parted on this same machine in order to perform the surface roughness study of the machined surface and as well for other observations like hardness tests.

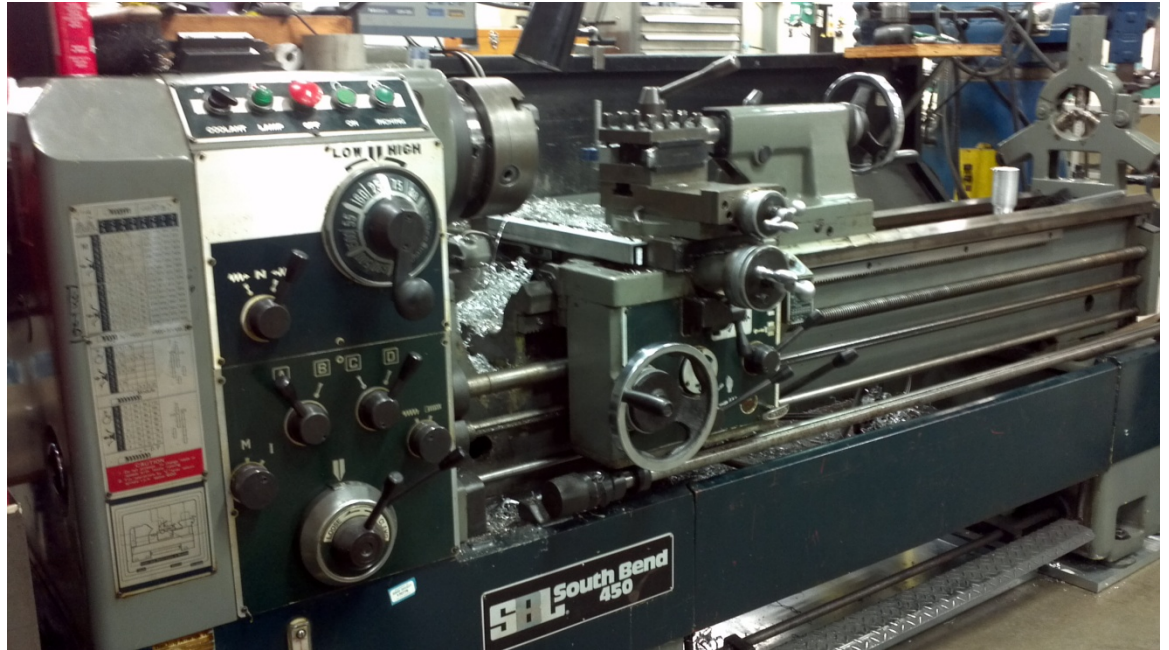


Figure 12: South Bend 450 all geared manual lathe.

The performances of three different cutting environments are compared against the dry machining environment for this study. The dry machining is carried out with no application of any form of cooling in order to aid the dissipation of heat generated during the cutting process.

The first environmental control used is the cold compressed shop air supplied at the point of cutting on the rake face of the tool through a Vortec Cold air gun. The compressed shop air is connected to the inlet of the cold air gun which then enters a cylindrical generator causing the air to rotate. The rotating air is forced through the inner walls of a hot tube present inside the air gun, reaching speeds of up to 1,000,000 rpm. A small portion of the rotating air escapes out through a needle valve present at the end of the hot tube as hot exhaust and the remaining cold air is forced back at the center of the tube where it interacts with

the slow incoming air stream generating a super cooled air which flows out through a outlet nozzle which is directed on the region of cutting. The air coming out of the outlet nozzle consistently reached temperatures of $0^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ Celsius.



Figure 13: Vortec Cold Air Gun.



Figure 14: Nitrogen cylinder with regulator.

The second environment used in this study is the nitrogen gas at room temperature. A suitable high pressure regulator was used to regulate a constant output pressure and also monitor the bottle pressure.

Cryogenic cooling is the third type of environment in this study wherein liquid nitrogen at a temperature of -278°C was used. A special cryogenic hose was used to deliver the liquid nitrogen from the bottle on to the cutting region.



Figure 15: Liquid nitrogen bottle

It is also important to mention the use of same nozzle delivering the different types of coolants used in this study. The nozzle has a 1/8” diameter opening through which the different coolants flow, thus maintaining a constant flow rate (as flow rate Q is proportional to velocity V and area A through which it flows; $Q \propto VA$) across all the environments making it suitable for a direct comparison of the existing scenarios.



Figure 16: Nozzle supplying the coolants at the point of cutting.

The instrument used in this study to collect force data is the KISTLER 3 component type-9257A Piezo electric dynamometer. Piezo- electric materials are the ones that exhibit a unique electro mechanical property, i.e., whenever the crystal is subjected to a tensile or compressive or shears stresses it exhibits a change in voltage. Many crystalline materials like quartz, barium titanate exhibit this phenomenon. The KISTLER 9257 A dynamometer works on the fore

mentioned principal and the type of Piezo-electric crystal used is Quartz which also is used in many other modern day piezo- electric dynamometers.



Figure 17: Kistler 3 component Dynamometer Type 9257A.

In this instrument [80], the platform on which the tool is mounted consists of 4 washers each consisting of 3 component force sensors oriented in the respective directions to measure the forces acting in the direction. The 3 component force sensors are nothing but three platelets cut out of a single crystal quartz which are carefully insulated and stacked in such a way to avoid any slipping due to shear. The 4 washers are mounted on the platform in such a way the forces and moment are balanced.

In milling experiments as the work piece is centrally mounted over the dynamometer and hence the forces act centrally over the dynamometer. The dynamometer is designed in such a way that where ever the force is applied over the dynamometer, it accurately measures it. In orthogonal tube turning experiments, the tool is eccentrically mounted (as shown in Figure 18) and hence the dynamometer will also be eccentrically loaded. In this situation, each of the 4 washers containing the 3 component force sensor will experience different loads but they are positioned in such a way that the forces and moments are balanced and the balanced change in voltage corresponding to the applied forces is outputted.

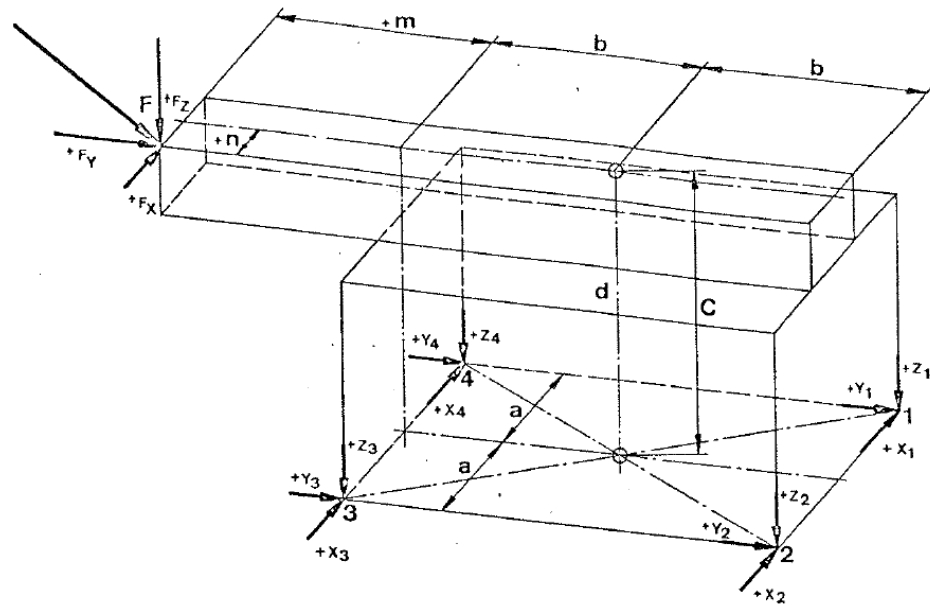


Figure 18: Schematics of Forces acting at various points in a dynamometer for an eccentric load [80].

When a force is applied anywhere on the platform, the force sensors experience strains which are recorded in the form of small voltage changes. It becomes difficult to measure the forces with these very small voltage signals and hence is send through a charge amplifier unit which in the current study is Kistler Model 5004.



Figure 19: Kistler Model 5004 Charge Amplifiers



Figure 20: DAQ Module, NI USB 6006.

The signals from the charge amplifier are sent to a National Instruments', Data acquisition module NI USB 6008 which process the amplified voltage signals from the charge amplifier. LabVIEW 8.2 software is used to output the digital voltage signals in the form of plots involving the different force components versus time. The software is also capable of saving all the data points (forces) in the form of excel spread sheets which are used for further analysis. The LabVIEW program used in the current study to process the data is described in detail in the following chapters.

The chips obtained during the machining process are collected to measure the cut chip thickness in order to compute the chip thickness ratio which is extensively used to calculate different parameters governing the mechanics of metal cutting. A 0"-1" Fowler Digitrix II micrometer with a least count of 0.0001" and an accuracy of ± 0.00005 was used for the purpose.



Figure 21: Fowler Digitrix II 0-1" Micrometer.

A Rockwell hardness tester Model HR 150 A was used to test the incoming work piece raw material and as well also in testing the machined surface which was cut under different cutting environments. The C-scale was used to test the hardness of steel samples while the B-scale was used to test Aluminum samples. The instrument was calibrated before testing each batch with the calibration standard blocks provided by the instrument manufacturer.

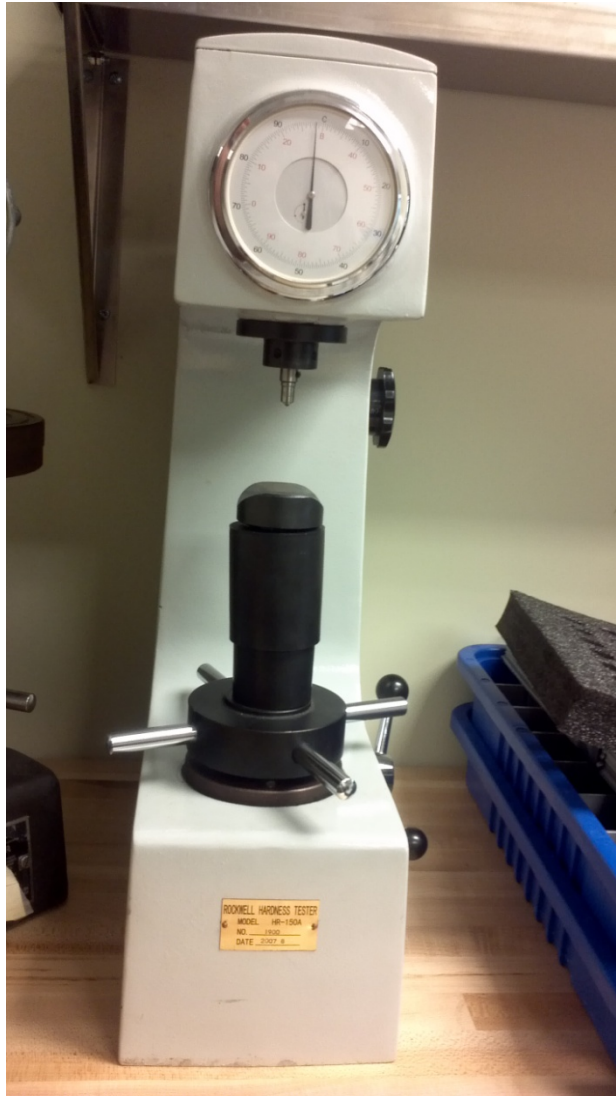


Figure 22: Model HR 150 A Rockwell Hardness tester.

A Dektak 150 contact type surface profilometer was used to obtain the surface roughness data from the work piece sample. The profilometer uses a 2.5 micron radius spherical tip with a resolution of 0.667 microns/sample and a constant downward force of 10.0 mg.

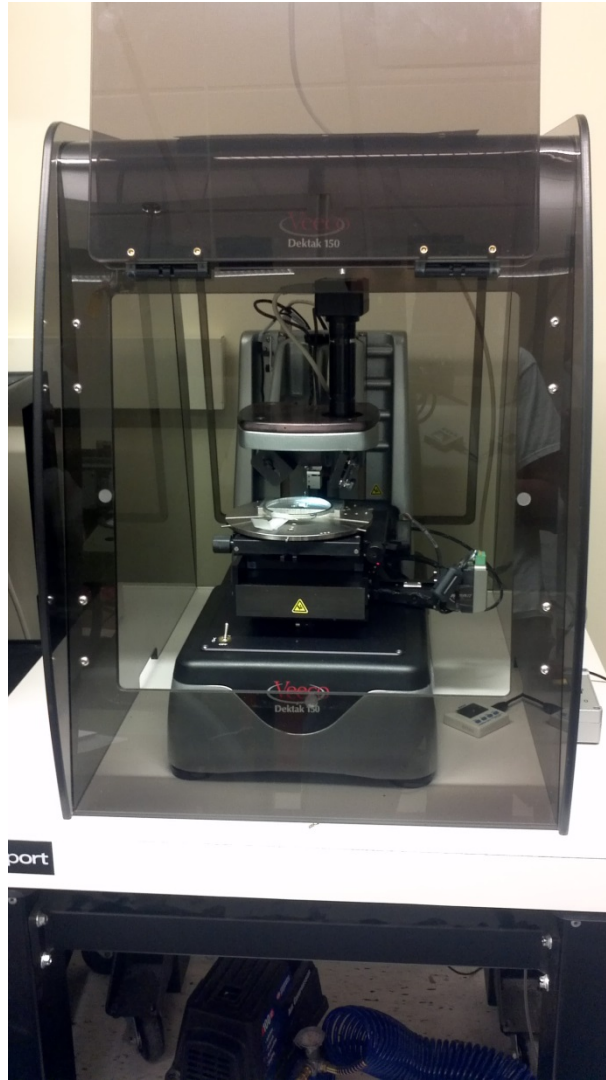


Figure 23: DEKTAK 150 Surface profilometer.

A Keyence VHX 1000 E model digital microscope with 3-d measurement capabilities was used to determine the volumetric tool wear on the tool inserts used in the cutting process. It is a 2 stage microscope with the 1 stage having a magnification range of 100x to 1000x and the second stage has a 500x to 5000x magnification range. The resolution of this microscope is +/-0.05 micron and a repeatability of +/-0.5 microns.

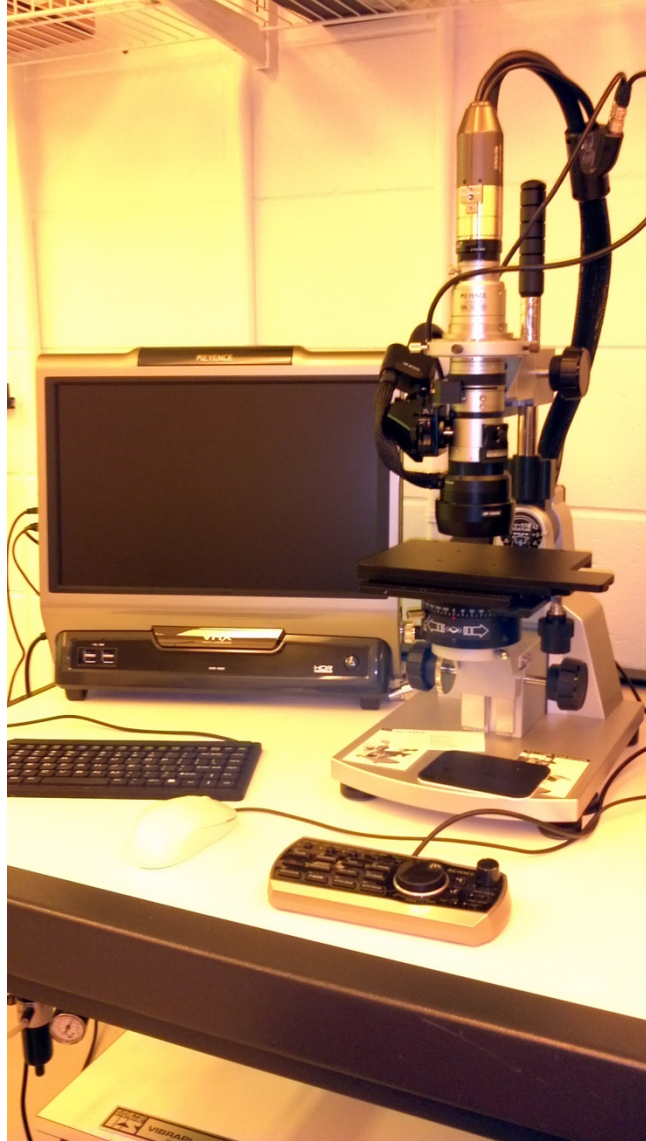


Figure 24: Keyence VHX 1000 E digital microscope

Construction and methodology of experiment

All the material removal operations out in the industry are carried out as an oblique machining process which involves 3 component force system. In the academia and research a simplified model involving only two force system called the “orthogonal machining” [22] is considered, the details of which is provided in the literature review chapter. Orthogonal tube turning process involving two of the force components, the cutting force and the thrust force was considered for the study to evaluate the gaseous fluids.

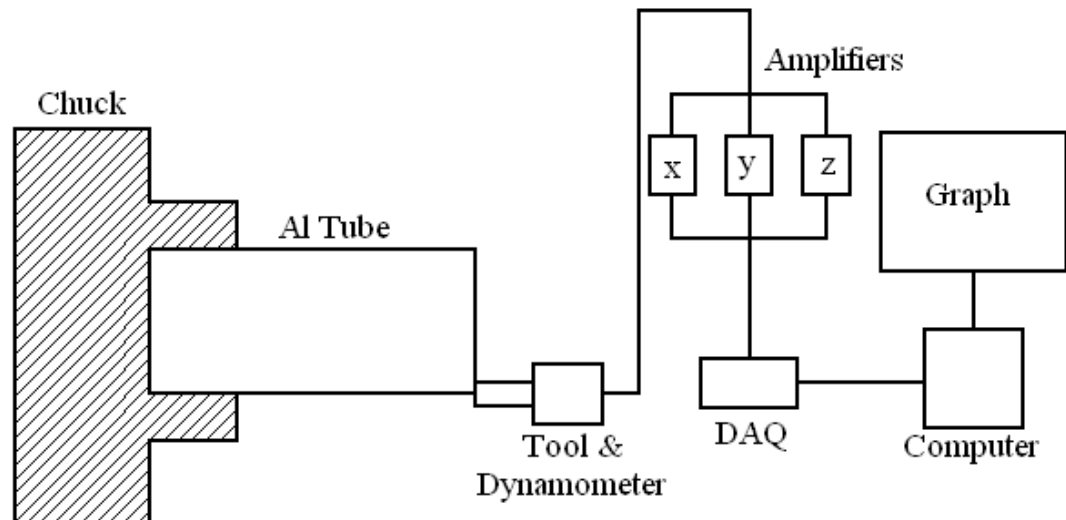


Figure 25: Schematic representation of orthogonal tube turning set up.

The basic layout of the orthogonal tube turning set up is depicted in figure 23. The work piece is held in the 3 jaw chuck flush against the chuck face and the tool is mounted on the modified tool post mounted on a dynamometer fastened to

the lathe carriage. The dynamometer is connected to the charge amplifiers which amplify the voltage signals and send it to a data acquisition device. The data is processed and the forces are plotted against time by the LabVIEW 8.2 software installed on a PC.

Before setting up the tube turning experiment, the conventional tool post on the HAAS lathe (TL2) was replaced with a modified tool post in order to accommodate for the dynamometer and as well hold the customized tool holders. A steel plate of 0.5" thickness formed the base over the carriage of the lathe with holes in the desired position to mount the dynamometer. The dynamometer was then mounted on the steel plate over which the modified tool post was mounted. The modified tool post contained two aluminum blocks with slots machined in them to seat the customized $\frac{3}{4}$ " tool holders. The tool post was designed in such a way that it covered the entire dynamometer, in order to achieve the total load transfer from the tool to the instrument. The bottom part of the two-block modified tool holder is fastened down on to the dynamometer and the top part is adjustable to facilitate tool change. The top half of the block is clamped down using $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 steel bolts and also in order to avoid any vibration in the tool, an additional set of 3, $\frac{3}{8}$ "-16 bolts are used.

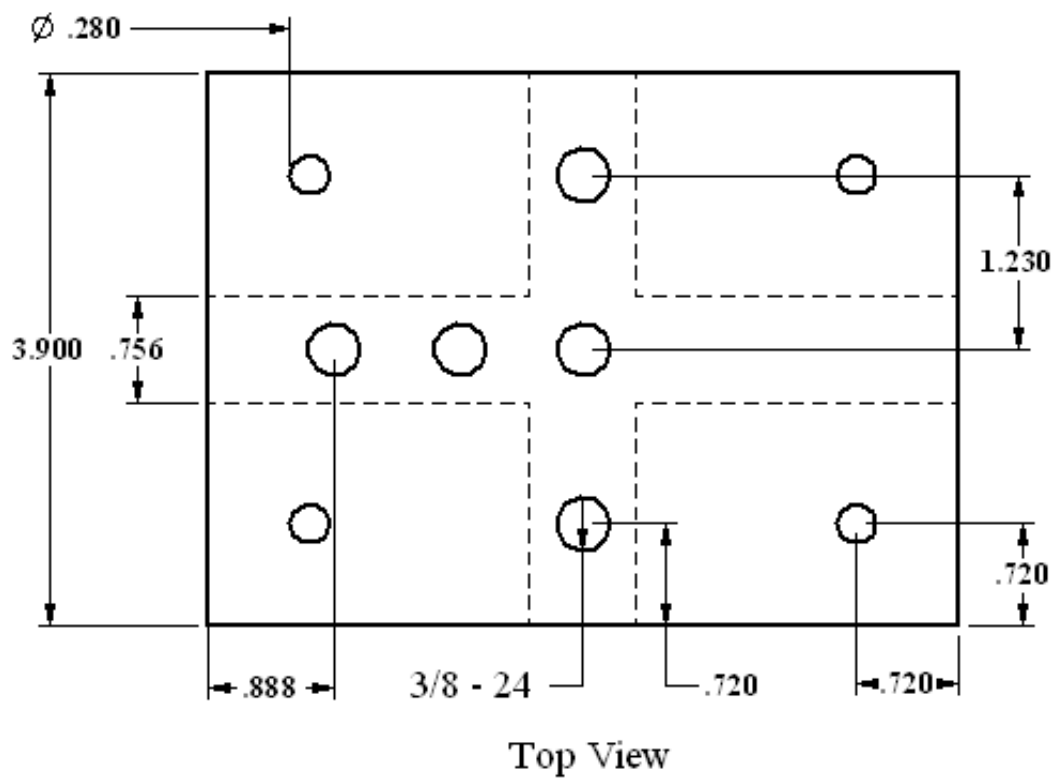
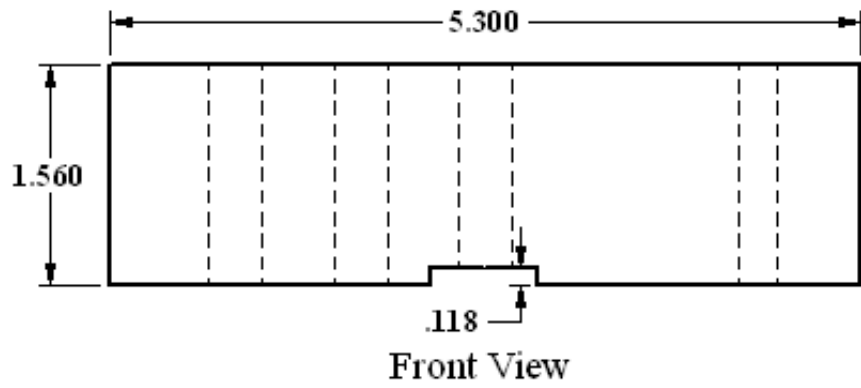
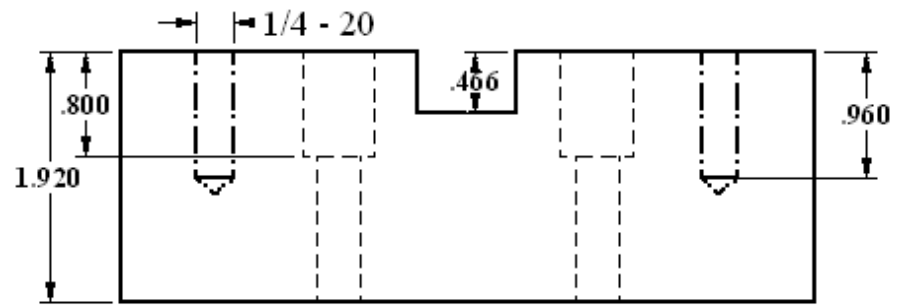
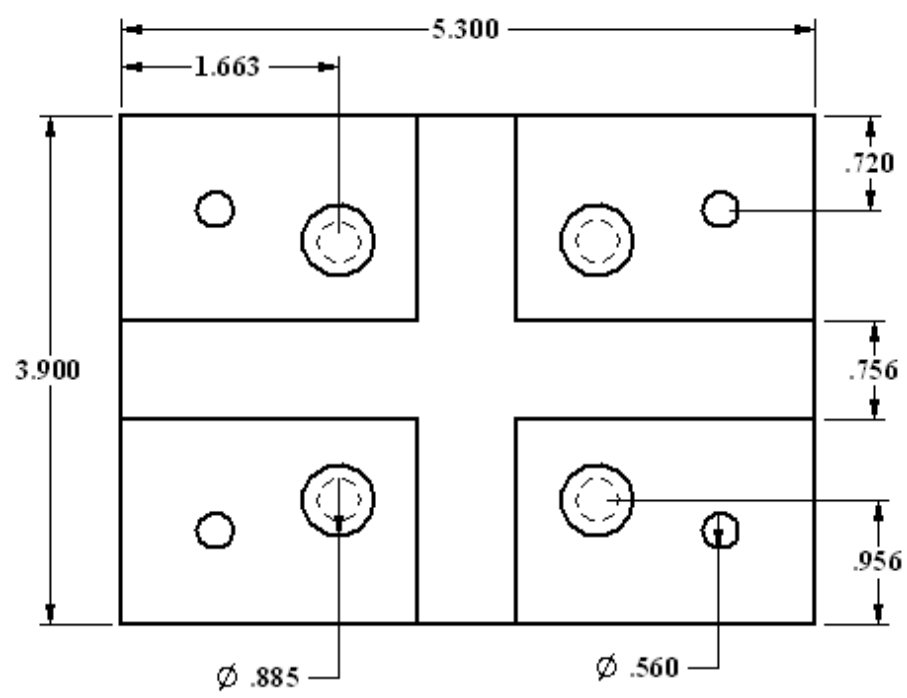


Figure 26: Top block of the modified tool holder.



Front View



Top View

Figure 27: bottom block of the tool holder

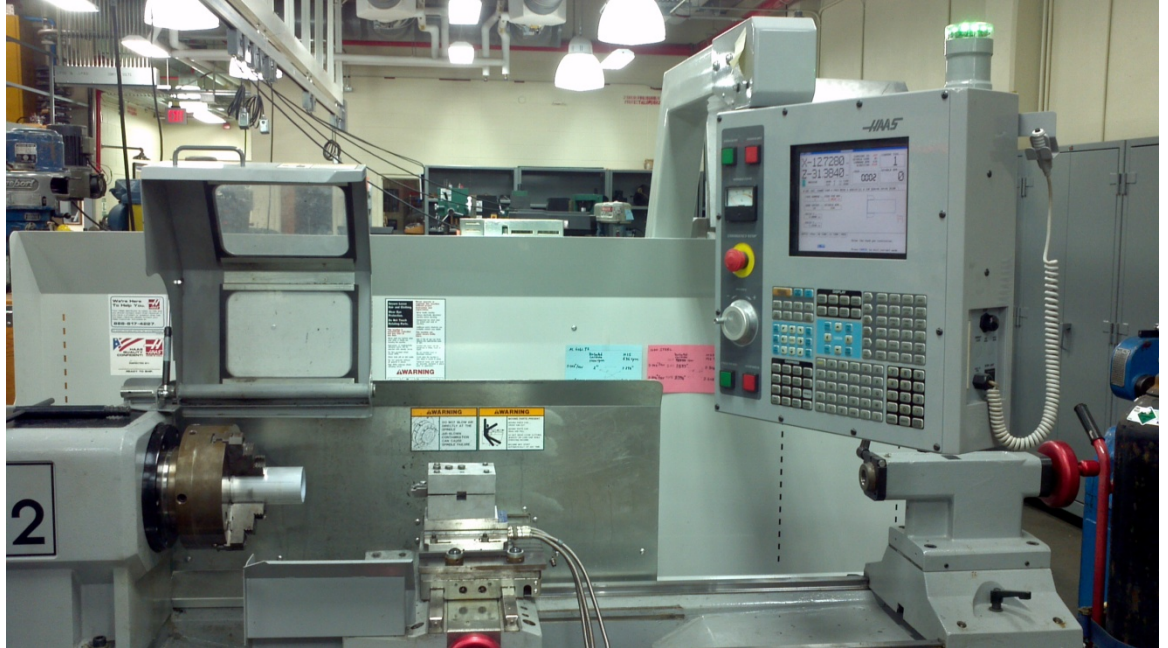


Figure 28: Dynamometer and modified tool post mounted on the HAAS lathe (TL2)

The dynamometer mounted on the lathe has three output terminals labeled X, Y and Z which is connected to three separate charge amplifiers (Kistler 5004) using steel shielded co-axial cables. The range is set up to long and the sensitivity and linearity of the charge amplifier are set to the values recommended by the manufacturer's calibration certificate (refer appendix 1) for the respective axis. The role of the charge amplifiers was to amplify the very low voltage signals from the dynamometer to a more sensible output range. An NI Data Acquisition Device (DAQ) with 12 Digital Input and Output (DIO) channels and a 32-bit counter is connected to a PC installed with LabVIEW 8.2 data acquisition software through a full speed USB interface. The input to the DAQ was provided by cables from the charge amplifiers supplying amplified voltage signals.



Figure 29: Data processing station containing charge amplifiers, DAQ, a PC with LabVIEW 8.2 software.

The LabVIEW 8.2 software is set up with a program that can output the thrust force and cutting force data from the voltage signals received by the DAQ. The software starts processing the signals by activation of a start button in the program which the operator triggers with a mouse click once the tube turning set

up is ready to start cutting. The signals are first received by the DAQ assistant block in the program where the sampling rate is set up, which then sends it to a signal filter block. The filtered signal is sent to a wave form generator which outputs the plot of cutting force and thrust force versus time. The processed data from the wave generator is sent to a write to file block where the software stores all the data in a excel spread sheet.

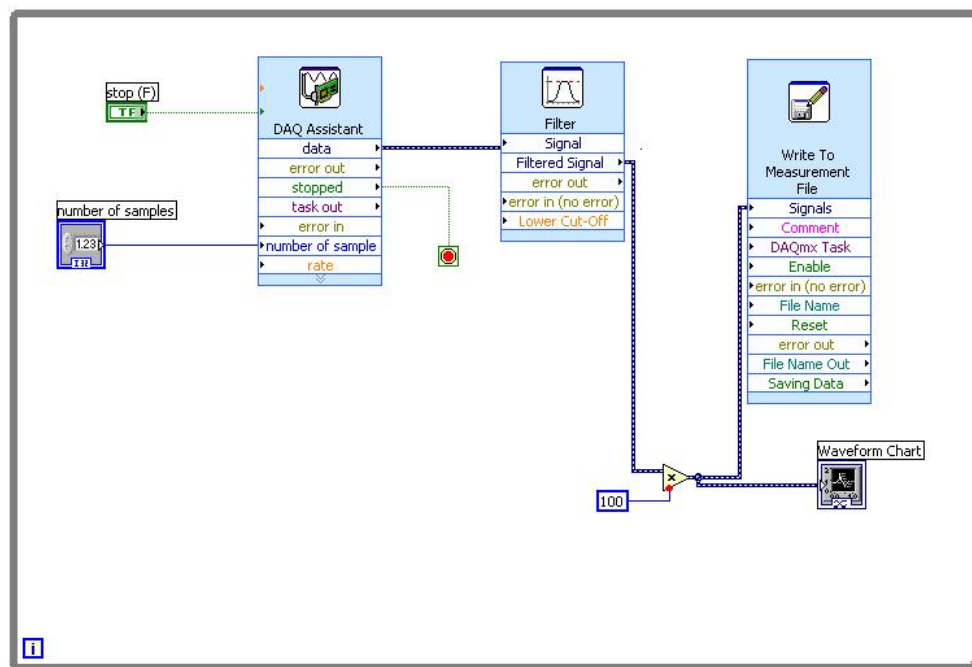


Figure 30: Block diagram of the data acquisition program in LabVIEW 8.2

The work pieces used in this study both, the Aluminum 6061 T6 and the AISI 1020 steel were purchased in forms of hollow pipe with a 3” outer diameter and a wall thickness of 0.125”. The pipes are all purchased from the same vendor in 20 feet long sections delivered from the same lot thereby ensuring same physical properties and chemical composition. The long pipes are cut into smaller lengths in order to avoid any oscillation/vibration of the work piece which would

affect the data collected as no steady or follower rest or tail stock is used to support longer sections. The length of pipe to cut was based off of the length of material removed during each run.

The HAAS lathe has few canned routines built into the controller to perform standard machining operations on a lathe like, turning, facing, threading, etc., one of which was to run the machine at a constant feed and RPM specified by the operator. The time period of cut has to be given in the form of the distance to cut in the respective axis as the programming module of the machine does not provide with an option to enter time. The length of cut is important because, every factor level combination in this current study has to be run for the same time so that a direct comparison of tool wear can be done. Distance to cut can be determined from the formula involving RPM, feed per revolution and time. For example, if the time of cut was to be 1 minute at a constant RPM of 600 and a feed of 0.002"/revolution, the length of cut can be computed as follows,

$$L = \text{RPM} * F (\text{in/rev.}) * T (\text{minutes}) \quad 8$$

i.e., $L = 600 * 0.002 * 1 = 1.2''$

For the different speeds, feeds and material tool combinations in the study, lengths of cut are calculated and 9" long pipe section was selected to be more rigid, safe and would lead to less wastage. The smaller sections of pipe were cut on a horizontal band saw and the mounted on a South Bend manual lathe to part off the saw cut edges to provide the work piece a flush seating on the chuck face of the HAAS lathe.

The tool holders used in the study to hold inserts were custom designed and machined at the Design and Manufacturing lab at Auburn University. The reason to use inserts over stick tools (as used by [24]) is approximately atleast 4 runs could be taken using a insert costing approximately \$15 but whereas the stick tools can only be sued to take 2 runs and the cost for each tool blank was approximately \$30. Moreover, in the case of stick tools, the rake angle was to be ground using a surface grinder for each tool and doing it for 384 tools would be tedious. But it has to be noted that rigidity provided by the stick tools should not be compromised while designing the tool holder for the inserts.

Three different $\frac{3}{4}'' \times \frac{3}{4}''$ tool holders with various rake angles of 0° , 7° and 15° and a constant clearance angle of 20° were designed. The design was subjected to a static finite element analysis in solid works with an applied load of 5000N (maximum force observed for this study was less than 1000 N) and a factor of safety of 2. The deflection was measured for different tool materials which are given in table 4.

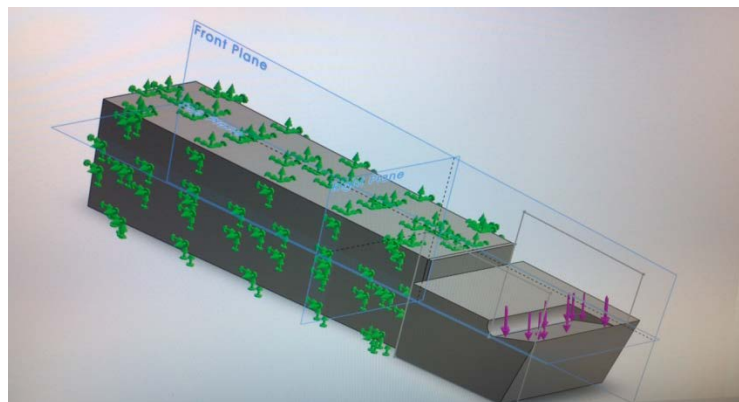


Figure 31: Solid works model of a 15° tool holder with loads applied for Finite Element Analysis.

S. no.	Material	Deflection (mm)
1	AISI 4130	0.3327
2	AISI 4340	0.3303
3	AISI 1020	0.3826
4	316 Stainless Steel	0.3942
5	Tool steel (H13)	0.3427

Table 4: Deflection values for different materials from Finite Element study

Based off of the deflection values, AISI 4140 steel was selected to machine the tool holder, which was programmed in Mastercam X6 and machined on a HAAS 3 axis Mill (TM2). The tool holder was secured in place using a clamping mechanism held on the tool shank with a 1/4" -20 bolts which also facilitate insert changes.



Figure 32: Three different tool holders with different rake angles machined in AISI 4140 Steel stock.

Once the work piece is loaded on the chuck and the tool in the tool post, the tool is paper touched off the edge of the pipe section to zero the x axis. The appropriate RPM and feed per revolution and the distance to cut for the run in progress are entered in to canned routine. The coolant supply is started and waited on till a steady flow is achieved, then the LabVIEW program is started up before triggering the canned routine program on the machine. As we have no chip breaker in the insert or the tool holder, the chips generated are long and continuous in all cases except for the AISI 1020 steel with uncoated carbide tool combination, where the chips were segmented while applying coolants. The long continuous chips are continuously being pulled using long handled hooks so as to keep it from strangling the rotating work piece. The program automatically stops after the prescribed distance, and then the LabVIEW software is stopped and then the coolant supply is cut off when in use. The long chips are then measured at at least 3 different locations using a micrometer and the average is taken to determine the cut chip thickness which is extensively used in calculating several cutting parameters. The tool insert is marked with a code to identify the run number and then stored for measurement of tool wear. The work piece is then loaded on to the South bend lathe to part off a thin section which was used to determine the surface finish in terms of surface roughness measurement taken using a surface profilometer.

First batch of runs were performed without any coolant supply and this becomes a very important set of observation as the performance of the tool and the cutting parameters under other cutting environments, have to be compared to a

benchmark which in this case would be dry machining. The second environment that was used in this study was cold compressed shop air. The compressed shop air at 75 psi was connected to the inlet of the cold air gun and the output from which was diverted on to the tool rake face using a nozzle of 0.125" diameter. The exiting air from the cold air gun was at a temperature of 32 degree Fahrenheit +/- 2° F while the inlet temperature was at 72° F (approximate room temperature). The second environment was set up using Nitrogen gas supplied in bottles from Airgas, was supplied to the same location on the tool using the same nozzle thereby maintaining the same flow rate. A special pressure regulator was used to monitor the pressure of the nitrogen bottle as well the outlet stream. The third environment used in the study was Liquid nitrogen supplied at -278° F. The liquid was directed on to the tool rake face using the same nozzle connected to the bottle via a stainless steel cryogenic hose, so as to ensure that the same flow rate has been maintained across all three cutting environments enabling a direct comparison to be made.



Figure 33: Example of a fully constructed orthogonal tube turning apparatus with liquid nitrogen cutting environment.

The surface finish of the machined samples were measured from using a contact type Daktak 150 surface profilometer. The samples are prepared by parting off a thin section of the work piece containing the machined surface on a South bend all geared manual lathe. The sample was then coded to identify the run number and taped to protect any surface damage due to handling. A special fixture was machined on a HAAS TM2 mill to be placed on the table of the surface profilometer to maintain a repetability and ease of sample handling. The profilometer was programed to do a standard scan over the radius of the sample using a 2.5 micron spherical tip. The software automatically calculated the surface roughness values Ra in microns.



Figure 34: Surface profilometer with the computer screen in the background showing the scanning profile

Two types of tool wear parameters were measured using a Keyence VHX 1000 Digital microscope. The first type of wear characterization was a 2-d measure of the length and width of the wear area and the second type of characterization was the volume of the tool deformed plastically, in other words a measure of the volume of the crater formed on the rake face of the tool. The 2-d measure was taken at 100x magnification setting on the microscope. For measuring the volume of the tool deformation (crater) the microscope is set up into the depth up 3-d mode with a magnification setting of 300x. The magnification cannot be increased further as the sample area of interest gets out of the measuring range of the microscope. even at 300x magnification the entire volume of the deformed surface cannot be measured in a single shot and instead, a image stitching method is followed. In this method, the area of interest was focused separately as different small sections and a 3-d measure is taken at each

of these which are finally stitched up (put together) by the software accompanying the microscope. This particular microscope had a motorized z-axis movement which enabled it to shoot pictures of a 3-d profile at different depths (1 micron increment for a total of 150 micron height range setting was used in this study) and the inbuilt software outputs a 3-d profile. From the profile generated by the software, the volume of the area of interest was obtained.

Instrument Validation and Statistical Design of Experiments

Before statistically designing an experiment it is necessary to validate the capability of the instrument. In the current study, once the orthogonal tube turning experimental set up was constructed, the force collection system was tested for its statistical repeatability, statistical sensitivity and the statistical power. A random combination of tool and work piece was chosen along with a rake angle and feed for validating the instrument. All the statistical analysis in this study are performed using Minitab 15 statistical software.

First test carried out was to determine the repeatability of the feed in z axis on the lathe. As mentioned earlier, the time period of cut cannot be directly given to the lathe control and so the distance to cut based on the rpm, feed and duration of cut was calculated. For the validation purpose, the feed was at 0.002"/revolution, with a spindle rpm of 500 and the duration of cut at 1 minute. Using equation (8) we the length to be cut is determined to be 1 inch. A 0-2" dial indicator was set up on the lathe bed zeroed against the carriage. Once the corresponding parameters were set up on the lathe controller, the cycle was started, simultaneously triggering a stop watch manually. The stopwatch was stopped as the lathe carriage stopped at the predetermined cut distance and the time was noted down. The same procedure was repeated several times, and it was concluded that the timing on the stopwatch was at 60 seconds + 1 second on an

average. Similarly the x axis feed was tested and the timing was observed to be 60 seconds + 2seconds. The variation in the timing can be attributed to the fact that the stop watch is manually handled and the possibility in human eye to hand coordination.

Repeatability Analysis:

For the repeatability analysis, aluminum 6061 T6 work piece was chosen and the tool was High Speed steel. The rake angle was set up at 0 degrees while the feed was maintained at 0.002"/revolution with a spindle 636 rpm. Three different data sets were observed, with the second data set recorded the next day after the first was done, while the third was observed after a week from the day the second data set was collected. A set of four replicates were machined for each set and the cutting force and thrust force were recorded for duration of 1 minute of cutting. The mean and standard deviation of each of the force data for individual replicates are calculated and presented in the table 5.

SET 1				SET 2				SET 3			
Thrust Force Fy		Cutting Force Fz		Thrust Force Fy		Cutting Force Fz		Thrust Force Fy		Cutting Force Fz	
Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Mean	SD
165.106 8	6.4372	209.934 4	6.7156	175.659 9	11.404	216.738 9	9.5698	178.82	11.0679	212.64	9.1327
178.005 2	7.869	218.293 7	7.9506	177.680 8	9.9394	219.527 4	7.6538	176.445 1	6.5802	219.341 1	7.4059
176.484 5	8.112	216.432 4	7.6801	164.738 7	7.2363	210.017 6	7.1887	175.449 2	6.8551	213.342	6.3775
160.001	8.6781	206.461 3	8.3264	163.386 1	5.7064	209.017 6	5.6464	179.751 4	8.7382	216.808 6	7.865

Table 5: Mean and Standard Deviation of Cutting force and thrust force data from repeatability analysis.

A 2 sample t-test is performed comparing two data sets at a time. The p-values of the tests are tabulated in table 6. The p-values of both the cutting force

and the thrust force are greater than 0.05 for all levels of combination suggesting that the setup yields highly repeatable data.

Combination	p-value		Remarks
	Thrust Force	Cutting Force	
Set1 Vs Set2	0.939	0.853	Repeatable
Set1 Vs Set3	0.233	0.598	Repeatable
Set3Vs Set2	0.279	0.724	Repeatable

Table 6: p-values for different data set combinations from a 2 sample t-test for repeatability analysis.

Sensitivity analysis:

Once the instrument is found to be repeatable, it now becomes necessary to prove that the setup is not reporting the same (false) results every time. Two of the parameters feed and rake angle was varied and the force data were recorded as presented in table 7.

SET 1		SET 2		SET 3		SET 4	
0 RAKE, 0.002"FEED		0 RAKE, 0.004"FEED		7 RAKE, 0.002"FEED		7 RAKE, 0.004"FEED	
Thrust Force Fy	Cutting Force Fz	Thrust Force Fy	Cutting Force Fz	Thrust Force Fy	Cutting Force Fz	Thrust Force Fy	Cutting Force Fz
178.82	212.64	233.3745	335.5765	144.1816	198.5818	197.652	323.2784
176.4451	219.3411	241.8935	339.2945	140.8573	199.7019	197.6554	324.414
175.4492	213.342	235.166	338.0937	142.4506	200.2728	190.1233	316.9521
179.7514	216.8086	248.1928	346.0426	141.7632	203.0096	190.6575	317.9177

Table 7: Mean values for cutting and thrust force observed with different rake angle and feed for sensitivity analysis.

A 2-sample t test was performed between data sets when one of the parameter was varied while keeping the other a constant. The work piece used for this sensitivity study was aluminum 6061 T6 and a High Speed Steel tool, with two different rake angles of 0° and 7° and feeds of 0.002"/revolution and 0.004"/revolution. For instance data set 1 was compared with set 2 in which case the rake angle was constant while the feed was changed, when comparing set 1 with 3, rake angle was changed maintaining a constant feed. The p-values from the t-test are presented in table 8, which shows that the p-value is always less than 0.05, thereby proving that the instrument is sensitive enough to record the changes in forces when contributing parameters are changed.

Combinations	p-value		Remarks
	Thrust Force	Cutting Force	
Set1 Vs Set 2	0	0	Sensitive
Set1 Vs Set 3	0	0.001	Sensitive
Set2 Vs Set4	0	0	Sensitive
Set3 Vs Set 4	0	0	Sensitive

Table 8: p-values for different data set combinations from a 2 sample t-test for sensitivity analysis.

Standard deviation of the instrument:

The entire force collection instrument has two parts of standard deviation, one coming from the dynamometer and the other one from the Ni USB 6008 Data acquisition module. The manufacturer recommends a standard deviation in their calibration certificate for the dynamometer to be +/-10 N. The NI Data acquisition module comes with a standard deviation of +/-1N, thereby making the cumulative

standard deviation of the entire force collection set up to be +/-11 N. Also from table 5, it is evident that all the standard deviation values observed for both the cutting force values and thrust force values are within the range of the instrument's standard deviation supporting the fact that the force collection instrument is accurate.

Power analysis:

In order to design a statistical experiment to study various effects of controllable factors, it is necessary to establish a sample size based of the statistical confidence limit. Sample size is dictated by how accurate the results must be, or how large a margin of error that can be tolerated. The larger the sample size, the more sure one can be that their averages truly reflect the population. For the current study, the confidence interval was set to be at 90% implying that the conclusions of this study will be at 90% confidence. Generally a statistical power is defined as the capability of the analysis to detect a difference which actually exists between two sets of data or the ability that the test will reject a false null hypothesis to avoid Type II error. A Type II error is the error of not rejecting a null hypothesis when it is not true and increases with decreases with increase in power.[81]

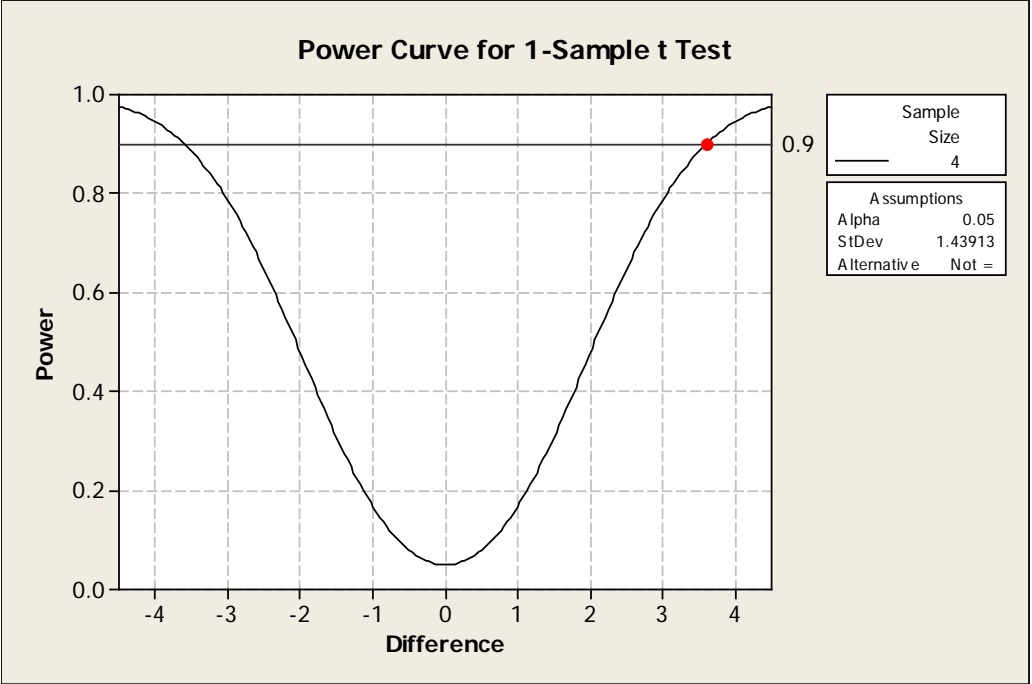


Figure 35: Power analysis curve for cutting force.

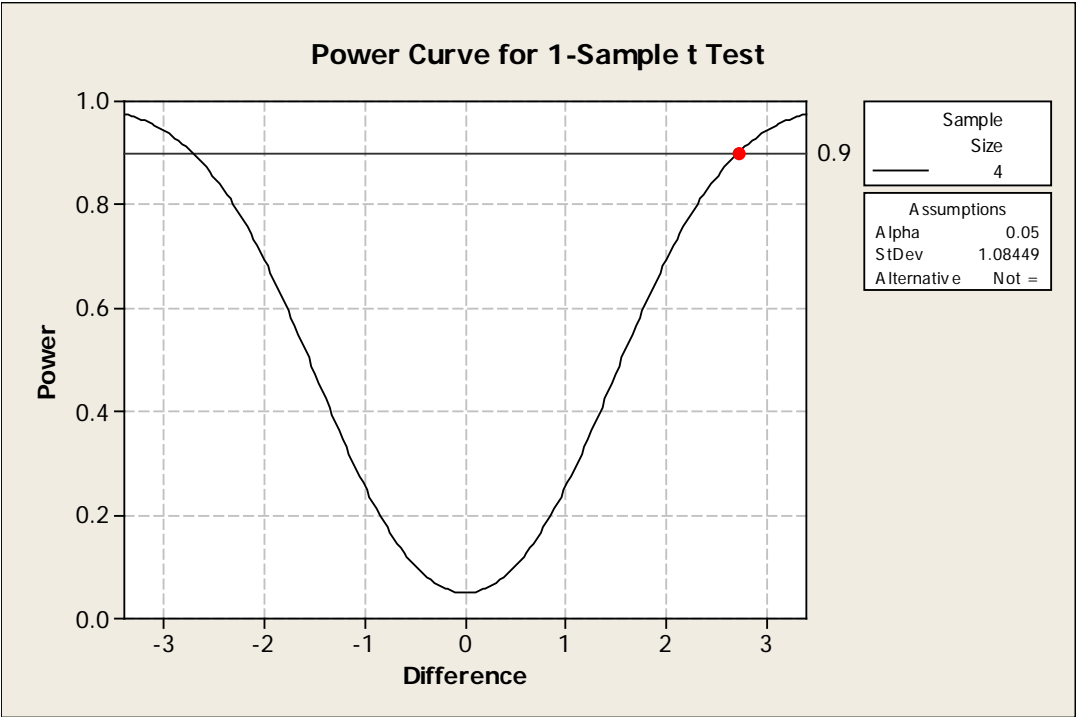


Figure 36: Power analysis curve for thrust force.

Using the previously collected force data from the repeatability analysis, a power analysis was set up in Minitab to determine the minimum number of samples necessary to achieve a statistical confidence of 90%. From the figures 32 and 33, it is evident that a sample size of 4 will yield a statistical confidence of 90% for both the cases of cutting force and as well the thrust force.

Statistical Design of Experiments (DOE):

In this study, the influences of 5 different controllable factors were chosen to study the performance of the cutting process. The time of cut for each factor level combination was maintained a constant which enables a direct comparison made on tool wear for a constant cutting duration. As mentioned in the earlier chapters, Aluminum 6061 T6 alloy and AISI 1020 alloy steel were chosen as the work materials (first factor) along with High Speed Steel Inserts and Uncoated carbide tool inserts as tool materials being the second controllable factor with both of at 2 factor levels. In order to evaluate the effect of tool geometry, rake angle (third factor) of the tool was considered, which according to the literature has a major contribution on the cutting forces and as well tool life. In industries, it is quiet common to see a 0° rake angle in use as it is considered to give superior tool life because of its rigidity[25] and also a nominal range of tool rake angle used in industry would be 0° - 15° [81]. To get a good spread of the range used in industry 3 factor levels at 0° , 7° and 15° were chosen for in this case.

The fourth factor in this study was the feed per revolution or the uncut chip thickness which adds a significant contribution to tool forces and also the

chip thickness ratio which is pivotal in determining several important metal cutting parameters. Traditionally, lathe operators (machinist) consider, 0.001"/revolution to be a finer cut used for finish turning while, 0.005"/revolution a heavy cut used for roughing [81]. Preliminary tests were conducted to evaluate different feeds starting from 0.001"/revolution to 0.005"/revolution at 0.001"/revolution increments. The heavier cut 0.005"/revolution had a lot of chatter along with spindle load percentage of the machine exceeding 100% in most of the combinations and even produced smoke while machining steel with uncoated carbide inserts. Therefore, 0.004"/revolution was chosen to be a close enough representation of a heavier cut that would yield data without overloading the machine as well the force collection system. 0.002"/revolution was selected to represent a fine cutting or finish turning process that would yield better surface finishes.

The next factor level, 3 different cutting environments Cold Compressed Shop air, Nitrogen and Liquid Nitrogen were tested against the dry machining scenario thus making setting it 4 levels. The cutting environments were chosen based on the literature and from the results of experiments previously carried out at Design and Manufacturing Lab, Auburn University. Other than the above mentioned factors, factors like, ambient temperature, position of coolant supply, nose radius of the tool etc., were not considered in this study thus making the effect of such parameters as noise in the experiment.

With five controllable factors, of which 3 are at 2 levels, and one of it at 3 levels while the fifth one at 4 levels, the number of unique data runs lead to 96

runs. From the power analysis, we have a sample size of 4 in order to gain a 90% confidence, taking the overall run tally to 384 runs. The following table summarizes the different factors and the number of levels.

Factor	Levels	Description
Work material	2	Aluminum 6061 T6 alloy AISI 1020 Steel alloy
Tool Material	2	High Speed Steel Uncoated Carbide
Tool Rake Angle	3	0°, 7° and 15°
Uncut chip thickness or feed	2	0.002"/revolution 0.004"/revolution
Environment	4	Dry Cold Compressed Shop Air Nitrogen Liquid Nitrogen
Number of unique runs= $2*2*3*2*4=96$ runs. @4 replicates for each unique run= $96*4= 384$ runs.		

Table 9: Summary of factors and factor levels used in this study.

RPM values for different factor level combinations for the work geometry were calculated based on the surface speed values from the machinery's hand book [82] a sample of which is provided in the appendix.

The tool wear and surface finish were not measured for all the runs, instead only measured for a set of unique runs which was 96. The reason to do so was because of the very small scale of standard deviation observed within the replicates of each unique runs, thereby reducing the time taken to collect the wear and surface roughness data. Also, the length of the wear area did not change across the samples measured and hence only width of the wear area is considered for further analysis. This is due to the fact that the depth of cut is constant in a

tube turning process and it corresponds to the tube thickness which in this particular study is 0.125”.

The table below lists the standard deviation values for 3 sets using both the Microscope and as well the surface profilometer.

Instrument	Keyence 3-d Microscope		Dektak Surface profilometer		Hardness tester HR 150 A	
	Mean Width microns	Standard Deviation microns	Mean Ra microns	Standard Deviation microns	Mean HRB	Standard Deviation HRB
Set 1	641.3925	5.580259	0.0726	0.003318	85.5	1.4142
Set 2	730.8825	5.002382	6.63178	0.271559	53.75	2.47785
Set 3	439.5025	4.982485	0.173273	0.002363	53.25	1.767767

Table 10: Mean and standard deviation for different measuring instruments

Results and Discussions

Once the experiment was completed, force data for all the runs were saved as separate files in excel format for further analysis. The entire 384 runs were separated in to 4 different scenarios based of the different tool and work piece combination as follows:

- Scenario 1: Aluminum 6061 T6 alloy work piece cut with High Speed Steel tool.
- Scenario 2: Aluminum 6061 T6 alloy work piece cut with Uncoated Carbide tool.
- Scenario 3: AISI 1020 Steel alloy work piece cut with High Speed Steel tool.
- Scenario 4: AISI 1020 Steel alloy work piece cut with Uncoated Carbide tool.

The reason for separating the scenarios because, it would not be fair to directly compare the forces obtained from machining steel with the high speed steel tool to the forces obtained from machining the same steel with an uncoated carbide tool because of the vast difference in material properties of the tool materials. Cutting force F_c (N), thrust force F_t (N) and radial force F_r (N) were calculated for each run by averaging out the respective values for the duration of

cut which excluded the first 5 seconds and the last five seconds of cut which involved the unsteady force variations. As mentioned earlier, the radial force in this case was close to 0 N +/- 10 N, thereby validating the assumption of the orthogonal tube turning process.

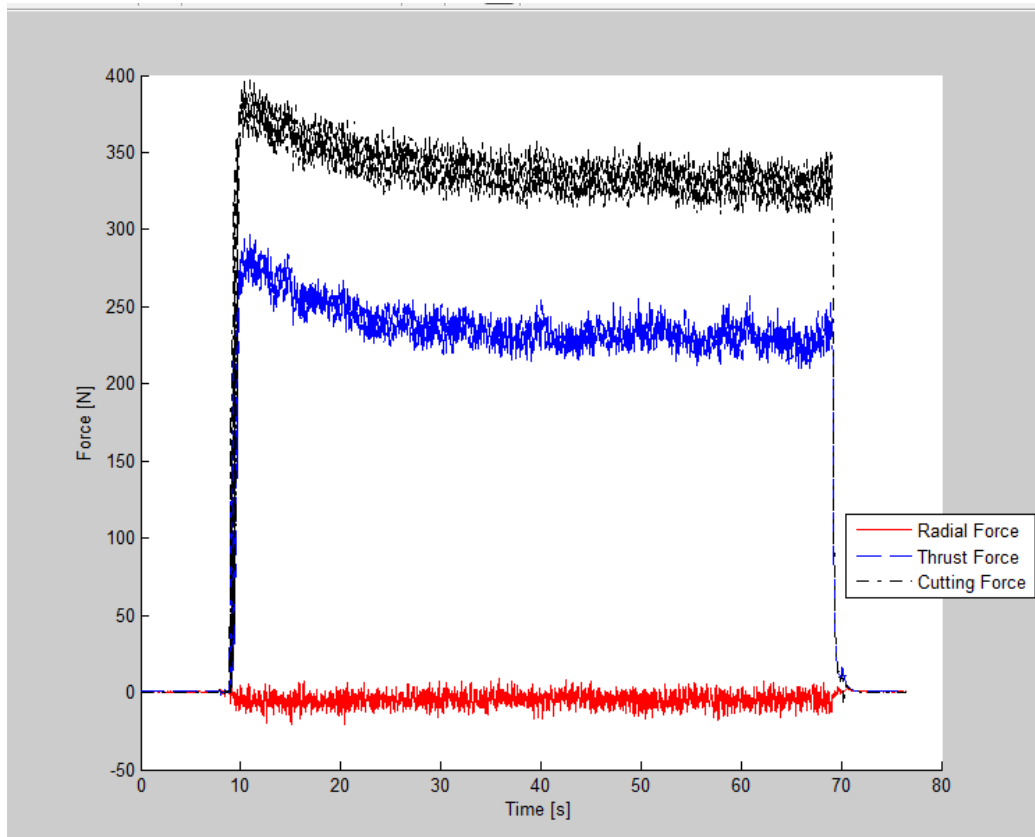


Figure 37: Plot showing different force components for one of the factor level runs.

Along with the forces, the cut chip thickness was measured using a micrometer and the values were recorded which was used in calculating several parameters involved in mechanics of cutting. The following table shows a sample of the raw data collected.

Run	Environment	Work Piece	Tool	Rake Angle	Feed in/rev	Radial force (Fr) N	Thrust force (Ft) N	Cutting force (Fc) N	Cut chip thickness (Tc) inches
1	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-6.0151	198.82	232.64	0.010583
2	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-4.5624	172.65	216.1996	0.0099
3	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-0.6681	175.4492	213.342	0.01002
4	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-0.6698	177.0113	214.6294	0.01057

Table 11: A sample of the raw force (in N) data and cut chip thickness in inches as measured.

Parameter	Symbol	Units	Equations
Chip Thickness Ratio	r_c	none	$r_c = \frac{t_1}{t_2}$
Friction Force	F	N	$F = F_c \cdot \sin \alpha + F_t \cdot \cos \alpha$
Normal Force	N	N	$N = F_c \cdot \cos \alpha - F_t \cdot \sin \alpha$
Friction Co-efficient	μ	none	$\mu = \frac{F}{N}$
Shear Force on Shear Plane, Merchant	$(F_s) M$	N	$(F_s) M = F_c \cdot \cos \phi - F_t \cdot \sin \phi$
Normal Force on Shear Plane, Merchant	$(F_n) M$	N	$(F_n) M = F_c \cdot \sin \phi - F_t \cdot \cos \phi$
Shear Plane Angle	ϕ	degree	$\phi = \arctan\left(\frac{r \cos \alpha}{1 - r \sin \alpha}\right)$
Area of Shear Plane	A_s	inch ²	$A_s = \frac{t_1 \cdot w}{\sin \phi}$
Shear Stress on Shear Plane	τ_s	MPa	$\tau_s = \frac{F_s}{A_s}$
Friction Angle	β	degree	$\beta = \arctan\left[\frac{F}{N}\right]$

Table 12: List of formulae used in calculating the cutting parameters.

Once all the raw data were collected several formulae listed in table 11 were used to calculate different cutting parameters based on Merchant's force circle as well Payton's correction to the basic Merchant's Force Diagram. A set of sample calculations for each parameter are provided in the appendix.

Along with the aforementioned parameters, several other direct measurements were taken from the tool as well as from the work piece. This included the average surface roughness value obtained from the work piece as a measure of surface finish, the width of tool wear area and the maximum depth of any deformation in the rake face of the inserts as a quantity to signify wear. Also, hardness values were recorded from the work piece samples in order to study the effect of coolants on the finished work piece property.

Table 13 lists a sample of the calculated parameters like shear plane angle, shear stress, forces along and normal to the shear plane, forces along and normal to the rake face of the tool etc., All the values for the entire data run are listed in appendix.

Run	Chip thickness ratio	Phi radians	Psi degrees	Friction Force (F)	Normal Force (N)	F/N Ratio
1	0.188982	0.18678	34.29832	198.82	232.64	0.854625
2	0.20202	0.199337	33.57881	172.65	216.1996	0.798568
3	0.199601	0.197012	33.71206	175.4492	213.342	0.822385
4	0.189215	0.187004	34.28546	177.0113	214.6294	0.82473

F_s (Merchant)	F_n (Merchant)	F_s/F_n (Merchant)	F_s (Payton)	F_n (Payton)	F_s/F_n (Payton)	Beta (degrees)
191.67381	238.56218	0.803454	23.91435	305.0883	0.078385	40.51803
177.7303	212.04299	0.838181	30.79422	274.9582	0.111996	38.60973
174.87271	213.81479	0.81787	26.79426	274.9169	0.097463	39.43336
177.97826	213.82825	0.832342	26.60001	276.9318	0.096053	39.51342

Shear Area, A_s	Shear Area, A_s P	Shear Stress, T_s Merchant (Mpa)	Shear Stress, T_s (Payton) (Mpa)	Shear Stress, T_s (Payton) corrected (Mpa)	χ	λ	Friction Co-efficient
0.001292	0.001796	229.8716	28.68013	20.63888	4.481966	85.51803	0.707173
0.001212	0.00168	227.2958	39.38212	28.40994	6.390269	83.60973	0.673867
0.001226	0.0017	221.0662	33.87209	24.42364	5.566643	84.43336	0.688242
0.001291	0.001794	213.7002	31.93889	22.98493	5.486576	84.51342	0.689639

Normal Stress σ (Merchant)	Shear Strain γ (Merchant)	Normal Stress σ (Payton)	Normal Stress σ (Payton) corrected	Shear Strain γ (Payton)	Resultant Force N	Resultant shear stress Payton MPA	Resultant shear stress Merchant MPA
184582.94	5.480482	236056.3	163076.6	2	306.0241	253.5446	367.0102
174952.96	5.15202	226863.2	157110.9	2	276.6772	245.045	353.8371
174383.51	5.209601	224217.3	155206.1	2	276.2195	241.7098	349.1842
165641.98	5.474215	214525.1	148208.4	2	278.2064	230.7808	334.045
161288.15	4.133065	209433.8	146826.1	2	408.7484	231.2235	329.8188

Table 13: Calculated cutting parameter values for a portion of runs.

A General Linear Model ANOVA was evaluated for each of the parameters under four different scenarios using on Minitab 15 statistical software. The ANOVA testing involved analysis of two different effects on the parameter considered, as listed below,

- Main Effects
 - Environment
 - Rake angle
 - Feed
- Interactions
 - Environment versus Rake angle
 - Environment Vs Feed
 - Rake angle versus feed
 - Environment versus rake angle versus feed

General Linear Model: Fy Thrust, Fz Cutting, ... versus Environment, Rake Angle

Factor	Type	Levels	Values
Environment	fixed	4	Cold Comp. Air, Dry, Liquid Nit., Nitrogen
Rake Angle	fixed	3	0, 7, 15
Feed in/rev	fixed	2	0.002, 0.004

Analysis of Variance for **Fz Cutting**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	6237	6237	2079	72.73	0.000
Rake Angle	2	31171	31171	15586	545.21	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	364563	364563	364563	12752.96	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	1430	1430	238	8.34	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	464	464	155	5.41	0.002
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	57	57	28	0.99	0.376
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	453	453	75	2.64	0.023
Error	72	2058	2058	29		
Total	95	406432				

S = 5.34664 R-Sq = 99.49% R-Sq(adj) = 99.33%

Unusual Observations for Fz Cutting

Obs	Fz Cutting	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
1	232.640	219.203	2.673	13.437	2.90 R
74	239.012	252.579	2.673	-13.567	-2.93 R
75	268.992	252.579	2.673	16.413	3.54 R
78	362.834	373.720	2.673	-10.886	-2.35 R
79	389.360	373.720	2.673	15.640	3.38 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

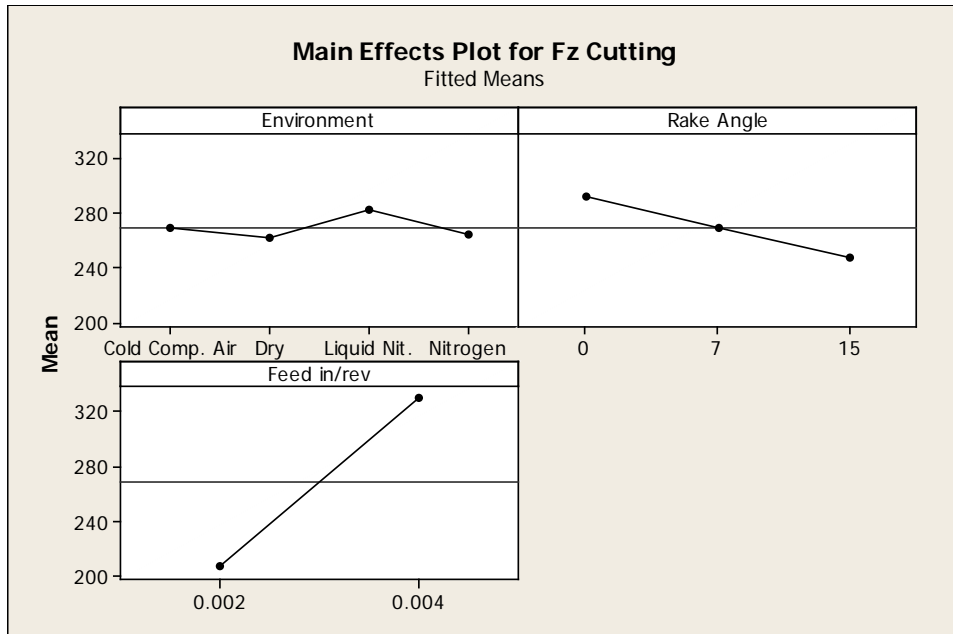


Figure 38: Main effects plot for cutting force in machining of Aluminum with High speed steel tool.

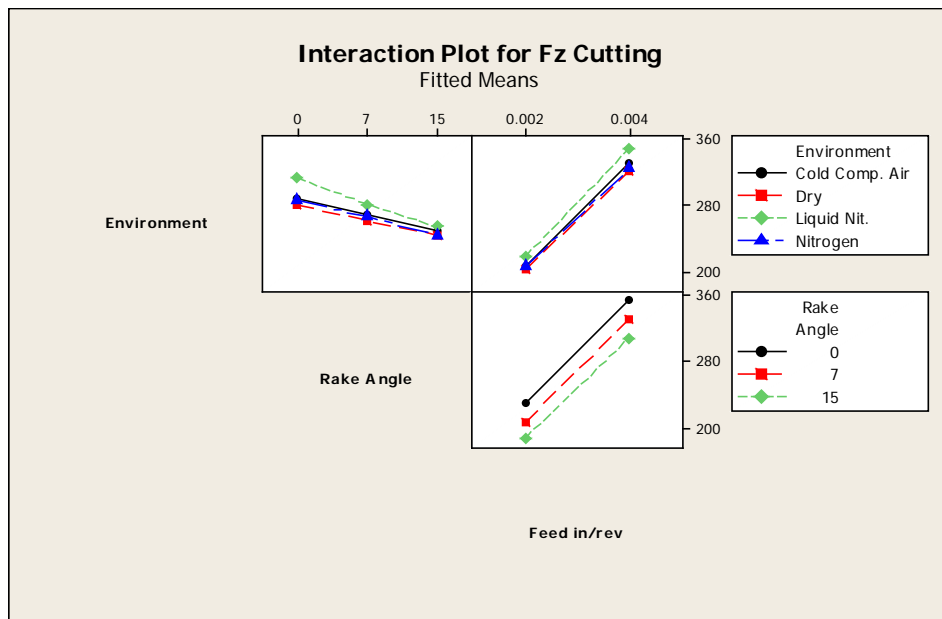


Figure 39: Interactions plot for cutting force in machining of Aluminum with High speed steel tool.

To draw conclusions as of which of the above influenced the parameter considered each time, the F-statistic and the p-value from the ANOVA were considered with the support of the trend from main effects and interactions plots.

An example of the ANOVA table is presented above with the main effects plot in figure 36 and interactions plot in figure 37.

From observing the ANOVA table and the main effects and interaction plots (refer appendix) the results are tabulated for four different scenarios separately. The results are tabled as whether the factor is statistically significant or insignificant, value of F-statistic, p-value, significance rank based of the values as follows,

- 0- Statistically Insignificant
- 1- First Significant factor contributing to the change.
- 2- Second Significant factor contributing to the change.
- 3- Third Significant factor contributing to the change.
- 4- Fourth Significant factor contributing to the change.
- 5- Fifth Significant factor contributing to the change.
- 6- Sixth Significant factor contributing to the change.
- 7- Seventh Significant factor contributing to the change.

The tool wear profile obtained using the Keyence microscope is presented in the following figure. The software is cable of determining the surface area, 3-d profile and volume of which only volume is taken in to account for this study. Figure 41 shows a typical profile output from a surface profilometer (Dektak 150 A) which was used to collect surface finish data in terms of average surface roughness Ra.

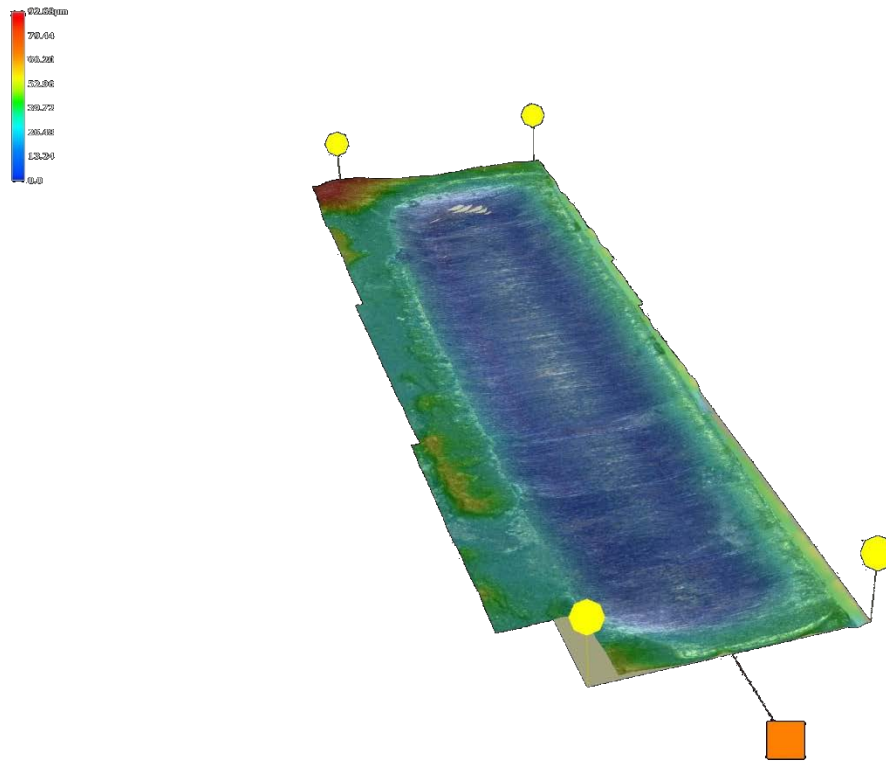


Figure 40 : A typical 3-d volume profile obtained on a Keyence VHX 1000 Digital microscope.

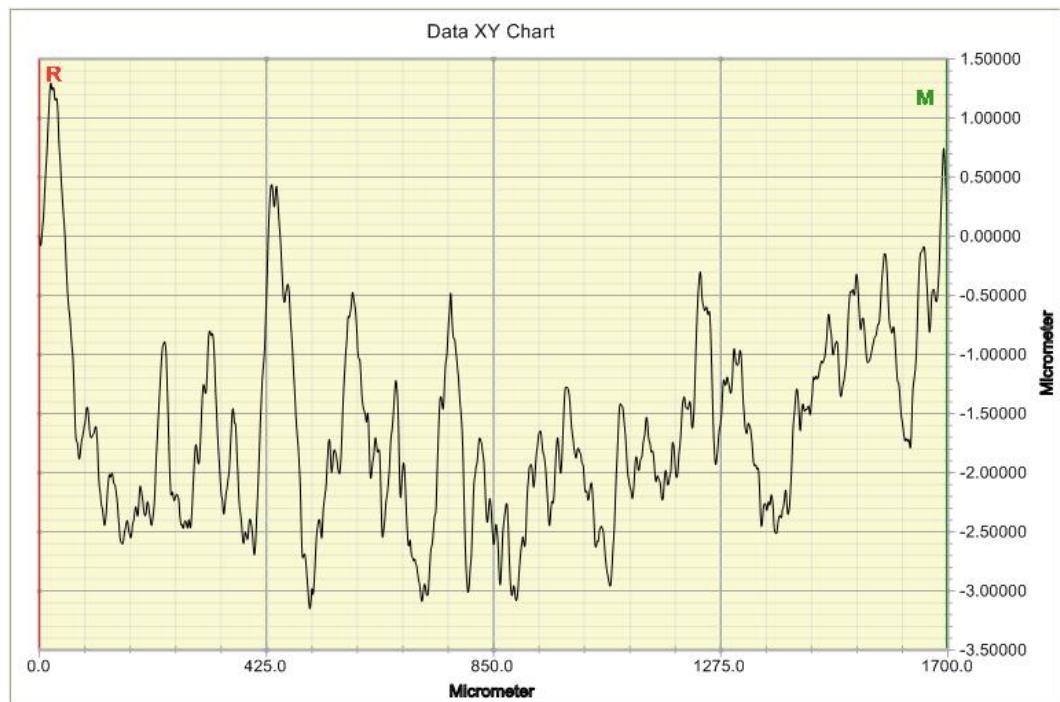


Figure 41: A typical Surface roughness profile output by a Dektak 150 surface profilometer.

Parameter		Main Effects			Interactions			
		Environment	Rake angle	Feed	Environment * Rake angle	Environment * Feed	Rake angle * Feed	Environment * rake angle * feed
Cutting force Fc N	F-statistic	72.73	545.21	12752.96	8.34	5.41	0.99	2.64
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.376	0.023
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	4	5	0	0
Thrust force Ft N	F-statistic	7.47	236.70	315.53	3.41	2.78	2.87	0.22
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.047	0.063	0.970
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	4	0	0	0
Resultant force R N	F-statistic	22.64	325.95	2459.83	5.18	3.74	1.15	0.50
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.015	0.323	0.809
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	4	0	0	0
Shear plane angle Merchant Φ	F-statistic	98.97	265.86	43.78	14.03	13.41	1.70	1.43
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.216
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no
	Rank	2	1	3	4	5	0	0
Shear plane angle Payton ψ	F-statistic	98.97	0.63	43.78	14.03	13.41	1.70	1.43
	p-value	0.000	0.536	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.216
	Significance	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	no	no
	Rank	1	0	2	3	4	0	0
Friction Force Merchant F N (M)	F-statistic	8.61	23.29	492.0	3.03	3.15	0.92	0.23
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.011	0.030	0.403	0.964
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	0	0	0	0
Normal Force Merchant N N (M)	F-statistic	76.42	2505.4	12759.08	10.05	3.61	27.88	2.05
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.017	0.000	0.070
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	no
	Rank	3	2	1	5	0	4	0
F/N ratio (M)	F-statistic	0.61	207.70	184.42	2.55	4.45	0.87	0.54
	p-value	0.611	0.000	0.000	0.027	0.006	0.423	0.778
	Significance	no	yes	yes	No	yes	no	no
	Rank	0	1	2	0	3	0	0
Force along shear plane Fs N (M)	F-statistic	33.81	296.71	2972.06	6.09	10.55	0.16	0.83
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.851	0.548
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	5	4	0	0
Force normal to shear plane Fn N (M)	F-statistic	25.37	123.73	758.30	3.44	2.07	0.76	0.41
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.112	0.471	0.869
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	4	0	0	0
Fs/Fn ratio (M)	F-statistic	47.46	0.39	21.94	5.25	2.12	0.70	0.89
	p-value	0.000	0.676	0.000	0.000	0.105	0.502	0.508
	Significance	yes	no	yes	yes	no	no	no
	Rank	1	0	2	3	0	0	0
Force along shear plane Fs N (P)	F-statistic	0.08	4.32	417.79	1.12	1.75	0.40	0.34
	p-value	0.973	0.017	0.000	0.358	0.164	0.670	0.915
	Significance	no	no	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Force normal to shear plane Fn N (P)	F-statistic	20.49	290.78	2079.70	4.90	3.71	0.90	0.46
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.015	0.410	0.833
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	4	5	0	0

Fs/Fn ratio (P)	F-statistic	0.58	3.22	192.74	2.21	4.14	0.000	0.39
	p-value	0.629	0.046	0.0000	0.051	0.009	0.997	0.884
	Significance	no	no	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Shear area As (M)	F-statistic	1.78	3.12	8.31	0.79	1.08	1.06	0.94
	p-value	0.158	0.05	0.005	0.578	0.365	0.352	0.471
	Significance	no	no	Yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Shear stress τ_s MPa (M)	F-statistic	59.20	49.22	53.00	1.97	7.27	0.23	2.39
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.795	0.037
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	no	no
	Rank	1	3	2	0	4	0	0
Shear area As (P) corrected	F-statistic	2254.92	10760.76	36717.10	206.05	432.36	76.63	60.28
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	2	1	5	4	6	7
Shear stress τ_s MPa (P)	F-statistic	19.87	21.22	68.09	3.70	10.07	0.12	0.54
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.884	0.778
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	5	4	0	0
Shear strain γ (M)	F-statistic	2.20	5.28	0.05	0.75	0.86	0.47	1.03
	p-value	0.095	0.007	0.817	0.614	0.465	0.625	0.412
	Significance	no	no	no	no	no	no	no
	Rank	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shear strain γ (P)	F-statistic	Depends only on Rake angle Shear strain decreases with increasing rake angle. **NA**						
	p-value							
	Significance							
	Rank							
Shear strain γ (P) corrected	F-statistic	2371.87	3216.39	1371.82	561.92	435.27	67.84	11.67
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	2	1	3	4	5	6	7
Friction Co-efficient μ	F-statistic	0.57	210.81	189.58	2.23	4.11	0.00	0.39
	p-value	0.635	0.000	0.000	0.05	0.009	0.997	0.883
	Significance	no	yes	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	0	1	2	0	0	0	0

Table 14: Scenario1- Aluminum 6061 T6 alloy cut with High Speed Steel tool.

The following inferences can be made from the table 14 for scenario 1 based of the values from ANOVA and the corresponding main effects and interactions plots given in appendix5.

- The cutting force decreased with increase in rake angle but increased when the feed was increased. Using liquid nitrogen significantly increased the cutting force values even higher to dry conditions. Though nitrogen and cold compressed air performed closer to dry environments, nitrogen was marginally better. Also, from the interaction plots, using a sharper

tool reduced the thrust force even at higher feeds while use of nitrogen with a sharper tool at lower feeds gave lower cutting force values.

- The thrust force decreased with increase in rake angle but increased when the feed was increased. Using liquid nitrogen significantly increased the cutting force values even higher to dry conditions. Though nitrogen and cold compressed air performed closer to dry environments, nitrogen was marginally better. Also, from the interaction plots, using a sharper tool reduced the thrust force even at higher feeds while use of nitrogen with a sharper tool at higher feeds gave lower thrust force values.

		Increasing rake angle α	Increasing feed f
Resultant force R		decrease	increase
Chip thickness ratio r		increase	increase
Friction force F		decrease	increase
Normal force N		decrease	increase
F/N ratio		increase	decrease
Shear plane angle	Merchant Φ	increase	increase
	Payton ψ	decrease	decrease
Force along shear plane F_s	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	decrease	increase
Force normal to shear plane F_n	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	decrease	increase
Fs/Fn ratio	Merchant	increase	increase
	Payton	Statistically insignificant	increase
Shear area A_s	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	decrease	increase
	Vishnu	decrease	increase
Shear stress τ_s	Merchant	increase	decrease
	Payton	increase	increase
Shear strain γ	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	increase	no change
	Vishnu	increase	increase

Table 15: Variation of different parameters while increasing feed f and rake angle α for scenario 1

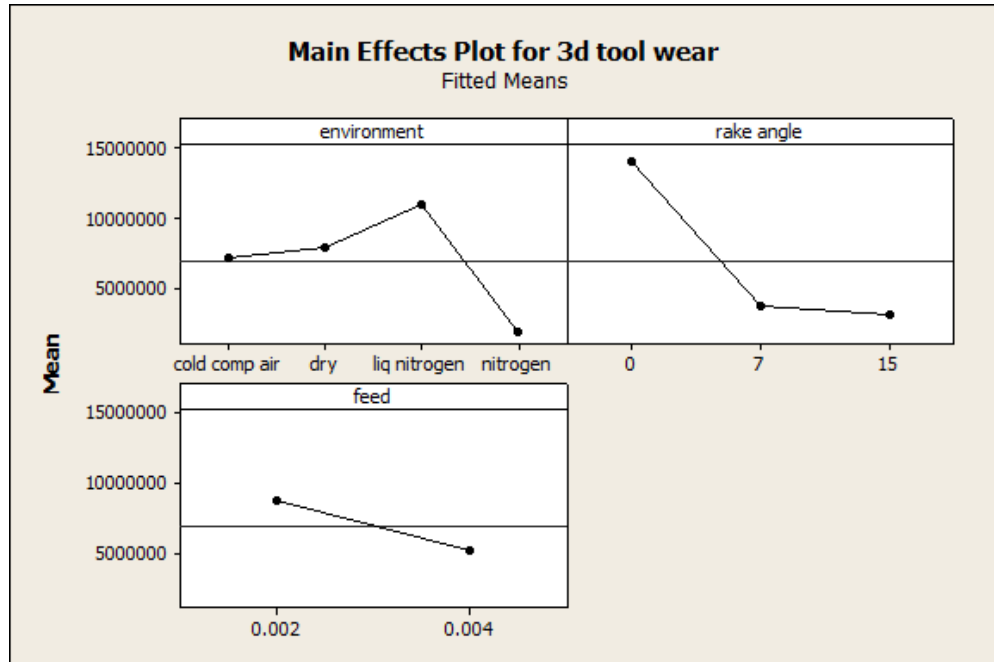


Figure 42: Main Effects plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 1)

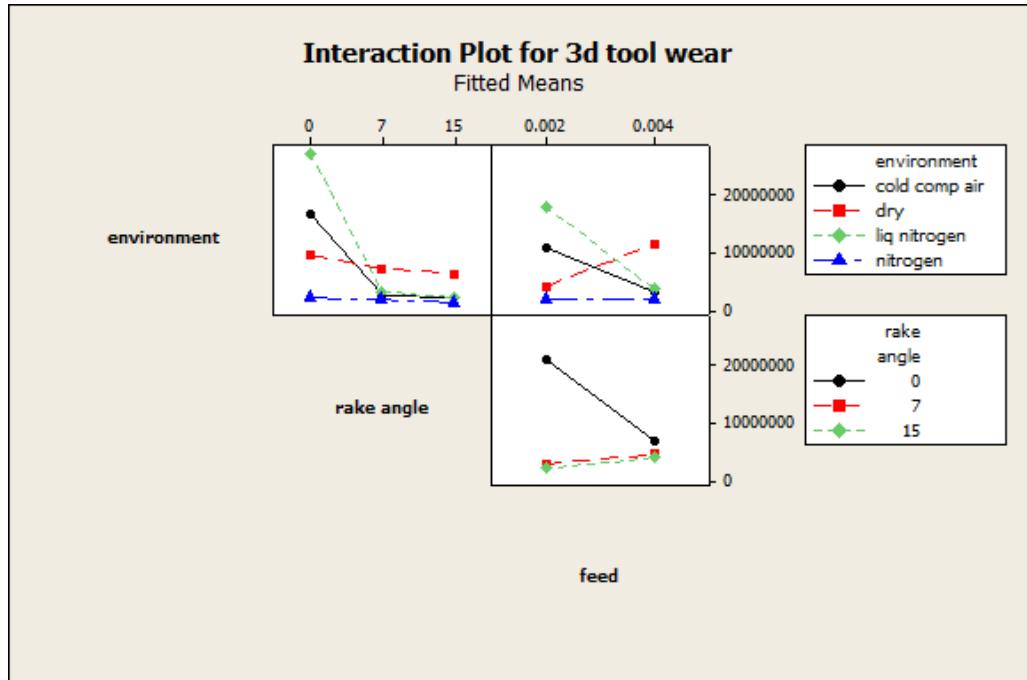


Figure 43: Interaction plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 1)

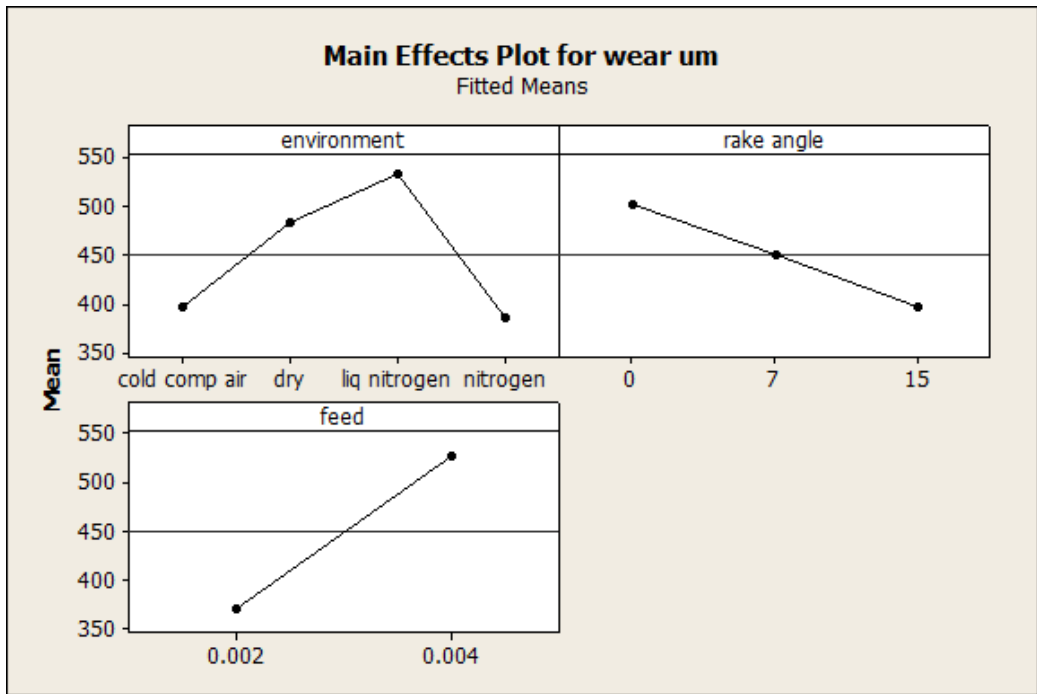


Figure 44: Main Effects plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 1)

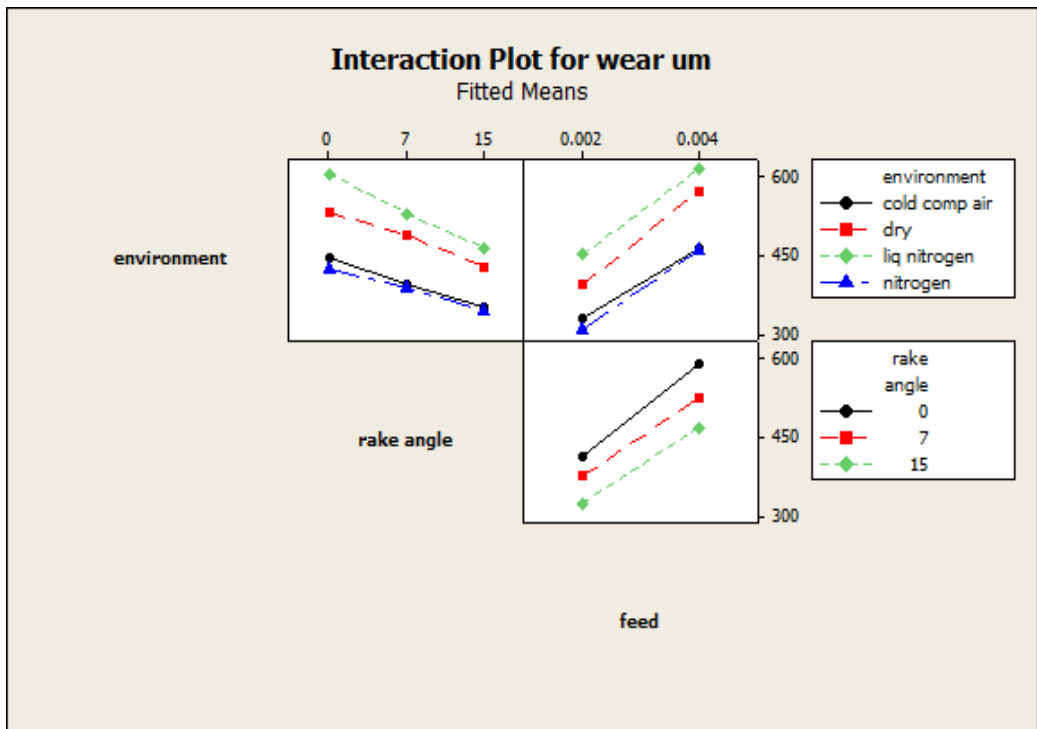


Figure 45: Interaction plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 1)

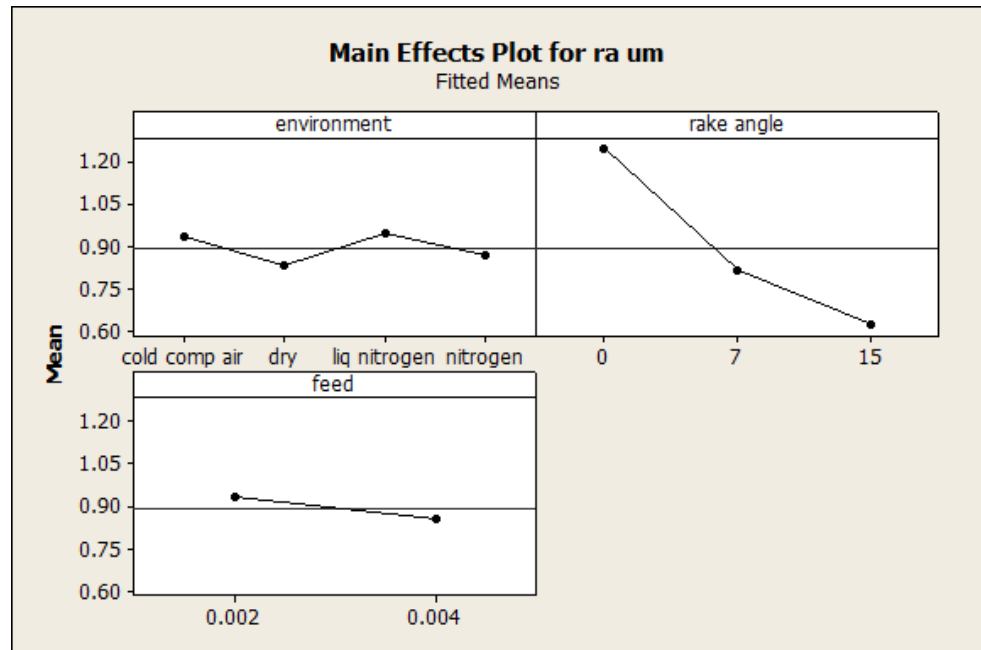


Figure 46: Main Effects plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 1)

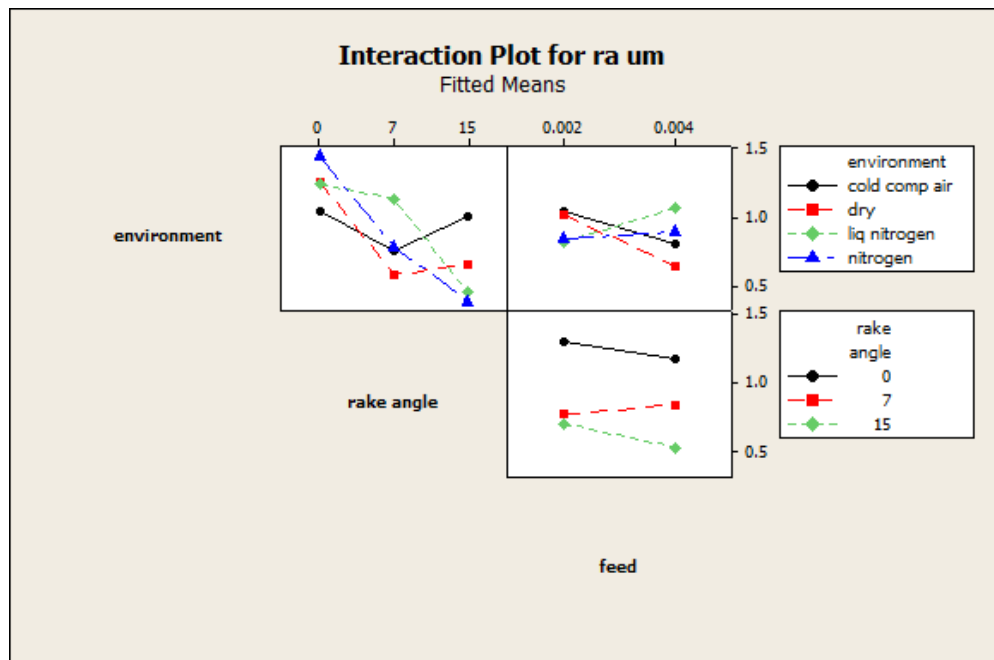


Figure 47: Interaction plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 1)

- The tool wear width decreased with increase in rake angle but increased when the feed was increased. Also, the width of tool wear was found to be minimal in case of nitrogen environment with cold compressed air very closely following behind, liquid nitrogen resulted in maximum.
- Volumetric tool wear decreased when feed was increased and to a large extent when rake angle changed from 0 – 7 degrees and a little when moving from 7 – 15 degrees.
- The surface finish (Ra) decreased with increase in rake angle and also when the feed was increased. Also, there was a mixed response observed when the environment was changed, with certain environment performing good at a particular tool rake angle and feed but was not consistent.

Parameter		Main Effects			Interactions			
		Environment	Rake angle	Feed	Environment * Rake angle	Environment * Feed	Rake angle * Feed	Environment * rake angle * feed
Cutting force Fc N	F-statistic	90.76	500.56	15402.97	2.81	3.44	9.17	1.35
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.016	0.021	0.000	0.245
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no
	Rank	3	2	1	6	5	4	0
Thrust force Ft N	F-statistic	54.81	1092.17	1616.24	4.71	5.59	24.11	3.49
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.004
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	2	1	6	5	4	7
Resultant force R N	F-statistic	80.44	800.75	8147.43	3.88	4.34	11.61	2.32
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.007	0.000	0.042
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	no	no	yes	no
	Rank	1	2	3	0	0	4	0
Shear plane angle Merchant Φ	F-statistic	55.64	127.90	10.34	26.59	4.07	3.09	2.09
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.010	0.052	0.065
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no
	Rank	2	1	4	3	5	0	0
Shear plane angle Payton ψ	F-statistic	55.64	6.30	10.34	26.59	4.07	3.09	2.09
	p-value	0.000	0.003	0.002	0.000	0.010	0.052	0.065
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no
	Rank	1	4	3	2	5	0	0
Friction Force Merchant F N (M)	F-statistic	64.13	49.93	2614.05	3.46	5.63	5.76	3.31
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.002	0.005	0.006
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no
	Rank	2	3	1	5	4	5	0
Normal Force Merchant N N (M)	F-statistic	77.60	2225.06	14247.98	4.18	3.57	51.36	1.43
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.018	0.000	0.215
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no
	Rank	3	2	1	5	6	4	0
F/N ratio Merchant	F-statistic	11.28	1105.78	1247.42	0.84	4.98	10.19	3.12
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.541	0.003	0.000	0.009
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	2	1	0	5	4	6
Force along shear plane Fs N (M)	F-statistic	47.34	191.26	2288.40	18.01	4.30	0.78	2.02
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.008	0.462	0.074
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	4	0	0	0
Force normal to shear plane Fn N (M)	F-statistic	43.27	192.71	1514.25	7.16	3.88	5.06	3.04
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.012	0.009	0.011
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	4	0	0	0
Fs/Fn ratio (M)	F-statistic	27.46	3.54	29.98	12.81	3.04	1.47	2.20
	p-value	0.000	0.034	0.000	0.000	0.034	0.237	0.052
	Significance	yes	no	yes	yes	no	no	no
	Rank	2	0	1	3	0	0	0
Force along shear plane Fs N (P)	F-statistic	2.38	104.46	5653.27	1.84	4.84	15.32	3.17
	p-value	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.102	0.004	0.000	0.008
	Significance	no	yes	yes	no	no	yes	no
	Rank	0	2	1	0	0	3	0
Force normal to shear plane	F-statistic	78.96	738.70	7080.78	4.06	4.82	10.05	2.57
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.004	0.000	0.026
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no

Fn N (P)	Rank	3	2	1	6	5	4	0
Fs/Fn ratio (P)	F-statistic	13.51	1.49	1392.39	1.47	5.87	2.97	3.44
	p-value	0.000	0.233	0.000	0.200	0.001	0.057	0.005
	Significance	yes	no	yes	no	yes	no	no
	Rank	2	0	1	0	3	0	0
Shear area As (M)	F-statistic	0.42	1.87	14.38	1.09	0.72	0.96	1.05
	p-value	0.740	0.161	0.000	0.375	0.541	0.387	0.403
	Significance	no	no	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Shear stress τ_s MPa (M)	F-statistic	18.50	12.24	24.19	2.60	2.05	1.30	1.71
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.024	0.115	0.278	0.132
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	2	3	1	0	0	0	0
Shear area As (P) corrected	F-statistic	0.41	2.36	13.64	1.08	0.71	0.98	1.05
	p-value	0.745	0.102	0.000	0.381	0.548	0.382	0.403
	Significance	no	no	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Shear stress τ_s MPa (P)	F-statistic	23.56	12.33	147.20	9.99	0.84	2.01	1.49
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.478	0.142	0.195
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no
	Rank	2	3	1	4	0	0	0
Shear strain γ (M)	F-statistic	0.48	3.67	0.03	1.12	1.10	1.09	1.07
	p-value	0.695	0.030	0.859	0.360	0.355	0.340	0.390
	Significance	no	no	no	no	no	no	no
	Rank							
Shear strain γ (P)	F-statistic	Depends only on Rake angle Shear strain decreases with increasing rake angle. **NA**						
	p-value							
	Significance							
	Rank							
Shear strain γ (P) corrected	F-statistic	877.29	840.39	124.51	409.44	33.54	26.66	8.85
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	1	2	4	3	5	6	7
Friction Coefficient μ	F-statistic	13.42	1215.27	1393.41	1.44	5.77	3.02	3.42
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.001	0.055	0.005
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	0	4	0	0

Table 16: Scenario 2 - Aluminum 6061 T6 alloy work piece cut with Uncoated Carbide tool

The following inferences can be made from the table 16 for scenario 2 based of the values from ANOVA and the corresponding main effects and interactions plots given in appendix5.

- The cutting force decreased with increase in rake angle but increased when the feed was increased. Also, from the interaction plots, using a sharper tool reduced the thrust force even at higher feeds while use of liquid nitrogen significantly increased the cutting force values and both

nitrogen and cold compressed air performed closely to dry environment conditions.

- The thrust force decreased with increase in rake angle but increased when the feed was increased. Also, from the interaction plots, using a sharper tool reduced the thrust force even at higher feeds. Using liquid nitrogen significantly increased the thrust force values even greater than dry environments and both nitrogen and cold compressed air performed closely to dry environment conditions.

		Increasing rake angle α	Increasing feed f
Resultant force R		decrease	increase
Chip thickness ratio r		increase	increase
Friction force F		decrease	increase
Normal force N		decrease	increase
F/N ratio		increase	decrease
Shear plane angle	Merchant Φ	increase	increase
	Payton ψ	decrease	decrease
Force along shear plane F_s	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	decrease	increase
Force normal to shear plane F_n	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	decrease	increase
F_s/F_n ratio	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	Statistically insignificant	increase
Shear area A_s	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	decrease	increase
	corrected	Statistically insignificant	increase
Shear stress τ_s	Merchant	increase	decrease
	Payton	increase	increase
Shear strain γ	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	increase	no change
	Vishnu	Increase	increase

Table 17: Variation of different parameters while increasing feed f and rake angle α for scenario 2

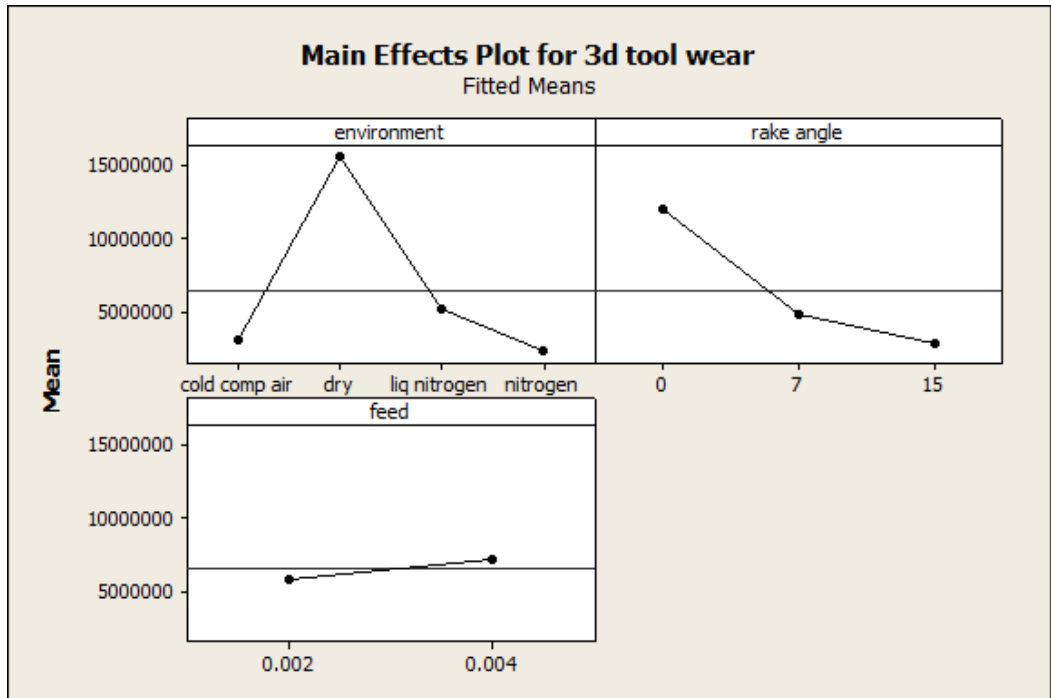


Figure 48: Main Effects plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 2)

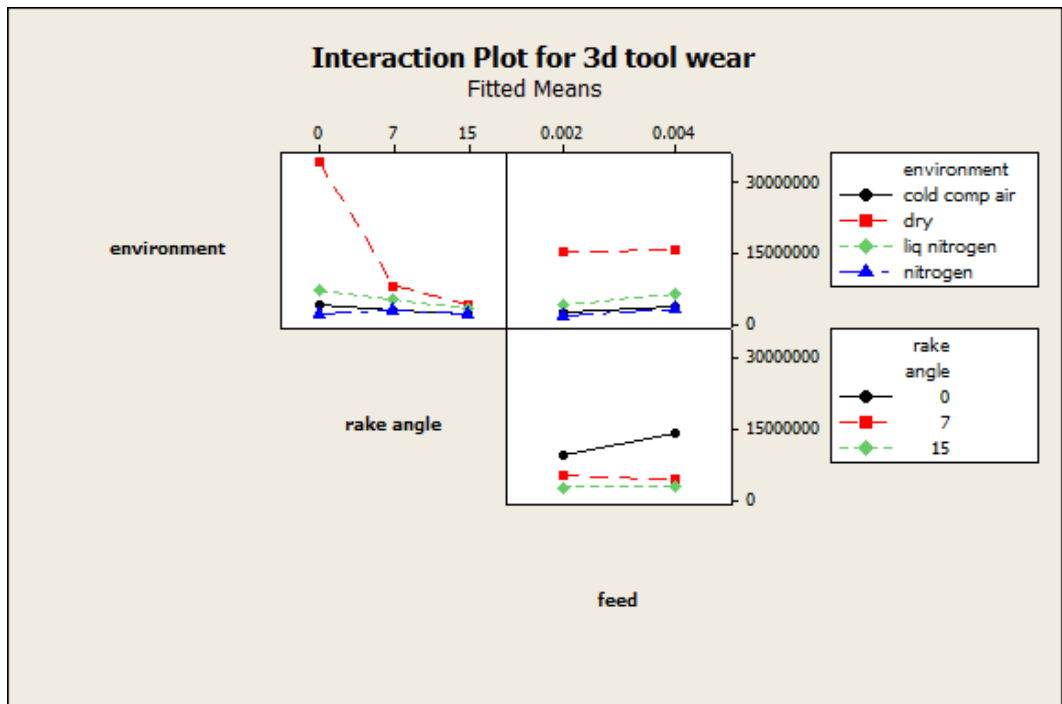


Figure 49: Interaction plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 2)

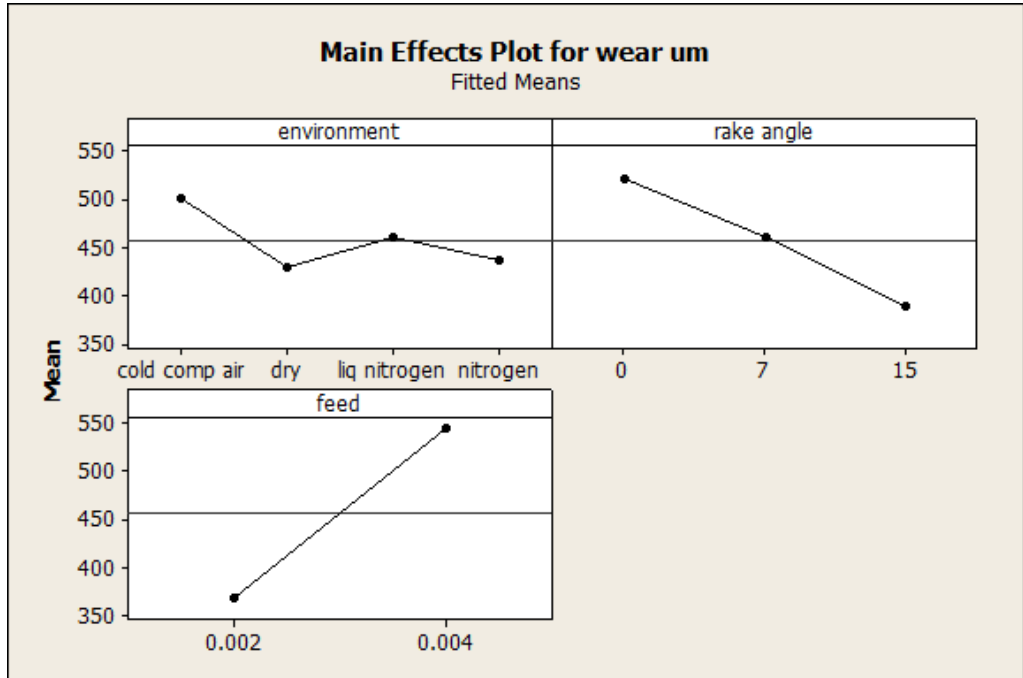


Figure 50: Main Effects plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 2)

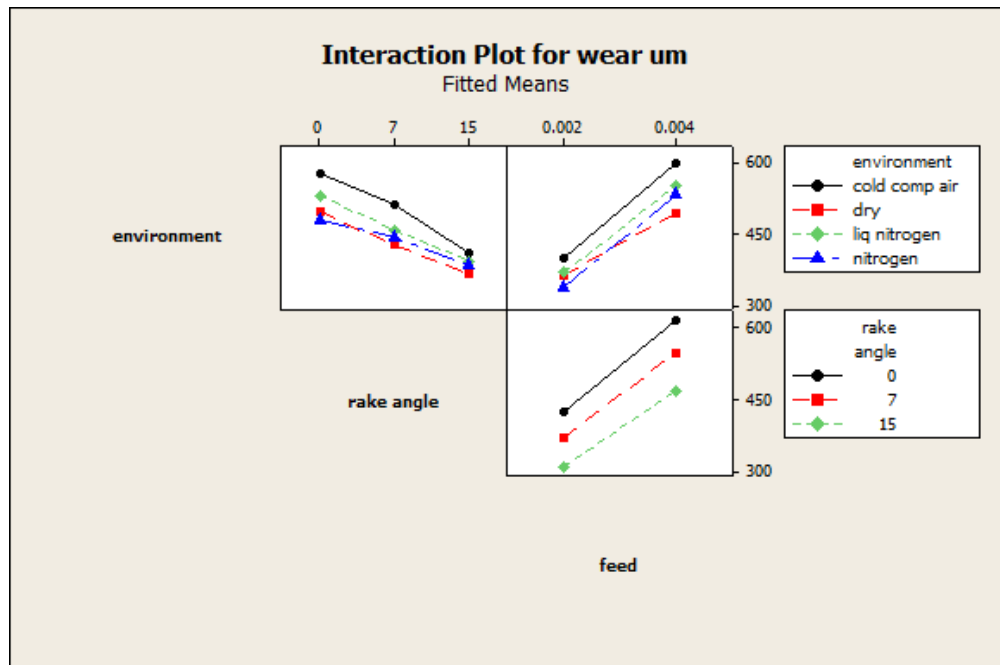


Figure 51: Interaction plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 2)

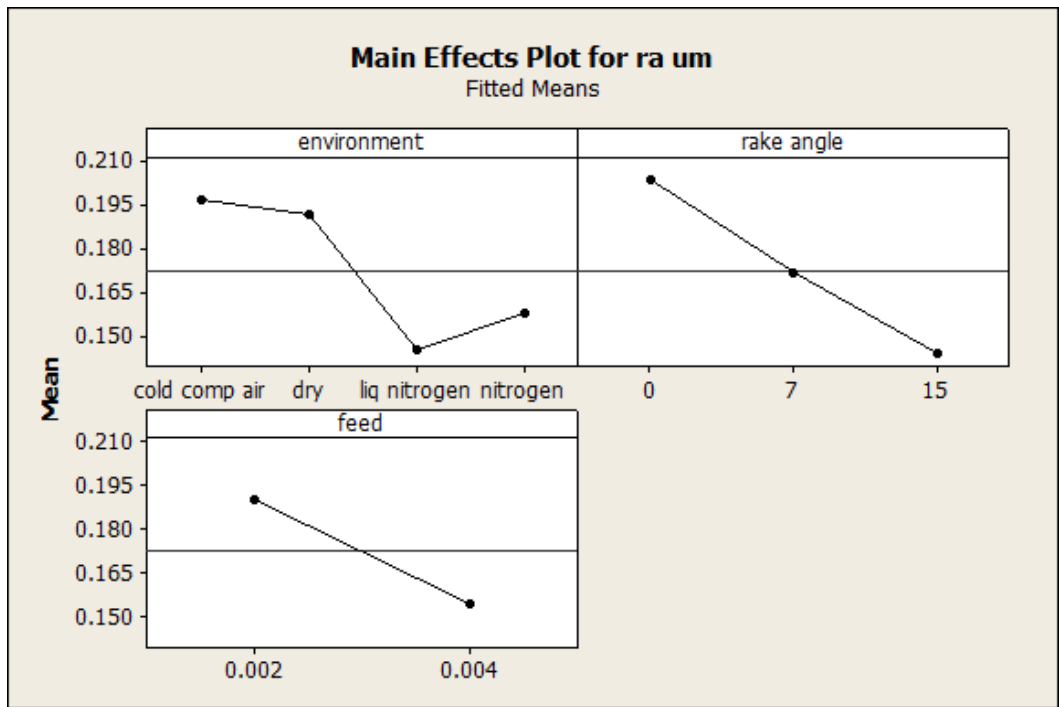


Figure 52: Main Effects plots for variation of surface finish. (Scenario 2)

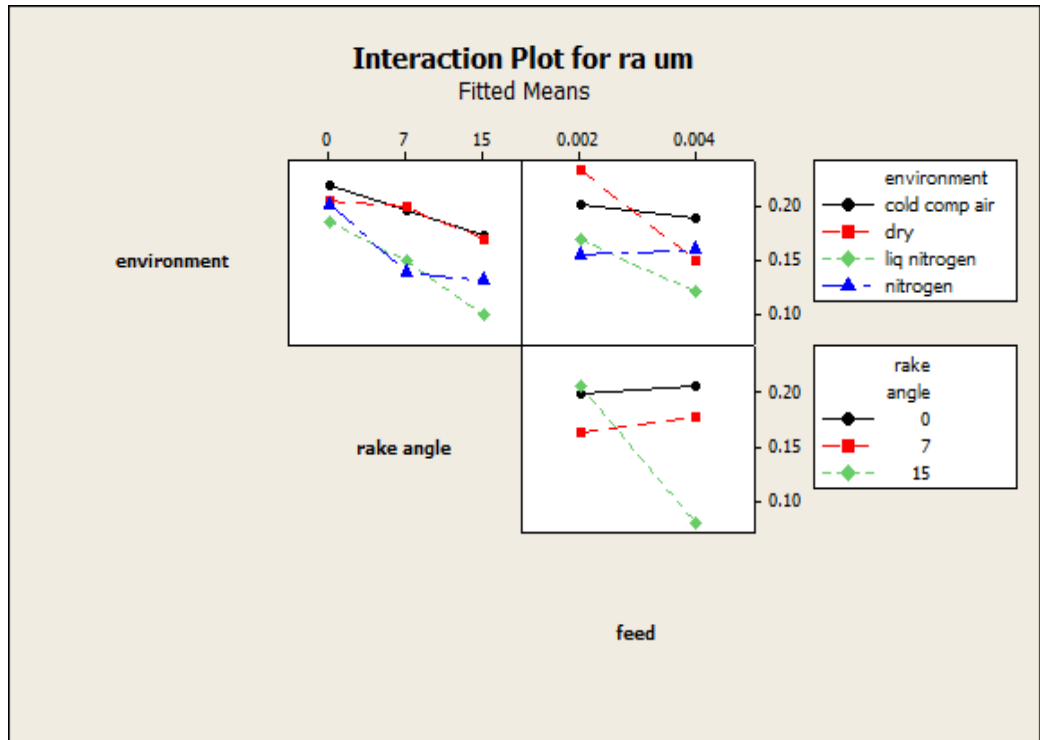


Figure 53: Interaction plots for variation of surface finish. (Scenario 2)

- The tool wear width decreased with increase in rake angle but increased when the feed was increased. Also, the width of tool wear was found to be minimal in case of nitrogen environment at lower feed rates.
- Volumetric tool wear increased when feed increased but rapidly decreased with decrease in rake angle from 0 -7 degrees and slowly between 7 and 15 degrees. Nitrogen resulted in minimum volumetric wear while cold compressed air and liquid nitrogen falling closely behind in that order.
- The surface finish (Ra) decreased with increase in rake angle and feed. Liquid nitrogen yielded better surface finishes with nitrogen closely behind.

Parameter		Main Effects			Interactions			
		Environment	Rake angle	Feed	Environment * Rake angle	Environment * Feed	Rake angle * Feed	Environment * rake angle * feed
Cutting force Fc N	F-statistic	237.68	453.78	17241.73	13.52	86.75	85.34	45.89
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	2	1	7	4	5	6
Thrust force Ft N	F-statistic	23.30	28.84	341.46	2.23	0.78	5.78	1.18
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050	0.509	0.005	0.325
	Significance	yes	Yes	yes	yes	no	yes	no
	Rank	3	2	1	5	0	4	0
Resultant force R N	F-statistic	110.78	179.48	4037.77	6.70	16.94	36.65	11.48
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	2	1	7	5	4	6
Shear plane angle Merchant Φ	F-statistic	2070.32	2494.03	18.64	139.67	72.33	43.91	41.03
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	2	1	7	3	4	5	6
Shear plane angle Payton ψ	F-statistic	2070.32	92.45	18.64	139.67	72.33	43.91	41.03
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	1	3	7	2	4	5	6
Friction Force Merchant F N (M)	F-statistic	25.87	0.53	443.14	2.16	0.88	1.15	1.13
	p-value	0.000	0.589	0.000	0.057	0.458	0.322	0.353
	Significance	yes	no	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
Normal Force Merchant N N (M)	F-statistic	187.41	2199.71	16347.50	15.85	100.24	295.84	53.10
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	4	2	1	7	5	3	6
F/N ratio Merchant	F-statistic	28.62	142.41	24.57	2.21	0.83	0.77	0.56
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.052	0.480	0.469	0.762
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	2	1	3	0	0	0	0
Force along shear plane Fs N (M)	F-statistic	296.66	540.13	4628.74	13.72	23.45	86.47	30.58
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	2	1	7	6	4	5
Force normal to shear plane Fn N (M)	F-statistic	10.74	12.81	643.16	3.88	2.29	3.35	1.46
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.085	0.041	0.206
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	4	0	0	0
Fs/Fn ratio (M)	F-statistic	1.12	5.30	0.55	3.02	1.26	0.71	0.76
	p-value	0.345	0.007	0.463	0.011	0.295	0.497	0.606
	Significance	no	yes	no	no	no	no	no
	Rank	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Force along shear plane Fs N (P)	F-statistic	6.77	11.28	12.07	1.37	0.73	0.80	0.72
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.238	0.535	0.455	0.634
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	3	2	1	0	0	0	0
Force normal to shear plane	F-statistic	50.33	63.72	1645.73	3.52	6.13	13.56	4.24
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.004	0.001	0.000	0.001
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes

Fn N (P)	Rank	3	2	1	0	5	4	6
Fs/Fn ratio (P)	F-statistic	10.60	7.04	7.76	1.86	0.69	0.37	0.56
	p-value	0.000	0.002	0.007	0.1	0.564	0.691	0.761
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	1	3	2	0	0	0	0
Shear area As (M)	F-statistic	2200.78	2022.72	12431.54	28.18	48.58	416.33	17.81
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	2	3	1	6	5	4	7
Shear stress τ_s MPa (M)	F-statistic	249.87	99.85	230.87	4.93	1.34	1.18	4.30
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.270	0.313	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	yes
	Rank	1	3	2	4	0	0	5
Shear area As (P) corrected	F-statistic	2446.52	2989.15	12736.92	43.40	53.92	582.15	19.87
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	2	1	6	5	4	7
Shear stress τ_s MPa (P)	F-statistic	60.09	2.28	49.31	1.05	2.14	1.28	0.95
	p-value	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.398	0.102	0.285	0.465
	Significance	yes	no	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
Shear strain γ (M)	F-statistic	3282.20	3258.43	0.03	49.85	180.29	53.0	30.81
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.860	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	1	2	0	5	3	4	6
Shear strain γ (P)	F-statistic	Depends only on Rake angle Shear strain decreases with increasing rake angle. **NA**						
	p-value							
	Significance							
	Rank							
Shear strain γ (P) corrected	F-statistic	1139.32	991.17	22.69	138.15	60.38	21.12	55.74
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	1	2	6	3	4	7	5
Friction Coefficient μ	F-statistic	14.46	77.64	12.37	2.12	0.77	0.60	0.54
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.061	0.513	0.551	0.775
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no	no
	Rank	2	1	3	0	0	0	0

Table 18: Scenario 3 - AISI 1020 Steel alloy work piece cut with High Speed Steel tool.

The following inferences can be made from the table 18 for scenario 3 based of the values from ANOVA and the corresponding main effects and interactions plots given in appendix5.

- The cutting force decreased with increase in rake angle but increased when the feed was increased. Also, from the interaction plots, using a sharper tool reduced the cutting force even at higher feeds. Using liquid nitrogen and cold compressed air (both performing equally) significantly

decreased the cutting force values. Nitrogen performed between dry environments the other two, inclining away from dry condition.

- The thrust force decreased with increase in rake angle but increased when the feed was increased. Also, from the interaction plots, using a sharper tool reduced the thrust force even at higher feeds. Using liquid nitrogen and cold compressed air (both performing equally) significantly decreased the thrust force values. Nitrogen performed between dry environments the other two, inclining away from dry condition.

		Increasing rake angle α	Increasing feed f
Resultant force R		decrease	increase
Chip thickness ratio r		increase	decrease
Friction force F		decrease	increase
Normal force N		decrease	increase
F/N ratio		increase	decrease
Shear plane angle	Merchant Φ	increase	decrease
	Payton ψ	decrease	increase
Force along shear plane F_s	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	decrease	increase
Force normal to shear plane F_n	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	decrease	increase
F_s/F_n ratio	Merchant	decrease	decrease
	Payton	decrease	decrease
Shear area A_s	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	decrease	increase
	corrected	decrease	increase
Shear stress τ_s	Merchant	increase	decrease
	Payton	decrease	decrease
Shear strain γ	Merchant	decrease	no change
	Payton	decrease	no change
	Vishnu	Increase	decrease

Table 19: Variation of different parameters while increasing feed f and rake angle α for scenario 3

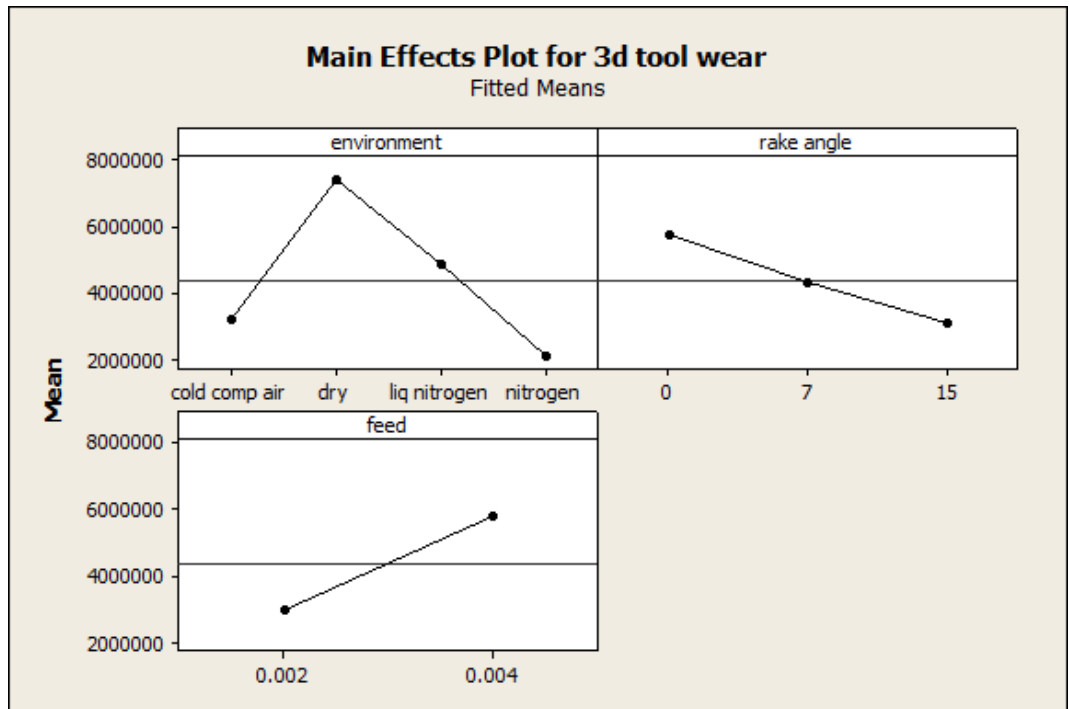


Figure 54: Main Effects plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 3)

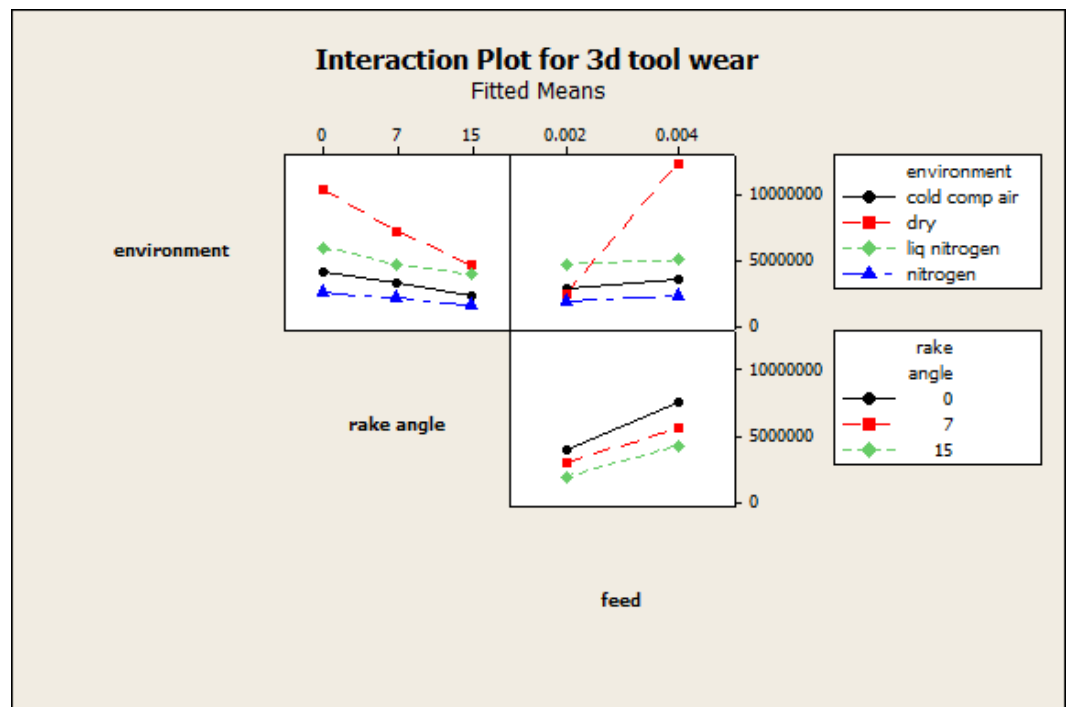


Figure 55: Interaction plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 3)

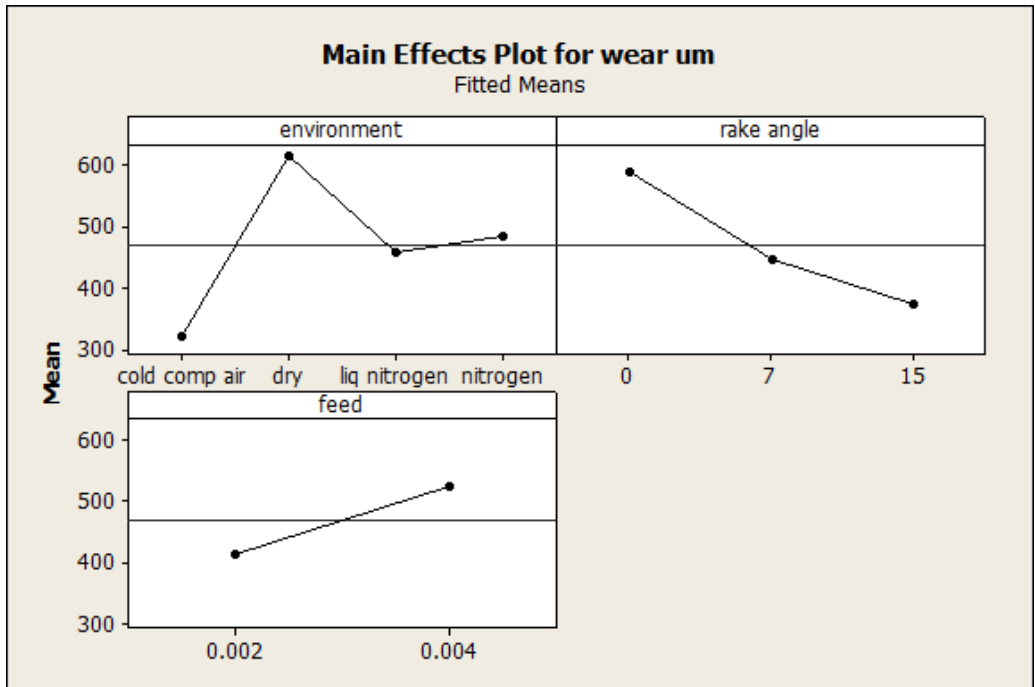


Figure 56: Main Effects plots for variation of tool wear width. (Scenario 3)

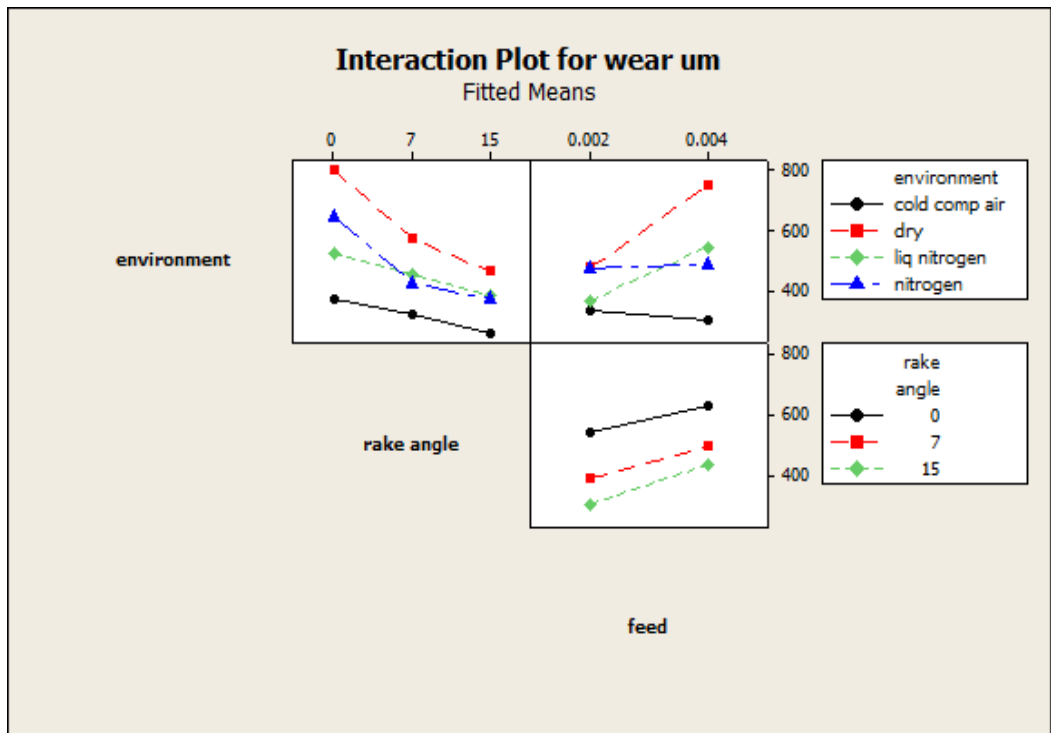


Figure 57: Interaction plots for variation of tool wear width. (Scenario 3)

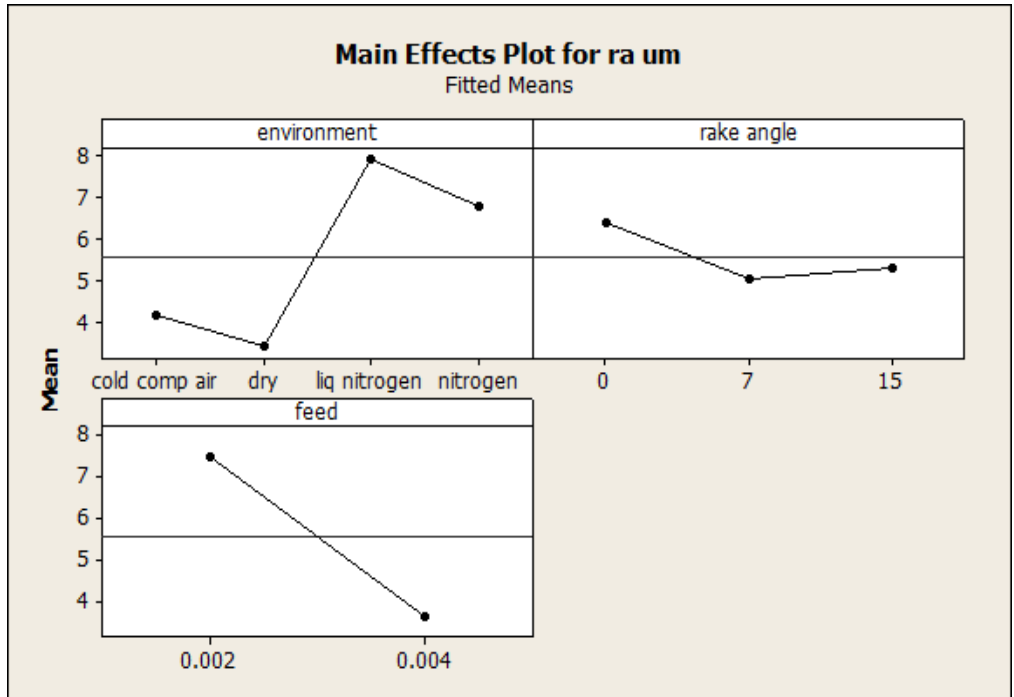


Figure 58: Main Effects plots for variation of surface finish. (Scenario 3)

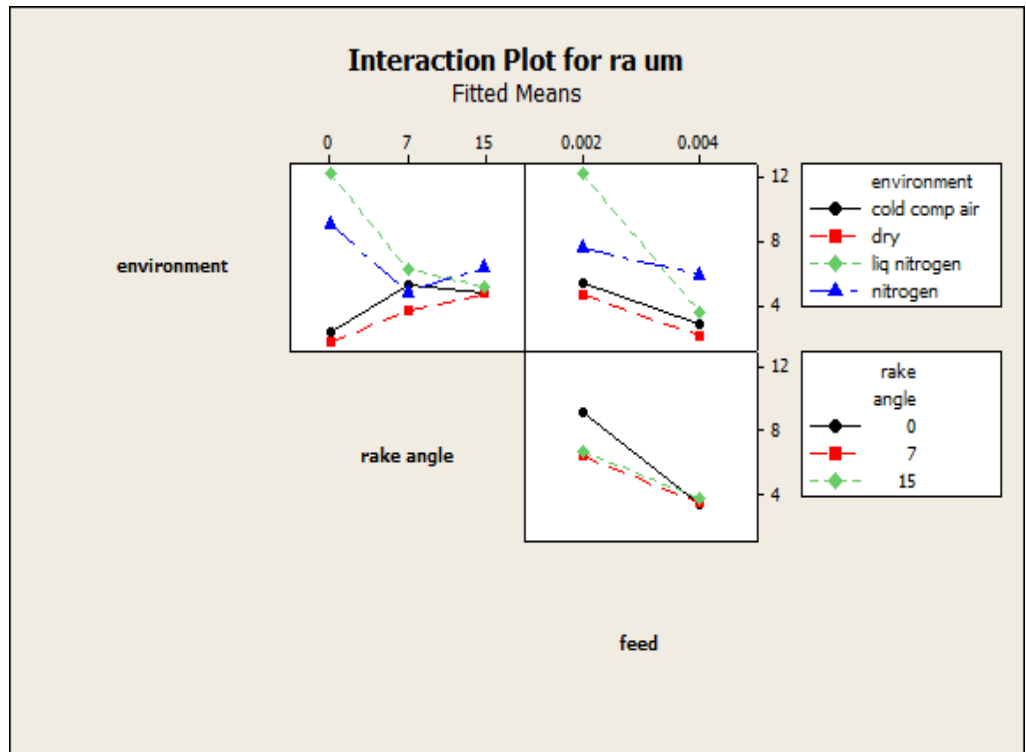


Figure 59: Interaction plots for variation of surface finish. (Scenario 3)

- The tool wear width decreased with increase in rake angle but increased when the feed was increased. Also, the width of tool wear was found to be minimal in case of cold compressed air environment, with liquid nitrogen falling behind, while nitrogen lay between liquid nitrogen and dry environments.
- Volumetric tool wear increased when feed was increased but decreased with increase in rake angle. Volumetric wear was found to be minimal under nitrogen environment closely followed by cold compressed air.
- The surface finish (R_a) decreased with increase in rake angle but increased when the feed was increased. Using cutting environments increased the surface roughness values, with cold compressed air yielding better results amongst the three environments, closer to the dry cutting conditions.

Parameter		Main Effects			Interactions			
		Environment	Rake angle	Feed	Environment * Rake angle	Environment * Feed	Rake angle * Feed	Environment * rake angle * feed
Cutting force Fc N	F-statistic	63.06	65.57	99.61	12.27	22.11	16.48	11.06
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	2	1	6	4	5	7
Thrust force Ft N	F-statistic	106.09	93.03	74.45	6.74	14.89	3.01	12.52
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.056	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
	Rank	1	2	3	6	4	0	5
Resultant force R N	F-statistic	92.96	92.30	1.44	8.29	16.35	6.77	12.55
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.235	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	no	yes
	Rank	1	2	7	5	3	6	4
Shear plane angle Merchant Φ	F-statistic	3786.38	3602.54	1296.98	2876.24	487.21	17.99	64.79
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	1	2	4	3	5	7	6
Shear plane angle Payton ψ	F-statistic	3786.38	1402.38	1296.98	2876.24	487.21	17.99	64.79
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	1	3	4	2	5	7	6
Friction Force Merchant F N (M)	F-statistic	110.06	35.08	61.87	6.91	15.77	2.22	11.67
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.116	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
	Rank	1	3	2	6	4	0	5
Normal Force Merchant N N (M)	F-statistic	44.72	164.26	144.47	15.83	22.47	10.82	11.88
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	1	2	5	4	7	6
F/N ratio Merchant	F-statistic	13.96	7.87	61.57	3.75	0.78	1.18	2.54
	p-value	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.003	0.507	0.312	0.028
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	no
	Rank	2	3	1	4	0	0	0
Force along shear plane Fs N (M)	F-statistic	57.79	79.69	203.06	19.07	9.53	16.61	11.52
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	2	1	4	7	5	6
Force normal to shear plane Fn N (M)	F-statistic	93.41	80.38	30.05	6.69	19.15	3.93	12.21
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.024	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
	Rank	1	2	3	6	4	0	5
Fs/Fn ratio (M)	F-statistic	79.68	63.57	583.60	32.34	35.30	9.27	7.98
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	2	3	1	5	4	6	7
Force along shear plane Fs N (P)	F-statistic	61.38	18.95	492.38	9.94	2.34	3.65	4.94
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.081	0.031	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	yes
	Rank	2	3	1	4	0	0	5
Force normal to shear plane Fn N (P)	F-statistic	96.77	85.37	0.14	8.89	20.86	6.68	13.33
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.711	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	1	2	0	5	3	6	4

Fs/Fn ratio (P)	F-statistic	88.97	27.23	491.10	13.33	9.24	0.71	5.15
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.496	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
	Rank	2	3	1	4	5	0	6
Shear area As (M)	F-statistic	1968.87	2251.21	30249.0	1173.82	307.47	298.67	62.75
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	2	1	4	5	6	7
Shear stress τ_s MPa (M)	F-statistic	42.70	0.59	152.53	32.94	46.76	5.90	7.22
	p-value	0.000	0.555	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.004	0.000
	Significance	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	0	1	4	2	6	5
Shear area As (P) corrected	F-statistic	53.82	8.36	179.94	13.04	4.97	0.70	3.59
	p-value	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.501	0.004
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
	Rank	2	4	1	3	5	0	6
Shear stress τ_s MPa (P)	F-statistic	54.75	8.48	189.00	12.99	5.09	0.75	3.83
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.476	0.002
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
	Rank	2	4	1	3	5	0	6
Shear strain γ (M)	F-statistic	1595.35	1858.97	2393.43	688.33	618.80	11.26	39.27
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
	Rank	3	2	1	4	5	7	6
Shear strain γ (P)	F-statistic	Depends only on Rake angle.						
	p-value	Shear strain decreases with increasing rake angle.						
	Significance							
	Rank	**NA**						
Shear strain γ (P) corrected	F-statistic	2681.34	1585.52	365.58	2252.0	232.85	0.30	49.356
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.742	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
	Rank	1	3	4	2	5	0	6
Friction Coefficient μ	F-statistic	89.85	42.62	493.94	13.65	7.72	0.38	5.09
	p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.684	0.000
	Significance	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
	Rank	2	3	1	4	5	0	6

Table 20: Scenario 4 - AISI 1020 Steel alloy work piece cut with Uncoated Carbide tool.

The following inferences can be made from the table 20 for scenario 4 based of the values from ANOVA and the corresponding main effects and interactions plots given in appendix5.

- The cutting force decreased with increase in rake angle but increased when the feed was increased. Also, from the interaction plots, using a sharper tool reduced the cutting force even at higher feeds. Using liquid nitrogen and nitrogen (both performing equally) significantly decreased the cutting force values. Cold compressed air performed between dry

environments the other two, inclining away from dry condition. An interesting observation was made with cold compressed air performing better than any other environment for a 0° rake angle at lower feeds.

- The thrust force decreased with increase in rake angle but increased when the feed was increased. A significant drop in thrust force was observed the rake angle increased from 7° to 15° . Also, from the interaction plots, using a sharper tool reduced the thrust force even at higher feeds. Using liquid nitrogen significantly decreased the thrust force values. Nitrogen performed almost as same as the liquid nitrogen at 7° to 15° tool rake angles. Cold compressed air performed between dry environments the other two, inclining away from dry condition.

		Increasing rake angle α	Increasing feed f
Resultant force R		decrease	increase
Chip thickness ratio r		increase	increase
Friction force F		decrease	decrease
Normal force N		decrease	increase
F/N ratio		increase	decrease
Shear plane angle	Merchant Φ	increase	increase
	Payton ψ	increase	decrease
Force along shear plane F_s	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	decrease	increase
Force normal to shear plane F_n	Merchant	decrease	decrease
	Payton	decrease	decrease
F_s/F_n ratio	Merchant	increase	increase
	Payton	increase	increase
Shear area A_s	Merchant	decrease	increase
	Payton	increase	increase
	corrected	decrease	increase
Shear stress τ_s	Merchant	decrease	decrease
	Payton	increase	increase
Shear strain γ	Merchant	decrease	decrease
	Payton	increase	no change
	Vishnu	increase	increase

Table 21: Variation of different parameters while increasing feed f and rake angle α for scenario 4

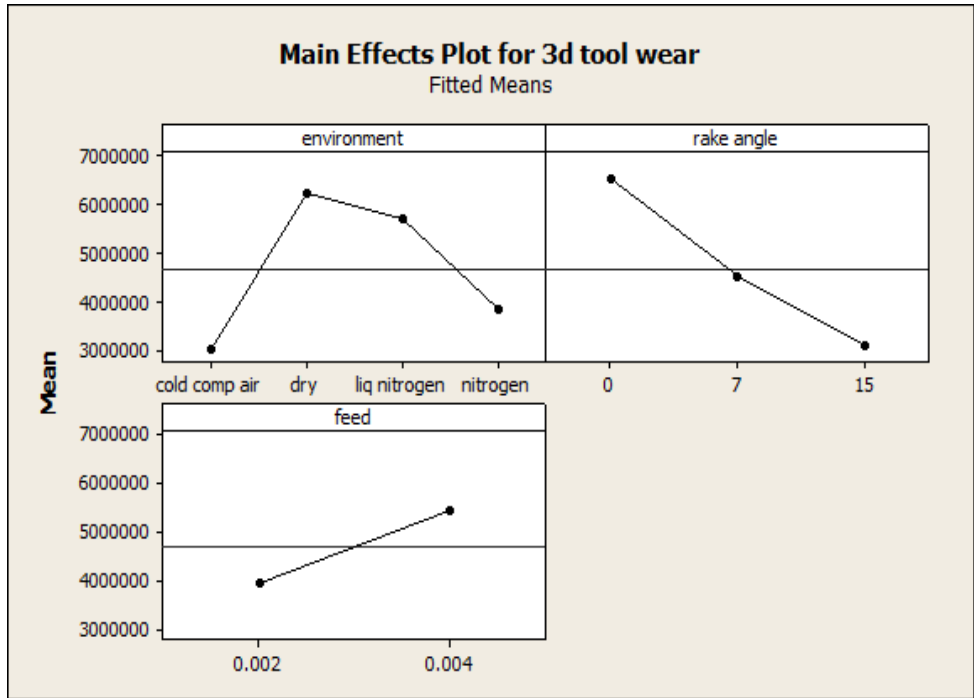


Figure 60: Main Effects plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 4)

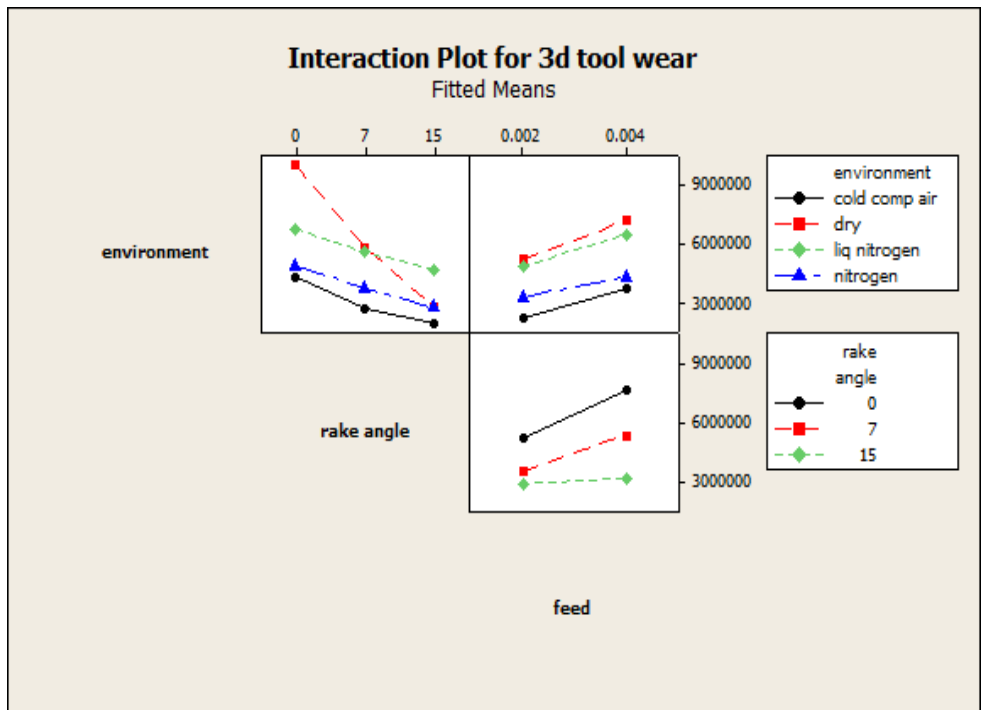


Figure 61: Interaction plots for variation of volumetric tool wear. (Scenario 4)

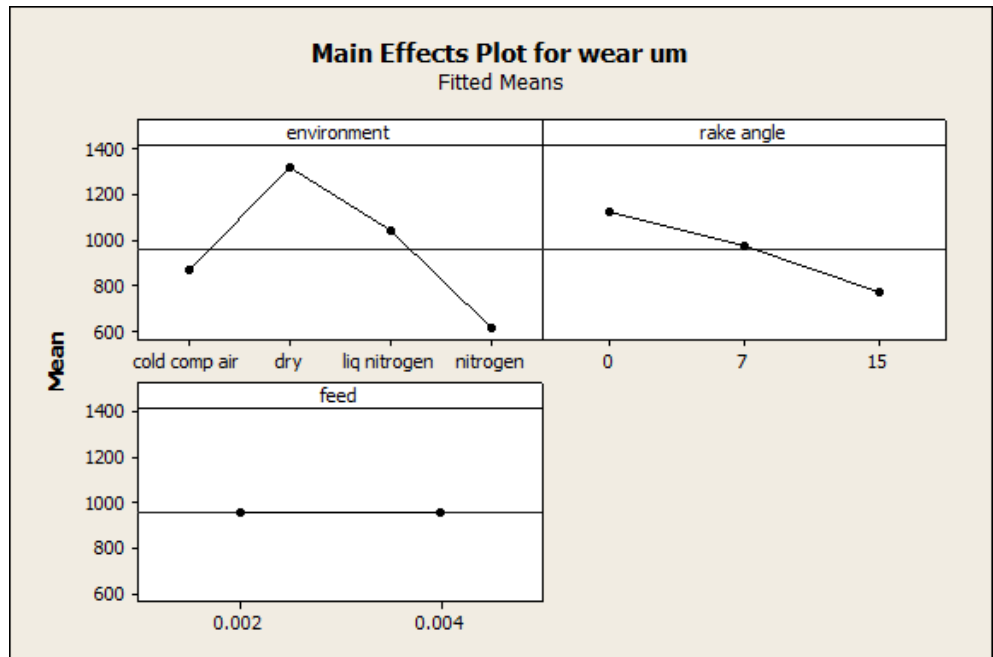


Figure 62: Main Effects plots for variation of tool wear width. (Scenario 4)

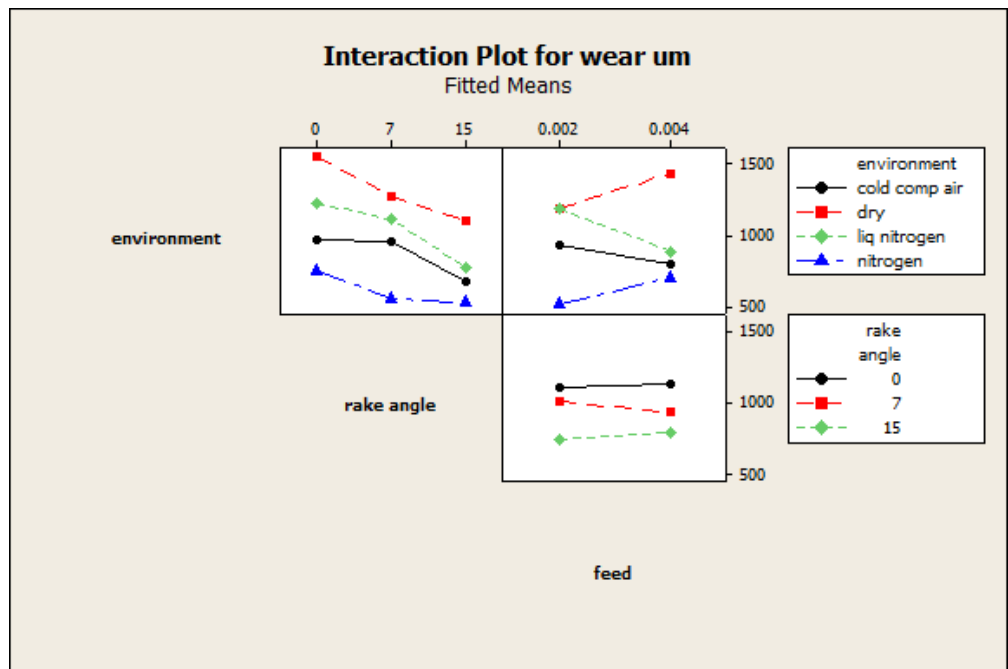


Figure 63: Interaction plots for variation of tool wear width. (scenario 4)

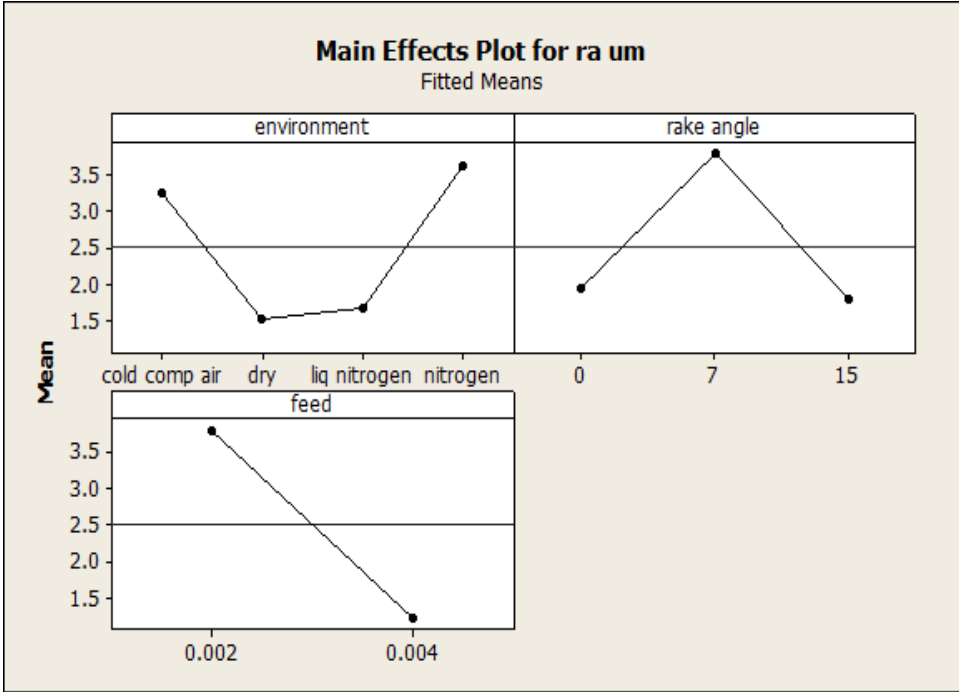


Figure 64: Main Effects plots for variation of Surface finish. (Scenario 4)

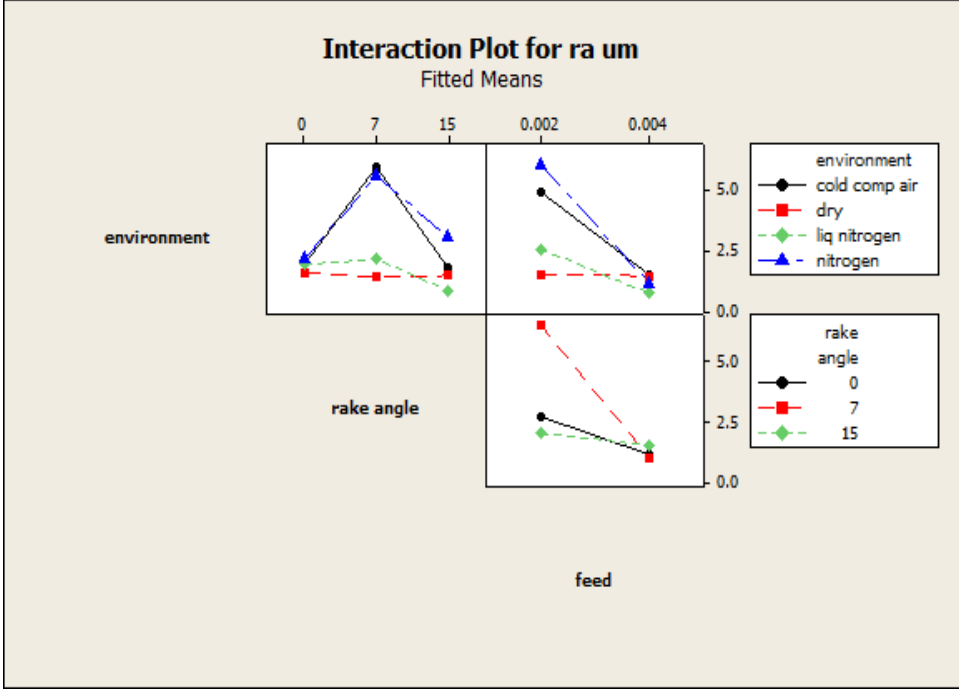


Figure 65: Interaction plots for variation of surface finish. (Scenario 4)

- The tool wear width decreased with increase in rake angle but remained constant when the feed was increased. Also, the width of tool wear was found to be minimal in case of nitrogen closely followed by cold compressed air environment, with liquid nitrogen very closely following behind, while dry environment resulted in maximum.
- Volumetric tool wear increased when rake angle decreased and decreased with increase in feed. Cold compressed air resulted in low volumetric wear closely followed by nitrogen while dry machining produced the maximum.
- The surface finish (R_a) showed a mixed response with change in environment and as well rake angle. When feed was reduced, surface finish also reduced to a low R_a value resulting in better finish.

Effect of variation of supply pressure

One of the environments was randomly chosen to study the effect of change in supply of coolant pressure. The environment chosen was liquid nitrogen while cutting aluminum 6061 work piece with an uncoated carbide insert at 15° rake angle at a feed of 0.002"/revolution. Three different pressure settings of 22 psi, 75 psi and 100 psi were used. Cutting force and thrust force was recorded for a sample size of 2 at each pressure range and the data was used in conducting a 2 sample T – test. Table 17 shows that there is no significant change in either cutting force or the thrust force for the different pressure ranges used.

Combinations	p - Value		Remarks
	Thrust force	cutting force	
22 psi vs. 75 psi	0.754	0.419	Insignificant
75 psi vs. 100 psi	0.514	0.307	Insignificant
22 psi vs. 100 psi	0.479	0.669	Insignificant

Table 22: T- test to determine the effect of change in coolant pressure at 95% confidence interval.

Variation of Fs/Fn Ratio:

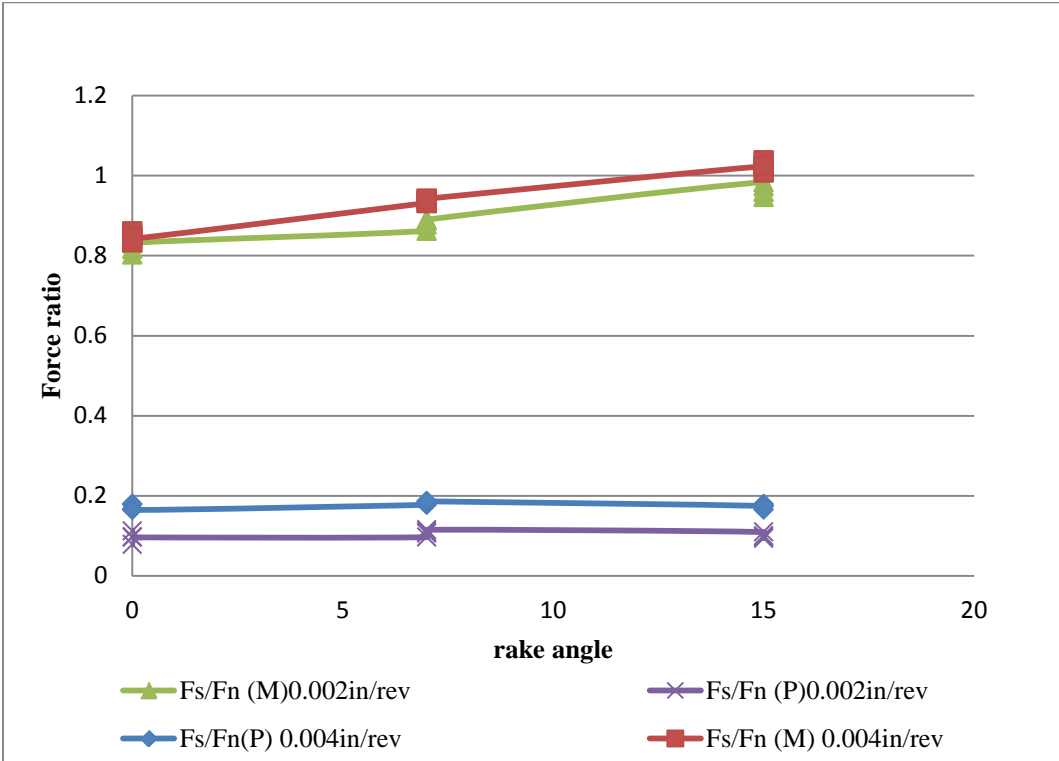


Figure 66: Variation of Fs/Fn versus rake angle for scenario 1

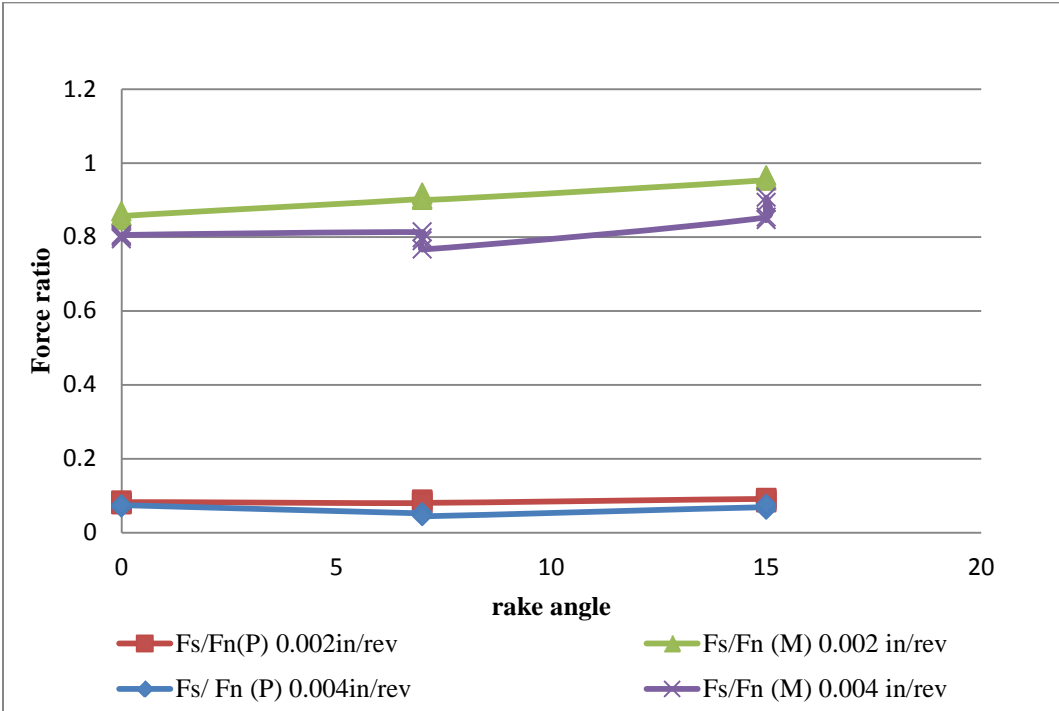


Figure 67: Variation of Fs/Fn versus rake angle for scenario 3

From the above plot, it is evident that the ratio of forces along (F_s) and normal (F_n) to shear plane as predicted by Payton (ψ) is almost a constant whereas the one predicted based on Merchant's (Φ) equation varies with rake angle. Also from the results of the ANOVA table, it can be inferred that apart from the geometry of cutting (feed f) all other parameters like environment and rake angle (α) are insignificant. Therefore it can be concluded that the force ratio is a constant for a given material combination and feed. It also has to be noted that, F_s/F_n ratio is nothing but the ratio of Shear stress τ_s to normal stress σ_s along and perpendicular to the shear plane respectively.

Variation of hardness:

It becomes necessary to test the hardness of the work piece after it was machined with different cutting environments so as to determine if the cutting fluids changed any of the parent material properties. For a good cutting fluid it should not change the parent material properties while machining. Two random samples for each cutting tool material and work piece combination was selected for all four different cutting environments. Both the steel and aluminum samples were subjected to rockwell hardness test using 1/16" steel ball indenter at a load of 100kgf. The data were plotted, from which it was concluded that the hardness did not significantly change when the cutting environment was changed as compared to the dry machining. Thus the cutting fluid used aides the cutting process by reducing wear and cutting forces (in some cases) but does not alter the parent material properties.

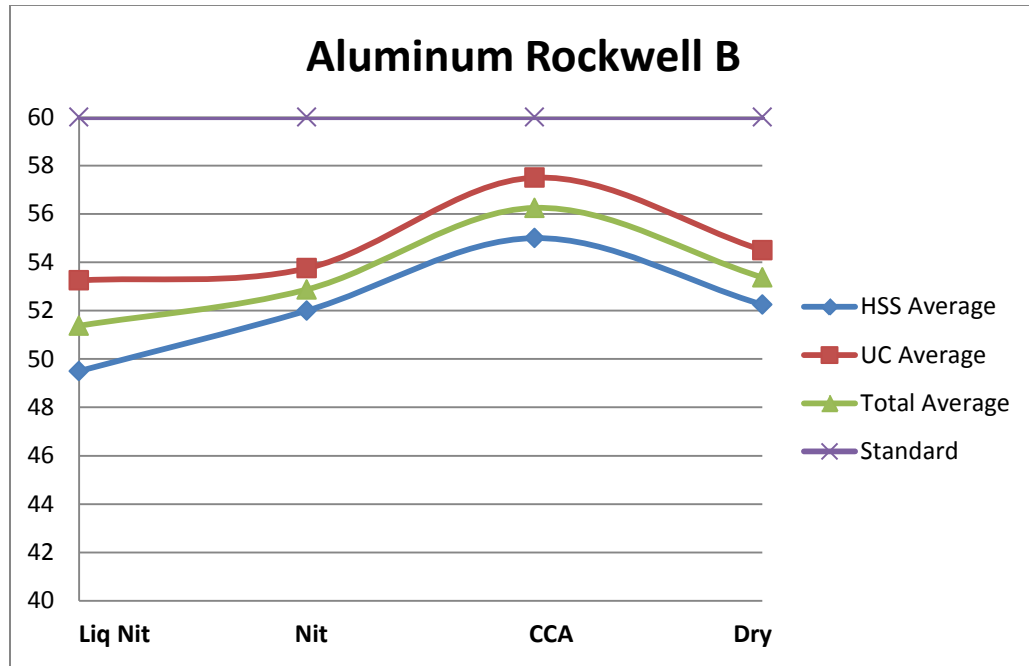


Figure 68: Variation of hardness values of Aluminum 6061 T6 subjected to cutting under different environments.

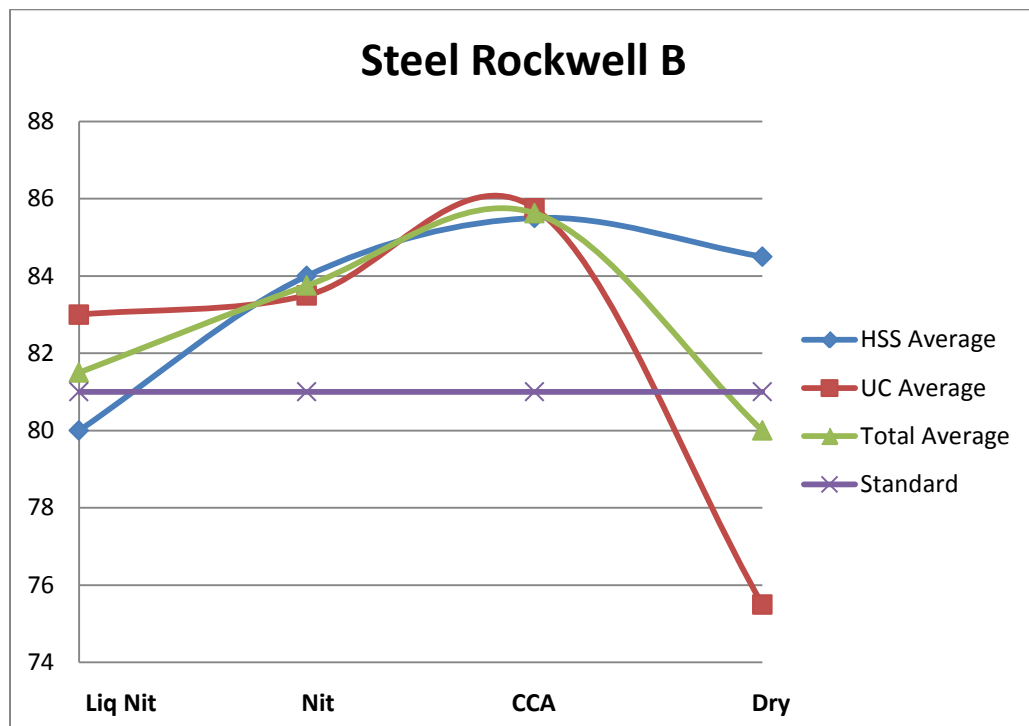


Figure 69: Variation of hardness values of AISI 1020 Steel subjected to cutting under different environments.

Material	Liq Nit	Nit	CCA	Dry Hardness
Steel	1.875 %	4.6875 %	7.03125 %	80
Aluminum	-3.74707 %	-0.93677 %	5.386417 %	53.375

Table 23: % variation of hardness values for different cutting environments based of dry machining hardness

From the the figures 68 and 69, it is evident that the the change in hardness of the work piece is not significant, this is further substantiated by table 22. The percentage change in hardness values when compared to dry machining is approximately close to 5% which is very minimal and would not even contribute to an increase of 1Rc.

Corrections to Payton's MFD

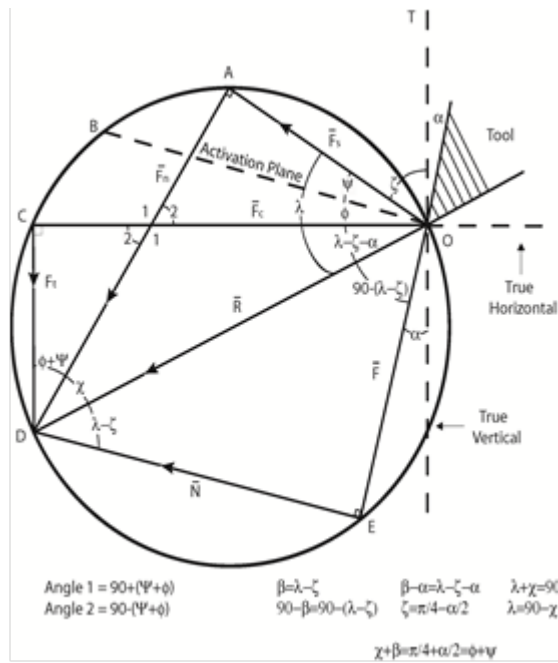


Figure 70: Payton's corrected Merchant Force Diagram (MFD).

Several equations have been used to calculate different metal cutting parameters as summarized in table 10. To calculate shear area, both Merchant and Payton used the same expression even though the angle of shear plane was different in their respective theories. On examining Payton's shear area closely, it was noted that the area of shear has to be calculated differently, as angle ψ (Payton's shear plane angle) is greater than angle Φ (Merchant's shear plane angle) which is described below.

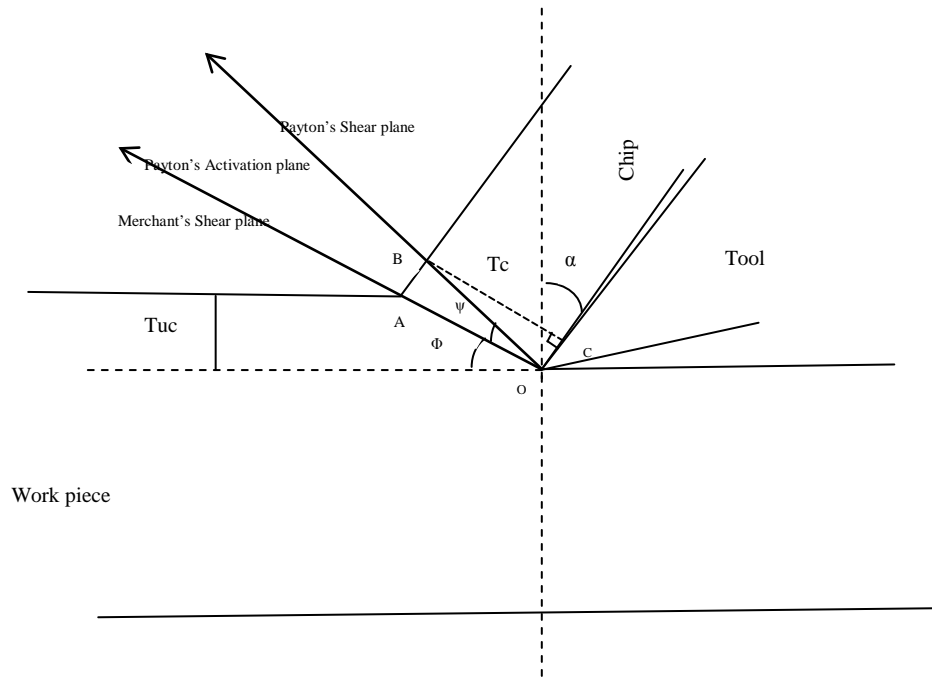


Figure 71: Depiction of Shear plane as defined by Merchant and Payton.

The model used by Payton in 2002 and later by Sripathi 2009, defines the shear area with the following equation

$$As = \frac{Tuc * w}{\sin \phi} \quad 9$$

On examining the above equation closer, it was found that, the area depicted is actually the area of Merchant's shear plane which according to Payton is the activation plane (OA). In order to use the expression derived by Payton to calculate the force along the shear plane F_s in computing Shear stress $\tau_{s,p}$, the area has to be calculated along Payton's shear plane (OB).

Considering the triangle OBC,

$$\sin(\text{BOC}) = \frac{BC}{OB} \quad 10$$

$$\sin((90 - \phi + \psi) + \alpha) = \frac{Tc}{OB} \quad 11$$

But,

$$(90 - \Phi + \Psi) = \zeta \quad 12$$

And

$$\zeta = \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\alpha}{2} \quad 13$$

Substituting, equation 12 and 13 in 11,

$$\text{Sin} \left(\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\alpha}{2} \right) + \alpha \right) = \frac{Tc}{OB} \quad 14$$

i.e.,

$$\text{Sin} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{Tc}{OB} \quad 15$$

Also,

$$\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\alpha}{2} = \Phi + \Psi \quad 16$$

Therefore,

$$OB = \frac{Tc}{\text{Sin}(\Phi + \Psi)} \quad 17$$

Corrected Shear area is calculated as

$$Asc = OB * w \quad 18$$

$$Asc = \frac{Tc * w}{\text{Sin}(\Phi + \Psi)} \quad 19$$

And therefore, the corrected Payton's shear stress $\tau_{s pc}$ is given by

$$\tau_{s pc} = \frac{Fsp}{Asc} \quad 20$$

$$\tau_{s pc} = \frac{Fsp}{Tc * w} * \text{Sin}(\Phi + \Psi) \quad 21$$

Equation 21 exactly predicts the shear stress along Payton's shear plane inclined at angle ψ . Also on taking a closer look at the velocity triangle proposed by Payton as depicted in figure 40, relations expressing ratio of different velocities (V_s , V_c and V) and cutting ratio ($r = T/T_c$) can be derived.

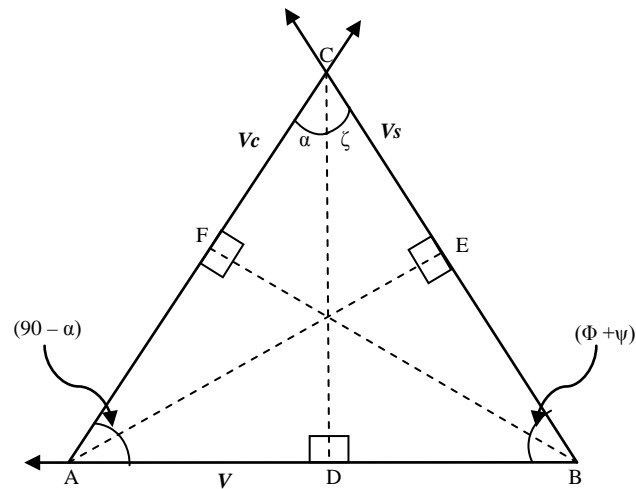


Figure 72: Velocity Triangle.

Cook presented three important velocities involved in chip formation as V , cutting velocity along the direction of cut, V_c the velocity with which the chip moves with relative to the tool and is parallel to the rake face of the tool and V_s the velocity of chip formation along the shear plane ignoring the secondary shear and chip curl.

Considering the triangle ABC, formed by the three velocity vectors, the vector sum of AB and AC must be equal to BC. From figure 39, the following angular relationships can be inferred.

Angle, $ABC = \Phi + \psi$; angle $ACB = \alpha + \zeta$ and angle $CAB = 90 - \alpha$

On further simplifying,

$$\Phi + \psi = \pi/4 + \alpha/2 \quad 22$$

$$\alpha + \zeta = \pi/4 + \alpha/2 \quad 23$$

Because of the isosceles nature of the triangle ABC, the sides AB and AC are equal implying that

$$V = V_c \quad 24$$

Also,

$$V + V_c = V_s \quad 25$$

i.e.,

$$V_s = 2V \quad 26$$

Equation 26 shows that the shear velocity is twice the cutting velocity which can be used as boundary condition in predicting the chip flow.

Now consider the triangle ABC with AC as base and a perpendicular line from AC connecting the vertex B and the line BF representing the cut chip thickness T_c . From triangles BFA and BFC respectively,

$$\sin(90 - \alpha) = \cos \alpha = T_c/V \quad 27$$

Also,

$$\cos(90 - \alpha) = \sin \alpha = V_c/V \quad 28$$

Similarly when triangle ABC is considered with AB as base and CD as the perpendicular from AB to C, the uncut chip thickness T is represented by CD. From triangles, ADC and CDB respectively,

$$\sin \alpha = T/Vc \quad 29$$

And $\cos (\Phi + \psi) = \cos (\pi/4 + \alpha/2) = V/Vs \quad 30$

From equations 27 and 29,

$$Tc/T = (V/Vc) \tan \alpha \quad 31$$

Or, $r = T/Tc = (Vc/V) \cot \alpha \quad 32$

i.e., $r = \cot \alpha \quad 33$

Consider the region AOB in Figure 40, with Payton's activation plane OA as the lower boundary and Payton's Shear plane OB as upper boundary.

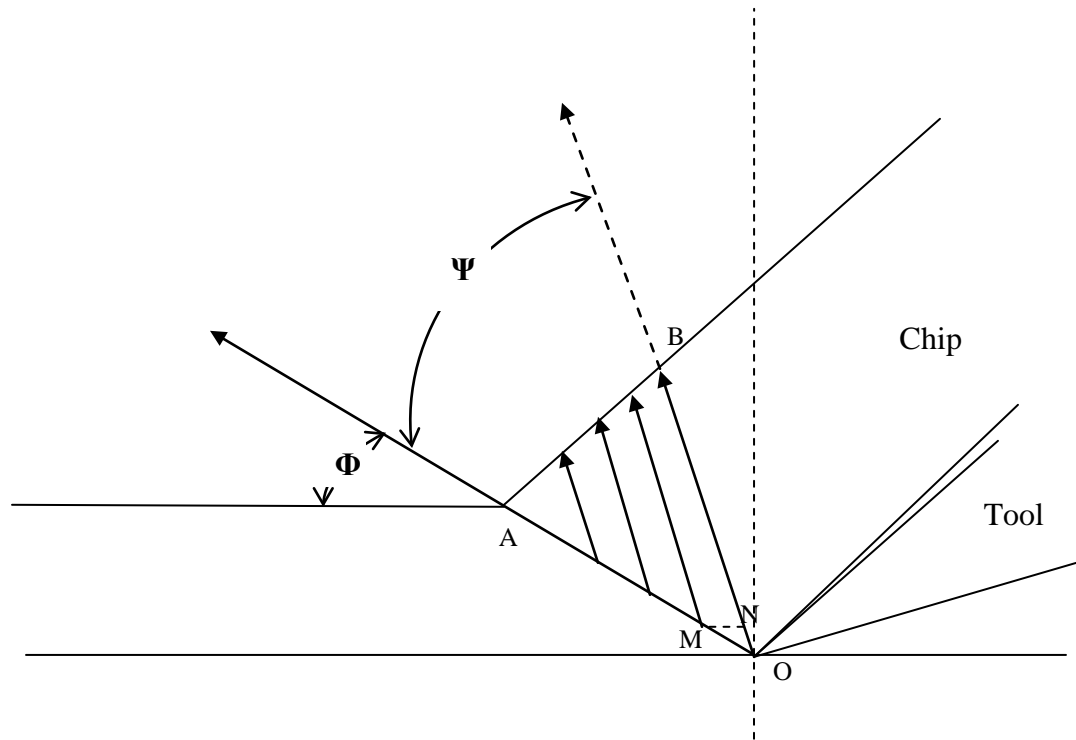


Figure 73: Enlarged portion of shear area OAB from figure 40.

Consider triangle OMN where the actual shearing takes place, the shear strain is expressed as follows

$$\gamma = \Delta S / \Delta Y = ON / MN$$

34

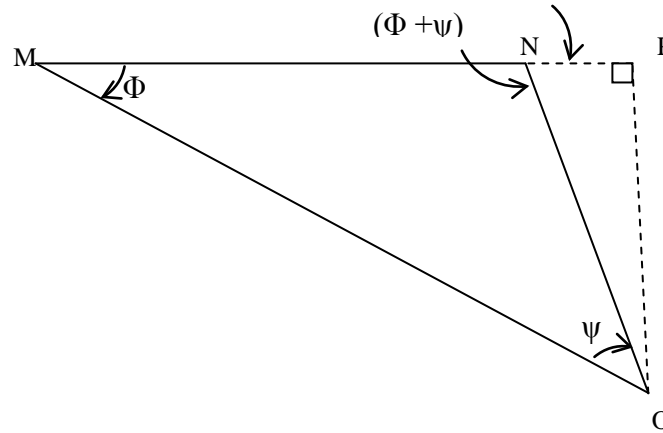


Figure 74: Shear triangle to calculate shear strain.

From Triangles OPN and OMP, following relations can be derived,

$$ON = OP / \sin(\Phi + \Psi) \quad 35$$

$$NP = OP * \cot(\Phi + \Psi) \quad 36$$

And $PM = OP * \cot(\Phi) \quad 37$

But, $MN = PM - NP \quad 38$

$$ON = OP * [\cot(\Phi) - \cot(\Phi + \Psi)] \quad 39$$

Substituting Eqs. 34 and 38 in 33,

$$\gamma = \frac{OP / \sin(\Phi + \Psi)}{OP * [\cot(\Phi) - \cot(\Phi + \Psi)]} \quad 40$$

On further simplifying, using trigonometric identities, it can be shown that

Shear strain $\gamma = \frac{\sin(\Phi)}{\sin(\Psi)} \quad 41$

Also strain rate $\dot{\gamma}$, as given by Shaw [83]

$$\dot{\gamma} = \gamma / \Delta t \quad 42$$

here Δt is the time elapsed for the metal to travel a distance of ΔS with ΔY as the distance between two consecutive slip planes.

From equations, 34 and 42

$$\dot{\gamma} = \Delta S / (\Delta Y * \Delta t) \quad 43$$

but, $\Delta S / \Delta t = V_s$ (shear velocity) 44

and $V_s = 2 * V$ 45

therefore,

$$\dot{\gamma} = 2 * V / \Delta Y \quad 46$$

Finite Element Modeling

R. Komanduri 2001[84] in his work states that nearly US \$300 billion is spent in conducting metal cutting research in United States alone. This cost includes only the labor and over heads and does account for the raw material, cutting tools or machine tools. Another interesting fact mentioned by Komanduri is that for the experiments conducted by Taylor his team has utilized 363636 Kg of work material in the form of cast iron and steel over a span of 26 years in which they conducted nearly 30000 – 50000 experiments. The fact that conducting metal cutting experiments involves a huge investment is evident; there rises a need for alternative techniques to perform analysis to optimize the metal cutting process.

Demonstration to use concepts involving the finite elements modeling and analysis (FEA) along with growth in the field of computer technology has to an extent reduced the need for conducting the metal cutting experiments. A lot of researchers have applied the FEA concept to model metal cutting simulations, not many have validated the simulated results against the real time experiments to make the model more dependable/reliable. There are several commercial FEA simulation softwares available in the market ABAQUS, LS-Dyna, AdvantEdge to mention a few with each of them having its own advantages and disadvantages.

The following list briefly summarizes some of the finite element modeling results from the past.

- Villumsen et.al, [85] used LS DYNA to simulate as orthogonal machining of Al 6082 and the results obtained were; F (thrust) was under estimated by 60% and F (cutting) was over estimated upto 104%.
- Komvopoulos and Erpenbeck [86] generated force values from simulation, that were off by upto 160 N on F_p and upto 130 N on F_n .
- Zhang and Bagchi [87] in their experiments obtained the feed force and the cutting force to be in good agreement with the experimental results, but were using a very high velocity values of upto 238 mm/s.
- Haung and Black [88] in their work reported that the cutting force obtained from the model was 9690 N whereas the experimental values were 1060 N.
- The force values obtained by Schermann et. al., [89] was found to be in close agreement with the experimental values, but a constant friction coefficient value was used even when the rake angle changed.
- Arrzola et.al.,[72] predicted the cutting forces in an orthogonal machining of AISI 4140 steel to be 126N using ABAQUS and 216 N using AdvantEdge whereas the experimental result showed that it was 189N.
- Svoboda et. al., [90] utilized two different material models to orthogonal metal cutting process in MSC.Marc finite element software and the force values obtained by him were varying upto 19.9% for cutting force and upto 8.9% for thrust force.

- Espinaso et.al., [91] used Smoothed particle hydrodynamic method to predict the cutting forces for a orthogonal machining of Al 6061 T6 alloy and reported that the cutting force variation was upto 10% and the thrust force upto 30%.

In this study, the Finite element model developed by Chandrasekaran 2011(unpublished) in LS-Dyna was used to simulate two random cases from the four different scenarios. The model used is a 2-d plane strain model set up for simulating the machining of

- (Case 1) Aluminum 6061 T6 alloy with High Speed Steel tool, rake angle 15 degrees, feed of 0.002"/revolution and cutting velocity of 500 SFPM under dry machining conditions.
- (Case 2) AISI 1020 Steel alloy with Uncoated carbide tool, rake angle 15 degrees, feed of 0.002"/revolution and a cutting velocity of 805 SFPM under dry machining conditions.

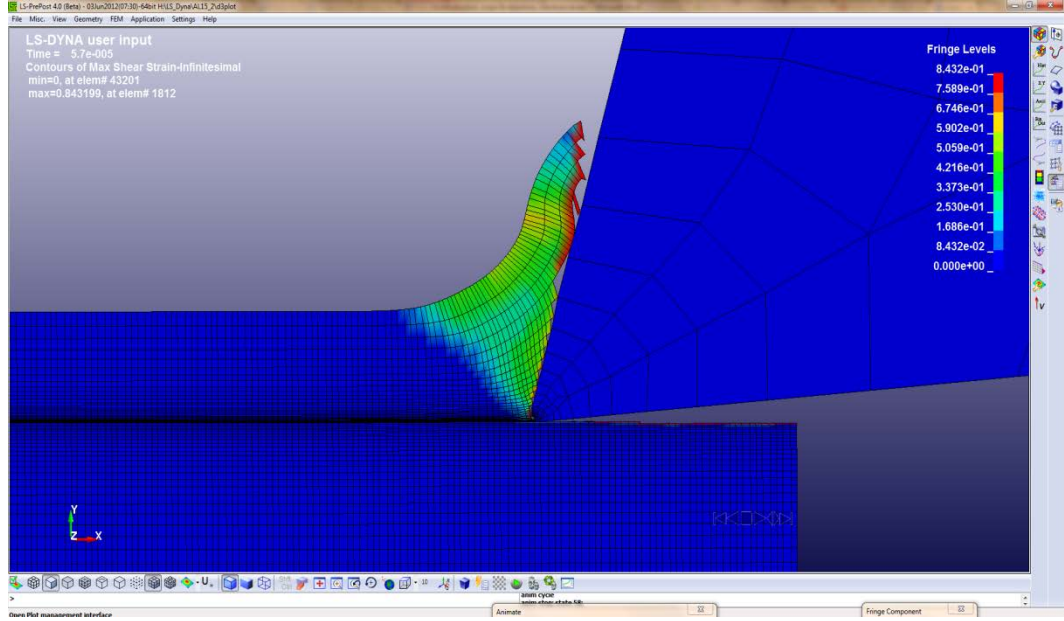


Figure 75: Finite element model depicting the cutting of Aluminum 6061 T6 alloy with HSS tool.

In the model, the entire cutting duration was not simulated as it would involve an infinitely long processing time and hence restricted to 2mm (approx. 0.080”) of cut length. The tool was modeled as a rigid body and no wear or tool deflection was considered in this case so as to reduce the complexity and run time. A 2-D solid, 4-node shell element was used to mesh the model, with a Variable density meshing technique so as to very finely mesh the area in the work piece undergoing deformation. A 2-D automatic single surface contact model was used to model the contact and a constant columbic friction was assumed between the cutting tool and the work piece. The Plastic kinematic hardening model available in LS-Dyna was used to model the work material which abides the following equation.

$$\sigma_y = \left[1 + \left(\frac{\dot{\epsilon}}{C} \right)^{1/P} \right] \left(\sigma_0 + \beta E_p \epsilon_p^{eff} \right)$$

The cutting forces, the thrust force and the chip thickness ratio were determined from the finite element model for both the cases and compared to the experimental values obtained in this study. Also, shear strain along the shear plane from the simulation is compared to the calculated (Merchant and Payton) values for the two selected cases.

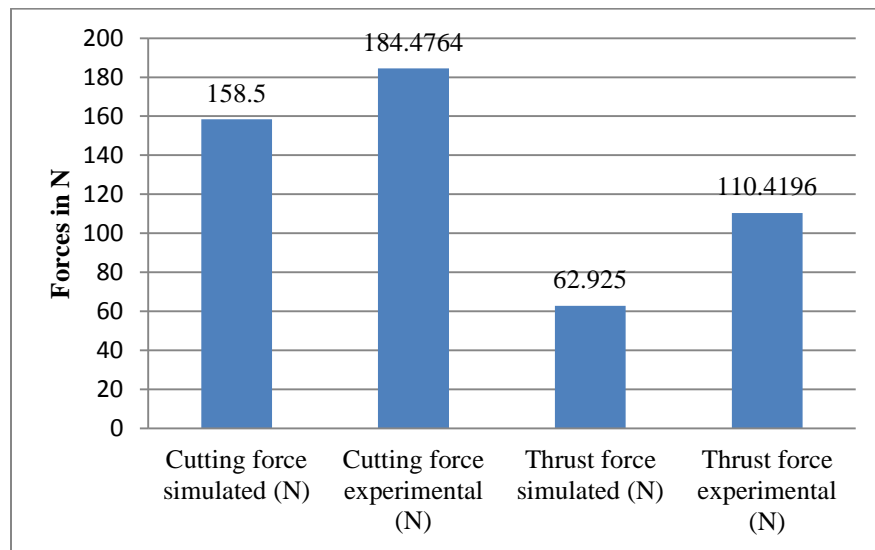


Figure 76: Comparison of cutting force and thrust force for Case 1 versus experimental values.

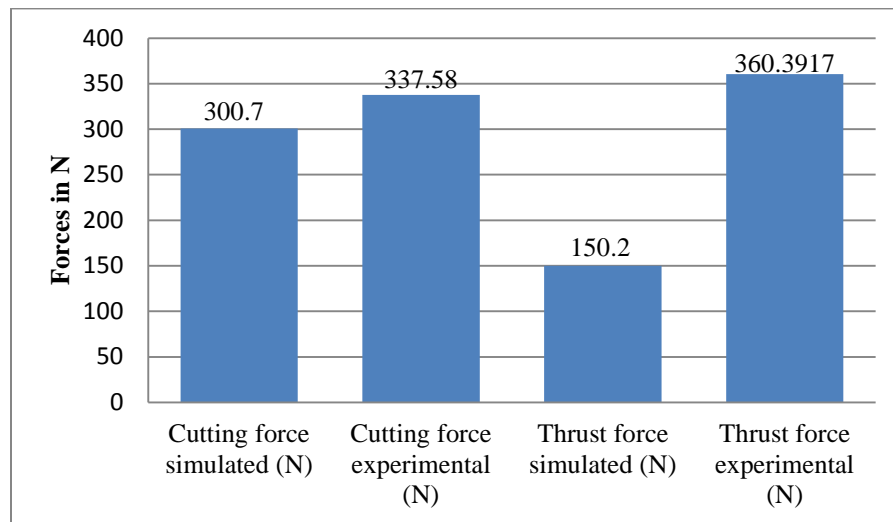


Figure 77: Comparison of cutting force and thrust force for Case 2 versus experimental values.

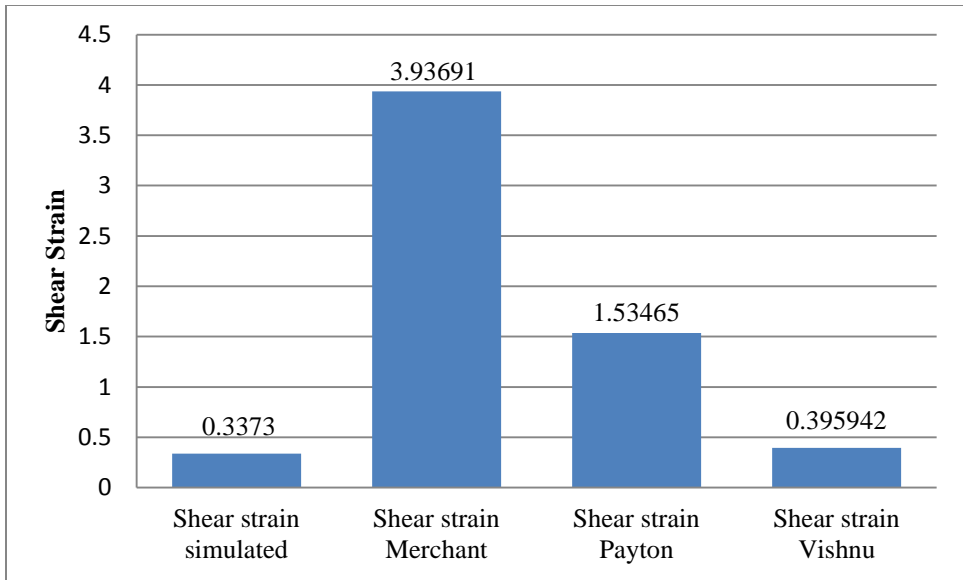


Figure 78: Comparison of shear strain along the shear plane simulated versus calculated (Merchant, Payton, Vishnu) for case 1.

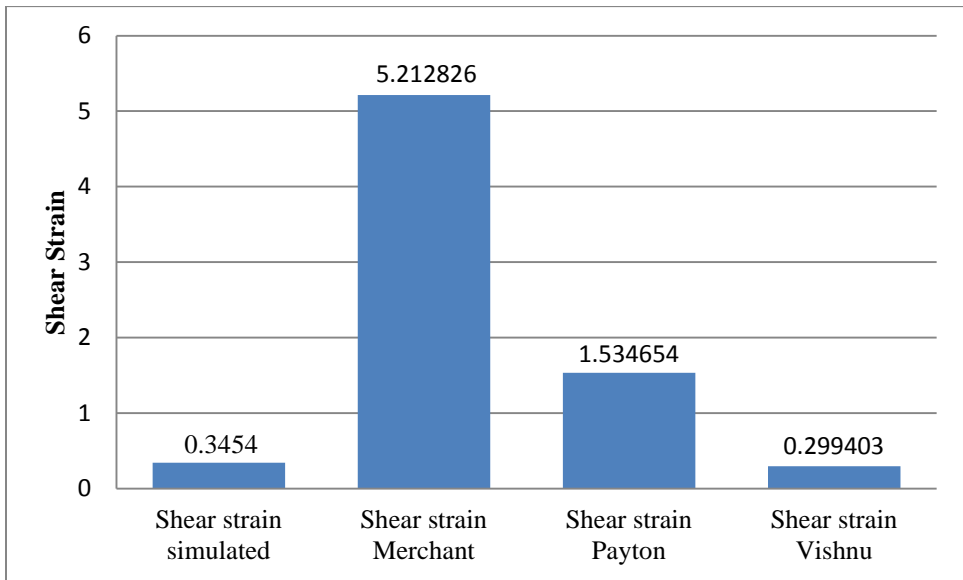


Figure 79: Comparison of shear strain along the shear plane simulated versus calculated (Merchant, Payton, Vishnu) for case 2.

Variation of force values (figures 45 and 46) while comparing both simulated and experimental values suggest that the simulation model

underestimates both the force values (thrust and cutting). The cutting force variation is within 10% of the experimental results whereas the thrust force is approximately two third of the experimental results. And the variation of thrust force by a factor of three is almost applicable to both the combinations considered in the present study.

The primary reason for such observation can be attributed to the limitations of modeling metal cutting problems using finite element analysis software of which a few are mentioned below.

- It was not possible to maintain the tool work piece contact, at the point of cutting at all times in the current model. The reason being that, in the current model the chip separation takes place based on the failure strain specified in the input. When the cutting edge of the tool approaches an element in the cutting zone, the plastic strain of the element in the work piece increases and reaches the failure strain even before the tool completely crosses over the length of that element leading to the deletion. This causes the force values to drop down at that instant but only for a very little time in which the tool reaches the next successive element. The frequency of occurrence of the above stated process is so high leading to a force output with high noise/vibration.
- The tool was modeled as a rigid body in the current model and does not have any impact due to the cutting process. But in actual case, the tool is deformable, and is subjected to wear. It is really hard to model such a

simulation incorporating the effects of tool as it would increase the computation time.

- Also using a better material model that precisely follows the material behavior along with the consideration of dynamic friction can improve the finite element model and provide better results.
- Shear strain predicted by the model closely compares with the shear strain calculated based on the shear strain expression (equation 41) shown in the previous chapter which is small value when compared to expression derived by Merchant and Payton in their studies.

Dislocation in Metal cutting

Dislocations have been a major field of study in material engineering and applied physics for over seventy years now, but metal cutting researchers have not typically addressed hardness, dislocation density or dislocation movement in their work with a few noted exceptions. Dieter (1986) [92] gives an excellent overview of dislocation theory in general as it applies to material. His integrated overview of the effects of cold rolling in his discussion of metallurgical structure will prove useful later in discussing the conclusions of this experiment.

Von Turkovich (1967)[93] discussed dislocation theory as it applied to shear stress in his 1967 paper. Although he was primarily concerned with high speed machining in this paper, he believed that shear stress computation in a Type 2 Chip was possible using the materials elastic constant G (T), the materials characteristic Burger's vector (b) and the dislocation density.

Ramalingham and Black (1971) [94] showed that the important variables involving dislocations are the "number and orientation of slip systems, certain characteristic dislocation parameters as the stacking fault energy, the interaction of dislocations with vacancies and solute atoms" in the scanning and transmitting electron microscopy studies of α brass. In their microscopic studies, they cut the material with diamond blades and studied the recrystallization at a molecular level.

Black [95] proposed a model in 1979 for the plastic deformation that occurs in metal cutting. He demonstrated that the magnitude of the flow stress and the onset of shear angle Φ correlated to the stacking fault energy of the material being cut. His resultant flow stress model predicts a catastrophic shear front, or shear plane, ahead of the tool, created by the annihilation and subsequent heat generation as the metastable cells in his model rearrange themselves. The model observes that dislocations sources originate near the tool tip, driving dislocations into the cell networks. There is a rapid build up of applied stress levels as the number of dislocations increases, causing a forest hardening effect at the tip of the tool (Cottrell (1964)).

Black's paper notes that more than one shear front would be crossing the material from the tool tip to the free surface at any one point in time, comparing this effect to waves at the seashore. Waves from the ocean will intersect a jetty on the beach at many different points along the length of the jetty, but always at the same angle. This is a good analogy to the deformation observed by Black and Huang in aluminum as they developed the "new stack of cards" model. Note that there are many cards sitting on the "onset of shear plane" at angle Φ . The onset angle ψ is dictated by other material properties. Black's theory predicted that as work-hardening increased, the resistance to the onset of shear will increase. This delay in the initiation of shear would translate into an increase in the onset shear plane angle. In a series of experiments in 1999 (Payton and Black, 2000) [25], direct observations over a full range of hardness in Copper 10101 alloy supported the Black Huang model conclusively over all other models.

Black and Krishnamurthy (unpublished) conducted a small experiment where they examined the relationships between hardness and shear stress in 6061-T6 aluminum. They noted that shear stress varied with the material hardness over the four samples. They were widely spaced, with varying hardness produced by annealing the as received aluminum. Their results suggested that dislocations could possibly explain the differences that they had observed. In particular, when the aluminum was softened by heat-treating, the dislocation density was reduced as predicted by Cottrell and others. This reduces the amount of pinning in the material, allowing more mobility, which translates into a lower yield stress. This is also discussed in Dieter (1986). Thus we see that while dislocation discussion in the metal cutting literature has been sparse to date, it is on a par with the general overall metal cutting level of knowledge about the material being machined. It is now necessary to examine some important properties of other dislocation mechanisms, which might be incorporated into metal cutting models.

High strain rate deformation mechanisms for metals may be governed by either dislocation glide, mechanical twinning or phase transformations. These mechanisms heavily depend on the strain rate, which is given as:

$$\dot{\gamma} = \rho b v \quad 48$$

where ρ , b , v are the density, length of burgers vector, and velocity of the dislocations respectively. The limiting strain rate is set up by the limiting velocity of the dislocation, which in turn is set as the velocity of propagation of elastic shear waves. The dislocation velocity tends toward saturation as the shear wave velocity is approached. This has been shown (Meyers, 1984) [96] to occur when

the stress approaches 10 GPa , which is close to the theoretical strength of steels. If we set the upper limit for the velocity of elastic waves in a metal to be the speed of sound waves in a metal ~ 5000 m/s, the upper limit of the dislocation density in a deformed metal as 10^{11} cm⁻² and a burgers vector of 2×10^{-8} cm the strain rate obtained is of the order of 10^8 /s. This is too high compared to the typical strain rates encountered in metal cutting which range between 10^3 and 10^6 /s. Dislocation glide mechanisms have been delineated (Meyers, 1984) into three governing mechanisms. These mechanisms are thermally activated dislocation motion, phonon drag and relativistic effects.

(1) Thermally Activated Dislocation Motion

The obstacles that oppose dislocation motion include solute atoms, vacancies, small-angle grain boundaries, vacancy clusters, inclusions, precipitates and other dislocations. The Peierls-Nabarro forces oppose the movement at the atomic level. A force has to be applied to overcome an energy barrier in order to move a dislocation from one equilibrium atomic position to the next. The smaller narrower barriers are called short-range obstacles, which, if strong, produce a rapidly varying glide stress. The larger wider barriers are called long-range obstacles for which the glide stress hardly varies with temperature and strain rate. The principal short-range barrier is the Peierls-Nabarro stress, which is important for BCC metals. For FCC and HCP metals, dislocation forests are the primary short-range barriers at lower temperatures. The different nature of these barriers is responsible for the major differences in temperature and strain rate sensitivity of the yield strength between FCC and BCC metals. Figure 38 shows measured yield

stresses at various fractions of the absolute melting point, T_m . The BCC metals are shown to exhibit a higher thermal sensitivity of the yield stress than FCC and HCP alloys. The activation energy required to overcome the short range barriers is expressed in terms of strain rate as (Meyers, 1994):

$$\Delta G = kT \ln \frac{\dot{\epsilon}_0}{\dot{\epsilon}} \quad 49$$

where k is Boltzmann's constant, T is the temperature, $\dot{\epsilon}_0$ is a constant and $\dot{\epsilon}$ is the strain rate. This is the foundation for constitutive equations that are based on thermally assisted overcoming of obstacles.

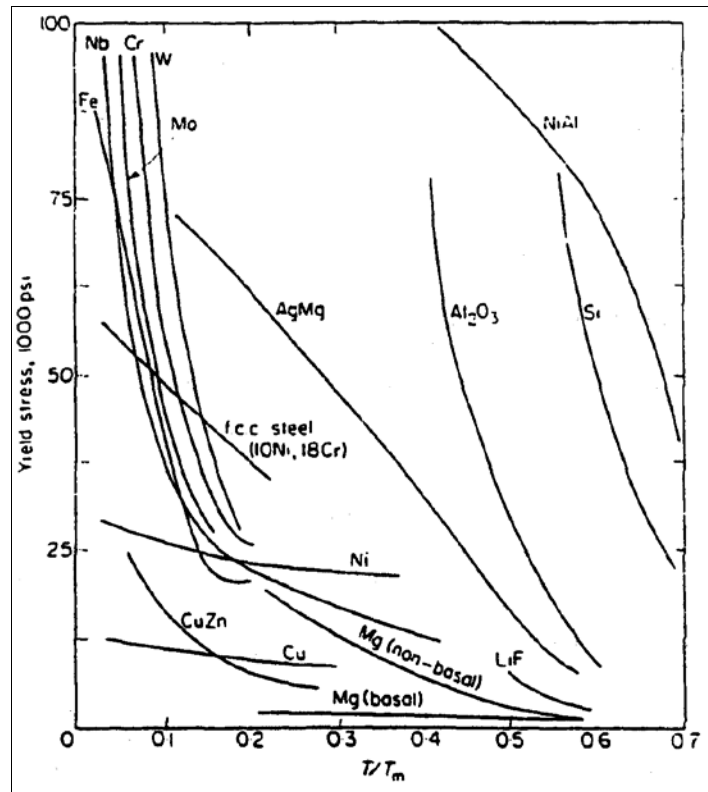


Figure 80: Yield stress at various temperatures (Cottrell, 1964)[97]

(2) Dislocation Drag Mechanisms

Out of the total energy expended in plastic deformation, 90% is dissipated by forces opposing the applied stresses. Those forces can be expressed as a viscous behavior of the solid. To a first approximation, the solid is assumed to act as a Newtonian viscous material with respect to the dislocation. Then under external stress, the dislocation will accelerate until it reaches a steady-state velocity. The stress is expressed by Gilman (1969) [98] as:

$$\sigma = \frac{2B_c M_o}{\rho b^2} \dot{\epsilon} \quad 50$$

where B_c is the viscous damping coefficient, and M_o is an orientation factor (Meyers, 1984). Thus the flow stress is proportional to the strain rate when dislocation drag mechanisms are operative. Gillis et al (1969) [99] have expressed B_c as:

$$B_c = \frac{B_0}{1 - \frac{v^2}{v_s^2}} \quad 51$$

where B_0 = viscosity at rest, v_s is shear wave velocity. This implies that viscous drag decreases as the velocity increases.

The drag mechanisms that are not thermally activated are the interaction of the dislocation with thermal vibrations (phonon drag) and with electrons (electron viscosity). In addition relaxation effects in the dislocation core are included (Meyers, 1994). For metals phonons cause drag at ambient and higher temperatures and electrons cause drag at low temperatures ($< 100^0$ K

(Parameswaran et al, 1971) [100]. The drag stress establishes a steady state velocity of about 0.5 the shear wave velocity.

(3) Relativistic Effects on Dislocation Motion

Relativistic effects start gaining importance when the dislocation velocity is in the range of 0.8 of the shear wave velocity (Eshelby, 1953 and Weertman et al, 1964) [101, 102]. Even though a supersonic dislocation was proposed by Eshelby (1953), supersonic dislocations have neither been observed experimentally nor predicted analytically.

When the applied stress is lower than the threshold stress σ_0 (height of activation barrier), thermal activation controls the velocity of propagation. When the applied stress is higher than the short-range barrier height, drag (viscous and scattering) controls the resistance to dislocation motion. At higher velocities, in the range of $0.8 C_\sigma$, relativistic effects start becoming important.

Above mentioned mechanisms are the usually seen in metal cutting as proposed by pioneers in the field of metal cutting. Payton [103] reports that, dislocations are continuously generated at the onset of shear plane and that its density keeps increasing in the flow area where the chip is still in the process of forming. Due to the fact that these large quantities of dislocations are chaotically generated along different orientations, they tend to tangle when moving in the respective directions and plane causing pile ups which tend to act as a potential barrier to the normal dislocation motion.

The phenomenon of dislocation generation and movement can be explained by considering the initial contact of the tool with work piece. At the instance when the tool first touches the work piece, let us say that the tool tip comes in contact with a small group of grains (work piece), the force from the motion of the tool acts upon the group at a particular angle which is mostly dependent on the tool rake angle and the geometry of cut.

Because of the angle of incidence of the resultant force, these grains are subjected to a moment, causing it to displace both linearly and rotationally. Depending upon the orientation of the grains it leads to an avalanche of grain displacements and generation of dislocations in different orientations. This effect cannot move further as the bulk of the work piece material opposes the displacements and dislocations beyond a certain point. But as the tool keeps moving further, a similar mechanism develops at every instant thus deforming the material continuously.

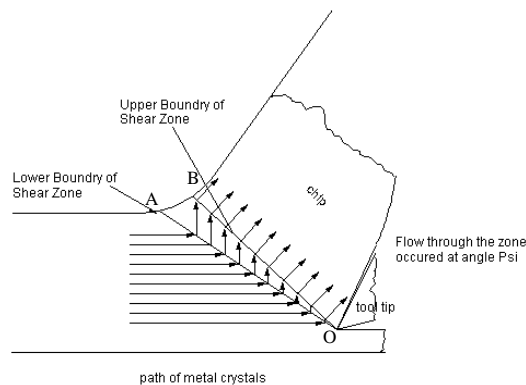


Figure 81: Deformation zone in metal cutting

On further close examination of the flow area, where all the primary deformation is taking place, it can be seen that, there three stages governing the mechanism of chip generation.

- Stage I: Barrier stopping the dislocation movement along the plane inclined at angle Φ , line OA.
- Stage II: An energy source continuously moving dislocations along the shear plane ψ .
- Stage III: An upper barrier to stop the continuously displacing dislocations along the shear plane, line OB.

But in order to continuously deform the material, a constant source of thermal activation is required for these dislocations to move further and even cross barriers. This thermal activation is provided by the resultant force acting on the work piece. During the stage I, the primary obstacles hindering the dislocation flow comes in the form of atomic defects (vacancies, inclusions, precipitates, etc.), grain boundaries and tangling dislocations (pile ups). Also there is a constant opposing force from the bulk of the undeformed work material which is far away from the area of deformation.

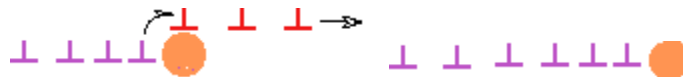


Figure 82: Pictorial representation of Dislocation climb and dislocation pile up [104]

The presence of an angle to the activation plane (OA) can be attributed to the fact that, the dislocation motion is inhibited by first dislocation pile ups, which

lock high strain energy within them, which are overcome by the energy from the trailing dislocations and also the primary source, the energy supplied by the tool motion. These energies add up together to cause dislocation climb over the pile ups easily but are not enough to overcome the forces exhibited by atomic imperfections and the bulk undeformed material itself. Such a shunted dislocation climb when viewed microscopically would represent steps, with the lower step closer to the source of initial dislocation generation (tool tip O) and the upper step at the farther end (A). These steps macroscopically represent the activation plane which is inclined at an angle of Φ .

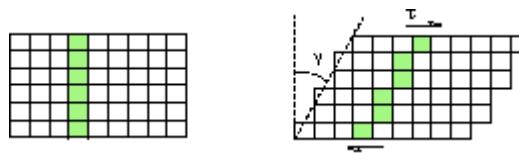


Figure 83: Example of dislocation motion (shaded region represents dislocations) leading to microscopic step formations [104]

Applying the same explanation to stage II, the difference being that, there is no opposing force exhibited by the bulk undeformed material in this region, leading to a continuous dislocation motion, pile up and dislocation climb, it can be suggested that the steps formed during dislocation climb leads to the growth of chip thickness. Also, due to the fan shaped region, the stresses at the narrow region start piling up and act on creating more and more dislocations in the direction of shear and pushing it towards the free surface or the region between A and B. this is supported by the fact that the dislocations climb upwards under compression and downward when in tension. Since the area below the shear plane is under compressive loading and the area above is in tension, it constantly pushes the dislocations outwards towards the back of chip.

Before getting any further, it becomes necessary to define the boundary conditions which cause the dislocation pile ups. For a dislocation to be mobile across a crystal structure it is necessary to have finite force acting on it. The critical shear strength (and the force) necessary to keep the dislocation in motion can be calculated using the method of Peierls and the calculated stress is referred to a Peierls stress or Peierls force. [105]

The Peierls force F is given by

$$F = \frac{2\mu b}{1-\nu} \sin 4\pi\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{4\pi\zeta}{b}\right)$$

Here, μ is the rigidity, ν is the poisson's ratio, 2ζ is the half width of the dislocation, b burger's vector and α is a constant based on the position of dislocation.

If the P is the critical shear stress necessary for the dislocation to be in motion then the force necessary to keep the dislocations in motion is

$$F = Pb \quad 53$$

The force above calculated can be compared with the force acting along the merchant's shear plane F_s (M) and the following two cases can be inferred

If $F > F_s$ (M) the dislocations stop moving and results in pile up while if $F < F_s$ (M), the dislocations are mobile. Since there is a constant dislocation generation, the stress on the dislocation trailing behind the pile up increases and once the stress τ^* exceeds the critical stress P it initiates a climb over the barrier.

The stresses due to other dislocations is given by (Meyer's) [106]

$$\tau^* = n \tau \quad 54$$

and

$$\tau = \frac{1}{b} \sum_{\substack{j=0 \\ i \neq j}}^n \left\{ \frac{Gb^2}{2\pi(1-\nu)(xi-xj)} \right\} \quad 55$$

The rate at which the dislocation climb happens over a barrier (atomic inclusions or defects and dislocation pile ups) is given by Weertman [107]

$$\text{Rate of climb} = 2N_0 D \sigma^2 \lbrack b^4 / \mu k T \quad 56$$

This activation plane OA causes the grains ahead of the plane to start shearing at an angle ψ as observed by Payton [103] in his study. This leads the discussion to a point where, if the activation energy along the activation plane is known that would represent the minimum energy to cause continuous shearing and thus forming the chip. In metal cutting, once the process reaches the steady state, which is within a few micro seconds, the strain rate (shear) remains a constant or in other words, a steady state strain rate. This can be compared to a steady state creep deformation (plastic) governed by dislocation mechanism. The steady state creep rate ($\dot{\epsilon}$) for a dislocation governed deformation is given by Mukherjee-Bird-Dorn [106] as

$$\dot{\epsilon} = A \left(\frac{D * G * b}{k * T} \right) \left(\frac{\sigma}{G} \right)^5 \quad 57$$

here A is a material constant, G the shear modulus, D diffusivity which is a function of activation energy Q and temperature T, b the grain geometry and k is the Boltzmann's constant. The same equation based of Orowan model [108] can be written relating the shear strain rate ($\dot{\gamma}$) and the shear stress (τ) as

$$\dot{\gamma} = A \left(\frac{D * G * b}{k * T} \right) \left(\frac{\tau}{G} \right)^3 \quad 58$$

$$D = D_0 \exp(-Q/RT) \quad 59$$

On simplifying and rearranging so as to relate activation energy (Qa) with temperature (T)

$$\left[\ln\left(\frac{1}{T}\right) - C \right] * RT = Qa \quad 60$$

Here
$$C = \ln \left[\frac{\dot{\gamma} * G^2 * k}{A * \tau^3 * b} \right] \quad 61$$

The expression C shown is a constant value for a given material and cutting condition.

Substituting the maximum shear strain rate calculated along the plane OA $(\dot{\gamma})_{\phi}$ and the corresponding shear stress $(\tau)_{\phi}$ in equation 52, the constant C can be obtained. Using equation 51, activation energy along the plane OA can be calculated provided the temperature along the same is known. An expression to calculate temperature along plane OA is given by Shaw [83].

$$\theta_s = \frac{R1q1(bt(\csc(\Phi)))}{C1\rho1(Vbt)} + \theta \quad 62$$

Here, θ_s, θ are the temperatures along plane OA and ambient temperature respectively. R1q1 is the heat per unit area per unit time leaving the plane OA and C1\rho1 is the volume specific heat at mean temperature between θ_s and θ and V is the velocity of cutting.

Substituting, the temperature across the shear plane θ_s for T in equation 56,

Rate of climb of dislocations across the activation plane can be determined as follows

$$\text{Rate of climb} = \frac{2N_0D\sigma_2 \int b^4}{\mu k \left(\frac{R_1 q_1 (bt(\csc(\Phi)))}{C_1 \rho_1 (Vbt)} + \theta \right)} \quad 63$$

Vacancies is one of the primary sources of obstacles leading to pile ups of dislocations, the rate of creation of vacancies (N_c) along a dislocation line is given by weertman [107],

$$N_c = V_{\text{exp}} (n\sigma b^3/kT) \quad 64$$

This equation implies that, at higher temperatures, the number of vacancies are less thereby the probability of dislocation pile ups also reduce.

This is well supported by the fact that, the rate of climb (see equation 63) also decreases with increase in temperature, which can be observed once the cutting process reaches, a steady state. Also at this point, only less force is required to keep the dislocation in motion and hence lower activation energy is required along the shear plane. This can be supported to an extent by the fact that the cutting forces are higher at the beginning of a cut, but reduce and remain a constant once steady state is reached (refer figure 37).

The limiting boundary condition represented by the plane OB is along which the dislocation pile up density is high containing a high amounts of strain energy which is greater than the activation energy generated from the source, thereby ending the primary formation of the chip. This limiting boundary in stage III can be obtained by drawing a perpendicular line from the back of chip to the point O which represents the cut chip thickness. From the geometry of this line

OB, it can be shown that, it makes an angle of α (rake angle of the tool) with the horizontal.

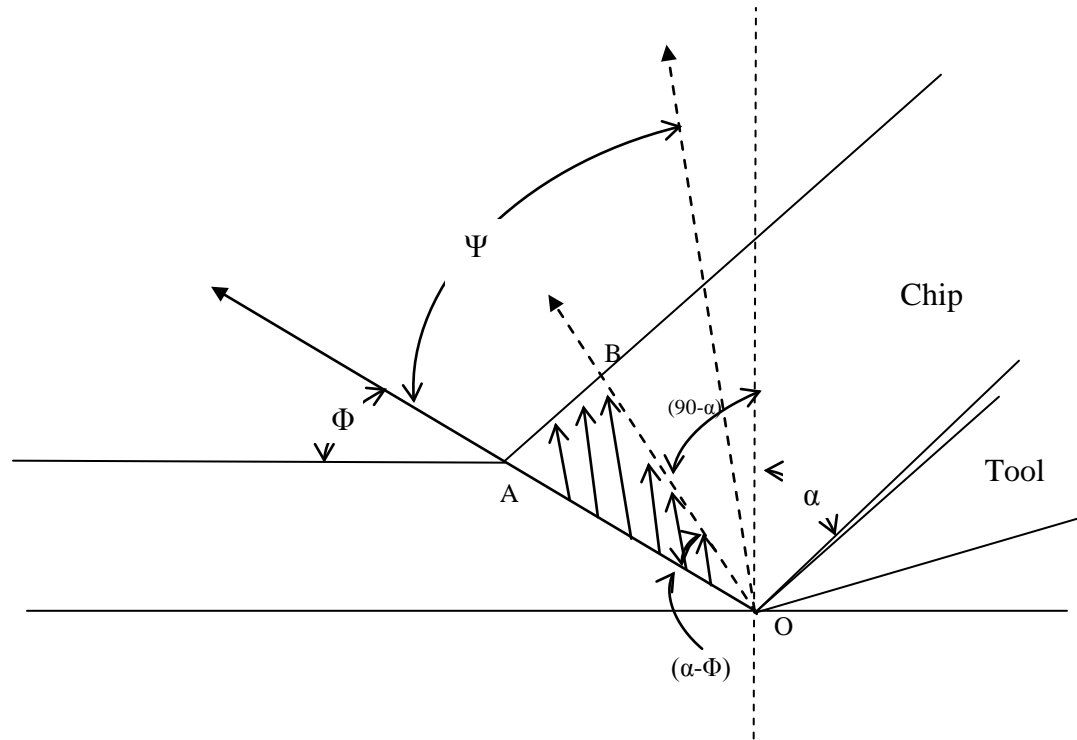


Figure 84: Depiction of the angular position of the primary plastic flow area OAB

Now it is clear that the flow zone in the cutting process where the chip is primarily formed depends upon the rake angle of the tool. If the tool is sharper, the deformation zone is wider and for a dull tool is very small. Also Payton in his dissertation concludes that as hardness of the material increases at constant tool rake angle, the angle of activation plane Φ increases. In such a case from the angular relationships shown in figure 62, it can be seen that the span of the flow zone decreases with increase in hardness.

Conclusions

A detailed investigation of the machining data collected, yielded several consequential results showing the variation of various critical parameters that are considered for improving the machining process. Most of the metal cutting parameters like, friction force, normal force, forces on shear plane, stresses, etc had a good agreement with the literature and so only the cutting force, thrust force, tool wear and surface finish variations are discussed in detail below.

In machining of aluminum 6061 T6 with HSS tool it was observed that, the environment had very less impact on the cutting and thrust force values. Use of nitrogen in the above scenario slightly decreased the forces while use of cold compressed air and liquid nitrogen resulted in higher values with the highest observed for liquid nitrogen environment. Tool wear was found to be minimal while using nitrogen while liquid nitrogen resulted in higher tool wear values. The environments did not have any significant impact on the surface finish

In machining of aluminum 6061 T6 with uncoated carbide tool it was observed that, the environment had very less impact on the cutting and thrust force values. Use of nitrogen in the above scenario slightly decreased the forces while use of cold compressed air and liquid nitrogen resulted in higher values with the highest observed for liquid nitrogen environment. Tool wear was found to be minimal while using nitrogen with cold compressed air and liquid nitrogen

following closely while dry resulted in higher tool wear values. Better surface finishes were observed while machining with Liquid nitrogen environment.

In machining of AISI 1020 alloy steel with HSS tool it was observed that, the environment had significant impact on the cutting and thrust force values. Use of liquid nitrogen and cold compressed air (both performing equally) in the above scenario decreased the forces while use of nitrogen resulted in slightly higher values with the highest observed for dry environment. Tool wear was found to be minimal while using nitrogen while dry machining resulted in higher tool wear values. The environments used did not help in producing better surface finishes.

In machining of AISI 1020 alloy steel with uncoated carbide tool it was observed that, the environment had significant impact on the cutting and thrust force values. Use of liquid nitrogen in the above scenario decreased the forces significantly with nitrogen performing almost closer to liquid nitrogen while use of cold compressed air resulted in slightly higher values with the highest observed for dry environment. Tool wear was found to be minimal while using cold compressed air followed by nitrogen while dry machining resulted in higher tool wear values. The environments used in this study did not significantly vary the surface finish.

Varying the coolant pressure was studied for one of the randomly chosen environment and cutting conditions and was found that it did not have any significant effect on the cutting force and thrust force values.

The coolant also did not have any significant impact on hardness of the material, implying that the extreme temperatures of liquid nitrogen did not contaminate the work piece.

An expression to calculate the activation energy along the activation plane has been proposed in this study based off of the dislocations mechanisms. Efforts have been taken to logically explain the movement of dislocations in the flow region (in chip formation).

The expressions for calculating shear stress and shear strain were re derived based on Payton's corrected MFD. The shear strain values calculated based on the new expression was lower than the ones predicted by both Merchant's and Payton's expressions and also closely compared to the simulated results.

A finite element model developed previously at Auburn University was used to simulate a couple of dry environment runs. The simulated cutting force was within 10% (lower) of the experimental values while the simulated thrust force was only 50%-60% of the experimental values. The variation was as expected because of several limitations involved in developing a suitable finite element model that can exactly replicate the real nature of the experiment.

Future Work

The primary objective of the current study focused on evaluating the performance of gaseous cutting fluids in metal cutting. There are few things that can be continued to work upon based off this study as follows

- Some of the parameters like coolant flow rate, tool nose radius, position of coolant supply can be varied for the optimal conditions in each of the scenarios considered in order to further improve the efficiency of the cutting process.
- A statistical study could be done to evaluate the effect of coolants on the same material with different hardness values.
- A thermal imaging system can be used to measure the temperature in the cutting zone so that, the equation proposed for activation energy in this study could be verified.
- Laser interferometry combined with image processing technique (widely used in crack propagation studies) could be applied in low speed orthogonal machining experiment with video graphic quick stop device to measure the strain along the activation plane and shear plane and as well to verify the upper boundary condition of the flow zone presented in this study.

- A new tool can be designed supply coolant internally into the tool instead of externally applying. This could be useful especially in case of liquid nitrogen which when applied externally cools the work piece, thereby negating the advantage of localized hot work phenomenon.
- A fully optimized cutting condition for each of the scenarios is determined after the aforementioned studies; a progressive tool wear study could be carried out to determine the tool life under that particular environment by subjecting the tool to continuous cuts for longer period of time.
- The finite element model used in this study could be improved upon so that the error percentage reduces, by using a different material model that best prescribes the behavior of the material considered and as well modeling the tool as not a rigid body, so that the effect of tool wear and secondary deformation of chip be considered.
- A combination of CFD and FE analysis model could be developed, to simulate the metal cutting process under the influence of cutting fluids.

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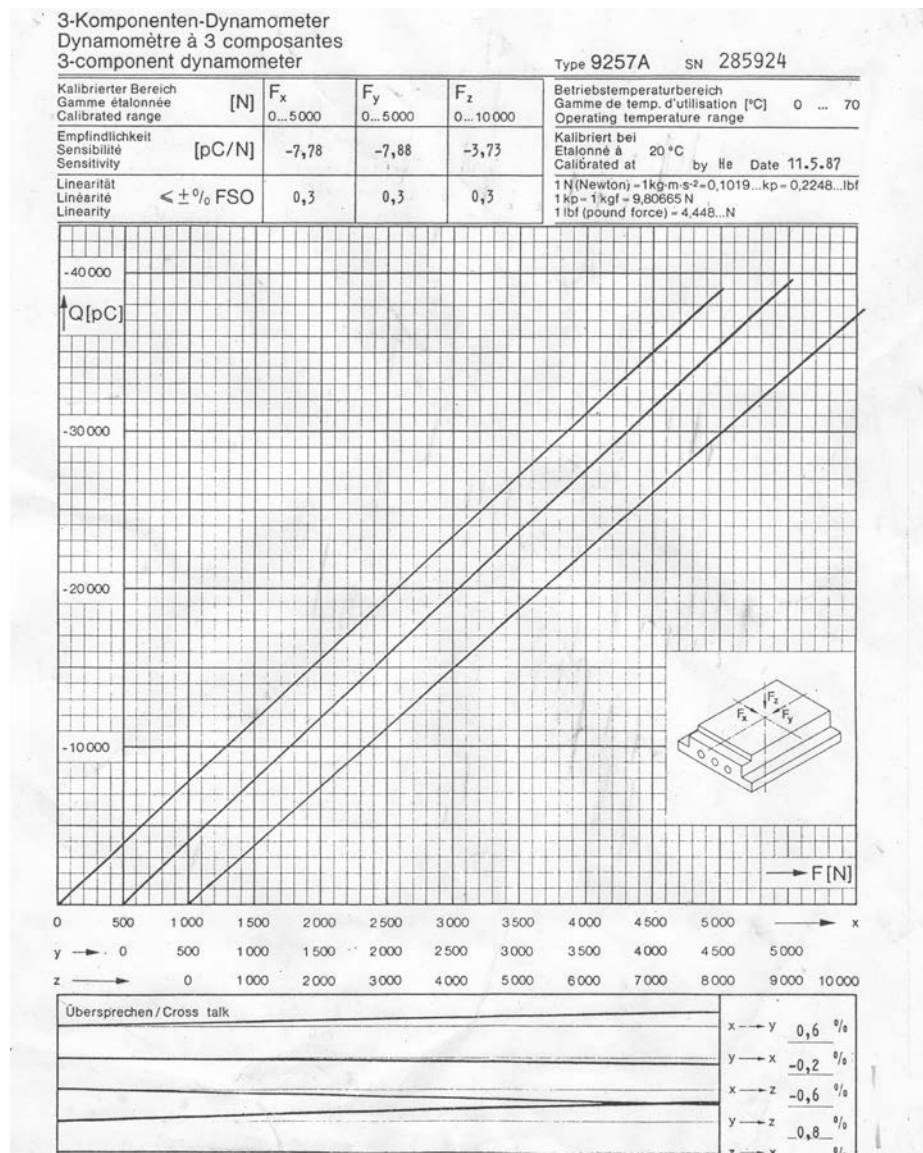
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APPENDIX 1

The calibration certificate for the Kistler 9257A dynamometer is given below.



The material certificate provided by the raw material supplier for Aluminum 6061 T6 and AISI 1020 alloy steel materials.



CERTIFIED TEST REPORT

		PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: 3 OD X .125 WA STRUCTURAL TUBE	
LINE ITEM: 001	SHIP DATE: 01/12/2011	ALLOY: 6061	TEMPER: T6
WEIGHT SHIPPED: 5124.000 LB	QUANTITY: 161.000 PCS	DIAM/ID/THKNS: 	WIDTH:
		LENGTH: 24.000 FT	

Actual Physical Properties

REFERENCE	DASH#	SAMPLE#	UTS (KSI)	YTS (KSI)	%Elong in 2	HARDNESS	CONDUCT.	BEND
XTR100916	0001	0001	47.8	43.1	12.8	RE 96	N/A	N/A
XTR100916	0001	0002	46.6	42.2	12.5	RE 97	N/A	N/A
XTR100916	0001	0003	46.4	42.5	15.0	RE 97	N/A	N/A
XTR100916	0001	0004	46.6	43.0	12.6	RE 97	N/A	N/A

Chemical Composition (wt%), Aluminum Remainder

LIMITS	Si	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	Zn	Ti	Pb	Bi	Zr	Ea	Tot
Maximum	0.8	0.7	0.40	0.15	1.2	0.35	0.25	0.15	NA	NA	NA	0.05	0.15
Minimum	0.40		0.15		0.8	0.04			NA	NA	NA		

Applicable Requirements:

ASTM-B429-02-STENCILED ASTM-B221-06 AMS-QQ-A-200/8 TYPE 2 UNS196061

Miscellaneous Notes

MANUFACTURED IN USA (LOS ANGELES, CA) MELTED IN USA

CERTIFICATION

Kaiser Aluminum Fabricated Products, LLC hereby certifies that metal shipped under this order has been inspected and tested and found in conformance with applicable specifications forming a part of the description set forth in Kaiser's sales acknowledgement form. Any warranty is limited to that shown on Kaiser's general terms and conditions of sale. Test reports are on file, subject to examination.

Tom G. Small, Jr., QA Manager

T.G. Small, Jr.

TEST CERTIFICATE											
CUSTOMER NAME :					DATE : 20.07.2011						
ADDRESS :											
PURCHASE ORDER NO & DATE: 18 MAY. 2011					HEAT NO: 11201477						
PRODUCT : ELECTRIC RESISTANCE WELDED CARBON STEEL MECHANICAL ROUND TUBING											
SIZE (INCH) :-		3.000		2.760							
		O.D.		I.D.							
Outer Diameter (Inch)		3.000		Specification:		AS PER ASTM A513-T3, 1020 Stress Relieved (2009)					
Inside Diameter (Inch)		2.760		Grades:-		1020					
Thickness (Inch)			Total Feets :		2778.17'					
Length (Feet)		17'-19'		NO.Of Tubes(Nos.):		154					
Chemical Analysis											
		%C		%Mn		%Si		%S		%P	
		Min.		Max			Min.		Max	
Specification		0.17		0.23		0.3		0.6		
Observation		0.210		0.166		0.011		0.008		0.009	
Mechanical Properties											
		Yield Strength In PSI				Tensile Strength In PSI				% Elongation	Hardness HRB
		Min.		Max.		Min.		Max.		Min.	Max.
Specification		55000				65000				10	75
Observed		81647				91641				17	81
Dimensional Report											
		Outer Diameter In Inch				Inner Diameter In Inch					
		Min		Max		Min		Max			
Specification		3.000		3.009		2.751		2.760			
Observations		Sample 1		3.003		3.004		2.754		2.755	
		Sample 2		3.004		3.005		2.755		2.756	
		Sample 3		3.005		3.006		2.756		2.757	
100% ECT(NDT) Done As per SB.2.1 - A513 08 a: Tubes conforms to specification											
Packing Details :											
AR11142 - 4 - 1		AR11142 - 4 - 5									
AR11142 - 4 - 2		AR11142 - 4 - 6									
AR11142 - 4 - 3		AR11142 - 4 - 7									
AR11142 - 4 - 4		AR11142 - 4 - 8									
Prepared By :					Verified By :						
Sign					Sign						
Name : Sulux					Name : Dipu						

APPENDIX 2

The table below lists the radial force, thrust force, cutting force and the cut chip thickness measured during the cutting process.

Run	Environment	Work Piece	Tool	Rake Angle	Feed in/rev	Fr Radial force N	Ft Thrust force N	Fc Cutting force N	Tc inches
1	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-6.0151	198.82	232.64	0.010583
2	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-4.5624	172.65	216.1996	0.0099
3	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-0.6681	175.4492	213.342	0.01002
4	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-0.6698	177.0113	214.6294	0.01057
5	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-4.4633	233.3745	335.5765	0.0155
6	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	0.0213	241.8935	339.2945	0.01525
7	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-0.7817	235.166	338.0937	0.01512
8	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-0.7213	248.1928	346.0426	0.1575
9	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-4.21	144.1816	198.5818	0.00868
10	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-3.5121	140.8573	199.7019	0.0087
11	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-1.8454	142.4506	200.2728	0.00865
12	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-4.5089	141.7632	203.0096	0.00858
13	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-5.2369	197.652	323.2784	0.01473
14	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-8.77	197.6554	324.414	0.01465
15	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-5.3018	190.1233	316.9521	0.01455
16	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-6.7085	190.6575	317.9177	0.01457
17	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-5.0158	110.4196	181.8978	0.00815
18	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-1.1007	115.8471	184.4764	0.00803
19	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-2.5562	115.3726	186.2659	0.00827
20	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-2.7595	114.2388	183.2786	0.00813
21	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-2.7689	158.342	302.9938	0.013883
22	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-3.6254	163.2573	305.7844	0.013933
23	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-0.6568	155.989	301.6305	0.014017
24	Dry	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-2.5846	157.5041	301.7759	0.013883
25	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	0.9745	201.5471	224.5702	0.011583
26	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-3.0961	184.1174	226.1335	0.01135
27	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-1.3147	182.0879	224.3963	0.011183
28	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-2.2275	174.5485	217.5249	0.011167

29	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-6.2429	253.7656	351.612	0.016317
30	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-3.9383	253.2363	353.2215	0.01615
31	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-5.7878	242.5745	345.3493	0.016333
32	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-2.3515	255.9373	354.1216	0.016267
33	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-2.2255	154.953	211.881	0.008267
34	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-1.7661	140.7721	202.1586	0.008117
35	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-1.337	141.0843	202.4552	0.008083
36	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-1.0876	145.9431	204.8002	0.0083
37	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-2.2186	209.5965	332.5052	0.01435
38	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-2.0141	205.234	328.6348	0.014283
39	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-2.0778	205.4657	329.9848	0.014333
40	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-2.3347	212.1035	337.1219	0.014117
41	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-2.3525	115.6286	188.6205	0.006633
42	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-0.7559	120.6224	191.9326	0.006417
43	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-0.3038	135.2184	189.1384	0.006467
44	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-1.4492	119.6874	190.0498	0.006667
45	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-0.8046	154.4841	302.6559	0.012133
46	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-1.5711	158.3776	303.2566	0.012183
47	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-2.7572	169.3316	312.4267	0.012216
48	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-0.4065	171.3214	312.4534	0.012116
49	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-1.227	181.9404	218.2821	0.009883
50	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-0.6171	178.8097	221.4708	0.0101
51	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-1.2583	186.5351	226.3742	0.009983
52	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-4.7986	192.8114	228.8384	0.009917
53	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	3.0347	240.2491	344.26	0.013817
54	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-0.7422	240.7294	345.0123	0.0139
55	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-1.0466	252.3228	352.8082	0.013833
56	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-1.2305	245.0184	345.4975	0.01395
57	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-4.5064	145.1312	205.6557	0.006983
58	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-7.1832	155.8608	206.0906	0.007133
59	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-4.4421	151.0385	209.7251	0.007183
60	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-2.479	166.031	209.4929	0.007067
61	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-4.6636	195.8656	320.531	0.0111
62	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-3.4635	191.0835	318.0791	0.0107
63	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-6.1124	206.2003	327.8495	0.010917
64	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-9.3037	199.0902	323.7054	0.010733
65	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-1.2685	110.8299	183.0732	0.0049
66	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-1.924	111.1435	183.2105	0.004717
67	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-2.7683	111.7645	183.2997	0.004667
68	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-1.6925	112.6121	183.7805	0.004617
69	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-3.4704	160.623	305.25	0.008517

70	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-3.6626	163.9328	308.785	0.0085
71	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-1.7391	154.3965	299.3457	0.008367
72	Nitrogen	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-3.0999	147.4833	294.3279	0.00855
73	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-4.8824	195.2067	248.5207	0.0075
74	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-4.057	201.0663	239.0119	0.007467
75	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-3.4702	232.1835	268.9921	0.00765
76	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.002	-3.597	221.0488	253.7922	0.007533
77	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-1.8687	272.9195	370.4816	0.015267
78	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-4.2698	262.9523	362.8337	0.015233
79	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-2.9569	398.8132	389.3597	0.01535
80	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	0	0.004	-2.6685	247.157	372.2043	0.015367
81	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-1.9686	145.2655	215.6434	0.006033
82	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-2.0211	149.4903	211.5065	0.00625
83	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-3.8036	143.5887	210.2309	0.006217
84	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.002	-4.2575	142.0381	205.4665	0.0062
85	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-2.9378	228.9784	355.1285	0.0124
86	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-5.6133	220.6529	347.1435	0.012433
87	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-4.9536	221.6967	351.6392	0.012517
88	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	7	0.004	-2.8576	214.3299	344.3132	0.012567
89	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-0.0308	105.1554	185.5831	0.004767
90	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-1.4157	107.7153	188.4806	0.004883
91	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-2.1106	109.5206	190.7135	0.004833
92	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.002	-1.7544	110.6679	189.1425	0.004783
93	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-2.7138	164.312	316.2855	0.0105
94	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-3.0126	163.1385	311.5762	0.010717
95	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-3.5861	173.1108	323.4123	0.01055
96	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	HSS	15	0.004	-3.3224	175.2552	323.3191	0.01045
97	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	0.3064	164.0391	203.0355	0.00878
98	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	0.3341	159.1337	198.9311	0.00887
99	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-0.1586	160.2427	201.4572	0.00863
100	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-0.0772	166.8888	204.1874	0.00873
101	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-2.3583	206.6433	317.0022	0.014817
102	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-2.3679	209.638	319.1074	0.015467
103	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-2.0586	205.2793	315.952	0.015067
104	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-2.6078	207.8965	318.1458	0.014917
105	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-0.5332	130.3931	184.1556	0.0082
106	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-0.4892	127.9146	182.6282	0.00845
107	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-2.1231	119.3216	177.8913	0.008222
108	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-4.4152	123.2089	180.4395	0.00838

109	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-4.9009	174.3611	300.7586	0.014367
110	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-5.7671	169.3722	299.6085	0.014333
111	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-1.9967	170.2859	299.5859	0.01405
112	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-3.07	173.5985	300.6843	0.014283
113	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-1.174	105.0722	172.1062	0.00775
114	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	1.6004	103.89	171.0439	0.0075
115	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	1.2804	98.8688	168.1556	0.007533
116	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-2.5616	101.1252	168.7814	0.007683
117	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-3.238	136.9912	283.6957	0.013817
118	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-4.1987	139.0281	283.2382	0.0138
119	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-4.7009	141.819	285.6196	0.013717
120	Dry	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-2.8123	143.1751	286.5609	0.013727
121	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-1.2128	164.0185	204.6764	0.007717
122	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-0.6169	156.9543	198.9473	0.007763
123	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-1.3003	164.0126	204.252	0.007683
124	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-2.2223	160.4036	200.0909	0.0077
125	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-2.7706	220.4736	327.797	0.012233
126	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-0.0197	215.2296	324.3654	0.012016
127	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-0.5692	220.194	327.5856	0.012366
128	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-3.6336	216.082	326.0836	0.012117
129	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-0.2998	129.9748	185.4433	0.007083
130	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-0.5104	125.4589	182.6559	0.007217
131	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-0.0277	125.6079	182.6749	0.007113
132	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-0.0644	123.2301	180.738	0.007117
133	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	2.4302	200.5658	310.2334	0.01145
134	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-2.7082	178.0919	307.2361	0.011367
135	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-2.3261	179.1115	302.0322	0.0114
136	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-9.5814	192.3043	305.86	0.011333
137	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	2.7307	101.4765	170.7047	0.006217
138	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-0.4659	102.8787	171.6839	0.006283
139	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	0.3613	98.298	168.6393	0.0062
140	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-1.2307	101.5145	171.9052	0.006217
141	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-0.5271	139.3709	286.097	0.010117
142	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-0.7359	143.2387	288.8304	0.01115
143	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	2.2171	157.5363	275.8365	0.011117
144	Cold Comp. Air	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-0.1173	140.9968	286.9535	0.010283
145	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-1.7567	169.8755	207.3908	0.007967
146	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-1.2334	157.3445	198.8675	0.0079
147	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	0.2796	158.3371	199.3261	0.007933
148	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-2.0804	163.7791	203.6206	0.007967
149	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-0.1786	221.554	327.4879	0.012683

150	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-0.1732	212.997	321.9011	0.012517
151	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	10.569	213.2592	323.4945	0.012567
152	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-0.8363	220.5378	327.7031	0.012667
153	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-0.5309	126.0515	181.4025	0.0057
154	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-0.8785	123.4193	179.5451	0.005683
155	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-1.1604	126.1064	182.2496	0.005583
156	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-0.9165	124.958	181.9935	0.005553
157	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-3.5478	171.3413	300.5215	0.0095
158	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-3.5585	175.9018	302.7127	0.101833
159	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-2.2219	174.4964	303.3101	0.010067
160	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-2.6815	176.0999	303.5385	0.010167
161	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-0.1788	105.7585	171.5087	0.003283
162	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-1.453	103.3447	169.8758	0.003383
163	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-0.349	103.3468	170.2746	0.003467
164	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-1.5968	102.8597	168.7408	0.003567
165	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-0.359	140.6794	285.7852	0.006967
166	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-1.1421	142.121	286.0523	0.006683
167	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-3.053	135.2971	284.0552	0.0066
168	Nitrogen	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-1.4659	135.5228	281.1523	0.006667
169	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-2.0338	169.7086	211.5328	0.008433
170	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-3.9325	168.713	209.5218	0.008533
171	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-0.798	199.2841	238.3424	0.00855
172	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-0.0367	169.0598	208.7949	0.008233
173	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-0.8018	258.7538	356.5159	0.014367
174	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-1.8537	251.5998	351.1933	0.01415
175	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-1.1821	264.3798	362.7055	0.014283
176	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-3.3658	234.6165	336.8478	0.014133
177	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-4.1854	150.9403	209.6872	0.006367
178	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-3.2773	132.3839	191.5607	0.006183
179	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-4.3102	147.9796	206.759	0.006433
180	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-1.8112	136.9174	195.4454	0.006366
181	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-2.1613	199.4016	327.691	0.012117
182	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-4.8925	197.9351	325.9679	0.012167
183	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-4.0812	194.7064	320.8924	0.012183
184	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-6.7533	195.4666	326.8835	0.01225
185	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	0.3961	109.8616	182.2131	0.00445
186	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-0.2458	108.2996	177.8009	0.00445
187	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-0.1018	115.4624	181.2228	0.004483
188	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	0.7061	121.9578	185.9224	0.0045
189	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-0.9581	149.4618	297.6059	0.010867
190	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-1.3523	151.9104	300.2563	0.01085

191	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-3.997	146.8328	296.6393	0.010817
192	Liquid Nit.	Aluminum	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-2.76	145.3498	296.8043	0.010783
193	Dry	102o steel	HSS	0	0.002	-5.112	517.1114	614.2253	0.012767
194	Dry	102o steel	HSS	0	0.002	2.9467	502.9318	586.9558	0.012833
195	Dry	102o steel	HSS	0	0.002	7.0713	509.7859	594.4569	0.012383
196	Dry	102o steel	HSS	0	0.002	6.4179	495.9598	585.1861	0.01245
197	Dry	102o steel	HSS	0	0.004	-11.1474	720.6149	825.4422	0.021783
198	Dry	102o steel	HSS	0	0.004	-19.8645	706.2889	817.3255	0.021817
199	Dry	102o steel	HSS	0	0.004	-11.2518	707.3873	821.7188	0.0214
200	Dry	102o steel	HSS	0	0.004	-12.6361	701.8244	814.7245	0.0218
201	Dry	102o steel	HSS	7	0.002	-8.3453	395.3014	525.7909	0.010483
202	Dry	102o steel	HSS	7	0.002	-1.1151	381.6591	514.6764	0.010433
203	Dry	102o steel	HSS	7	0.002	-4.5618	386.1393	522.7375	0.0105
204	Dry	102o steel	HSS	7	0.002	-6.4507	397.3696	529.3212	0.01035
205	Dry	102o steel	HSS	7	0.004	-13.1294	670.1289	841.805	0.018617
206	Dry	102o steel	HSS	7	0.004	-3.2559	685.2119	863.6924	0.017667
207	Dry	102o steel	HSS	7	0.004	-7.1401	669.3134	841.3084	0.017383
208	Dry	102o steel	HSS	7	0.004	-5.019	693.5815	857.314	0.01695
209	Dry	102o steel	HSS	15	0.002	-15.1527	277.5093	439.2193	0.008233
210	Dry	102o steel	HSS	15	0.002	-7.9346	279.9663	438.2193	0.008617
211	Dry	102o steel	HSS	15	0.002	-4.9848	293.7584	454.7832	0.00865
212	Dry	102o steel	HSS	15	0.002	-5.634	278.7339	442.2563	0.008167
213	Dry	102o steel	HSS	15	0.004	-30.5509	499.17	752.4931	0.01455
214	Dry	102o steel	HSS	15	0.004	-12.0375	492.8073	731.2637	0.01675
215	Dry	102o steel	HSS	15	0.004	-13.27	492.7373	747.0256	0.014217
216	Dry	102o steel	HSS	15	0.004	-13.704	487.4593	747.1569	0.01535
217	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.002	-6.4367	249.8309	412.0225	0.00625
218	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.002	-4.2337	255.8747	420.8744	0.0064
219	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.002	-2.0097	242.4652	406.1375	0.006067
220	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.002	-1.4094	254.7599	420.0415	0.006383
221	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.004	-10.5182	666.452	874.2112	0.0152
222	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.004	4.6204	662.1535	860.9833	0.015367
223	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.004	1.174	639.2833	856.6007	0.015317
224	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.004	-2.9107	649.7263	857.5593	0.015217
225	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.002	-0.35965	225.8606	390.2726	0.005683
226	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.002	-16.2731	198.7929	366.5965	0.005567
227	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.002	-0.9947	224.0428	389.2588	0.0056
228	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.002	-5.5645	219.0445	390.1992	0.005733
229	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.004	-2.2124	450.2156	726.9496	0.012633
230	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.004	-6.0167	460.9629	733.6715	0.0125
231	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.004	-1.1835	490.7357	748.898	0.01255

232	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.004	10.339	483.4115	747.3196	0.012483
233	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.002	-5.1229	218.7219	383.3561	0.00535
234	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.002	-2.9072	202.7566	369.9832	0.005367
235	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.002	-5.6833	209.1437	374.4785	0.005367
236	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.002	-5.5136	198.0666	365.0305	0.005217
237	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.004	-7.965	407.0889	691.3724	0.009833
238	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.004	-9.0389	411.0117	694.1164	0.010233
239	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.004	-13.8139	417.8984	699.9936	0.01
240	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.004	-9.4511	395.1277	685.4871	0.010117
241	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.002	28.9436	218.8552	388.7651	0.00645
242	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.002	10.2591	245.6017	408.7615	0.006267
243	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.002	-5.9536	223.3659	388.8318	0.006517
244	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.002	3.5921	308.4203	467.6706	0.00635
245	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.004	-8.1327	722.1704	907.322	0.016467
246	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.004	-0.1898	780.8907	928.4949	0.016383
247	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.004	4.3117	77.6247	920.489	0.016517
248	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.004	6.8215	789.9367	939.8015	0.01645
249	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.002	-1.9956	265.1675	429.8416	0.0053
250	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.002	-2.236	290.1994	452.447	0.005383
251	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.002	4.013	272.2289	439.5488	0.005233
252	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.002	-4.3346	243.911	410.8887	0.005283
253	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.004	-7.698	551.3043	798.6477	0.010317
254	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.004	-8.3763	583.6562	799.8567	0.010217
255	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.004	-5.7322	586.1289	808.2166	0.0101
256	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.004	-10.6722	632.6789	820.8611	0.010183
257	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.002	-6.2192	239.2638	407.4894	0.003683
258	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.002	-5.9543	222.521	390.2903	0.00355
259	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.002	-3.0845	235.9659	402.9293	0.0036
260	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.002	-5.0371	238.1947	404.5824	0.00375
261	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.004	0.6855	450.2806	722.0339	0.0087
262	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.004	-5.9918	451.54	725.2946	0.00865
263	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.004	0.3178	431.8087	711.5893	0.008733
264	Nitrogen	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.004	-6.1431	427.4748	707.3424	0.00845
265	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.002	-0.9936	233.9084	409.4519	0.005833
266	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.002	-6.1776	222.7882	398.1978	0.006167
267	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.002	-6.5692	226.5024	394.842	0.00615
268	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.002	-2.3798	222.1694	397.9633	0.006317
269	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.004	-19.452	599.3386	832.4204	0.013917
270	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.004	-0.1279	602.5334	836.5058	0.014117
271	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.004	-3.2324	523.1524	787.7618	0.014
272	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	0	0.004	-34.4619	601.1962	836.1058	0.013967

273	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.002	0.2513	199.3094	347.2567	0.005303
274	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.002	-3.6243	218.8308	390.5504	0.004983
275	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.002	-5.9063	192.0687	362.943	0.0051
276	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.002	-4.2392	216.4476	385.8445	0.005067
277	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.004	-9.9999	476.6622	753.0843	0.01065
278	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.004	-11.7715	489.5776	758.6761	0.010633
279	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.004	2.9542	480.4437	754.4806	0.010467
280	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	7	0.004	-2.1941	511.9545	769.3339	0.0106
281	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.002	-6.109	204.4404	376.8224	0.003967
282	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.002	-6.7699	211.039	386.3852	0.004367
283	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.002	-6.4716	199.5895	376.1318	0.0042
284	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.002	-6.3844	197.3483	368.705	0.004583
285	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.004	-6.0734	394.0755	687.6333	0.0075
286	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.004	-3.0562	412.9907	704.7245	0.007667
287	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.004	-10.7784	421.1492	707.0094	0.007417
288	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	HSS	15	0.004	-6.614	404.2209	691.2181	0.007383
289	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-2.2294	596.8598	523.5713	0.013567
290	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-4.6507	616.3077	535.1927	0.0135
291	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-3.8218	543.6471	497.6703	0.013217
292	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-1.2763	547.3946	502.9702	0.013517
293	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	0.8062	466.1516	656.3718	0.019283
294	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-0.4458	872.2132	871.4515	0.0193
295	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	1.3564	594.1015	658.8432	0.01965
296	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	0.6086	869.8085	895.6769	0.019417
297	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-1.4931	523.7329	495.9682	0.012717
298	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-2.5415	497.2013	484.0035	0.012433
299	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-3.776	529.2054	494.7562	0.012267
300	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-1.2934	512.1106	482.9916	0.0121
301	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	3.325	367.0536	574.5563	0.018233
302	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	6.01606	390.1058	573.6699	0.018433
303	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	1.2069	416.9256	636.4796	0.0182
304	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-1.073	406.4825	615.2771	0.018483
305	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	9.3021	512.6168	244.6355	0.010733
306	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	1.8785	354.5089	378.3851	0.011388
307	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	2.3068	360.3917	359.408	0.010133
308	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	10.5578	337.8878	289.9954	0.0107
309	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	1.8668	240.7465	439.7258	0.015817
310	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	3.9826	322.9753	492.7041	0.015883
311	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	0.086	287.1598	454.693	0.015783
312	Dry	102o steel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	2.5432	273.6629	437.4799	0.016067
313	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	0.6978	338.1305	189.097	0.012633

314	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-1.1188	348.3737	170.9871	0.012783
315	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	1.0023	333.2833	150.3163	0.0128
316	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-1.7715	377.2822	364.3751	0.012367
317	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-2.0723	457.3035	575.1828	0.01905
318	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	1.7254	495.4884	563.8183	0.019267
319	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-0.8265	460.0241	549.9596	0.019017
320	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-0.387	455.1406	565.715	0.019217
321	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	3.2196	283.4148	369.1915	0.0113
322	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-1.6395	160.2749	293.5696	0.011283
323	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	7.9695	234.6311	345.852	0.011167
324	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-2.3373	225.7492	335.4811	0.011233
325	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	3.0871	101.4971	409.2714	0.016833
326	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-3.7988	101.5943	389.4993	0.016817
327	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	2.9572	90.4716	396.5178	0.017067
328	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-2.8441	107.7146	402.7248	0.017
329	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	0.3611	188.7805	316.0091	0.010833
330	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	2.4583	337.6728	395.5955	0.010983
331	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	2.9625	312.1055	377.7923	0.010916
332	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-3.8674	339.7787	391.0737	0.0115
333	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-2.3014	174.3373	421.9717	0.01477
334	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-2.4143	163.4782	415.0167	0.014967
335	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-2.0272	163.8543	407.3952	0.01465
336	Cold Comp. Air	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-8.0299	210.2706	403.4888	0.014833
337	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-1.0672	569.192	515.2243	0.010367
338	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-1.497	573.9338	518.5329	0.0103
339	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-0.5816	612.6996	530.6029	0.010317
340	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	-1.8225	554.8034	504.8034	0.010367
341	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-1.7063	119.802	380.7269	0.01833
342	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-1.8092	110.2787	428.211	0.0184
343	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-3.1574	94.613	420.5035	0.01835
344	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-1.0679	149.615	442.9037	0.018317
345	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	1.3847	396.1477	431.4025	0.00835
346	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-1.8001	184.2387	309.4843	0.0081
347	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	0.1967	178.3388	303.8884	0.00805
348	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-0.9455	206.0992	316.3875	0.008217
349	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	0.0937	93.0722	407.5095	0.0172
350	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-4.5185	86.3988	372.9463	0.017217
351	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-0.9038	131.986	444.2793	0.017267
352	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-3.1372	88.5143	391.7454	0.017233
353	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-1.3698	189.9325	315.1837	0.0039
354	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	1.5552	167.8439	292.7292	0.003933

355	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	0.1427	215.3725	337.8947	0.0041
356	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-2.3676	289.7561	376.0429	0.004
357	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-3.8146	80.5854	311.0417	0.0084
358	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-7.8389	76.4343	328.4096	0.00855
359	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-0.4439	73.6059	346.4909	0.008567
360	Nitrogen	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-8.1946	103.6189	341.8446	0.008417
361	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	0.1387	211.057	330.4854	0.007133
362	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	1.0517	210.2753	321.8856	0.006883
363	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	4.2256	256.9295	352.5296	0.007267
364	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.002	6.5148	394.8416	426.4477	0.007417
365	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	14.2632	214.1733	474.0729	0.016083
366	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	-1.8032	131.7219	479.6725	0.015517
367	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	1.8997	307.9192	536.7797	0.015683
368	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	0	0.004	0.8871	206.8685	528.9951	0.01575
369	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	0.5609	240.11	348.0906	0.008833
370	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-0.2837	252.9805	357.976	0.008733
371	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	1.5127	267.613	364.119	0.00865
372	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.002	-0.3805	341.5222	405.5661	0.0086
373	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	7.34	92.014	374.7444	0.0167
374	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-0.187	96.4095	374.8534	0.016767
375	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	6.2857	85.2848	366.0598	0.016583
376	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	7	0.004	-3.7301	108.0995	383.0404	0.016633
377	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	0.4697	204.1102	328.7274	0.0105
378	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	-2.8833	179.4327	310.866	0.010005
379	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	5.4411	165.3175	311.6137	0.010017
380	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.002	3.9277	201.2311	324.2809	0.0101
381	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	4.6177	78.7616	310.2681	0.018367
382	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-10.2938	72.0907	315.8874	0.018533
383	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	0.2377	98.6274	344.1799	0.0181
384	Liquid Nit.	102oSteel	Unctd. Carb.	15	0.004	-5.3144	78.1311	316.0656	0.018167

APPENDIX 3

The first table below lists the various parameters like chip thickness ratio, shear plane angle, forces along and normal to the rake face (F, N), shear plane (Fs, Fn, Fsp, Fnp) and the respective ratios. The second table lists the shear area, shear stress, shear strain, normal stress, friction coefficient, etc.,

Ru n	Chip thick ness ratio	Phi radia ns	Psi degre es	Fricti on Force (F)	Norm al Force (N)	F/N Ratio	Fs (Mercha nt)	Fn (Mercha nt)	Fs/Fn (Mercha nt)	Fs (Payto n)	Fn (Payto n)	Fs/Fn (Payto n)
1	0.188 982	0.1867 8	34.298 32	198.82	232.64	0.8546 25	191.673 81	238.562 18	0.80345 4	23.914 35	305.08 83	0.0783 85
2	0.202 02	0.1993 37	33.578 81	172.65	216.19 96	0.7985 68	177.730 3	212.042 99	0.83818 1	30.794 22	274.95 82	0.1119 96
3	0.199 601	0.1970 12	33.712 06	175.44 92	213.34 2	0.8223 85	174.872 71	213.814 79	0.81787 26	26.794 26	274.91 69	0.0974 63
4	0.189 215	0.1870 04	34.285 46	177.01 13	214.62 94	0.8247 3	177.978 26	213.828 25	0.83234 2	26.600 01	276.93 18	0.0960 53
5	0.258 065	0.2525 54	30.529 71	233.37 45	335.57 65	0.6954 44	266.615 96	309.824 43	0.86053 9	72.267 73	402.30 91	0.1796 32
6	0.262 295	0.2565 17	30.302 68	241.89 35	339.29 45	0.7129 31	266.821 21	320.061 97	0.83365 5	68.872 91	410.96 2	0.1675 89
7	0.264 55	0.2586 25	30.181 85	235.16 6	338.09 37	0.6955 65	266.705 36	313.813 08	0.84988 6	72.780 87	405.35 58	0.1795 48
8	0.025 397	0.0253 91	43.545 18	248.19 28	346.04 26	0.7172 32	339.629 78	256.898 35	1.32204 26	69.190 26	420.18 79	0.1646 65
9	0.230 415	0.2311 01	35.258 9	167.30 79	179.53 03	0.9319 2	160.277 8	185.833 5	0.86248 1	23.598 65	244.26 66	0.0966 1
10	0.229 885	0.2305 73	35.289 12	164.14 49	181.04 72	0.9066 42	162.225 97	182.768 61	0.88760 3	26.830 6	242.90 28	0.1104 58
11	0.231 214	0.2318 96	35.213 32	165.79 59	181.41 96	0.9138 81	162.173 48	184.664 92	0.87820 4	26.015 58	244.38 61	0.1064 53
12	0.233 1	0.2337 74	35.105 76	165.44 72	184.21 98	0.8980 96	164.648 1	184.934 33	0.89030 6	28.343 87	245.98 03	0.1152 28
13	0.271 555	0.2718 55	32.923 88	235.57 65	296.78 1	0.7937 72	258.332 69	277.199 31	0.93193 8	66.178 15	373.08 94	0.1773 79
14	0.273 038	0.2733 15	32.840 2	235.71 82	297.90 77	0.7912 46	259.020 1	277.886 11	0.93210 9	66.928 08	373.94 22	0.1789 8
15	0.274 914	0.2751 62	32.734 36	227.33 29	291.41 94	0.7800 88	253.371 63	269.087 94	0.94159 4	67.624 88	363.36 26	0.1861 09
16	0.274 537	0.2747 91	32.755 64	227.98 08	292.31 27	0.7799 21	254.255 97	269.769 99	0.94249 2	67.864 62	364.43 98	0.1862 16
17	0.245 399	0.2479 07	38.296 58	153.73 58	147.12 11	1.0449 61	149.242 64	151.677 07	0.98395 61	23.130 61	211.52 84	0.1093 5
18	0.249 066	0.2517 03	38.078 5	159.64 57	148.20 71	1.0771 8	149.811 4	158.141 19	0.94732 7	20.394 43	216.87 82	0.0940 36
19	0.241 838	0.2442 21	38.507 16	159.65 05	150.05 84	1.0639 23	152.841 47	156.988 24	0.97358 6	21.860 26	218.00 91	0.1002 72
20	0.246 002	0.2485 31	38.260 2	157.78 22	147.46 64	1.0699 54	149.546 76	155.811 8	0.95979 1	20.941 21	214.94 89	0.0974 24
21	0.288 122	0.2921 27	35.762 36	231.36 72	251.68 76	0.9192 63	244.556 16	238.892 69	1.02370 7	58.829 78	336.77 36	0.1746 86
22	0.287 088	0.2910 57	35.823 64	236.83 73	253.11 1	0.9357 05	246.074 22	244.140 38	1.00792 1	56.629 02	341.97 98	0.1655 92
23	0.285 368	0.2892 78	35.925 61	228.74 15	250.97 98	0.9113 94	244.600 37	235.550 81	1.03841 9	59.866 62	334.25 97	0.1791 02
24	0.288 122	0.2921 27	35.762 36	230.24 26	250.72 81	0.9182 96	243.631 16	237.739 55	1.02478 2	58.753 12	335.29 73	0.1752 27

25	0.172 662	0.1709 77	35.203 76	201.54 71	224.57 02	0.8974 79	187.003 57	236.817 81	0.78965 2	16.279 79	301.31 04	0.0540 3
26	0.176 211	0.1744 21	35.006 42	184.11 74	226.13 35	0.8141 98	190.751 09	220.566 54	0.86482 3	29.709 87	290.09 12	0.1024 16
27	0.178 838	0.1769 67	34.860 52	182.08 79	224.39 63	0.8114 57	188.836 04	218.747 92	0.86325 9	29.916 56	287.42 77	0.1040 84
28	0.179 104	0.1772 25	34.845 76	174.54 85	217.52 49	0.8024 3	183.345 1	210.163 83	0.87239 1	30.388 9	277.23 78	0.1096 13
29	0.245 148	0.2404 07	31.225 72	253.76 56	351.61 2	0.7217 21	281.079 13	330.185 55	0.85127 6	69.187 85	428.06 66	0.1616 29
30	0.247 678	0.2427 92	31.089 04	253.23 63	353.22 15	0.7169 33	281.980 2	330.728 31	0.85260 4	70.700 21	428.83 04	0.1648 68
31	0.244 903	0.2401 76	31.238 94	242.57 45	345.34 93	0.7024 03	277.734 46	317.761 07	0.87403 6	72.672 76	415.72 49	0.1748 1
32	0.245 897	0.2411 13	31.185 25	255.93 73	354.12 16	0.7227 38	282.764 26	333.092 16	0.84890 7	69.426 78	431.37 68	0.1609 42
33	0.241 926	0.2425 46	34.603 12	179.61 98	191.41 77	0.9383 66	168.463 3	201.306 01	0.83685 2	24.343 66	261.36 45	0.0931 41
34	0.246 406	0.2469 92	34.348 39	164.35 97	183.49 59	0.8957 13	161.606 36	185.925 44	0.8692	28.522 27	244.68 63	0.1165 67
35	0.247 433	0.2480 11	34.290 01	164.70 58	183.75 23	0.8963 47	161.627 73	186.465 45	0.86679 7	28.484 98	245.11 53	0.1162 11
36	0.240 964	0.2415 91	34.657 85	169.81 41	185.48 77	0.9155 01	163.935 95	190.702 69	0.85964 2	26.399 8	250.09 11	0.1055 61
37	0.278 746	0.2789 31	32.518 45	248.55 64	304.48 34	0.8163 22	261.946 25	293.043 62	0.89388 1	63.346 11	387.91 45	0.1632 99
38	0.280 053	0.2802 16	32.444 82	243.75 47	301.17 35	0.8093 5	259.056 54	288.117 23	0.89913 6	64.048 83	382.12 51	0.1676 12
39	0.279 076	0.2792 56	32.499 83	244.14 92	302.48 52	0.8071 44	260.566 86	288.463 23	0.90329 3	64.769 83	383.28 97	0.1689 84
40	0.283 352	0.2834 56	32.259 19	251.60 73	308.76 01	0.8148 96	264.348 9	297.924 03	0.88730 3	64.527 6	393.03 34	0.1641 78
41	0.301 523	0.3059 81	34.968 6	160.50 72	152.26 65	1.0541 2	145.028 83	167.075 74	0.86804 2	23.090 55	220.03 29	0.1049 41
42	0.311 687	0.3164 77	34.367 18	166.18 81	154.17 33	1.0779 31	144.860 56	174.365 44	0.83078 7	21.144 98	225.70 06	0.0936 86
43	0.309 277	0.3139 9	34.509 72	179.56 36	147.69 66	1.2157 6	138.128 25	187.023 89	0.73855 9	7.8641 93	232.36 93	0.0338 44
44	0.299 999	0.3044 06	35.058 84	164.79 77	152.59 66	1.0799 56	145.438 85	171.147 72	0.84978 6	20.740 59	223.63 77	0.0927 42
45	0.329 679	0.3350 28	33.304 3	227.55 33	252.35 97	0.9017 02	235.034 81	245.406 94	0.95773 5	61.684 76	334.15 7	0.1845 98
46	0.328 326	0.3336 35	33.384 13	231.46 96	251.93 22	0.9187 77	234.669 07	248.954 73	0.94261 7	58.961 52	337.00 38	0.1749 58
47	0.327 439	0.3327 21	33.436 47	244.42 37	257.95 48	0.9475 45	239.985 84	262.088 6	0.91566 7	55.853 53	350.94 73	0.1591 51
48	0.330 142	0.3355 05	33.277 01	246.35 27	257.46 56	0.9568 37	238.625 52	264.643 17	0.90168 8	54.291 17	352.17 98	0.1541 58
49	0.202 362	0.1996 65	33.560 02	181.94 04	218.28 21	0.8335 1	177.859 21	221.620 14	0.80254 1	25.697 46	283	0.0908 04
50	0.198 02	0.1954 91	33.799 2	178.80 97	221.47 08	0.8073 74	182.518 9	218.424 08	0.83561 7	30.165 95	283.04 11	0.1065 78
51	0.200 335	0.1977 17	33.671 64	186.53 51	226.37 42	0.8240 12	185.322 5	227.367 97	0.81507 7	28.170 5	291.97 1	0.0964 84
52	0.201 681	0.1990 11	33.597 51	192.81 14	228.83 84	0.8425 66	186.202 92	234.247 14	0.79489 9	25.474 94	298.15 14	0.0854 43
53	0.289 505	0.2818 01	28.853 99	240.24 91	344.26	0.6978 71	263.871 11	326.506 69	0.80816 4	73.546 81	413.31 03	0.1779 46
54	0.287 77	0.2801 99	28.945 78	240.72 94	345.01 23	0.6977 42	264.984	326.753 13	0.81096 1	73.739 15	414.18 19	0.1780 36
55	0.289 164	0.2814 86	28.872 06	252.32 28	352.80 82	0.7151 84	268.831 97	340.396 52	0.78976 1	71.053 91	427.89 22	0.1660 56
56	0.286 738	0.2792 46	29.000 37	245.01 84	345.49 75	0.7091 76	264.579 44	330.757 1	0.79992 1	71.049 45	417.55 78	0.1701 55
57	0.286 398	0.2864 43	32.088 02	169.11 25	186.43 57	0.9070 82	156.270 57	197.324 2	0.79194 8	27.574 75	250.19 39	0.1102 14
58	0.280 387	0.2805 44	32.426 03	179.81 52	185.55 98	0.9690 42	154.879 07	206.829 4	0.74882 5	19.826 93	257.62 92	0.0769 59

59	0.278 424	0.2786 14	32.536 59	175.47 17	189.75 49	0.9247 28	160.098 45	202.893 4	0.78907 7	25.846 91	257.15 6	0.1005 11
60	0.283 018	0.2831 27	32.278 02	190.32 42	187.69 73	1.0139 95	154.769 94	217.944 57	0.71013 4	14.464 33	266.91 64	0.0541 9
61	0.360 36	0.3579 85	27.988 99	233.46 86	294.27 18	0.7933 77	231.582 06	295.758 7	0.78301	65.695 61	369.84 8	0.1776 29
62	0.373 832	0.3707 76	27.256 08	228.42 33	292.42 1	0.7811 45	227.227 44	293.351 17	0.77459 2	67.652 51	364.84 29	0.1854 29
63	0.366 411	0.3637 4	27.659 23	244.61 81	300.27 63	0.8146 44	233.038 9	309.348 88	0.75332 1	62.804 76	382.17 72	0.1643 34
64	0.372 682	0.3696 88	27.318 43	237.05 6	297.02 96	0.7980 89	229.899 71	302.602 41	0.75974 2	65.383 94	374.36 22	0.1746 54
65	0.408 163	0.4151 97	28.710 95	154.43 63	148.15 02	1.0424 3	122.813 2	175.259 75	0.70075	23.520 63	212.71 07	0.1105 76
66	0.424 025	0.4311 94	27.794 38	154.77 47	148.20 17	1.0443 52	119.987 62	177.544 18	0.67581 8	23.355 42	213.01 05	0.1096 44
67	0.428 568	0.4357 6	27.532 76	155.39 77	148.12 71	1.0490 83	118.994 43	178.690 82	0.66592 4	22.917 05	213.45 93	0.1073 6
68	0.433 213	0.4404 21	27.265 75	156.34 08	148.37 22	1.0537 07	118.233 96	180.215 11	0.65607 1	22.537 29	214.35 68	0.1051 39
69	0.469 667	0.4767 14	25.186 29	234.15 44	253.27 66	0.9245 01	197.513 06	282.782 43	0.69846 3	58.393 63	339.95 22	0.1717 7
70	0.470 588	0.4776 24	25.134 14	238.26 64	255.83 45	0.9313 3	198.873 62	287.526 39	0.69167 1	57.919 76	344.77 16	0.1679 95
71	0.478 087	0.4850 2	24.710 41	226.61 19	249.18 5	0.9094 12	192.837 22	276.152 01	0.69830 1	59.739 14	331.47 75	0.1802 21
72	0.467 836	0.4749 04	25.289 99	218.63 56	246.12 74	0.8883 02	194.319 32	265.744 69	0.73122 6	62.169 1	323.28 82	0.1923 02
73	0.266 667	0.2606 02	30.068 58	195.20 67	248.52 07	0.7854 75	189.831 91	252.650 04	0.75136 3	37.698 69	313.76 27	0.1201 5
74	0.267 856	0.2617 12	30.004 98	201.06 63	239.01 19	0.8412 4	178.850 26	256.060 4	0.69846 9	26.831 59	311.18 23	0.0862 25
75	0.261 438	0.2557 14	30.348 64	232.18 35	268.99 21	0.8631 61	201.517 51	292.671 52	0.68854 5	26.027 61	354.38 47	0.0734 45
76	0.265 488	0.2595 02	30.131 66	221.04 88	253.79 22	0.8709 83	188.573 86	278.770 43	0.67644 9	23.153 08	335.76 33	0.0689 57
77	0.262 008	0.2562 48	30.318 06	272.91 95	370.48 16	0.7366 61	289.212 26	357.907 72	0.80806 4	68.986 82	454.95 33	0.1516 35
78	0.262 582	0.2567 85	30.287 29	262.95 23	362.83 37	0.7247 19	284.154 28	346.480 23	0.82011 7	70.626 82	442.49 75	0.1596 1
79	0.260 586	0.2549 17	30.394 32	398.81 32	389.35 97	1.0242 8	276.210 39	484.108 22	0.57055 5	6.6846 3	557.32 24	0.0119 9
80	0.260 303	0.2546 52	30.409 52	247.15 7	372.20 43	0.6640 36	297.940 12	332.947 91	0.89485 5	88.421 79	437.95 46	0.2018 97
81	0.331 51	0.3303 29	29.573 56	170.46 3	196.33 26	0.8682 36	156.867 37	207.356 63	0.75651	34.092 21	257.76 32	0.1322 62
82	0.32 032	0.3192 02	30.211 08	174.15 22	191.71 17	0.9084 07	153.911 13	208.311 58	0.73885 1	28.186 83	257.46 43	0.1094 79
83	0.321 714	0.3208 62	30.115 96	168.13 91	191.16 48	0.8795 51	154.215 85	202.564 11	0.76131 9	31.761 63	252.59 84	0.1257 4
84	0.322 581	0.3217 01	30.067 89	166.01 94	186.62 49	0.8895 89	150.016 15	199.715 95	0.75114 8	29.765 97	248.00 26	0.1200 23
85	0.322 581	0.3217 01	30.067 89	270.55 09	324.57 6	0.8335 52	264.511 49	329.516 36	0.80272 6	63.820 58	417.70 12	0.1527 9
86	0.321 716	0.3208 64	30.115 86	261.31 43	317.66 51	0.8226 09	259.835 53	318.875 86	0.81484 9	64.764 99	406.20 41	0.1594 4
87	0.319 573	0.3187 88	30.234 79	262.89 82	322.00 01	0.8164 54	264.438 9	320.736 06	0.82447 5	66.962 17	410.26 29	0.1632 18
88	0.318 302	0.3175 56	30.305 4	254.69 35	315.62 65	0.8069 46	260.174 53	311.123 93	0.83624 1	67.625 22	399.89 46	0.1691 08
89	0.419 577	0.4267 17	28.050 91	149.60 48	152.04 33	0.9839 62	125.419 54	172.536 03	0.72691 8	29.550 45	211.24 75	0.1398 85
90	0.409 556	0.4166 06	28.630 26	152.82 74	154.17 95	0.9912 3	128.771 52	174.772 48	0.73679 5	29.283 43	215.10 46	0.1361 36
91	0.413 793	0.4208 85	28.385 09	155.14 91	155.86 91	0.9953 81	129.322 92	177.881 94	0.72701 5	29.210 49	217.97 51	0.1340 08

92	0.418 119	0.4252 47	28.135 12	155.85 07	154.05 47	1.0116 58	126.641 24	178.841 46	0.70812	27.343 91	217.42 72	0.1257 61
93	0.380 952	0.3875 74	30.293 66	240.57 39	262.98 13	0.9147 95	230.725 62	271.662 73	0.84930 9	62.184 94	350.95 3	0.1771 89
94	0.373 249	0.3797 17	30.743 84	238.22 15	258.73 61	0.9207 12	228.914 06	267.006 09	0.85733 6	60.249 1	346.50 24	0.1738 78
95	0.379 147	0.3857 34	30.399 1	250.91 75	267.58 79	0.9377 01	234.517 83	282.071 36	0.83141 3	59.542 9	361.96 34	0.1645
96	0.382 775	0.3894 27	30.187 27	252.96 47	266.94 29	0.9476 36	232.573 02	284.884 91	0.81637 5	57.784 9	363.19 49	0.1591 02
97	0.227 79	0.2239 69	32.167 53	164.03 91	203.03 55	0.8079 33	161.531 16	205.036 4	0.78781 7	27.574 62	259.56 09	0.1062 36
98	0.225 479	0.2217 7	32.293 49	159.13 37	198.93 11	0.7999 44	159.056 61	198.992 74	0.79930 9	28.141 01	253.19 46	0.1111 46
99	0.231 75	0.2277 3	31.952 06	160.24 27	201.45 72	0.7954 18	160.078 48	201.587 72	0.79408 8	29.143 05	255.76 05	0.1139 47
100	0.229 095	0.2252 09	32.096 49	166.88 88	204.18 74	0.8173 32	161.763 25	208.271 5	0.77669 4	26.374 09	262.39 05	0.1005 15
101	0.269 96	0.2636 75	29.892 55	206.64 33	317.00 22	0.6518 67	252.188 76	282.121 74	0.8939	78.035 53	370.27 33	0.2107 51
102	0.258 615	0.2530 7	30.500 13	209.63 8	319.10 74	0.6569 51	256.454 57	282.858 05	0.90665 5	77.406 56	373.87 95	0.2070 36
103	0.265 481	0.2594 95	30.132 03	205.27 93	315.95 2	0.6497 17	252.700 71	279.477 39	0.90419	78.257 42	368.56 62	0.2123 29
104	0.268 15	0.2619 87	29.989 24	207.89 65	318.14 58	0.6534 63	253.444 5	283.202 38	0.89492 4	77.958 03	371.96 81	0.2095 83
105	0.243 902	0.2445 09	34.490 69	151.86 41	166.89 2	0.9099 54	147.112 64	171.095 05	0.85983	24.366 53	224.32 55	0.1086 21
106	0.236 686	0.2373 4	34.901 39	149.21 79	165.67 8	0.9006 5	147.433 45	167.268	0.88142 1	25.210 74	221.53 92	0.1137 98
107	0.243 25	0.2438 61	34.527 8	140.11 17	162.02 37	0.8647 61	143.817 71	158.743 27	0.90597 7	28.507 75	212.29 76	0.1342 82
108	0.238 663	0.2393 06	34.788 8	144.28 06	164.07 91	0.8793 35	146.093 5	162.467 03	0.89921 9	27.284 82	216.78 19	0.1258 63
109	0.278 416	0.2786 06	32.537 02	209.71 47	277.26 75	0.7563 62	241.209 11	250.351 14	0.96348 3	68.699 93	340.79 9	0.2015 9
110	0.279 076	0.2792 56	32.499 83	204.62 28	276.73 4	0.7394 21	241.316 13	245.395 03	0.98337 8	71.674 32	336.62 29	0.2129 22
111	0.284 698	0.2847 76	32.183 56	205.52 7	276.60 02	0.7430 47	239.679 5	247.593 89	0.96803 5	70.975 02	337.21 14	0.2104 76
112	0.280 053	0.2802 16	32.444 82	208.94 87	277.28 67	0.7535 48	240.945 43	249.985 57	0.96383 7	69.221 86	340.22 91	0.2034 57
113	0.258 065	0.2610 18	37.544 76	146.03 63	139.04 71	1.0502 65	139.161 17	145.927 65	0.95363 1	21.412 24	200.50 49	0.1067 92
114	0.266 667	0.2699 24	37.034 51	144.61 95	138.32 7	1.0454 9	137.147 53	145.738 47	0.94105 2	21.703 45	198.94 25	0.1090 94
115	0.265 498	0.2687 14	37.103 8	139.02 18	136.83 67	1.0159 69	135.872 12	139.964 69	0.97076	23.928 75	193.59 43	0.1236 03
116	0.260 315	0.2633 48	37.411 27	141.36 33	136.85 72	1.0329 26	136.638 09	141.575 07	0.96512 8	22.519 59	195.46 44	0.1152 11
117	0.289 498	0.2935 5	35.680 8	205.74 92	238.57 31	0.8624 16	231.921 19	213.219 14	1.08771 3	64.020 57	308.46 59	0.2075 45
118	0.289 855	0.2939 19	35.659 67	207.59 83	237.60 4	0.8737 15	230.814 55	215.121 68	1.07294 9	62.126 08	309.34 29	0.2008 32
119	0.291 609	0.2957 33	35.555 75	210.91 04	239.18 19	0.8817 99	231.888 62	218.903 75	1.05931 8	61.361 62	312.93 12	0.1960 87
120	0.291 397	0.2955 13	35.568 34	212.46 39	239.74 01	0.8862 26	232.442 26	220.424 25	1.05452 2	60.858 78	314.50 35	0.1935 07
121	0.259 182	0.2536 01	30.469 72	164.01 85	204.67 64	0.8013 55	156.978 99	210.123 99	0.74707 8	28.749 48	260.70 67	0.1102 75
122	0.257 622	0.2521 4	30.553 46	156.95 43	198.94 73	0.7889 24	153.500 33	201.624 23	0.76131 9	29.693 54	251.66 04	0.1179 9
123	0.260 305	0.2546 54	30.409 43	164.01 26	204.25 2	0.8029 91	156.348 56	210.176 45	0.74389 2	28.453 55	260.40 24	0.1092 68
124	0.259 74	0.2541 25	30.439 72	160.40 36	200.09 09	0.8016 54	153.339 52	205.554 56	0.74598	28.063 16	254.90 81	0.1100 91
125	0.326 984	0.3160 26	26.893 06	220.47 36	327.79 7	0.6725 92	243.042 55	311.431 85	0.78040 4	75.889 1	387.68 59	0.1957 49

126	0.332 889	0.3213 51	26.587 94	215.22 96	324.36 54	0.6635 41	239.781	306.662 3	0.78190 6	77.170 66	381.55 13	0.2022 55
127	0.323 468	0.3128 45	27.075 29	220.19 4	327.58 56	0.6721 72	243.916 72	310.326 21	0.78600 1	75.937 33	387.33 87	0.1960 49
128	0.330 123	0.3188 58	26.730 76	216.08 2	326.08 36	0.6626 58	241.909 04	307.411 72	0.78692 2	77.782 88	383.36 9	0.2028 93
129	0.282 354	0.2824 76	32.315 33	151.60 58	168.22 11	0.9012 3	141.865 44	176.513 07	0.80371 1	25.533 08	225.01 27	0.1134 74
130	0.277 135	0.2773 47	32.609 18	146.78 39	166.00 48	0.8842 15	141.324 45	170.676 63	0.82802 5	27.068 3	219.93 28	0.1230 75
131	0.281 163	0.2813 06	32.382 33	146.93 41	166.00 55	0.8851 16	140.624 48	171.383 26	0.82052 6	26.969 3	220.04 57	0.1225 62
132	0.281 029	0.2811 74	32.389 89	144.33 8	164.37 28	0.8781 13	139.446 05	168.542 82	0.82736 3	27.466 73	217.01 95	0.1265 63
133	0.349 345	0.3474 66	28.591 65	236.87 88	283.47 81	0.8356 16	223.397 42	294.219 3	0.75928 9	55.351 97	365.25	0.1515 45
134	0.351 905	0.3499 16	28.451 32	214.20 71	283.24 21	0.7562 69	227.564 92	272.626 03	0.83471 5	70.197 85	348.11 35	0.2016 52
135	0.350 877	0.3489 32	28.507 64	214.58 49	277.95 27	0.7720 19	222.593 93	271.581 15	0.81962 2	65.986 01	344.89 16	0.1913 24
136	0.352 942	0.3509 07	28.394 52	228.14 59	280.14 42	0.8143 87	221.116 78	285.724 78	0.77388	58.641 56	356.50 03	0.1644 92
137	0.321 714	0.3268 21	33.774 52	142.20 04	138.62 4	1.0257 99	129.091 46	150.907 16	0.85543 6	23.411 72	197.20 41	0.1187 18
138	0.318 304	0.3233 05	33.975 98	143.80 83	139.20 69	1.0330 54	130.104 26	152.092 96	0.85542 6	22.895 38	198.83 46	0.1151 48
139	0.322 581	0.3277 15	33.723 34	138.59 56	137.45 17	1.0083 23	128.024 22	147.348 26	0.86885 5	24.676 05	193.63 06	0.1274 39
140	0.321 714	0.3268 21	33.774 52	142.54 78	139.77 38	1.0198 47	130.216 21	151.328 55	0.86048 7	24.112 39	198.17 97	0.1216 69
141	0.395 39	0.4022 57	29.452 38	208.66 93	240.27 66	0.8684 54	208.697 54	240.252 12	0.86866	63.594 45	311.81 96	0.2039 46
142	0.358 744	0.3648 83	31.593 74	213.11 28	241.91 58	0.8809 38	218.702 09	236.874 9	0.92328 1	62.189 91	316.34 28	0.1965 9
143	0.359 819	0.3659 84	31.530 68	223.56 01	225.66 42	0.9906 76	201.191 26	245.816 07	0.81846 3	42.936 67	314.73 78	0.1364 2
144	0.388 992	0.3957 57	29.824 81	210.46 15	240.68 31	0.8744 34	210.418 25	240.720 93	0.87411 7	62.825 94	313.48 89	0.2004 09
145	0.251 045	0.2459 62	30.907 42	169.87 55	207.39 08	0.8191 08	159.786 19	215.260 32	0.74229 3	26.527 32	266.76 76	0.0994 4
146	0.253 165	0.2479 55	30.793 23	157.34 45	198.86 75	0.7912 03	154.169 63	201.338 77	0.76572 3	29.361 19	251.87 99	0.1165 68
147	0.252 111	0.2469 65	30.849 95	158.33 71	199.32 61	0.7943 62	154.570 9	202.260 64	0.76421 6	28.983 6	252.90 61	0.1146 02
148	0.251 045	0.2459 62	30.907 42	163.77 91	203.62 06	0.8043 35	157.613 87	208.429 39	0.75619 8	28.172 19	259.79 08	0.1084 42
149	0.315 383	0.3055 09	27.495 62	221.55 4	327.48 79	0.6765 26	245.684 52	309.796 09	0.79305 2	74.906 58	388.23 13	0.1929 43
150	0.319 573	0.3093 16	27.277 52	212.99 7	321.90 11	0.6616 85	241.786 62	300.877 5	0.80360 5	77.006 83	378.23 01	0.2035 98
151	0.318 302	0.3081 61	27.343 65	213.25 04	323.49 45	0.6592 36	243.572 52	301.331 39	0.80832 1	77.948 13	379.54 22	0.2053 74
152	0.315 789	0.3058 78	27.474 47	220.53 78	327.70 31	0.6729 81	246.081 38	308.982 52	0.79642 5	75.777 31	387.66 49	0.1954 71
153	0.350 877	0.3489 32	28.507 64	147.21 93	164.68 85	0.8939 26	127.374 52	180.475 98	0.70577	25.793 94	219.38 67	0.1175 73
154	0.351 908	0.3499 18	28.451 15	144.38 04	163.16 58	0.8848 69	126.354 03	177.492 04	0.71188 6	26.534 59	216.25 14	0.1227 03
155	0.358 211	0.3559 36	28.106 34	147.37 71	165.52 26	0.8903 74	126.882 22	181.710 33	0.69826 6	26.314 13	220.05 75	0.1195 78
156	0.360 146	0.3577 81	28.000 68	146.20 6	165.40 84	0.8839 09	126.709 17	180.778 66	0.70090 8	27.004 53	219.10 47	0.1232 49
157	0.421 053	0.4149 41	24.725 61	206.68 85	277.40 02	0.7450 91	205.945 35	277.952 38	0.74093 8	70.804 52	338.61 15	0.2091 03
158	0.039 28	0.0391 55	46.256 6	211.48 21	279.01 93	0.7579 48	295.595 06	187.616 58	1.57552 7	68.840 84	343.27 45	0.2005 42
159	0.397 35	0.3929 08	25.988 05	210.15 99	279.78 35	0.7511 52	213.387 28	277.329 91	0.76943 5	70.289 28	342.79 06	0.2050 5

160	0.393 441	0.3892 48	26.197 74	211.77 93	279.81 48	0.7568 55	214.003 61	278.117 34	0.76947 2	69.239 67	344.02 42	0.2012 64
161	0.609 143	0.6097 27	17.565 19	146.54 46	138.29 24	1.0596 72	80.0415 57	184.914 69	0.43285 7	20.504 02	200.44 87	0.1022 91
162	0.591 139	0.5931 57	18.514 59	143.79 04	137.33 98	1.0469 68	83.0898 09	180.648 83	0.45995 2	21.424 97	197.68 38	0.1083 8
163	0.576 918	0.5799 33	19.272 26	143.89 57	137.72 45	1.0448 08	85.8037 93	179.754 58	0.47733 9	21.666 08	198.00 15	0.1094 24
164	0.560 742	0.5647 52	20.142 11	143.02 82	136.36 9	1.0488 32	87.4878 39	177.198 91	0.49372 7	21.118 8	196.48 81	0.1074 81
165	0.574 16	0.5773 56	19.419 96	209.85 25	239.63 68	0.8757 11	162.677 71	273.860 98	0.59401 6	62.366 53	312.36 88	0.1996 57
166	0.598 507	0.5999 62	18.124 73	211.31 41	239.52 17	0.8822 34	155.852 28	278.808 83	0.55899 3	61.385 44	313.45 83	0.1958 33
167	0.606 061	0.6069 04	17.726 95	204.20 59	239.35 88	0.8531 37	156.164 3	273.139 84	0.57173 8	65.583 44	307.71 98	0.2131 27
168	0.599 97	0.6013 09	18.047 52	203.67 25	236.49 64	0.8612 08	155.168 67	270.805 7	0.57298 9	63.637 21	305.55 42	0.2082 68
169	0.237 164	0.2328 61	31.658 03	169.70 86	211.53 28	0.8022 8	166.661 17	213.942 02	0.77900 2	29.574 18	269.57 84	0.1097 05
170	0.234 384	0.2302 28	31.808 89	168.71 3	209.52 18	0.8052 29	165.493 16	212.074 22	0.78035 5	28.856 18	267.45 24	0.1078 93
171	0.233 918	0.2297 86	31.834 21	199.28 41	238.34 24	0.8361 25	186.686 72	248.333 08	0.75175 9	27.618 39	309.44 87	0.0892 5
172	0.242 925	0.2383 09	31.345 92	169.05 98	208.79 49	0.8096 93	162.985 91	213.569 94	0.76315 96	28.096 96	267.18 36	0.1051 6
173	0.278 422	0.2715 44	29.441 65	258.75 38	356.51 59	0.7257 85	274.049 52	344.897 06	0.79458 4	69.128 24	435.06 14	0.1588 93
174	0.282 686	0.2754 97	29.215 17	251.59 98	351.19 33	0.7164 14	269.508 27	337.645 5	0.79819 9	70.423 24	426.23 91	0.1652 2
175	0.280 053	0.2730 58	29.354 93	264.37 98	362.70 55	0.7289 1	277.970 25	352.398 21	0.78879 6	69.526 77	443.41 63	0.1567 98
176	0.283 02	0.2758 07	29.197 45	234.61 65	336.84 78	0.6965 06	260.225 45	317.480 8	0.81965 7	72.288 45	404.08 63	0.1788 94
177	0.314 134	0.3135 12	30.537 07	175.36 97	189.72 92	0.9243 15	152.916 02	208.250 78	0.73428 8	25.895 34	257.06 25	0.1007 36
178	0.323 452	0.3225 44	30.019 58	154.74 25	173.99 93	0.8893 28	139.719 19	186.278 14	0.75005 7	27.782 28	231.19 07	0.1201 7
179	0.310 897	0.3103 67	30.717 31	172.07 42	187.18 37	0.9192 8	151.686 3	204.055 17	0.74335 9	26.172 49	252.90 76	0.1034 86
180	0.314 169	0.3135 46	30.535 14	159.71 56	177.30 25	0.9008 09	143.686 71	190.524 04	0.75416 6	26.960 97	237.10 42	0.1137 09
181	0.330 123	0.3289 9	29.650 24	237.85 08	300.94 75	0.7903 4	245.692 39	294.580 45	0.83404 2	67.791 66	377.55 35	0.1795 55
182	0.328 766	0.3276 81	29.725 27	236.18 52	299.41 6	0.7888 2	244.918 53	292.315 4	0.83785 7	67.748 24	375.29 13	0.1805 22
183	0.328 318	0.3272 48	29.750 05	232.36 2	294.77 18	0.7882 78	241.276 63	287.520 61	0.83916 3	66.803 27	369.35 06	0.1808 67
184	0.326 531	0.3255 21	29.849	233.84 67	300.62 56	0.7778 67	247.206 18	289.739 74	0.85320 1	70.203 73	374.34 14	0.1875 39
185	0.449 438	0.4566 39	26.336 5	153.27 84	147.57 01	1.0386 82	115.101 7	178.949 11	0.64320 9	23.765 24	211.43 89	0.1123 98
186	0.439 56	0.4467 78	26.901 53	150.62 76	143.71 25	1.0481 18	113.556 58	174.490 3	0.65079	22.318 48	206.98 76	0.1078 25
187	0.446 1	0.4533 11	26.527 21	158.43 2	145.16 39	1.0914 01	112.353 59	183.166 43	0.61339 6	18.718 97	214.06 28	0.0874 46
188	0.444 444	0.4516 58	26.621 88	165.92 24	148.02 22	1.1209 29	114.049 47	190.875 78	0.59750 6	16.426 76	221.74 54	0.0740 79
189	0.368 087	0.3744 43	31.046	221.39 51	248.78 17	0.8899 17	222.318 98	247.956 4	0.89660 5	62.594 97	327.09 32	0.1913 67
190	0.368 664	0.3750 32	31.012 23	224.44 62	250.70 8	0.8952 5	223.742 03	251.336 67	0.89020 8	62.265 83	330.68 65	0.1882 93
191	0.369 8	0.3761 93	30.945 71	218.60 55	248.52 84	0.8796	221.951 46	245.544 89	0.90391 4	64.092 27	324.72 59	0.1973 73
192	0.370 944	0.3773 62	30.878 73	217.21 57	249.07 16	0.8721 01	222.364 06	244.486 36	0.90951 5	65.369 26	323.95 4	0.2017 86
193	0.156 654	0.1553 91	36.096 75	517.11 14	614.22 53	0.8418 92	526.793 11	605.942 19	0.86937 8	68.669 9	799.97 59	0.0858 4

194	0.155 848	0.1546 04	36.141 81	502.93 18	586.95 58	0.8568 48	502.508 76	587.318 01	0.85559 9	59.413 94	770.66 69	0.0770 94
195	0.161 512	0.1601 29	35.825 29	509.78 59	594.45 69	0.8575 66	505.568 79	598.047 54	0.84536 6	59.871 44	780.81 76	0.0766 78
196	0.160 643	0.1592 82	35.873 83	495.95 98	585.18 61	0.8475 25	499.114 78	582.497 5	0.85685 3	63.092 52	764.48 56	0.0825 29
197	0.183 629	0.1816 06	34.594 73	720.61 49	825.44 22	0.8730 05	681.717 7	857.847 09	0.79468 4	74.124 09	1093.2 27	0.0678 03
198	0.183 343	0.1813 29	34.610 59	706.28 89	817.32 55	0.8641 46	676.555 06	842.103 46	0.80341 1	78.514 73	1077.3 58	0.0728 77
199	0.186 916	0.1847 84	34.412 68	707.38 73	821.71 88	0.8608 63	677.758 9	846.322 31	0.80082 8	80.844 58	1081.2 41	0.0747 7
200	0.183 486	0.1814 68	34.602 67	701.82 44	814.72 45	0.8614 25	674.686 43	837.336 43	0.80575 3	79.832 43	1072.3 62	0.0744 45
201	0.190 785	0.1914 95	37.528 14	456.43 27	473.69 66	0.9635 55	440.943 38	488.147 73	0.90329 9	52.336 35	655.72 87	0.0798 14
202	0.191 699	0.1924 12	37.475 62	441.53 75	464.32 75	0.9509 18	432.195 08	473.035 81	0.91366 3	55.189 13	638.36 48	0.0864 54
203	0.190 476	0.1911 85	37.545 89	446.96 68	471.78 26	0.9474 79	439.837 79	478.435 75	0.91932 5	57.175 11	647.37 09	0.0883 19
204	0.193 237	0.1939 53	37.387 32	458.91 57	476.94 85	0.9621 91	442.807 78	491.939 84	0.90012 6	53.126 6	659.74 32	0.0805 26
205	0.214 857	0.2155 87	36.147 79	767.72 41	753.86 21	1.0183 88	678.963 69	834.695 58	0.81342 7	55.9 55.9	1074.5 16	0.0520 23
206	0.226 411	0.2271 13	35.487 4	785.36 21	773.74 82	1.0150 1	687.227 33	862.089 62	0.79716 5	59.106 53	1100.9 03	0.0536 89
207	0.230 11	0.2307 97	35.276 29	766.85 41	753.46 86	1.0177 65	665.892 67	844.018 49	0.78895 5	56.181 71	1073.6 03	0.0523 3
208	0.235 988	0.2366 46	34.941 17	792.89 19	766.39 74	1.0345 7	670.814 61	875.243 03	0.76643 2	48.611 61	1101.6 71	0.0441 25
209	0.242 925	0.2453 46	38.442 71	381.73 17	352.42 86	1.0831 46	358.661 38	375.881 65	0.95418 7	47.216 84	517.39 31	0.0912 59
210	0.232 099	0.2341 44	39.084 53	383.84 62	350.82 67	1.0941 19	361.306 58	373.998 45	0.96606 4	44.658 81	518.09 54	0.0861 98
211	0.231 214	0.2332 28	39.137 01	401.45 54	363.25 66	1.1051 57	374.576 82	390.914 27	0.95820 7	43.800 26	539.63 26	0.0811 67
212	0.244 888	0.2473 78	38.326 29	383.70 06	355.04 51	1.0807 09	360.541 57	378.540 61	0.95245 1	48.094 11	520.54 8	0.0923 91
213	0.274 914	0.2784 61	36.545 38	676.92 07	597.65 78	1.1326 23	586.297 02	686.784 07	0.85368 5	62.070 59	900.86 84	0.0689 01
214	0.238 806	0.2410 83	38.686 94	665.28 03	578.79 86	1.1494 16	592.455 41	653.147 93	0.90707 7	54.194 82	880.15 26	0.0615 74
215	0.281 353	0.2851 24	36.163 58	669.29 21	594.04 15	1.1266 76	578.270 14	682.964 82	0.84670 6	63.845 59	892.61 47	0.0715 26
216	0.260 586	0.2636 29	37.395 17	664.22 8	595.53 44	1.1153 48	594.318 12	665.316 45	0.89328 6	68.112 84	889.50 58	0.0765 74
217	0.32 03	0.3097 03	27.255 33	249.83 09	412.02 25	0.6063 53	316.277 78	363.519 44	0.87004 4	114.68 68	468.00 1	0.2450 57
218	0.312 5	0.3028 85	27.645 98	255.87 47	420.87 44	0.6079 6	325.395 16	369.763 59	0.88000 9	116.67 24	478.53 39	0.2438 12
219	0.329 652	0.3184 34	26.755 08	242.46 52	406.13 75	0.5970 03	309.808 81	357.429 08	0.86677 08	115.73 38	458.63 14	0.2523 46
220	0.313 332	0.3036 43	27.602 54	254.75 99	420.04 15	0.6065 11	324.653 29	368.697 31	0.88054 2	116.87 17	477.15 66	0.2449 34
221	0.263 158	0.2573 24	30.256 44	666.45 2	874.21 12	0.7623 47	675.819 82	866.989 65	0.77950 2	146.90 79	1089.4 13	0.1348 5
222	0.260 298	0.2546 47	30.409 79	662.15 35	860.98 33	0.7690 67	666.419 38	857.685 67	0.77699 7	140.59 39	1077.0 2	0.1305 4
223	0.261 153	0.2554 48	30.363 93	639.28 33	856.60 07	0.7463 03	667.271 09	834.983 34	0.79914 3	153.66 66	1057.7 5	0.1452 77
224	0.262 869	0.2570 54	30.271 91	649.72 63	857.55 93	0.7576 46	664.201 43	846.397 47	0.78473 9	146.96 01	1065.8 12	0.1378 86
225	0.351 927	0.3499 36	28.450 13	271.73 93	359.83 81	0.7551 71	289.186 39	345.972 46	0.83586 5	89.442 86	441.95 67	0.2023 79
226	0.359 279	0.3569 55	28.048	241.98 8	339.63 72	0.7124 9	274.025 47	314.359 11	0.87169 6	94.027 11	406.28 87	0.2314 29
227	0.357 143	0.3549 18	28.164 71	269.81 15	359.05 34	0.7514 52	287.140 44	345.351 93	0.83144 3	90.132 55	439.99 29	0.2048 5

228	0.348 857	0.347	28.618 39	264.96 51	360.59 59	0.7347 98	292.450 13	338.686 92	0.86348 2	94.499 18	437.38 52	0.2160 55
229	0.316 631	0.3159 36	30.398 23	535.45 26	666.66 35	0.8031 83	551.085 43	653.800 17	0.84289 6	144.49 98	842.77 49	0.1714 57
230	0.32	0.3192 02	30.211 08	546.93 9	672.02 56	0.8138 66	551.956 74	667.910 49	0.82639 3	140.90 46	854.93 07	0.1648 14
231	0.318 725	0.3179 66	30.281 87	578.34 55	683.51 02	0.8461 4	557.936 77	700.268 74	0.79674 7	128.69 55	886.06 28	0.1452 44
232	0.320 428	0.3196 17	30.187 32	570.88 36	682.83 62	0.8360 48	557.583 18	693.739 34	0.80373 6	133.13 51	880.02 74	0.1512 85
233	0.373 832	0.3803 11	30.709 76	310.48 9	313.68 42	0.9898 14	274.773 29	345.399 49	0.79552 3	59.848 66	437.28 63	0.1368 64
234	0.372 648	0.3791 02	30.779 03	291.60 65	304.89 91	0.9564 04	268.675 81	325.286 2	0.82596 7	64.373 88	416.95 78	0.1543 89
235	0.372 648	0.3791 02	30.779 03	298.93 95	307.58 81	0.9718 82	270.488 15	332.883 45	0.81256 1	62.043 21	424.41 24	0.1461 86
236	0.383 384	0.3900 51	30.151 73	285.79 45	301.32 9	0.9484 47	262.301 03	321.987 29	0.81463 2	65.079 69	410.17 35	0.1586 64
237	0.406 793	0.4138 12	28.790 32	572.15 8	562.45 21	1.0172 56	469.325 46	650.730 96	0.72122 8	97.915 51	796.32 26	0.1229 6
238	0.390 892	0.3976 89	29.714 1	576.65 74	564.08 73	1.0222 84	480.766 35	647.759 15	0.74219 9	96.473 79	800.88 76	0.1204 59
239	0.4	0.4069 33	29.184 46	584.83 05	567.98 18	1.0296 64	477.429 51	660.826 13	0.72247 4	94.588 01	809.74 27	0.1168 12
240	0.395 39	0.4022 57	29.452 38	559.08 12	559.86 31	0.9986 03	476.080 49	631.953 98	0.75334 7	103.82 22	784.37 2	0.1323 64
241	0.310 078	0.3006 76	27.772 51	218.85 52	388.76 51	0.5629 5	306.506 15	324.175 69	0.94549 4	120.14 44	429.65 24	0.2796 32
242	0.319 132	0.3089 15	27.300 45	245.60 17	408.76 15	0.6008 44	314.743 14	358.249 79	0.87855 8	115.37 14	462.70 47	0.2493 41
243	0.306 904	0.2977 78	27.938 55	223.36 59	388.83 18	0.5744 54	306.184 64	327.617 86	0.93457 9	117.00 21	432.88 91	0.2702 82
244	0.314 961	0.3051 25	27.517 62	308.42 03	467.67 06	0.6594 82	353.415 33	434.668 24	0.81306 9	112.60 7	548.77 91	0.2051 95
245	0.242 914	0.2382 99	31.346 48	722.17 04	907.32 2	0.7959 36	711.213 63	915.935 84	0.77648 8	130.92 2	1152.2 25	0.1136 25
246	0.244 151	0.2394 66	31.279 59	780.89 07	928.49 49	0.8410 29	716.785 14	978.832 14	0.73228 6	104.37 19	1208.7 18	0.0863 49
247	0.242 18	0.2376 05	31.386 25	77.624 7	920.48 9	0.0843 3	876.356 48	292.104 28	3.00014 9	595.99 51	705.77 3	0.8444 57
248	0.243 161	0.2385 32	31.333 14	789.93 67	939.80 15	0.8405 36	726.548 64	989.623 12	0.73416 7	105.97 04	1223.1 1	0.0866 4
249	0.377 358	0.3741 12	27.064 99	315.57 55	394.32 18	0.8002 99	303.206 29	403.910 32	0.75067 7	86.222 95	497.63 76	0.1732 65
250	0.371 519	0.3685 86	27.381 56	343.17 57	413.70 81	0.8295 12	317.501 6	433.724 24	0.73203 6	82.453 95	531.15 47	0.1552 35
251	0.382 19	0.3786 71	26.803 73	323.76 73	403.09 61	0.8032 01	307.770 38	415.438 46	0.74083 3	87.366 46	509.58 69	0.1714 46
252	0.378 551	0.3752 38	27.000 43	292.16 77	378.10 07	0.7727 24	292.907 22	377.528 09	0.77585 5	89.584 55	469.35 78	0.1908 66
253	0.387 721	0.3838 78	26.505 41	644.52 56	725.50 76	0.8883 79	534.047 51	810.288 74	0.65908 3	116.29 75	963.45 7	0.1207 09
254	0.391 516	0.3874 42	26.301 2	676.78 37	722.76 49	0.9363 82	520.052 31	842.597 7	0.61720 1	92.868 44	985.79 96	0.0942 06
255	0.396 04	0.3916 82	26.058 29	680.25 68	730.76 11	0.9308 88	523.258 27	850.271 69	0.61540 1	96.555 93	993.69 92	0.0971 68
256	0.392 812	0.3886 57	26.231 57	728.00 08	737.63 84	0.9869 35	519.888 81	896.555 16	0.57987 4	70.070 54	1034.0 14	0.0677 66
257	0.542 991	0.5479 24	21.106 29	336.57 71	331.67 85	1.0147 69	223.199 85	416.505 23	0.53588 7	58.243 09	468.93 76	0.1242 02
258	0.563 38	0.5672 38	19.999 68	315.95 33	319.39 88	0.9892 13	209.604 81	397.376 32	0.52747 2	61.055 9	445.10 03	0.1371 73
259	0.555 556	0.5598 52	20.422 82	332.21 13	328.12 73	1.0124 46	216.103 18	413.921 91	0.52208 7	58.083 48	463.31 22	0.1253 66
260	0.533 333	0.5386 97	21.634 95	334.79 2	329.14 73	1.0171 5	225.086 53	412.019 04	0.54630 1	57.321 6	465.98 05	0.1230 13
261	0.459 77	0.4669 13	25.747 83	621.81 38	580.89	1.0704 5	442.062 9	727.094 19	0.60798 6	82.314 77	846.94 15	0.0971 91

262	0.462 428	0.4695 49	25.596 81	623.87 42	583.71 36	1.0688 02	442.482 85	730.855 36	0.60543 1	83.300 61	850.29 5	0.0979 67
263	0.458 033	0.4651 89	25.846 64	601.26 8	575.58 22	1.0446 26	442.267 85	705.136 33	0.62720 9	90.611 24	827.41 02	0.1095 12
264	0.473 373	0.4803 73	24.976 64	595.98 26	572.60 17	1.0408 33	429.746 73	705.964 39	0.60873 7	91.464 21	821.40 26	0.1113 51
265	0.342 877	0.3303 15	26.074 35	233.90 84	409.45 19	0.5712 72	311.450 97	354.065 37	0.87964 3	124.12 8	454.92 44	0.2728 54
266	0.324 323	0.3136 19	27.030 95	222.78 82	398.19 78	0.5594 91	310.044 16	334.766 62	0.92615	124.03 33	439.10 34	0.2824 69
267	0.325 203	0.3144 16	26.985 31	226.50 24	394.84 2	0.5736 53	305.437 42	337.507 81	0.90497 9	119.03 41	439.35 68	0.2709 28
268	0.316 623	0.3066 36	27.431 04	222.16 94	397.96 33	0.5582 66	312.337 44	331.932 76	0.94096 6	124.30 51	438.5 78	0.2834 78
269	0.287 424	0.2798 8	28.964 05	599.33 86	832.42 04	0.7199 95	634.468 23	805.965 6	0.78721 5	164.81 37	1012.4 06	0.1627 94
270	0.283 352	0.2761 15	29.179 8	602.53 34	836.50 58	0.7202 98	640.558 22	807.758 39	0.79300 7	165.44 35	1017.5 54	0.1625 89
271	0.285 714	0.2783	29.054 6	523.15 24	787.76 18	0.6641	613.730 82	719.438 37	0.85306 9	187.10 71	926.95 63	0.2018 51
272	0.286 395	0.2789 29	29.018 53	601.19 62	836.10 58	0.7190 43	638.265 69	808.162 54	0.78977 4	166.10 62	1016.3 26	0.1634 38
273	0.377 124	0.3738 9	27.077 7	240.14 37	320.37 86	0.7495 62	250.470 44	312.371 59	0.80183 5	80.825 34	392.14 63	0.2061 1
274	0.401 34	0.3966 37	25.774 38	264.79 58	360.97 05	0.7335 66	275.691 78	352.718 83	0.78161 9	94.891 95	437.50 66	0.2168 93
275	0.392 157	0.3880 43	26.266 75	234.86 87	336.83 04	0.6972 91	263.284 01	315.118 29	0.83550 8	96.642 36	399.09 68	0.2421 53
276	0.394 734	0.3904 59	26.128 33	261.85 68	356.59 01	0.7343 36	274.420 83	347.014 05	0.79080 6	93.558 63	432.40 3	0.2163 69
277	0.375 587	0.3724 37	27.160 94	564.88 71	689.38 04	0.8194 13	528.004 58	718.020 88	0.73536 1	142.00 99	879.87 27	0.1613 98
278	0.376 187	0.3730 05	27.128 41	578.38 77	693.35 65	0.8341 85	528.097 52	732.385 6	0.72106 5	136.04 2	892.61 87	0.1524 08
279	0.382 164	0.3786 47	26.805 11	568.81 06	690.30 55	0.8239 98	523.434 66	725.315 99	0.72166 4	140.10 29	883.42 42	0.1585 91
280	0.377 358	0.3741 12	27.064 99	601.89 67	701.20 78	0.8583 71	529.029 58	757.693 71	0.69821	126.34 48	915.42 83	0.1380 17
281	0.504 197	0.5105 72	23.246 41	295.00 31	311.06 94	0.9483 51	228.859 38	362.511 22	0.63131 7	67.201 47	423.40 87	0.1587 15
282	0.458 012	0.4651 68	25.847 84	303.85 19	318.59 85	0.9537 14	250.663 92	361.937 26	0.69256 2	67.787 91	435.01 24	0.1558 3
283	0.476 19	0.4831 51	24.817 46	290.13 87	311.65 79	0.9309 53	240.354 25	351.483 9	0.68382 7	70.629 54	419.90 78	0.1682 02
284	0.436 367	0.4435 81	27.084 67	286.05 17	305.06 42	0.9376 77	248.324 58	336.488 68	0.73798 8	67.886 45	412.65 14	0.1645 13
285	0.533 333	0.5386 97	21.634 95	558.62 03	562.20 85	0.9936 18	388.081 58	691.033 82	0.56159 6	105.96 35	785.43 41	0.1349 11
286	0.521 716	0.5275 34	22.274 53	581.31 45	573.82 17	1.0130 58	401.016 76	711.606 28	0.56353 7	101.36 15	810.50 83	0.1250 59
287	0.539 326	0.5444 27	21.306 61	589.78 64	573.91 72	1.0276 51	386.667 72	726.441 33	0.53227 7	96.279 93	817.28 77	0.1178 04
288	0.541 763	0.5467 53	21.173 36	569.34 78	563.04 53	1.0111 94	380.289 29	704.668 05	0.53967 2	100.09 69	794.45 43	0.1259 95
289	0.147 417	0.1463 62	36.614 05	596.85 98	523.57 13	1.1399 78	430.927 09	666.836 09	0.64622 6	51.822 8	792.26 44	0.0654 1
290	0.148 148	0.1470 78	36.573 03	616.30 77	535.19 27	1.1515 62	439.095 4	688.085 48	0.63814 1	- 57.357	814.23 37	0.0704 4
291	0.151 324	0.1501 84	36.395 08	543.64 71	497.67 03	1.0923 84	410.727 63	611.989 15	0.67113 5	32.510 5	736.32 26	0.0441 5
292	0.147 965	0.1468 99	36.583 29	547.39 46	502.97 02	1.0883 24	417.430 1	615.119 49	0.67861 6	31.412 8	742.72 01	0.0422 9
293	0.207 437	0.2045 36	33.280 96	466.15 16	656.37 18	0.7101 94	548.008 68	589.752 27	0.92921 8	134.50 6	793.74 39	0.1694 58

294	0.207 254	0.2043 61	33.291	872.21 32	871.45 15	1.0008 74	676.309 48	1030.91 66	0.65602 7	- 0.5386	1232.9 57	- 0.0004 4
295	0.203 562	0.2008 19	33.493 95	594.10 15	658.84 32	0.9017 34	527.096 54	713.582 64	0.73866 2	45.779 3	885.96 57	0.0516 72
296	0.206 009	0.2031 67	33.359 39	869.80 85	895.67 69	0.9711 19	701.751 88	1032.64 14	0.67957	18.291 72	1248.3 87	0.0146 52
297	0.157 274	0.1578 28	39.457 12	580.27 24	428.44 43	1.3543 71	407.486 85	595.176 5	0.68464 9	- 63.614 3	718.49 41	- 0.0885 4
298	0.160 862	0.1614 39	39.250 25	552.48 04	419.80 22	1.3160 49	397.790 78	568.534 09	0.69967 8	51.671 3	691.95 27	- 0.0746 7
299	0.163 039	0.1636 28	39.124 8	585.55 64	426.57 44	1.3726 94	401.940 6	602.731 95	0.66686 5	- 68.516	721.21 26	- -0.095
300	0.165 289	0.1658 91	38.995 14	567.15 53	416.98 09	1.3601 47	391.795 39	584.837 18	0.66992 2	63.508 2	701.07 41	- 0.0905 9
301	0.219 382	0.2201 04	35.888 96	434.33 84	525.54 11	0.8264 6	480.555 68	483.641 94	0.99361 9	105.80 56	673.53 43	0.1570 9
302	0.217 002	0.2177 28	36.025 08	457.11 08	521.85 19	0.8759 4	475.858 34	504.815 34	0.94263 8	87.953 21	688.14 53	0.1278 12
303	0.219 78	0.2205 01	35.866 22	491.38 53	580.92 49	0.8458 67	529.879 75	546.040 92	0.97040 3	109.48 53	752.95 83	0.1454 07
304	0.216 415	0.2171 42	36.058 66	478.43 61	561.15 32	0.8525 94	513.256 07	529.492 34	0.96933 6	103.25 75	730.15 88	0.1414 18
305	0.186 341	0.1869 05	41.791 12	558.46 61	103.62 48	5.3893 12	145.121 08	549.146 96	0.26426 6	257.76 2	506.14 37	- 0.5092 7
306	0.175 623	0.1758 81	42.422 76	440.36 26	273.73 83	1.6086 99	310.517 24	415.247 98	0.74778 7	50.904 6	516.00 44	- 0.0986 5
307	0.197 375	0.1982 73	41.139 77	441.13 33	253.88 52	1.7375 3	281.377 73	424.125 99	0.66343	- 67.124 2	504.53 01	- 0.1330 4
308	0.186 916	0.1874 97	41.757 22	401.43 09	192.66 22	2.0835 99	221.930 58	386.021 14	0.57491 8	91.526 4	435.76 19	- 0.2100 4
309	0.252 892	0.2556 64	37.851 54	346.35 27	362.43 27	0.9556 33	364.550 97	344.122 43	1.05936 4	76.691 07	495.41 51	0.1548 02
310	0.251 842	0.2545 76	37.913 87	439.49 14	392.32 35	1.1202 27	395.487 84	436.646 01	0.90574	43.705 72	587.50 33	0.0743 92
311	0.253 437	0.2562 28	37.819 23	395.05 83	364.87 73	1.0827 15	367.072 72	393.019 21	0.93398 2	48.980 37	535.54 4	0.0914 59
312	0.248 957	0.2515 9	38.084 94	377.56 62	351.74 4	1.0734 12	355.580 17	373.955 6	0.95086 2	49.209 51	513.67 16	- 0.0958
313	0.158 316	0.1570 12	36.003 85	338.13 05	189.09 7	1.7881 33	133.898 08	363.539 84	0.36831 7	105.38 3	372.80 61	- 0.2826 7
314	0.156 458	0.1552	36.107 72	348.37 37	170.98 71	2.0374 27	115.081 29	370.617 21	0.31051 3	125.43 1	367.24 35	- 0.3415 5
315	0.156 25	0.1549 97	36.119 34	333.28 33	150.31 63	2.2172 13	97.0630 77	352.493 27	0.27536 2	129.37 7	341.95 66	- 0.3783 4
316	0.161 725	0.1603 36	35.813 4	377.28 22	364.37 51	1.0354 23	299.468 28	430.615 63	0.69544 2	- 9.1267	524.43 09	- 0.0174
317	0.209 974	0.2069 67	33.141 66	457.30 35	575.18 28	0.7950 58	468.935 13	565.739 86	0.82888 8	83.353 25	730.07 81	0.1141 7
318	0.207 612	0.2047 04	33.271 32	495.48 84	563.81 83	0.8788 09	451.324 85	599.754 71	0.75251 6	48.316 54	749.04 3	0.0645 04
319	0.210 341	0.2073 19	33.121 49	460.02 41	549.95 96	0.8364 69	443.492 81	563.375 42	0.78720 7	- 63.594	714.16 63	0.0890 46
320	0.208 152	0.2052 22	33.241 65	455.14 06	565.71 5	0.8045 4	461.093 38	560.873 71	0.82209 8	78.187 91	721.85 39	0.1083 15
321	0.176 991	0.1776 52	38.321 3	326.29 54	331.9	0.9831 13	313.296 2	344.197 33	0.91022 3	32.368 55	464.30 44	0.0697 14

322	0.177 253	0.1779 15	38.306 23	194.85 74	271.84 88	0.7167 86	260.570 46	209.700 24	1.24258 5	74.486 3	326.07 2	0.2284 35
323	0.179 104	0.1797 74	38.199 73	275.03 1	314.67 97	0.8740 03	298.324 65	292.690 55	1.01924 9	53.440 16	414.49 91	0.1289 27
324	0.178 047	0.1787 12	38.260 55	264.95 14	305.46 86	0.8673 6	290.008 34	281.789 69	1.02916 6	53.220 35	400.84 64	0.1327 7
325	0.237 628	0.2382 77	34.847 73	150.61 82	393.85 14	0.3824 24	373.751 66	195.229 18	1.91442 5	195.17 46	373.78 02	0.5221 64
326	0.237 86	0.2385 07	34.834 54	148.30 51	374.21 48	0.3963 1	354.471 34	190.738 51	1.85841 5	182.00 04	359.03 61	0.5069 14
327	0.234 375	0.2350 41	35.033 12	138.12 06	382.53 65	0.3610 65	364.546 1	180.326 41	2.02159 14	194.98 14	356.92 26	0.5462 85
328	0.235 294	0.2359 56	34.980 72	155.99 15	386.59 58	0.4035	366.385 09	198.876 01	1.84227 9	186.18 01	372.99 69	0.4991 46
329	0.184 621	0.1851 35	41.892 57	264.13 71	256.38 14	1.0302 51	275.858 49	243.725 09	1.13184 3	42.604 51	365.62 92	0.1165 24
330	0.182 1	0.1825 4	42.041 23	428.55 45	294.71 98	1.4541 09	327.725 95	403.874 26	0.81145 5	27.070 6	519.40 92	0.0521 2
331	0.183 217	0.1836 9	41.975 34	399.25 06	284.14 05	1.4051 17	314.427 69	375.861 8	0.83655 1	17.624 6	489.72 06	0.0359 9
332	0.173 913	0.1741 24	42.523 45	429.41 83	289.80 7	1.4817 39	326.295 21	402.392 4	0.81088 8	- 31.494	517.10 38	- 0.0609
333	0.270 819	0.2742 22	36.788 22	277.61 12	362.47 15	0.7658 84	358.994 94	282.092 61	1.27261 4	118.56 9	440.90 25	0.2689 23
334	0.267 255	0.2705 32	36.999 64	265.32 2	358.56 41	0.7399 57	356.233 39	268.443 2	1.32703 5	122.95 02	428.77 41	0.2867 48
335	0.273 038	0.2765 18	36.656 66	263.71 27	351.10 49	0.7510 94	347.185 45	268.851 9	1.29136 3	118.01 21	422.95 65	0.2790 17
336	0.269 669	0.2730 32	36.856 44	307.53 64	335.31 82	0.9171 48	331.842 82	311.283 27	1.06604 8	78.809 54	448.11 38	0.1758 69
337	0.192 925	0.1905 84	34.080 35	569.19 2	515.22 43	1.1047 46	398.072 2	656.486 2	0.60636 8	38.160 9	766.79 81	0.0497 7
338	0.194 175	0.1917 88	34.011 35	573.93 38	518.53 29	1.1068 42	399.625 44	662.250 62	0.60343 5	39.174 4	772.49 06	0.0507 1
339	0.193 862	0.1914 87	34.028 6	612.69 96	530.60 29	1.1547 23	404.296 35	702.484 66	0.57552 3	58.051 1	808.43 7	0.0718 1
340	0.192 925	0.1905 84	34.080 35	554.80 34	504.80 34	1.0990 48	390.565 65	640.384 07	0.60989 3	35.355 3	749.25 52	0.0471 9
341	0.218 221	0.2148 53	32.689 81	119.80 2	380.72 69	0.3146 66	346.430 83	198.22	1.74770 9	184.50 18	353.92 74	0.5212 98
342	0.217 391	0.2140 61	32.735 23	110.27 87	428.21 1	0.2575 34	395.011 2	198.726 45	1.98771 3	224.81 21	380.76 97	0.5904 15
343	0.217 984	0.2146 26	32.702 82	94.613	420.50 35	0.2249 99	390.704 61	182.001 99	2.14670 5	230.43 94	364.24 24	0.6326 54
344	0.218 38	0.2150 05	32.681 15	149.61 5	442.90 37	0.3378 05	400.785 4	240.664 5	1.66532 8	207.38 64	418.97 4	0.4949 86
345	0.239 521	0.2401 58	34.739 98	445.76 96	379.90 86	1.1733 6	324.795 44	487.390 03	0.66639 7	10.841 1	585.59 68	0.0185 1
346	0.246 914	0.2474 96	34.319 52	220.58 21	284.72 44	0.7747 21	254.919 69	254.441 31	1.00188	67.083 87	353.87 03	0.1895 72
347	0.248 447	0.2490 17	34.232 39	214.04 42	279.88 92	0.7647 46	250.563 21	247.731 64	1.01143	67.794 68	345.76 98	0.1960 69
348	0.243 408	0.2440 17	34.518 83	243.12 09	288.91 2	0.8415 05	257.220 39	276.433 72	0.93049 6	55.285 53	373.52 57	0.1480 1
349	0.232 558	0.2332 34	35.136 66	142.04 14	393.12 93	0.3613 1	374.964 42	184.737 95	2.02971	200.31 7	366.87 81	0.5460 04
350	0.232 333	0.2330 1	35.149 5	131.20 55	359.63 7	0.3648 28	342.917 59	170.179 97	2.01502 9	182.41 28	336.56 98	0.5419 76
351	0.231 66	0.2323 4	35.187 89	185.14 62	424.88 27	0.4357 58	401.951 13	230.737 28	1.74202 9	195.53 67	420.20 21	0.4653 4

352	0.232 113	0.2327 91	35.162 06	135.59 63	378.03 82	0.3586 84	360.758 85	176.500 11	2.04395 8	193.28 51	352.05 13	0.5490 25
353	0.512 821	0.5189 4	22.766 95	265.03 63	255.28 59	1.0381 94	179.489 53	321.245 43	0.55873	41.188 1	365.67 56	0.1126 36
354	0.508 518	0.5147 69	23.005 94	237.88 86	239.31 35	0.9940 46	172.158 31	290.212 81	0.59321 4	45.042 73	334.41 46	0.1346 91
355	0.487 805	0.4945 66	24.163 45	295.48 74	270.63 87	1.0918 15	195.179 89	349.947 07	0.55774 1	34.830 77	399.18 04	0.0872 56
356	0.5	0.5064 85	23.480 53	377.21	288.23 52	1.3086 88	188.269 94	435.799 6	0.43201	- 0.9585 6	474.72 72	- 0.0020 2
357	0.476 19	0.4831 51	24.817 46	158.34 3	279.58 62	0.5663 48	238.000 66	215.862 52	1.10255 7	125.41 75	295.82 33	0.4239 61
358	0.467 836	0.4749 04	25.289 99	158.82 85	297.43 67	0.5339 91	257.116 81	218.142 19	1.17866 6	139.28 37	307.07 51	0.4535 82
359	0.466 924	0.4740 02	25.341 68	160.77 63	315.63 39	0.5093 76	274.692 33	223.646 81	1.22824 2	152.53 48	319.69 81	0.4771 21
360	0.475 246	0.4822 2	24.870 82	188.56 41	303.37 8	0.6215 48	254.810 22	250.332 5	1.01788 7	125.89 54	334.28 27	0.3766 14
361	0.280 387	0.2733 67	29.337 2	211.05 7	330.48 54	0.6386 27	261.233 36	292.442 79	0.89328	84.448 63	382.92 83	0.2205 34
362	0.290 558	0.2827 72	28.798 34	210.27 53	321.88 56	0.6532 61	250.431 31	291.736 53	0.85841 6	78.920 4	376.29 46	0.2097 3
363	0.275 228	0.2685 78	29.611 6	256.92 95	352.52 96	0.7288 17	271.712 06	341.265 94	0.79618 9	67.599 48	430.95 27	0.1568 61
364	0.269 663	0.2633 98	29.908 43	394.84 16	426.44 77	0.9258 85	308.938 03	492.254 84	0.62759 8	22.348 89	580.73 92	0.0384 84
365	0.248 705	0.2437 6	31.033 6	214.17 33	474.07 29	0.4517 73	408.366 76	322.260 62	1.26719 4	183.77 68	486.66 36	0.3776 26
366	0.257 787	0.2522 94	30.544 6	131.72 19	479.67 25	0.2746 08	431.605 9	247.290 75	1.74533 8	246.03 82	432.32 11	0.5691 1
367	0.255 048	0.2497 24	30.691 85	307.91 92	536.77 97	0.5736 42	444.030 9	431.025 8	1.03017 2	161.82 88	597.29 23	0.2709 37
368	0.253 968	0.2487 1	30.749 97	206.86 85	528.99 51	0.3910 59	461.796 85	330.717 49	1.39634 8	227.77 79	520.33 41	0.4377 53
369	0.226 416	0.2271 18	35.487 11	280.74 18	316.23 39	0.8877 66	285.085 8	312.323 5	0.91279	50.820 05	419.80 61	0.1210 56
370	0.229 009	0.2297	35.339 13	294.72 11	324.47 71	0.9082 96	290.973 55	327.841 95	0.88754 2	47.730 88	435.73 81	0.1095 4
371	0.231 214	0.2318 96	35.213 32	309.99 32	328.79 11	0.9428 27	292.868 64	344.132 71	0.85103 4	40.842 26	450.03 47	0.0907 54
372	0.232 558	0.2332 34	35.136 66	388.40 26	360.92 2	1.0761 4	315.650 54	426.011 75	0.74094 3	12.951 22	530.05 05	0.0244 34
373	0.239 521	0.2401 58	34.739 98	136.99 8	360.73 74	0.3797 72	342.103 35	178.508 36	1.91645 6	179.39 87	341.63 73	0.5251 15
374	0.238 569	0.2392 11	34.794 2	141.37 4	360.30 99	0.3923 68	341.336 58	182.480 69	1.87053 5	176.17 89	344.63 15	0.5112 1
375	0.241 206	0.2418 32	34.644 07	129.26 06	352.93 76	0.3662 42	334.983 7	170.467 58	1.96508 7	178.68 4	330.67 4	0.5403 63
376	0.240 481	0.2411 12	34.685 31	153.97 46	367.01 13	0.4195 37	346.147 96	196.435 85	1.76214 3	172.84 85	358.50 92	0.4821 31
377	0.190 476	0.1911 63	41.547 15	282.23 62	264.69 87	1.0662 55	283.958 07	262.850 7	1.08030 2	38.185 05	385.05 14	0.0991 69
378	0.199 9	0.2008 77	40.990 57	253.77 67	253.83 29	0.9997 79	268.813 01	237.851 49	1.13017 2	46.889 7	355.85 83	0.1317 65
379	0.199 667	0.2006 37	41.004 33	240.33 6	258.20 84	0.9307 83	272.415 91	224.103 88	1.21557 9	58.543 21	347.85 87	0.1682 96
380	0.198 02	0.1989 38	41.101 67	278.30 44	261.14 89	1.0656 93	278.116 05	261.349 42	1.06415 4	37.762 34	379.77 11	0.0994 34
381	0.217 785	0.2193 44	39.932 53	156.38 12	279.31 1	0.5598 82	285.696 54	144.385 49	1.97870 7	126.39 35	294.09 93	0.4297 65
382	0.215 831	0.2173 24	40.048 23	151.39 19	286.46 54	0.5284 83	292.913 01	138.505 92	2.11480 5	135.10 67	294.49 64	0.4587 72
383	0.220 994	0.2226 61	39.742 49	184.34 71	306.92 56	0.6006 25	313.903 85	172.196 23	1.82294 3	131.27 71	333.09 68	0.3941 11
384	0.220 183	0.2218 22	39.790 55	157.27 26	285.07 41	0.5516 9	291.132 04	145.753 45	1.99742 8	130.42 3	298.31 49	0.4371 99

R u n	Beta (deg rees)	Shear Area , As	Shear Area, As P	Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)	Shear Stress , Ts (Payton) (Mpa)	Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) corrected (Mpa)	χ	λ	Friction Coefficient	Normal Stress σ (Merchant)	Shear Strain γ (Merchant)	Normal Stress σ (Payton)	Shear Strain γ (Payton)
1	40.5 1803	0.001 292	0.001 796	229.87 16	28.68 013	20.638 88	4.481 966	85.51 803	0.707 173	184582. 9	5.48048 2	23605 6.3	2
2	38.6 0973	0.001 212	0.001 68	227.29 58	39.38 212	28.409 94	6.390 269	83.60 973	0.673 867	174953	5.15202	22686 3.2	2
3	39.4 3336	0.001 226	0.001 7	221.06 62	33.87 209	24.423 64	5.566 643	84.43 336	0.688 242	174383. 5	5.20960 1	22421 7.3	2
4	39.5 1342	0.001 291	0.001 794	213.70 02	31.93 889	22.984 93	5.486 576	84.51 342	0.689 639	165642	5.47421 5	21452 5.1	2
5	34.8 1643	0.001 921	0.002 63	215.13 23	58.31 278	42.584 25	10.18 357	79.81 643	0.607 661	161288. 2	4.13306 5	20943 3.8	2
6	35.4 8624	0.001 892	0.002 588	218.60 19	56.42 635	41.249 14	9.513 759	80.48 624	0.619 352	169174. 5	4.07479 5	21722 1.4	2
7	34.8 2111	0.001 877	0.002 566	220.26 33	60.10 735	43.964 47	10.17 889	79.82 111	0.607 743	167204. 8	4.04455	21598 0.3	2
8	35.6 493	0.018 906	0.026 729	27.844 31	5.672 516	4.0123 68	9.350 701	80.64 93	0.622 198	13588.1 2	39.4004	22225	2
9	42.9 8177	0.001 048	0.001 391	237.09 55	34.90 898	26.301 16	5.518 232	84.48 177	0.750 173	177354. 2	4.35916 9	23312 1	1.769 451
10	42.1 9676	0.001 05	0.001 394	239.43 95	39.60 097	29.834 49	6.303 237	83.69 676	0.736 472	174038. 2	4.36871	23129 9.8	1.769 451
11	42.4 2359	0.001 044	0.001 386	240.71 08	38.61 439	29.095 44	6.076 412	83.92 359	0.740 431	176834. 7	4.34486	23402 3.6	1.769 451
12	41.9 269	0.001 036	0.001 375	246.32 62	42.40 461	31.957 98	6.573 1	83.42 69	0.731 762	178500. 3	4.31149 9	23742 2.4	1.769 451
13	38.4 4156	0.001 788	0.002 36	223.99 82	57.38 255	43.462 97	10.05 844	79.94 156	0.670 932	155068. 9	3.73818	20871 1.1	1.769 451
14	38.3 5266	0.001 778	0.002 347	225.77 07	58.33 679	44.195 51	10.14 734	79.85 266	0.669 38	156267. 4	3.71952 4	21028 3.9	1.769 451
15	37.9 5738	0.001 767	0.002 331	222.30 23	59.33 247	44.962 56	10.54 262	79.45 738	0.662 481	152316. 7	3.69622 7	20568 0.7	1.769 451
16	37.9 5142	0.001 769	0.002 334	222.78 47	59.46 447	45.060 01	10.54 858	79.45 142	0.662 377	152501. 9	3.70088 4	20601 9	1.769 451
17	46.2 5951	0.000 978	0.001 233	236.50 74	36.65 547	29.083 55	6.240 492	83.75 951	0.807 381	155074. 1	3.93690 8	21626 5.9	1.534 654
18	47.1 2791	0.000 964	0.001 215	240.96 75	32.80 388	26.026 4	5.372 088	84.62 791	0.822 537	164106. 6	3.87858 8	22505 9.3	1.534 654
19	46.7 7396	0.000 993	0.001 251	238.68 21	34.13 768	27.087 43	5.726 037	84.27 396	0.816 36	158166	3.99533 8	21964 4.7	1.534 654
20	46.9 3557	0.000 976	0.001 23	237.57 43	33.26 782	26.395 46	5.564 432	84.43 557	0.819 18	159694. 6	3.92718	22030 5.4	1.534 654
21	42.5 9119	0.001 667	0.002 1	227.42 95	54.70 985	43.424 21	9.908 812	80.09 119	0.743 356	143330. 5	3.35557 2	20205 6.9	1.534 654
22	43.0 9761	0.001 673	0.002 107	228.02 73	52.47 589	41.649 75	9.402 386	80.59 761	0.752 195	145958	3.36744 3	20445 0.7	1.534 654
23	42.3 4586	0.001 683	0.002 12	225.31 46	55.14 638	43.767 09	10.15 414	79.84 586	0.739 075	139985. 9	3.38740 3	19864 7.8	1.534 654
24	42.5 6114	0.001 667	0.002 1	226.56 93	54.63 856	43.367 62	9.938 861	80.06 114	0.742 832	142638. 6	3.35557 2	20117 1.2	1.534 654
25	41.9 0732	0.001 411	0.001 966	205.48 96	17.88 911	12.836 68	3.092 682	86.90 732	0.731 421	167888. 8	5.96431 2	21361 0	2
26	39.1 5241	0.001 383	0.001 926	213.78 76	33.29 785	23.907 89	5.847 595	84.15 241	0.683 338	159486	5.85121 1	20975 7.5	2
27	39.0 5784	0.001 363	0.001 898	214.69 9	34.01 392	24.433 07	5.942 163	84.05 784	0.681 688	160456. 2	5.77048 8	21083 4.3	2
28	38.7	0.001	0.001	208.75	34.60	24.855	6.255	83.74	0.676	154381.	5.76245	20365	2

	446	361	895	62	073	73	398	46	221	6	4	2.6	
29	35.8 1876	0.002 016	0.002 769	216.10 99	53.19 563	38.728 78	9.181 243	80.81 876	0.625 155	163784. 1	4.32432 3	21233 6.6	2
30	35.6 38	0.001 997	0.002 741	218.91 18	54.88 723	39.983 84	9.361 996	80.63 8	0.622 001	165649. 2	4.28517 8	21478 4.9	2
31	35.0 8433	0.002 018	0.002 772	213.33 73	55.82 242	40.638 91	9.915 667	80.08 433	0.612 337	157472. 7	4.32815 3	20602 0.5	2
32	35.8 5709	0.002 01	0.002 761	218.03 2	53.53 314	38.981 26	9.142 913	80.85 709	0.625 824	165701. 9	4.31264 7	21459 5.1	2
33	43.1 7878	0.000 999	0.001 325	261.30 92	37.76 029	28.486 92	5.321 216	84.67 878	0.753 612	201452. 9	4.16271 5	26155 5.2	1.769 451
34	41.8 5123	0.000 982	0.001 3	255.17 51	45.03 643	33.994 77	6.648 775	83.35 123	0.730 442	189402. 7	4.09151 4	24926 2.5	1.769 451
35	41.8 7136	0.000 978	0.001 295	256.24 928	45.15 928	34.091 87	6.628 641	83.37 136	0.730 793	190720. 3	4.07557 3	25070 8.4	1.769 451
36	42.4 7413	0.001 003	0.001 33	253.30 48	40.79 151	30.770 18	6.025 868	83.97 413	0.741 313	190105 4.17837		24930 7.2	1.769 451
37	39.2 2551	0.001 743	0.002 299	232.89 15	56.31 984	42.704 69	9.274 491	80.72 551	0.684 614	168089. 7	3.64971 1	22250 7.6	1.769 451
38	38.9 8497	0.001 736	0.002 288	231.35 55	57.20 007	43.380 97	9.515 026	80.48 497	0.680 416	166005. 3	3.63415 3	22017 0.1	1.769 451
39	38.9 0854	0.001 741	0.002 296	231.92 8	57.65 098	43.716 27	9.591 459	80.40 854	0.679 082	165650. 1	3.64576 3	22010 4.3	1.769 451
40	39.1 7645	0.001 716	0.002 262	238.73 85	58.27 611	44.220 11	9.323 553	80.67 645	0.683 758	173587. 3	3.59559	22900 3.4	1.769 451
41	46.5 0923	0.000 797	0.001 003	282.14 45	44.92 122	35.673 21	5.990 768	84.00 923	0.811 739	209699. 9	3.20975 4	27616 7.4	1.534 654
42	47.1 4781	0.000 771	0.000 971	291.16 57	42.50 082	33.768 64	5.352 188	84.64 781	0.822 885	226109 3.10831		29267 8.1	1.534 654
43	50.5 6165	0.000 777	0.000 978	275.52 4	15.68 668	12.462 05	1.938 35	88.06 165	0.882 467	240680. 8	3.13169 9	29903 5.7	1.534 654
44	47.2 0144	0.000 801	0.001 008	281.53 12	40.14 83	31.880 72	5.298 564	84.70 144	0.823 82	213739. 4	3.22562 1	27929 2.1	1.534 654
45	42.0 4105	0.001 46	0.001 835	249.54 56	65.49 31	52.098 79	10.45 895	79.54 105	0.733 755	168101. 6	2.94566 2	22889 4.7	1.534 654
46	42.5 7609	0.001 466	0.001 843	248.15 98	62.35 112	49.594 38	9.923 912	80.07 609	0.743 093	169849. 1	2.95720 2	22992 0.6	1.534 654
47	43.4 5717	0.001 47	0.001 848	253.11 32	58.90 875	46.853 24	9.042 828	80.95 717	0.758 471	178338. 3	2.96482 5	23880 2.3	1.534 654
48	43.7 3641	0.001 458	0.001 833	253.70 45	57.72 189	45.918 53	8.763 59	81.23 641	0.763 344	181526. 3	2.94174 1	24157 0.1	1.534 654
49	39.8 1156	0.001 21	0.001 677	227.82 99	32.91 733	23.747 87	5.188 442	84.81 156	0.694 843	183151. 7	5.14401 2	23387 7.4	2
50	38.9 1649	0.001 236	0.001 714	228.97 38	37.84 382	27.279 22	6.083 506	83.91 649	0.679 221	176785. 2	5.24802 4	22908 4	2
51	39.4 8894	0.001 222	0.001 694	235.10 44	35.73 774	25.772 51	5.511 061	84.48 894	0.689 212	186092. 7	5.19198 5	23896 8	2
52	40.1 1634	0.001 214	0.001 683	237.74 66	32.52 677	23.463	4.883 659	85.11 634	0.700 162	192961 5.16001		24560 2.2	2
53	34.9 1007	0.001 726	0.002 345	236.95 32	66.04 418	48.617 97	10.08 993	79.91 007	0.609 296	189160. 4	3.74367 3	23944 9.8	2
54	34.9 0508	0.001 736	0.002 359	236.63 54	65.85 037	48.452 88	10.09 492	79.90 508	0.609 209	188255. 3	3.76277	23862 6.5	2
55	35.5 7175	0.001 728	0.002 348	241.14 5	63.73 607	46.914 59	9.428 254	80.57 175	0.620 844	196992. 6	3.74741 4	24762 7.7	2
56	35.3 4334	0.001 741	0.002 367	235.49 17	63.23 832	46.518 19	9.656 664	80.34 334	0.616 858	189931. 1	3.77423 8	23977 4.8	2
57	42.2 1061	0.000 849	0.001 119	285.15 54	50.31 714	38.199 56	6.289 386	83.71 061	0.736 714	232301. 6	3.56085 1	29454 2.9	1.769 451
58	44.0 9924	0.000 867	0.001 143	276.95 08	35.45 4	26.889 99	4.400 76	85.59 924	0.769 677	238610. 5	3.63020 7	29721 6.2	1.769 451
59	42.7 6044	0.000 873	0.001 151	284.36 63	45.90 919	34.809 04	5.739 559	84.26 044	0.746 31	232501. 9	3.65356 8	29468 3	1.769 451
60	45.3 9815	0.000 859	0.001 132	279.23 6	26.09 655	19.801 09	3.101 852	86.89 815	0.792 347	253687 3.59945		31069 0.1	1.769 451
61	38.4 2768	0.001 37	0.001 778	262.02 62	74.33 205	57.255 97	10.07 232	79.92 768	0.670 69	215896. 1	2.91333 7	26997 9.3	1.769 451

62	37.9 9501	0.001 325	0.001 714	265.86 87	79.15 72	61.165 65	10.50 499	79.49 501	0.663 138	221442. 9	2.82615 9	27541 0.1	1.769 451
63	39.1 6776	0.001 349	0.001 749	267.72 67	72.15 322	55.655 57	9.332 24	80.66 776	0.683 606	229286. 9	2.87326 4	28326 6.6	1.769 451
64	38.5 9298	0.001 328	0.001 72	268.24 23	76.28 866	58.932 85	9.907 023	80.09 298	0.673 575	227786. 9	2.83331 3	28180 4.7	1.769 451
65	46.1 9011	0.000 595	0.000 741	319.94 14	61.27 374	49.189 33	6.309 886	83.69 011	0.806 17	294560. 9	2.42309	35750 5	1.534 654
66	46.2 4283	0.000 574	0.000 713	323.88 33	63.04 341	50.741 98	6.257 169	83.74 283	0.807 09	309190. 4	2.34462 8	37095 4.5	1.534 654
67	46.3 7218	0.000 569	0.000 706	324.38 68	62.47 342	50.323 03	6.127 817	83.87 218	0.809 347	314272. 4	2.32345	37542 1.6	1.534 654
68	46.4 9802	0.000 563	0.000 698	325.53 63	62.05 244	50.025 44	6.001 98	83.99 802	0.811 544	320122. 2	2.30236 1	38076 9.2	1.534 654
69	42.7 5341	0.001 046	0.001 288	292.66 41	86.52 451	70.260 89	9.746 589	80.25 341	0.746 188	270329. 5	2.15461 3	32498 1.7	1.534 654
70	42.9 6367	0.001 044	0.001 286	295.19 93	85.97 355	69.827 39	9.536 335	80.46 367	0.749 857	275348. 8	2.15125 2	33016 9.5	1.534 654
71	42.2 8377	0.001 03	0.001 266	290.32 11	89.93 872	73.168 52	10.21 623	79.78 377	0.737 991	268227. 5	2.12450 8	32196 5.5	1.534 654
72	41.6 1476	0.001 05	0.001 293	286.92 22	91.79 58	74.512 04	10.88 524	79.11 476	0.726 315	253151. 3	2.16134 4	30796 7.9	1.534 654
73	38.1 4873	0.000 931	0.001 273	315.89 45	62.73 343	45.909 37	6.851 265	83.14 873	0.665 821	271243. 7	4.01666 7	33685 3.8	2
74	40.0 7188	0.000 928	0.001 267	298.85 88	44.83 56	32.821 17	4.928 121	85.07 188	0.699 386	276049. 1	4.00120 6	33547 4	2
75	40.7 9948	0.000 949	0.001 298	329.18 95	42.51 747	31.074 86	4.200 519	85.79 948	0.712 085	308447. 4	4.08643 8	37348 7	2
76	41.0 5532	0.000 935	0.001 278	312.50 54	38.36 938	28.071 13	3.944 675	86.05 532	0.716 551	298050. 7	4.03213 8	35898 5.3	2
77	36.3 7764	0.001 894	0.002 591	236.70 39	56.46 182	41.272 17	8.622 359	81.37 764	0.634 91	188985 3	4.07868 3	24022 7.6	2
78	35.9 3154	0.001 89	0.002 585	233.04 09	57.92 253	42.345 87	9.068 461	80.93 154	0.627 124	183325. 9	4.07091 5	23412 9.5	2
79	45.6 8718	0.001 904	0.002 605	224.91 41	5.443 2	3.9774 6	0.687 18	90.68 718	0.797 392	254323. 5	4.09808 6	29278 6.1	2
80	33.5 8559	0.001 905	0.002 608	242.36 13	71.92 729	52.555 12	11.41 441	78.58 559	0.586 179	174734. 3	4.10197 8	22984 2.8	2
81	40.9 6569	0.000 74	0.000 967	328.60 42	71.41 603	54.667 51	7.534 311	82.46 569	0.714 986	280237. 3	3.12758 4	34836 0.5	1.769 451
82	42.2 5222	0.000 765	0.001 001	311.92 95	57.12 586	43.628 84	6.247 781	83.75 222	0.737 44	272375 2	3.22530 2	33664 4	1.769 451
83	41.3 3326	0.000 761	0.000 996	314.11 67	64.69 412	49.425 42	7.166 739	82.83 326	0.721 401	266190. 1	3.21025 4	33194 0.3	1.769 451
84	41.6 5594	0.000 759	0.000 993	306.33 37	60.78 226	46.444 67	6.844 063	83.15 594	0.727 033	263109. 7	3.20271 5	32672 3.5	1.769 451
85	39.8 1296	0.001 518	0.001 987	270.06 68	65.16 096	49.790 51	8.687 041	81.31 296	0.694 867	217055. 7	3.20271 5	27514 3.9	1.769 451
86	39.4 4104	0.001 522	0.001 992	264.62 62	65.95 908	50.391 85	9.058 962	80.94 104	0.688 376	209519 3	3.21023 8	26689 8.5	1.769 451
87	39.2 3005	0.001 532	0.002 005	267.63 19	67.77 07	51.754 38	9.269 946	80.73 005	0.684 694	209424. 6	3.22907 8	26788 1.1	1.769 451
88	38.9 0166	0.001 537	0.002 013	262.33 25	68.18 613	52.058 89	9.598 344	80.40 166	0.678 962	202389. 6	3.24039 1	26013 5.9	1.769 451
89	44.5 3683	0.000 58	0.000 721	335.24 77	78.98 864	63.527 85	7.963 171	82.03 683	0.777 314	297541. 7	2.36590 6	36430 0.4	1.534 654
90	44.7 4765	0.000 593	0.000 739	336.53 48	76.53 006	61.450 23	7.752 346	82.24 765	0.780 994	294680 5	2.41590 5	36268 3.1	1.534 654
91	44.8 6736	0.000 587	0.000 731	341.24 1	77.07 695	61.931 28	7.632 641	82.36 736	0.783 083	302820. 3	2.39440 9	37107 3.6	1.534 654
92	45.3 3204	0.000 582	0.000 724	337.41 86	72.85 418	58.579 85	7.167 957	82.83 204	0.791 193	307418. 1	2.37300 4	37374 4.7	1.534 654
93	42.4 5212	0.001 27	0.001 588	281.58 77	75.89 323	60.689 55	10.04 788	79.95 212	0.740 929	213902. 2	2.57609 3	27633 3.9	1.534 654
94	42.6 3615	0.001 295	0.001 621	273.99 1	72.11 315	57.611 27	9.863 849	80.13 615	0.744 141	206182. 8	2.62420 4	26757 0.1	1.534 654

95	43.1 5852	0.001 276	0.001 596	284.92 52	72.34 108	57.835 64	9.341 482	80.65 852	0.753 258	221096. 3	2.58716 4	28371 8.1	1.534 654
96	43.4 5992	0.001 264	0.001 581	285.13 3	70.84 39	56.665 15	9.040 082	80.95 992	0.758 519	225333. 1	2.56503 9	28727 3.3	1.534 654
97	38.9 3589	0.001 081	0.001 49	231.70 12	39.55 319	28.684 77	6.064 108	83.93 589	0.679 56	189745	4.61779	24020 3.2	2
98	38.6 5784	0.001 091	0.001 505	225.94 93	39.97 596	28.976 93	6.342 155	83.65 784	0.674 707	182374. 4	4.66047 9	23204 5.6	2
99	38.4 9937	0.001 063	0.001 465	233.40 67	42.49 281	30.843 28	6.500 626	83.49 937	0.671 941	189632. 1	4.54675	24059 2	2
100	39.2 6021	0.001 075	0.001 482	233.29 7	38.03 704	27.593 04	5.739 788	84.26 021	0.685 22	193787. 8	4.59409 5	24414 3.3	2
101	33.0 9901	0.001 842	0.002 515	212.24 7	65.67 622	48.102 58	11.90 099	78.09 901	0.577 687	153186. 2	3.97421	20105 0.7	2
102	33.3 0296	0.001 917	0.002 625	207.34 69	62.58 422	45.709 66	11.69 704	78.30 296	0.581 246	147544. 5	4.12536 5	19502 3.1	2
103	33.0 1246	0.001 871	0.002 557	209.38 31	64.84 265	47.438 95	11.98 754	78.01 246	0.576 176	149399. 6	4.03223 1	19702 3.6	2
104	33.1 6313	0.001 853	0.002 531	211.97 01	65.20 075	47.732 66	11.83 687	78.16 313	0.578 806	152811. 5	3.9974	20070 8.1	2
105	42.3 0076	0.000 991	0.001 314	230.00 09	38.09 546	28.746 66	6.199 24	83.80 076	0.738 288	172577. 6	4.13095 5	22626 9.2	1.769 451
106	42.0 0778	0.001 021	0.001 354	223.87 42	38.28 191	28.862 65	6.492 221	83.50 778	0.733 174	163865. 8	4.24962 4	21703 3.2	1.769 451
107	40.8 5196	0.000 994	0.001 317	224.26 56	44.45 425	33.542 3	7.648 042	82.35 196	0.713 001	159703	4.14138	21358 1.1	1.769 451
108	41.3 8263	0.001 013	0.001 343	223.64 13	41.76 787	31.498 11	7.173 697	82.82 63	0.721 28	160455. 2	4.21635 3	21409 7.5	1.769 451
109	37.1 0249	0.001 745	0.002 302	214.21 17	61.01 068	46.259 16	11.39 751	78.60 249	0.647 561	143438. 8	3.65366 1	19525 5.7	1.769 451
110	36.4 0799	0.001 741	0.002 296	214.79 31	63.79 66	48.376 44	12.02 001	77.97 999	0.636 696	140918. 2	3.64576 3	19330 5.9	1.769 451
111	36.6 1408	0.001 709	0.002 251	217.43 98	64.38 931	48.869 36	11.88 592	78.11 408	0.639 036	144915. 7	3.58014 5	19736 8.5	1.769 451
112	36.9 9976	0.001 736	0.002 288	215.18 11	61.81 994	46.884 71	11.50 024	78.49 976	0.645 768	144034. 9	3.63415 3	19603 0.8	1.769 451
113	46.4 3044	0.000 93	0.001 172	231.93 57	35.68 712	28.312 5	6.095 604	83.90 44	0.809 91	156911. 4	3.74296 5	21559 6.6	1.534 654
114	46.2 7399	0.000 9	0.001 134	236.19 12	37.37 701	29.654 15	6.226 01	83.77 399	0.807 633	161926. 3	3.62246 1	22103 9.9	1.534 654
115	45.4 5383	0.000 904	0.001 139	232.97 18	41.02 919	32.551 43	7.046 166	82.95 383	0.793 319	154831. 3	3.63833 4	21415 7.4	1.534 654
116	45.9 2789	0.000 922	0.001 162	229.71 63	37.85 999	30.036 38	6.572 111	83.42 789	0.801 593	153558. 6	3.71061 3	21200 9.4	1.534 654
117	40.7 75	0.001 659	0.002 09	216.70 01	59.81 887	47.481 43	11.72 5	78.27 5	0.711 658	128532. 3	3.33991 5	18594 8.7	1.534 654
118	41.1 4422	0.001 657	0.002 087	215.92 92	58.11 954	46.133 12	11.35 578	78.64 422	0.718 102	129837. 4	3.33588 4	18670 4.9	1.534 654
119	41.4 0583	0.001 647	0.002 075	218.23 36	57.74 826	45.841 16	11.09 417	78.90 583	0.722 668	132911. 6	3.31621 8	19000 2.1	1.534 654
120	41.5 0482	0.001 648	0.002 076	218.59 69	57.23 373	45.432 39	10.95 18	79.04 82	0.725 153	133738. 3	3.31858 7	19081 9.1	1.534 654
121	38.7 0712	0.000 957	0.001 31	254.36 01	46.58 407	34.028 3	6.292 877	83.70 712	0.675 567	219659. 8	4.11748 2	27253 8	2
122	38.2 7076	0.000 962	0.001 317	247.32 07	47.84 241	34.934 28	6.729 244	83.27 076	0.667 951	209585. 5	4.13927 2	26159 7.5	2
123	38.7 6416	0.000 953	0.001 304	254.36 71	46.29 174	33.824 01	6.235 835	83.76 416	0.676 562	220606. 6	4.10195 5	27332 5	2
124	38.7 1753	0.000 955	0.001 307	248.96 48	45.56 384	33.287 57	6.282 466	83.71 753	0.675 748	215317	4.10974	26701 4.5	2
125	33.9 2446	0.001 544	0.002 076	243.91 74	76.16 227	56.660 81	11.07 554	78.92 446	0.592 093	201646. 6	3.38523 4	25101 9.7	2
126	33.5 6589	0.001 52	0.002 039	244.55 99	78.70 869	58.658 19	11.43 411	78.56 589	0.585 835	201789. 4	3.33688 9	25106 7.7	2
127	33.9 0791	0.001 56	0.002 099	242.41 25	75.46 902	56.087 02	11.09 209	78.90 791	0.591 805	198975. 4	3.41496 8	24835 4.3	2
128	33.5 3078	0.001 531	0.002 056	244.88 21	78.73 882	58.632 17	11.46 922	78.53 078	0.585 222	200767. 2	3.35929 8	25037 4	2

12	42.0	0.000	0.001	255.38	45.96	34.871	6.473	83.52	0.733		3.60715	26132	1.769
9	2611	861	135	08	368	85	885	611	494	205001	3	8.1	451
13	41.4	0.000	0.001	249.90	47.86	36.285	7.016	82.98	0.724	194717.	3.66909	25091	1.769
0	8359	877	156	8	564	22	413	359	025	2	5	1.3	451
13	41.5	0.000	0.001	252.12	48.35	36.678	6.987	83.01	0.724	198241.	3.62106	25452	1.769
1	1255	865	14	67	346	03	451	255	531	1	6	9.6	451
13	41.2	0.000	0.001	249.89	49.22	37.336	7.213	82.78	0.720	194866.	3.62264	25091	1.769
2	868	865	14	97	283	69	2	68	591	5	3	4.5	451
13	39.8	0.001	0.001	245.64	60.86	46.766	8.617	81.38	0.696		2.99039	25911	1.769
3	8266	41	835	49	43	52	344	266	084	208722	6	1.8	451
13	37.0	0.001	0.001	251.91	77.71	59.744	11.40	78.59	0.647	194710.	2.97199	24862	1.769
4	9907	4	821	89	043	36	093	907	501	9	4	4.4	451
13	37.6	0.001	0.001	245.75	72.85	55.995	10.83	79.16	0.657		2.97934	24565	1.769
5	6884	404	827	2	102	67	116	884	445	193442	6	9.7	451
13	39.1	0.001	0.001	245.44	65.09	50.056	9.341	80.65	0.683	204620.	2.96462	25530	1.769
6	5893	396	816	56	371	05	066	893	452	4	6	5.9	451
13	45.7	0.000	0.000	267.65	48.54	38.591	6.770	83.22	0.798	201859.	3.01516	26378	1.534
7	2964	748	94	18	069	47	363	964	133	9	5	8.7	654
13	45.9	0.000	0.000	266.95	46.97	37.340	6.568	83.43	0.801	201334.		26320	1.534
8	3144	755	95	19	744	31	557	144	655	5	3.04611	9.1	654
13	45.2	0.000	0.000	266.13	51.29	40.785	7.262	82.73	0.789	197618.	3.00741	25969	1.534
9	3744	746	938	84	691	14	56	744	542	7	8	1	654
14	45.5	0.000	0.000	269.98	49.99	39.746	6.937	83.06	0.795	202423.	3.01516	26509	1.534
0	6296	748	94	38	343	44	042	296	224	5	5	3.6	654
14	40.9	0.001	0.001	263.83	80.39	64.417	11.52	78.47	0.715	195953.	2.49180	25432	1.534
1	7283	226	53	72	663	31	717	283	111	6	8	5.3	654
14	41.3	0.001	0.001		71.66	57.156	11.12	78.87	0.722	176096.	2.72133	23517	1.534
2	7804	345	687	252.01	132	16	196	804	183	8	3	4.5	654
14	44.7	0.001	0.001	232.50	49.61	39.579	7.768	82.23	0.780	183270.	2.71382	23465	1.534
3	3164	341	681	02	838	52	361	164	714	2	7	5.4	654
14	41.1	0.001	0.001	261.94	78.20	62.609	11.33	78.66	0.718	193332.	2.52825	25177	1.534
4	6755	245	555	29	998	05	245	755	509	3	2	5.1	654
14	39.3	0.000	0.001		41.71	30.412	5.678	84.32	0.686		4.23439	27064	
5	2119	986	352	251.27	525	44	814	119	284	218390	5	6.2	2
14	38.3	0.000	0.001	244.36	46.53	33.945	6.648	83.35	0.669	205887.	4.20316	25757	
6	5114	978	341	19	806	56	86	114	354	2	5	0.2	2
14	38.4	0.000	0.001	244.03	45.75	33.369	6.537	83.46	0.671	206021.	4.21861	25760	
7	623	982	346	97	991	61	702	23	294	1	1	8.1	2
14	38.8	0.000	0.001	247.85	44.30	32.298	6.189	83.81	0.677	211459.	4.23439	26356	
8	1092	986	352	39	187	22	075	092	378	8	5	8	2
14	34.0	0.001	0.002	238.62	72.75	53.942	10.92	79.07	0.594	194125.	3.48613	24327	
9	7936	596	152	51	424	9	064	936	797	1	3	4.3	2
15	33.4	0.001	0.002	237.67	75.69	56.192	11.50	78.49	0.584	190810.	3.44874	23986	
0	9199	577	124	2	634	16	801	199	546	7	8	6.3	2
15	33.3	0.001	0.002	238.56	76.34	56.652	11.60	78.39	0.582	190408.	3.45997	23982	
1	9431	583	133	26	486	72	569	431	841	3	7	9	2
15	33.9	0.001	0.002	239.29	73.68	54.640	11.06	78.93	0.592	193841.	3.48246	24320	
2	3979	594	15	03	608	17	021	979	361	9	4	3.7	2
15	41.7	0.000	0.000	281.25	56.95	43.777	6.705	83.29	0.729	257099.	2.97934	31252	1.769
3	9435	702	913	25	495	44	649	435	449	1	6	9.8	451
15	41.5	0.000	0.000	279.75	58.74	45.166	6.995	83.00	0.724	253533.	2.97197	30889	1.769
4	0463	7	911	52	913	8	368	463	392	5	2	8.2	451
15	41.6	0.000	0.000	285.55	59.22	45.593	6.818	83.18	0.727	263834.	2.92794	31951	1.769
5	8104	689	895	21	071	77	96	104	471	5	7	2.8	451
15	41.4	0.000	0.000	286.57	61.07	47.042	7.026	82.97	0.723	263783.	2.91478	31970	1.769
6	7376	685	89	68	586	78	237	376	854	4	4	7	451
15	36.6	0.001	0.001	268.09	92.17	72.101	11.81	78.18	0.640	233443.	2.57148	28438	1.769
7	8948	191	522	9	31	59	052	948	352	1	1	8.7	451
15	37.1	0.012	0.016	37.364	8.701	6.5398	11.33	78.66	0.648	15300.4	25.4434	27994	1.769
8	6023	262	316	71	831	1	977	023	568	1	4	54	451
15	36.9	0.001	0.001	263.82	86.90	67.547	11.58	78.41	0.644	221214.	2.69033	27342	1.769
9	1212	254	613	63	378	52	788	212	238	6	9	9.9	451
16	37.1	0.001	0.001	262.25	84.84	65.884	11.37	78.62	0.647	219882.	2.71158	27198	1.769
0	2045	265	629	02	958	38	955	045	874	3	9	8.9	451
16	46.6	0.000	0.000	296.02	75.83	63.995	5.840	84.15	0.814	441209.	1.79429	47827	1.534
1	5949	419	497	04	072	06	507	949	362	6	4	4	654
16	46.3	0.000	0.000	299.96	77.34	64.892	6.185	83.81	0.808	420747.	1.82741	46042	1.534
2	1443	429	512	23	624	98	573	443	339	5	9	3.5	654

163	46.2 5532	0.000 438	0.000 524	303.65 69	76.67 558	64.044 53	6.244 679	83.75 532	0.807 308	410415. 8	1.85586 7	45207 7.1	1.534 654
164	46.3 6532	0.000 448	0.000 539	302.40 58	72.99 813	60.676 53	6.134 676	83.86 532	0.809 228	395158. 1	1.89088 5	43817 3.5	1.534 654
165	41.2 0898	0.000 879	0.001 054	286.72 2	109.9 22	91.736 57	11.29 102	78.70 898	0.719 232	311408. 5	1.86163 6	35519 6	1.534 654
166	41.4 1983	0.000 85	0.001 011	284.15 4	111.9 195	94.122 27	11.08 017	78.91 983	0.722 912	327955. 2	1.81348 7	36871 2.4	1.534 654
167	40.4 6872	0.000 842	0.000 998	287.60 55	120.7 841	101.82 82	12.03 128	77.96 872	0.706 312	324539. 8	1.79974 7	36562 7.1	1.534 654
168	40.7 3529	0.000 848	0.001 008	283.46 46	116.2 535	97.813 47	11.76 471	78.23 529	0.710 965	319168. 5	1.81078 3	36012 2.7	1.534 654
169	38.7 3939	0.001 04	0.001 431	248.38 25	44.07 57	32.030 73	6.260 614	83.73 939	0.676 13	205707. 5	4.45366 4	25920 2.4	2
170	38.8 4202	0.001 052	0.001 448	243.90 27	42.52 804	30.886 83	6.157 979	83.84 202	0.677 921	201647 4	4.50088 4	25430 2.4	2
171	39.8 9985	0.001 054	0.001 451	274.61 9	40.62 706	29.503 16	5.100 153	84.89 985	0.696 384	235678 8	4.50891 8	29367 9.2	2
172	38.9 9685	0.001 017	0.001 397	248.48 07	42.83 532	31.170 05	6.003 145	83.99 685	0.680 624	210063. 3	4.35942 5	26279 6.7	2
173	35.9 7157	0.001 79	0.002 438	237.36 19	59.87 388	43.947 57	9.028 428	80.97 157	0.627 822	192725. 3	3.87009 7	24310 8.3	2
174	35.6 1834	0.001 765	0.002 401	236.74 07	61.86 099	45.456 49	9.381 658	80.61 834	0.621 657	191350. 4	3.82018 6	24155 8.1	2
175	36.0 887	0.001 78	0.002 424	242.06 63	60.54 635	44.459 95	8.911 305	81.08 87	0.629 867	197987. 2	3.85080 3	24912 3.7	2
176	34.8 5744	0.001 763	0.002 399	228.83 66	63.56 889	46.715 57	10.14 256	79.85 744	0.608 377	180119. 5	3.81634 5	22925 4.2	2
177	42.7 4768	0.000 778	0.001 02	304.57 27	51.57 743	39.347 28	5.752 319	84.24 768	0.746 088	267603. 7	3.27818 1	33032 7.1	1.769 451
178	41.6 476	0.000 757	0.000 991	286.02 89	56.87 505	43.466 54	6.852 398	83.14 76	0.726 888	246027. 3	3.19518 3	30534 5.6	1.769 451
179	42.5 917	0.000 786	0.001 031	299.19 04	51.62 337	39.358 54	5.908 301	84.09 17	0.743 365	259666. 7	3.30831 8	32183 3	1.769 451
180	42.0 128	0.000 778	0.001 02	286.21 97	53.70 546	40.970 98	6.487 205	83.51 28	0.733 262	244850 3	3.27786 3	30471 2	1.769 451
181	38.3 2072	0.001 486	0.001 941	256.33 24	70.72 747	54.125 18	10.17 928	79.82 072	0.668 823	198282 7	3.13895 7	25413 1.1	1.769 451
182	38.2 6707	0.001 491	0.001 949	254.54 47	70.41 098	53.868 23	10.23 293	79.76 707	0.667 886	196002. 4	3.15018 4	25163 9.2	1.769 451
183	38.2 4793	0.001 493	0.001 952	250.44 05	69.34 051	53.044 48	10.25 207	79.74 793	0.667 552	192542. 1	3.15391 3	24734 0.7	1.769 451
184	37.8 7817	0.001 501	0.001 963	255.28 94	72.49 928	55.441 07	10.62 183	79.37 817	0.661 099	193040. 8	3.16891 3	24940 7.1	1.769 451
185	46.0 87	0.000 544	0.000 673	327.77 58	67.67 642	54.726 81	6.412 998	83.58 7	0.804 37	328770 4	2.23288 4	38846 1	1.534 654
186	46.3 4585	0.000 555	0.000 688	316.86 87	62.27 757	50.265 64	6.154 154	83.84 585	0.808 888	314127. 4	2.27442 1	37263 0.8	1.534 654
187	47.5 0242	0.000 548	0.000 678	317.78 04	52.94 465	42.786 04	4.997 584	85.00 242	0.829 074	334236. 2	2.24666 5	39061 4.8	1.534 654
188	48.2 633	0.000 55	0.000 681	321.48 24	46.30 371	37.407 38	4.236 697	85.76 33	0.842 354	347122 6	2.25359 6	40326 0.7	1.534 654
189	41.6 6644	0.001 312	0.001 644	262.57 72	73.92 988	59.026 6	10.83 356	79.16 644	0.727 216	188939. 7	2.65776 7	24924 1	1.534 654
190	41.8 03648	0.001 31	0.001 641	264.65 43	73.65 143	58.808 22	10.66 352	79.33 648	0.730 184	191802. 7	2.65395 7	25235 7	1.534 654
191	41.3 3484	0.001 307	0.001 636	263.31 04	76.03 536	60.719 76	11.16 516	78.83 484	0.721 429	187935. 3	2.64650 7	24853 8.9	1.534 654
192	41.0 9173	0.001 303	0.001 631	264.58 05	77.77 979	62.121 2	11.40 827	78.59 173	0.717 186	187678. 8	2.63905 4	24868 1.8	1.534 654
193	40.0 9376	0.001 551	0.002 167	526.54 8	68.63 795	49.126 28	4.906 241	85.09 376	0.699 768	390747. 8	6.54015 4	51587 2.3	2
194	40.5 9155	0.001 559	0.002 178	499.75 32	59.08 814	42.285 99	4.408 452	85.59 155	0.708 456	376836. 3	6.57234 8	49447 7	2
195	40.6 1526	0.001 505	0.002 101	520.61 16	61.65 286	44.160 11	4.384 739	85.61 526	0.708 87	397316. 6	6.35301 2	51874 1	2
196	40.2 8211	0.001 513	0.002 113	511.26 94	64.62 897	46.285 49	4.717 893	85.28 211	0.703 055	384955. 8	6.38564 3	50522 6.5	2

197	41.1 2111	0.002 658	0.003 697	397.59 12	43.23 064	31.079 79	3.878 889	86.12 111	0.717 699	322782. 2	5.62937 9	41134 8.8	2
198	40.8 3182	0.002 662	0.003 702	393.98 54	45.72 23	32.869 45	4.168 182	85.83 182	0.712 65	316380. 6	5.63759 3	40476 6.4	2
199	40.7 2394	0.002 612	0.003 632	402.12	47.96 577	34.504 32	4.276 058	85.72 394	0.710 767	323954. 3	5.53691 6	41387 6.3	2
200	40.7 4245	0.002 66	0.003 7	393.19 33	46.52 472	33.447 15	4.257 554	85.74 245	0.711 09	314826. 9	5.63348 6	40319 3.3	2
201	43.9 3667	0.001 261	0.001 68	542.00 62	64.33 166	48.297 57	4.563 333	85.43 667	0.766 84	387115. 1	5.22751 1	52001 1.6	1.769 451
202	43.5 5884	0.001 255	0.001 672	533.76 46	68.15 905	51.174 29	4.941 158	85.05 884	0.760 245	376904. 6	5.20324 5	50863 5.1	1.769 451
203	43.4 5279	0.001 263	0.001 682	539.78 34	70.16 718	52.677 5	5.047 207	84.95 279	0.758 394	378807	5.23576 4	51256 3.4	1.769 451
204	43.8 9612	0.001 245	0.001 658	551.19 65	66.13 072	49.656 85	4.603 877	85.39 612	0.766 132	395066. 9	5.16298 2	52982 6.3	1.769 451
205	45.5 2196	0.002 244	0.002 983	469.01 91	38.61 498	29.047 55	2.978 039	87.02 196	0.794 508	371997. 1	4.66010 4	47887 7.2	1.769 451
206	45.4 2679	0.002 132	0.002 831	499.68 15	42.97 622	32.365 33	3.073 211	86.92 679	0.792 847	404401. 4	4.43246 1	51642 7.2	1.769 451
207	45.5 0444	0.002 098	0.002 785	491.88 5	41.50 06	31.266 39	2.995 559	87.00 444	0.794 202	402234	4.36465 5	51164 7.2	1.769 451
208	45.9 7344	0.002 047	0.002 716	507.84 64	36.80 187	27.744 56	2.526 557	87.47 344	0.802 388	427490	4.26151 4	53808 3	1.769 451
209	47.2 8568	0.000 988	0.001 245	562.62 5	74.06 812	58.770 15	5.214 319	84.78 568	0.825 291	380410. 9	3.97731	52362 7.5	1.534 654
210	47.5 7339	0.001 034	0.001 303	541.38 35	66.91 697	53.109 11	4.926 606	85.07 339	0.830 312	361548. 3	4.16487 6	50084 8.4	1.534 654
211	47.8 5966	0.001 038	0.001 308	559.11 2	65.37 845	51.889 39	4.640 344	85.35 966	0.835 309	376449. 6	4.18104 1	51966 5	1.534 654
212	47.2 2135	0.000 98	0.001 235	570.16 29	76.05 635	60.345 83	5.278 646	84.72 135	0.824 168	386210	3.94517 9	53109 4.5	1.534 654
213	48.5 585	0.001 746	0.002 201	520.41 01	55.09 522	43.716 04	3.941 498	86.05 85	0.847 506	393292. 5	3.51453 1	51588 9.6	1.534 654
214	48.9 765	0.002 01	0.002 534	456.77 15	41.78 314	33.155 91	3.523 502	86.47 65	0.854 801	324879. 5	4.04655 1	43779 2.9	1.534 654
215	48.4 088	0.001 707	0.002 15	525.23 78	57.99 04	46.019 4	4.091 198	85.90 88	0.844 893	400212. 8	3.43501	52306 6.2	1.534 654
216	48.1 2119	0.001 842	0.002 322	500.10 5	57.31 538	45.471 43	4.378 81	85.62 119	0.839 873	361191. 8	3.70675 3	48290 1.4	1.534 654
217	31.2 3064	0.000 787	0.001 061	622.54 45	225.7 434	167.59 83	13.76 936	76.23 064	0.545 077	461632. 9	3.445	59431 4	2
218	31.2 9792	0.000 805	0.001 086	626.82 93	224.7 534	166.50 39	13.70 208	76.29 792	0.546 252	459546. 8	3.5125	59472 7.9	2
219	30.8 3732	0.000 767	0.001 03	626.42 61	234.0 11	174.22 98	14.16 268	75.83 732	0.538 213	466265. 6	3.36315 2	59828 3.8	2
220	31.2 3728	0.000 803	0.001 083	626.91 71	225.6 835	167.23 26	13.76 272	76.23 728	0.545 193	459333	3.50483 2	59445 4.6	2
221	37.3 1996	0.001 886	0.002 58	555.39 07	120.7 294	88.275 06	7.680 035	82.31 996	0.651 356	459673	4.06315 8	57760 0.9	2
222	37.5 6268	0.001 905	0.002 608	542.09 33	114.3 649	83.562 94	7.437 318	82.56 268	0.655 592	450113. 5	4.10204 8	56522 0.3	2
223	36.7 3407	0.001 9	0.002 599	544.45 5	125.3 831	91.632 73	8.265 925	81.73 407	0.641 131	439546. 6	4.09032 8	55681 3.8	2
224	37.1 4924	0.001 888	0.002 582	545.28 24	120.6 483	88.209 5	7.850 759	82.14 924	0.648 377	448294. 5	4.06704 4	56450 7.4	2
225	37.0 5905	0.000 7	0.000 911	640.30 66	198.0 413	152.25 64	11.44 095	78.55 905	0.646 802	494218. 6	2.97184	63133 1.2	1.769 451
226	35.4 6948	0.000 687	0.000 892	618.39 1	212.1 902	163.40 4	13.03 052	76.96 948	0.619 059	457684	2.92066 1	59152 6.8	1.769 451
227	36.9 2312	0.000 691	0.000 897	644.44 67	202.2 899	155.70 45	11.57 688	78.42 312	0.644 43	500059. 8	2.93528 3	63709 7.2	1.769 451
228	36.3 0837	0.000 706	0.000 919	642.31 98	207.5 523	159.46 07	12.19 163	77.80 837	0.633 701	479916. 2	2.99393 5	61977 0.7	1.769 451
229	38.7 7083	0.001 545	0.002 024	552.91 67	144.9 8	110.65 43	9.729 172	80.27 083	0.676 679	423207. 3	3.25540 8	54553 1.4	1.769 451
230	39.1 4098	0.001 53	0.002 003	559.32 15	142.7 847	109.04 93	9.359 016	80.64 098	0.683 139	436658. 7	3.22530 2	55892 6.7	1.769 451

23	40.2	0.001	0.002	563.26	129.9	99.203	8.264	81.73	0.702	456101.	3.23661	57711	1.769
1	3591	535	011	73	251	54	093	591	249	7	2	3.8	451
23	39.8	0.001		565.73	135.0	103.17	8.602	81.39	0.696	454113.	3.22152	57605	1.769
2	9723	528	0.002	2	808	41	769	723	338	9	7	6	451
23	44.7	0.000	0.000	658.74	143.4	114.63	7.793	82.20	0.780	534231.	2.62048	67635	1.534
3	067	647	809	15	812	54	297	67	279	7	5	3.6	654
23	43.7	0.000	0.000	642.17	153.8	122.91	8.776	81.22	0.763	501600.	2.62805	64296	1.534
4	2343	648	812	51	631	25	567	343	118	5	8	0.7	654
23	44.1	0.000	0.000	646.50	148.2	118.46	8.316	81.68	0.771	513315.	2.62805	65445	1.534
5	8306	648	812	69	925	24	938	306	14	7	8	5.9	654
23	43.4	0.000	0.000	644.13	159.8	127.84	9.015	80.98	0.758		2.56137	64984	1.534
6	8439	631	789	05	157	02	615	439	946	510129	3	3.7	654
23	45.4	0.001	0.001	609.39	127.1	102.04	7.009	82.99	0.793	545126.	2.43021	66709	1.534
7	9012	194	487	96	392	31	88	012	952	1	3	0.1	654
23	45.6	0.001	0.001	601.25	120.6	96.610	6.868	83.13	0.796	522645.	2.51727	64619	1.534
8	3133	239	548	7	523	5	674	133	417	4	8	7.3	654
23	45.8	0.001	0.001	610.19	120.8	96.929	6.662	83.33	0.800	544898.	2.46640	66769	1.534
9	3734	213	513	76	919	08	664	734	012	8	3	1.3	654
24	44.9	0.001	0.001	601.86	131.2	105.16	7.540	82.45	0.784	515432.	2.49180	63974	1.534
0	5996	226	53	49	529	56	04	996	699	2	8	6.8	654
24	29.3	0.000	0.001	586.26	229.8	170.12	15.62	74.37	0.512	400041.	3.53507	53020	
1	7732	81	095	8	056	98	268	732	731	3	8	2.4	2
24	30.9	0.000	0.001	617.99	226.5	168.14	14.00	75.99	0.541	453821.	3.45263	58614	
2	9928	789	064	88	32	15	072	928	04	1	2	1.7	2
24	29.8	0.000	0.001	580.17	221.7	163.98	15.12	74.87	0.521		3.56525	52920	
3	7538	818	106	72	026	42	462	538	424	400509	4	1.9	2
24	33.4	0.000	0.001	685.68	218.4	161.96	11.59	78.40	0.583	544082.	3.48996	68691	
4	0413	799	078	49	764	75	587	413	012	2	1	6.9	2
24	38.5	0.002	0.002	542.11	99.79	72.617	6.482	83.51	0.672	450430.	4.35958	56663	
5	1755	033	794	99	475	66	449	755	258	4	9	0.6	2
24	40.0	0.002	0.002	548.99	79.93	58.186	4.935	85.06	0.699	483673.	4.33997	59726	
6	6479	024	78	19	936	02	207	479	263	8	6	8.3	2
24	4.82	0.002	0.002	666.09	452.9	329.57	40.17	49.82	0.084	143237.	4.37134	34608	
7	0339	039	803	05	968	67	966	034	131	8	7	6.7	2
24	40.0	0.002	0.002	554.33	80.85	58.837	4.951	85.04	0.698	487134.	4.35566	60206	
8	4825	032	792	98	297	62	75	825	974	2	1	6.1	2
24	38.6	0.000	0.000	715.61	203.5	157.38	9.829	80.17	0.674	615030.	2.80452	75774	1.769
9	7026	657	849	98	012	18	736	026	923	3	4	8	451
25	39.6	0.000	0.000	738.80	191.8	148.17	8.823	81.17	0.692	651123.	2.84060	79738	1.769
0	761	666	863	18	64	34	897	61	479	2	4	9.5	451
25	38.7	0.000	0.000	734.82	208.5	161.51	9.728	80.27	0.676	639924.		78494	1.769
1	7147	649	838	09	929	08	529	147	69	7	2.77564	7.1	451
25	37.6	0.000	0.000	693.29	212.0	164.03	10.80	79.19	0.657	576507.	2.79731	71673	1.769
2	9414	655	847	58	419	45	586	414	887	8	3	7.2	451
25	41.6	0.001	0.001	645.87	140.6	109.05	6.882	83.11	0.726	632226.	2.74360	75173	1.769
3	1721	282	653	01	486	28	789	721	357	2	8	5.5	451
25	43.1	0.001	0.001	634.49	113.3	87.935	5.381	84.61	0.752	663232.	2.72224	77595	1.769
4	1827	27	637	02	042	64	735	827	556	2	3	0.4	451
25	42.9	0.001	0.001	645.02	119.0	92.483	5.549	84.45	0.749	676219.	2.69740	79028	1.769
5	501	257	618	84	26	67	903	01	621	8	7	7.5	451
25	44.6	0.001	0.001	636.17	85.74	66.568	3.876	86.12	0.778	707804.	2.71506	81632	1.769
6	2325	267	632	93	415	26	752	325	823	8	1	4.9	451
25	45.4	0.000	0.000	750.90	195.9	162.04	7.080	82.91	0.792	904017.	1.93286	10178	1.534
7	1999	461	557	14	447	12	005	999	728	6	4	21	654
25	44.6	0.000	0.000	727.34	211.8	176.24	7.810	82.18	0.779	889633.	1.88497	99647	1.534
8	8929	447	537	92	699	52	707	929	975	5	1	6.4	654
25	45.3	0.000	0.000	741.18	199.2	165.33	7.145	82.85	0.791	915907.	1.90275	10251	1.534
9	5435	452	545	56	134	63	648	435	583	7	2	96	654
26	45.4	0.000	0.000	745.76	189.9	156.64	7.012	82.98	0.793	880721.	1.95739	99606	1.534
0	8711	468	567	71	206	08	886	711	9	1	2	7.8	654
26	46.9	0.001	0.001	642.56	119.6	96.956	5.551	84.44	0.819	681851.	2.19181	79424	1.534
1	4882	066	316	28	491	4	178	882	412	2	6	1.1	654
26	46.9	0.001	0.001	646.53	121.7	98.684	5.595	84.40	0.818	688959.	2.18162	80155	1.534
2	0478	061	308	4	147	75	225	478	643	7	7	2.6	654
26	46.2	0.001	0.001	640.66	131.2	106.32	6.249	83.75	0.807	658996.	2.19855	77326	1.534
3	5034	07	321	03	576	53	664	034	221	3	9	9.3	654
26	46.1	0.001	0.001	641.28	136.4	110.92	6.353	83.64	0.805	679652.	2.14119	79078	1.534
4	4622	039	278	26	86	07	783	622	403	7	4	8.5	654

265	29.73812	0.00074	0.00099	652.3982	260.0117	194.3632	15.26188	74.73812	0.519028	478491.2	3.259377	614794.2	2
266	29.22663	0.000778	0.001047	617.7383	247.1265	183.7054	15.77337	74.22663	0.510101	430319	3.407673	564436.7	2
267	29.84088	0.000776	0.001044	610.0544	237.7484	176.7797	15.15912	74.84088	0.520822	434908.2	3.400203	566149.5	2
268	29.17314	0.000795	0.001072	608.8938	242.3295	179.7368	15.82686	74.17314	0.509167	417479.4	3.474958	551511.5	2
269	35.7537	0.001738	0.002362	565.9634	147.0184	108.1667	9.246298	80.7537	0.62402	463833.8	3.766599	582640.7	2
270	35.76513	0.001761	0.002396	563.9062	145.6458	107.0416	9.234872	80.76513	0.624219	458772.3	3.812527	577927.4	2
271	33.58813	0.001747	0.002376	544.4542	165.9868	122.0671	11.41187	78.58813	0.586223	411760.3	3.785714	530530.2	2
272	35.71777	0.001743	0.00237	567.4674	147.6812	108.6246	9.282233	80.71777	0.623393	463559.6	3.77807	582961.5	2
273	36.85384	0.000657	0.00085	590.8199	190.6541	147.4378	11.64616	78.35384	0.643221	475376.3	2.80595	596779.9	1.769451
274	36.26251	0.000621	0.000798	687.8452	236.7534	184.2128	12.23749	77.76251	0.6329	567757.6	2.669147	704237.2	1.769451
275	34.8877	0.000634	0.000817	643.3863	236.1646	183.3179	13.6123	76.38877	0.608905	496807.8	2.718683	629206.2	1.769451
276	36.29116	0.000631	0.000812	674.5627	229.9795	178.6348	12.20884	77.79116	0.6334	550325.6	2.704505	685742.9	1.769451
277	39.33163	0.001319	0.001706	620.4327	166.8689	128.996	9.168371	80.83163	0.686466	544329	2.815333	667028.3	1.769451
278	39.83436	0.001317	0.001704	621.4437	160.0888	123.7727	8.665638	81.33436	0.695241	556025.7	2.811656	677674.4	1.769451
279	39.48847	0.001298	0.001677	624.8286	167.2421	129.4926	9.011532	80.98847	0.689204	558589.9	2.775791	680354.3	1.769451
280	40.64184	0.001313	0.001698	624.3011	149.0979	115.3079	7.858155	82.14184	0.709334	576866.4	2.804524	696956.9	1.769451
281	43.4815	0.000491	0.0006	722.289	212.0904	173.6071	9.018495	80.9815	0.758895	738127.2	2.0394	862123.6	1.534654
282	43.64284	0.000535	0.00066	726.1833	196.3843	159.0805	8.857158	81.14284	0.761711	676480.3	2.198641	813061.7	1.534654
283	42.95208	0.000517	0.000635	721.1512	211.9146	172.3277	9.547918	80.45208	0.749655	680373.5	2.13117	812822.8	1.534654
284	43.15779	0.000559	0.000693	688.2993	188.1658	151.7829	9.342211	80.65779	0.753246	601721.5	2.288352	737918.4	1.534654
285	44.81657	0.000936	0.001134	642.9049	175.5416	144.7815	7.683426	82.31657	0.782197	738567.9	1.957392	839461.8	1.534654
286	45.37164	0.000954	0.00116	651.8844	164.7712	135.477	7.128357	82.87164	0.791885	746303.2	1.988588	850027.6	1.534654
287	45.78128	0.000927	0.001122	646.6941	161.0263	133.0285	6.718718	83.28128	0.799034	783842.8	1.942028	881867.6	1.534654
288	45.31888	0.000923	0.001117	638.4677	168.0527	138.9275	7.181117	82.81888	0.790964	763267.6	1.935915	860520.4	1.534654
289	48.74244	0.001646	0.002302	405.8849	48.8112	34.8878	3.74244	93.74244	0.850716	405215.1	6.930917	481433.9	2
290	49.02942	0.001638	0.002291	415.5871	54.2862	38.8051	4.02942	94.02942	0.855725	420158.4	6.898148	497186.9	2
291	47.52811	0.001604	0.002243	396.8861	31.4149	22.4666	2.52811	92.52811	0.829522	381525.1	6.759674	459036.8	2
292	47.42184	0.00164	0.002294	394.6041	29.6951	21.2262	2.42184	92.42184	0.827667	375149.8	6.906315	452971	2
293	35.38216	0.002363	0.003272	359.4312	88.22059	63.70938	9.617842	80.38216	0.617535	249554.5	5.028187	335873.8	2
294	45.02503	0.002365	0.003275	443.2073	0.35296	0.25489	0.02503	90.02503	0.785835	435865.4	5.032254	521286.9	2
295	42.04206	0.002406	0.003335	339.5176	29.48772	21.27859	2.957936	87.04206	0.733772	296540.4	5.116062	368176.8	2

29 6	44.1 6055	0.002 379	0.003 295	457.23 16	11.91 811	8.6043 43	0.839 454	89.16 055	0.770 747	434079. 8	5.06015 9	52477 0.2		2	
29 7	53.5 5968	0.001 527	0.002 038	413.63 22	64.57 37	48.393 6	5.059 68	95.05 968	0.934 793		389775	6.31898 6	47053 4.5	1.769 451	
29 8	52.7 7062	0.001 493	0.001 992	412.94 79	53.64 02	40.205 1	4.270 62	94.27 062	0.921 021	380771. 5		6.17968 6	46343 0.2	1.769 451	
29 9	53.9 2688	0.001 473	0.001 965	422.86 48	72.08 28	54.033 3	5.426 88	95.42 688	0.941 202	409101. 7		6.09825 6	48952 0	1.769 451	
30 0	53.6 7613	0.001 453	0.001 939	417.84 01	-67.73	50.775 3	5.176 13	95.17 613	0.936 825	402395. 6		6.01639 6	48237 2	1.769 451	
30 1	39.5 7235	0.002 198	0.002 921	338.80 59	74.59 609	56.138 15	8.927 645	81.07 235	0.690 668	219987. 8		4.56794 3	30636 1.7	1.769 451	
30 2	41.2 164	0.002 222	0.002 953	331.93 06	61.35 094	46.159 71	7.283 597	82.71 64	0.719 362	227179. 7		4.61592	30968 2.8	1.769 451	
30 3	40.2 2678	0.002 195	0.002 916	374.24 36	77.32 733	58.195 85	8.273 219	81.72 678	0.702 09	248811. 1		4.56003 1	34309 5.8	1.769 451	
30 4	40.4 5072	0.002 228	0.002 961	357.06 85	71.83 552	54.045 16	8.049 275	81.95 072	0.705 998	237653. 7		4.62792 2	32771 9.4	1.769 451	
30 5	79.4 8818	0.001 292	0.001 623	174.15 72	309.3 35	246.10 2	26.98 82	116.9 882	1.387 33	425174. 4		5.21282 6	39187 9.3	1.534 654	
30 6	58.1 3408	0.001 372	0.001 723	350.90 1	57.52 49	45.806 5	5.634 08	95.63 408	1.014 631	302742. 8		5.54078 3	37620 0.9	1.534 654	
30 7	60.0 783	0.001 218	0.001 533	357.95 31	85.39 17	67.882 7	7.578 3	97.57 83	1.048 564	348095. 7		4.91366 6	41408 6.3	1.534 654	
30 8	64.3 6185	0.001 288	0.001 618	267.16 82	110.1 83	87.655 8	11.86 18	101.8 618	1.123 326		299810	5.19633 9	33844 2	1.534 654	
30 9	43.7 0037	0.001 898	0.002 392	297.69 89	62.62 732	49.686 53	8.799 633	81.20 037	0.762 715	181300. 7		3.81965 6	26100 9.1	1.534 654	
31 0	48.2 4547	0.001 906	0.002 402	321.61 82	35.54 232	28.198 35	4.254 527	85.74 547	0.842 042	229089. 1		3.83565	30823 7.3	1.534 654	
31 1	47.2 7432	0.001 894	0.002 387	300.40 5	40.08 456	31.801 71	5.225 682	84.77 432	0.825 092	207508. 7		3.81142	28275 9.8	1.534 654	
31 2	47.0 2779	0.001 928	0.002 43	285.84 55	39.55 879	31.385 73	5.472 211	84.52 779	0.820 79	193946. 2		3.88028 7	26640 7.7	1.534 654	
31 3	60.7 8422	0.001 535	0.002 144	135.22 09	106.4 24	76.190 1	15.78 42	105.7 842	1.060 885	236858. 4		6.47481 6	24289 5.7		2
31 4	63.8 5749	0.001 553	0.002 169	114.88 72	125.2 2	89.620 9	18.85 75	108.8 575	1.114 524	238704. 2		6.54795 8	23653 1.3		2
31 5	65.7 2384	0.001 555	0.002 172	96.773 77	128.9 92	92.317 5	20.72 38	110.7 238	1.147 097	226736. 7		6.55625	21995 9.1		2
31 6	45.9 9702	0.001 503	0.002 099	308.77 48	9.410 33	6.7405 6	0.997 02	90.99 702	0.802 799	286449. 6		6.34507 5	34885 6.4		2
31 7	38.4 8672	0.002 336	0.003 233	311.17 19	55.31 082	39.963 53	6.513 276	83.48 672	0.671 72	242198. 7		4.97247 4	31255 3.5		2
31 8	41.3 0929	0.002 361	0.003 27	296.25 77	31.71 584	22.904 71	3.690 714	86.30 929	0.720 983	253992. 9		5.02428 7	31721 5.6		2
31 9	39.9 1143	0.002 332	0.003 227	294.78 26	42.26 992	30.543 4	5.088 567	84.91 143	0.696 586	241590. 9		4.96451 6	30625 4.2		2
32 0	38.8 1808	0.002 355	0.003 261	303.42 48	51.45 195	37.161 83	6.181 916	83.81 808	0.677 503	238119. 4		5.01232 7	30646 3.6		2
32 1	44.5 1213	0.001 358	0.001 811	357.56 85	36.94 26	27.711 01	3.987 87	86.01 213	0.776 883	253442. 3		5.62518 2	34188 0.6	1.769 451	
32 2	35.6 3242	0.001 356	0.001 808	297.82 78	85.13 664	63.862 77	12.86 758	77.13 242	0.621 903	154634. 5		5.61703 3	24044 7.9	1.769 451	
32 3	41.1 5355	0.001 342	0.001 789	344.50 44	61.71 254	46.296 74	7.346 452	82.65 355	0.718 265	218062. 9		5.56016	30881 3.8	1.769 451	

32	40.9	0.001	0.001	332.94	61.09	45.834	7.562	82.43	0.714		5.59249	29689	1.769
4	3708	35	8	43	965	17	924	708	487	208715	4	7.5	451
32	20.9	0.002	0.002	284.86	148.7	112.16	27.57	62.42	0.365	95999.3	4.23369	18379	1.769
5	2805	034	697	5	577	81	195	805	263	3	7	7.5	451
32	21.6	0.002	0.002	270.42	138.8	104.69	26.88	63.11	0.377	93880.0		17671	1.769
6	1892	032	694	62	481	88	108	892	321	9	4.2298	4.9	451
32	19.8	0.002	0.002	274.14	146.6	110.52	28.64	61.35	0.346	87489.5	4.28928	17316	1.769
7	5289	061	734	61	3	26	711	289	498	8	3	9.3	451
32	21.9	0.002	0.002	276.58	140.5	105.94	26.52	63.47	0.383	96857.8	4.27340	18165	1.769
8	7409	053	724	13	459	77	591	409	52	5	9	9.3	451
32	45.8	0.001	0.001	327.95	50.65	40.301	6.646	83.35	0.800	186935.	5.26280	28043	1.534
9	5365	304	639	28	014	83	351	365	297	9	9	5.7	654
33	55.4	0.001	0.001	384.21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0	8344	322	661	61	31.73	25.257	2.983	92.98	0.968	305476.	5.33784	39286	1.534
					67	7	44	344	369	9	4	3.6	654
33	54.5	0.001	0.001	370.92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	6113	314	651	18	20.79	16.545	2.061	92.06	0.952	286060.		37271	1.534
					12	2	13	113	271	1	5.30432	5.4	654
33	55.9	0.001	0.001	365.08	35.23	28.063	3.485	93.48	0.977	290468.	5.59698	37327	1.534
2	8527	385	739	4	79	9	27	527	127	7	8	3.6	654
33	37.4	0.001	0.002	313.92	103.6	82.263	15.05	74.94	0.653	159146.	3.56723	24874	1.534
3	4793	773	234	48	832	79	207	793	59	3	2	1	654
33	36.4	0.001	0.002	307.42	106.1	84.180	16.00	73.99	0.637	149458.	3.61452	23872	1.534
4	9985	796	264	18	034	67	015	985	043	2	9	3.9	654
33	36.9	0.001	0.002	306.07	104.0	82.548	15.59	74.40	0.644			24056	1.534
5	0999	758	216	52	383	08	001	999	201	152914	3.53847	3.5	654
33	42.5	0.001	0.002	288.95	68.62	54.446	9.974	80.02	0.742	174871.	3.58234	25173	1.534
6	2543	78	244	31	363	22	575	543	209	1	6	9.1	654
33	47.8	0.001	0.001	487.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	4906	267	759	92	46.68	33.621	2.849	92.84	0.835	518165.	5.37627	60523	2
					68	3	06	906	124	3	5	4.6	
33	47.9	0.001	0.001	491.96	48.22	34.737	2.903	92.90	0.836	525977.	5.34417	61353	2
8	0308	259	748	08	58	7	08	308	067	5	5	3.1	
33	49.1	0.001	0.001	496.93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	0717	261	751	91	71.35	51.393	4.107	94.10	0.857	557067.	5.35216	64108	2
					33	8	17	717	082	3	2	7	
34	47.7	0.001	0.001	477.82	43.25	31.149	2.701	92.70	0.832	505455.	5.37627	59138	2
0	0163	267	759	55	44	5	63	163	551	9	5	8	
34	17.4	0.002	0.003	238.50	127.0	91.933	27.53	62.46	0.304		4.80072	15720	2
1	6704	251	111	82	245	63	296	704	857	88044.4	1	5.8	
34	14.4	0.002	0.003	270.96	154.2	111.59	30.55	59.44	0.252	87948.7	4.81739	16851	2
2	4177	26	123	67	148	33	823	177	056	3	1	4.1	
34	12.6	0.002	0.003	268.70	158.4	114.69	32.31	57.68	0.221	80756.6	4.80548	16161	2
3	8035	254	114	97	862	83	965	035	314	5	4	9.1	
34	18.6	0.002	0.003	276.12	142.8	103.41	26.33	63.66	0.325	106971.	4.79755	18622	2
4	6522	25	108	11	789	16	478	522	769	3	5	6.8	
34	49.5	0.001	0.001	498.93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	6059	009	338	61	16.65	12.560	1.060	91.06	0.864	483035.	4.20210	58036	1.769
					37	2	59	059	996	6	4	4.9	451
34	37.7	0.000	0.001	403.32	106.1	80.119	10.73	79.26	0.659	259717.	4.08361	36120	1.769
6	6571	98	298	04	366	93	429	571	136	9	4	8.9	451
34	37.4	0.000	0.001	398.81	107.9	81.471	11.09	78.90	0.652	254390.	4.05997	35506	1.769
7	0681	974	29	33	066	78	319	681	872	7	1	4.1	451
34	40.0	0.000	0.001	401.35	86.26	65.091	8.419	81.58	0.699	278280.	4.13885	37602	1.769
8	8078	993	317	54	51	32	222	078	542	1	4	0.6	451
34	19.8	0.002	0.002	279.85	149.5	112.66	28.63	61.36	0.346	88953.3	4.32102	17665	1.769
9	6527	077	756	24	054	7	473	527	714	9	8	5.9	451
35	20.0	0.002	0.002	255.69	136.0	102.49	28.45	61.54	0.349	81866.2		16190	1.769
0	4336	079	759	3	143	76	664	336	823	6	4.325	9.3	451
35	23.5	0.002	0.002	298.86	145.3	109.55	24.95	65.04	0.410	110684.	4.33692	20157	1.769
1	4557	085	767	46	883	35	443	557	948	4	3	0.4	451
35	19.7	0.002	0.002	268.74	143.9	108.50	28.76	61.23	0.344	84828.2	4.32889	16920	1.769
2	321	081	761	78	88	38	79	21	39	2	1	0.4	451
35	46.0	0.000	0.000	574.91	131.9	108.22	6.426	83.57	0.804	663853.	2.01380	75566	1.534
3	7354	484	59	91	287	44	459	354	135	2	1	8.1	654

35	44.8	0.000	0.000	547.40	143.2	117.35	7.671	82.32	0.782	595339.	2.02642	68601	1.534	
4	2892	487	595	48	205	96	075	892	412	4	8	4.4	654	
35	47.5	0.000	0.000	598.31	106.7	87.055	4.986	85.01	0.829	692092.	2.09143	78946	1.534	
5	1325	506	62	47	721	69	754	325	263	8	1	1.9	654	
35	52.6	0.000	0.000	589.84	3.003	-	-	0.115	90.11	0.918	880872.	2.05229	95955	1.534
6	1569	495	605	73	15	2.4557	69	569	317	2	2	5.7	654	
35	29.5	0.001	0.001	357.04	188.1	153.00	22.97	67.02	0.515	208924.		28631	1.534	
7	2495	033	271	48	493	19	505	495	308	4	2.13117	5.1	654	
35	28.1	0.001	0.001	379.64	205.6	166.93	24.39	65.60	0.490	207804.	2.16134	29252	1.534	
8	0182	05	293	58	593	68	818	182	469	7	4	3.1	654	
35	26.9	0.001	0.001	404.88	224.8	182.46	25.50	64.49	0.471	212674.	2.16472	30401	1.534	
9	9319	052	296	52	3	24	681	319	12	5	2	3.5	654	
36	31.8	0.001	0.001	381.58	188.5	153.28	20.63	69.36	0.556	241856.	2.13451	32296	1.534	
0	6295	035	273	35	309	02	705	295	113	3	4	4	654	
36	32.5	0.000	0.001	455.48	147.2	108.13	12.43	77.56	0.568	328968.	3.84688	43075		
1	6341	889	211	51	442	26	659	341	339	2	7	5.1	2	
36	33.1	0.000	0.001	451.27	142.2	104.71	11.84	78.15	0.578	339166.	3.73220	43747		
2	5502	86	168	75	146	98	498	502	664	8	8	2.2	2	
36	36.0	0.000	0.001	465.65	115.8	84.965	8.914	81.08	0.629	377327.	3.90857	47649		
3	8519	904	233	82	515	47	805	519	805	7	8	1.7	2	
36	42.7	0.000	0.001	519.48	37.57	27.522	2.203	87.79	0.746	534019.	3.97799	63001		
4	9614	922	259	25	989	21	856	614	934	4	8	1.1	2	
36	24.3	0.001	0.002	318.26	143.2	104.36	20.68	69.31	0.424	162038.		24470		
5	1216	989	729	88	301	43	784	216	327	6	4.26953	3.4	2	
36	15.3	0.001	0.002	347.91	198.3	144.82	29.64	60.35	0.268	128604.	4.13695	22483		
6	5537	923	633	17	281	4	463	537	002	7	5	0.7	2	
36	29.8	0.001	0.002	354.35	129.1	94.244	15.15	74.84	0.520	221921.	4.17587	30752		
7	4038	942	662	79	471	22	962	038	813	6	3	7	2	
36	21.3	0.001	0.002	181.0	132.08	23.64	66.35	0.372	169598.	4.19146	26683		2	
8	5845	95	673	367.07	546	92	155	845	775	7	8	8		
36	41.5	0.001	0.001	414.57	73.90	55.656	6.902	83.09	0.726	293024.	4.43236	39386	1.769	
9	9759	066	415	97	393	97	411	759	015	9	5	6.1	451	
37	42.2	0.001	0.001	427.86	70.18	52.872	6.251	83.74	0.737	311020.	4.38460	41338	1.769	
0	4873	054	399	91	703	34	273	873	379	7	7	0.9	451	
37	43.3	0.001	0.001	434.69	60.62	45.677	5.185	84.81	0.755	329540.	4.34486	43095	1.769	
1	1441	044	386	89	133	38	591	441	979	7	1	2.3	451	
37	47.1	0.001	0.001	471.16	19.33	14.568	1.399	88.60	0.822	410258.	4.32102	51045	1.769	
2	0032	038	378	77	213	67	683	032	056	8	8	0.5	451	
37	20.7	0.002	0.002	262.76	137.7	103.92	27.70	62.29	0.362	88456.7	4.20210	16929	1.769	
3	9538	018	676	19	921	27	462	538	948	6	4	2.5	451	
37	21.4	0.002	0.002	261.15	134.7	101.65	27.07	62.92	0.373	90075.6	4.21793	17011	1.769	
4	2344	026	686	96	961	17	656	344	91	8	7	6.2	451	
37	20.1	0.002	0.002	259.05	138.1	104.23	28.38	61.61	0.351	85049.5	4.17441	16497	1.769	
5	1485	004	657	18	811	69	515	485	07	9	5	9.7	451	
37	22.7	0.002	0.002	266.90	133.2	100.52	25.74	64.25	0.397	97719.6	4.18627	17834	1.769	
6	5983	01	665	43	783	98	017	983	234	6	2	5.2	451	
37	46.8	0.001	0.001	348.44	46.85	37.266	5.663	84.33	0.817	208091.	5.09649	30483	1.534	
7	3657	263	588	31	663	8	432	657	452	5	7	4.3	654	
37	44.9	0.001	0.001	346.40	60.42	48.026	7.506	82.49	0.785		4.85002	29585	1.534	
8	9366	203	513	01	341	21	341	366	287	197743	2	0.5	654	
37	42.9	0.001	0.001	350.62	75.35	59.892	9.553	80.44	0.749	186093.	4.85582	28885	1.534	
9	4687	204	515	88	146	32	127	687	564	8	2	8.7	654	
38	46.8	0.001	0.001	354.97	48.19	38.313	5.678	84.32	0.817	215208.	4.89725	31272	1.534	
0	2149	214	528	47	813	82	51	149	189	9	2	3.6	654	
38	29.2	0.002	0.002	200.73	88.80	70.519	23.25	66.74	0.510	65451.5	4.44322	13331	1.534	
1	4368	206	778	99	825	87	632	368	398	1	1	8.4	654	
38	27.8	0.002	0.002	203.94	94.07	74.704	24.64	65.35	0.486	62217.3		13228	1.534	
2	5567	226	803	57	034	89	433	567	173	8	4.48424	8.9	654	
38	30.9	0.002	0.002	223.83	93.61	74.323	21.50	68.49	0.540	79219.3	4.37751	15324	1.534	
3	9006	174	738	95	143	86	994	006	879	2	7	2.1	654	
38	28.8	0.002	0.002	206.83	92.65	73.569	23.61	66.38	0.504	66805.8		13673	1.534	
4	851	182	748	22	786	2	49	51	14	4	4.39394	2.1	654	

Appendix 4

The spindle speed was calculated considering the material hardness and the geometrical dimensions of the alloy as shown below.

Alloy: Aluminum 6061

Hardness: 33.5 HRB

Diameter: 3 inches

Wall thickness: 0.125 inches

Considering a feed of 0.002 inch/rev to 0.005 inch/rev from “Machinery’s Handbook” 27th Edition, pp 1038 for an Aluminum 6061 alloy being machined by a HSS tool the speed is 500 feet/minute.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Volume Swept by the tool in 1 revolution} &= 2 \times \pi \times 1.5 = 9.426 \text{ inches} \\ &= 0.7855 \text{ feet.}\end{aligned}$$

Cutting Speed

$$\text{RPM} = \frac{\text{Cutting Speed}}{\text{Volume Swept by the tool in 1 revolution}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \frac{500 \frac{\text{feet}}{\text{minute}}}{0.7855 \frac{\text{feet}}{\text{rev}}} = 636.5372 \text{ RPM}\end{aligned}$$

The spindle speed for the other scenarios were calculated similarly.

Sample calculations for Run 1 from the previous appendices are discussed below.

Friction Force, $F = F_c \times \sin \alpha + F_t \times \cos \alpha$

$$F = 232.64 \times \sin(0) + 198.82 \times \cos(0) = 198.82 \text{ N}$$

Normal Force, $N = F_c \times \cos \alpha + F_t \times \sin \alpha$

$$N = 232.64 \times \cos(0) + 198.82 \times \sin(0) = 232.64 \text{ N}$$

Merchant's Shear Force along the onset of Shear Plane, $F_s = F_c \times \cos \phi - F_t \times \sin \phi$

$$F_s = 232.64 \times \cos(0.18678) - 198.82 \times \sin(0.18678) = 191.67381 \text{ N}$$

Merchant's Normal Force along the onset of Shear Plane, $F_n = F_c \times \sin \phi - F_t \times \cos \phi$

$$F_n = 232.64 \times \sin(0.18678) - 198.82 \times \cos(0.18678) = 238.56218 \text{ N}$$

Onset of Shear Plane Angle, $\phi = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{r_c \times \cos \alpha}{1 - r_c \times \sin \alpha} \right]$

$$\phi = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{0.188982 \times \cos(0)}{1 - 0.188982 \times \sin(0)} \right] = 0.18678 \text{ radians}$$

Friction Angle, $\beta = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{F}{N} \right]$

$$\beta = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{198.82}{232.64} \right] = 40.51803^\circ$$

$$\text{Merchant's Shear Area, } A_s = \frac{t \times w}{\sin \phi} ; A_s = \frac{0.002 \times 0.125}{\sin(0.18678)} = 0.001292 \text{ inch}^2$$

$$\text{Merchant's Shear Stress, } \tau_s = \frac{F_s}{A_s} = \frac{F_s \times \sin \phi}{t \times w} ;$$

$$\tau_s = \frac{191.67381}{0.001292} = 229.8716 \text{ MPa}$$

APPENDIX 5

Minitab Project Report Aluminum 6061; HSS

General Linear Model: Fy Thrust, Fz Cutting, ... versus Environment, Rake Angle

Factor	Type	Levels	Values
Environment	fixed	4	Cold Comp. Air, Dry, Liquid Nit., Nitrogen
Rake Angle	fixed	3	0, 7, 15
Feed in/rev	fixed	2	0.002, 0.004

Analysis of Variance for **Fy Thrust**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	5669.7	5669.7	1889.9	7.47
Rake Angle	2	119815.4	119815.4	59907.7	236.70
Feed in/rev	1	79858.0	79858.0	79858.0	315.53
Environment*Rake Angle	6	5175.6	5175.6	862.6	3.41
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	2114.4	2114.4	704.8	2.78
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	1452.4	1452.4	726.2	2.87
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	329.8	329.8	55.0	0.22
Error	72	18222.8	18222.8	253.1	
Total	95	232638.0			

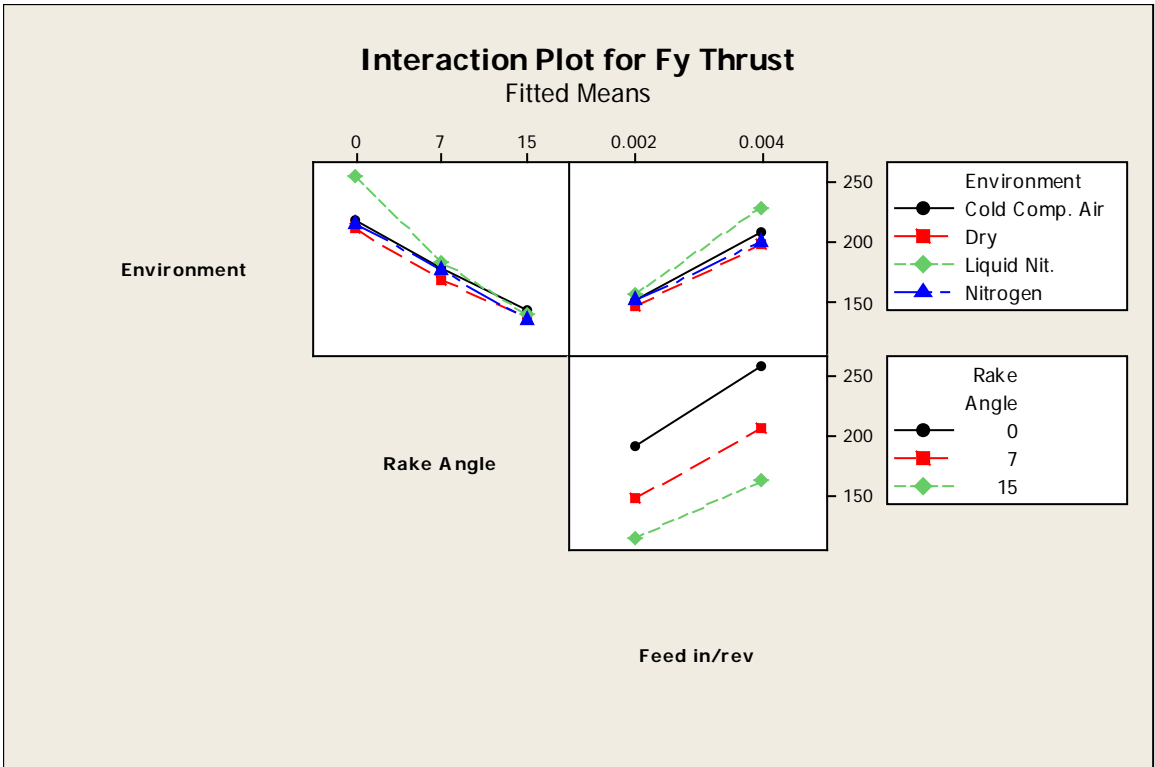
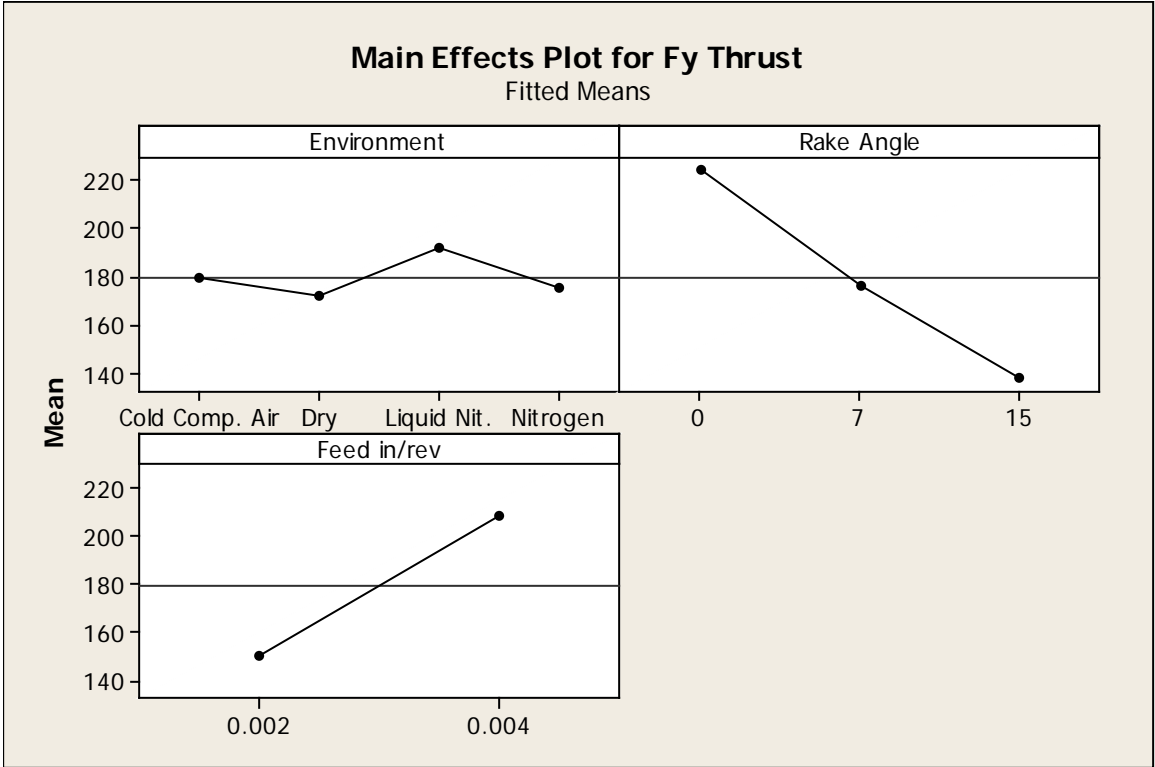
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.005
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.047
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.063
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.970
Error	
Total	

S = 15.9089 R-Sq = 92.17% R-Sq(adj) = 89.66%

Unusual Observations for Fy Thrust

Obs	Fy Thrust	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
78	262.952	295.460	7.954	-32.508	-2.36 R
79	398.813	295.460	7.954	103.353	7.50 R
80	247.157	295.460	7.954	-48.303	-3.51 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for **Fz Cutting**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	6237	6237	2079	72.73	0.000
Rake Angle	2	31171	31171	15586	545.21	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	364563	364563	364563	12752.96	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	1430	1430	238	8.34	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	464	464	155	5.41	0.002
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	57	57	28	0.99	0.376
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	453	453	75	2.64	0.023
Error	72	2058	2058	29		
Total	95	406432				

S = 5.34664 R-Sq = 99.49% R-Sq(adj) = 99.33%

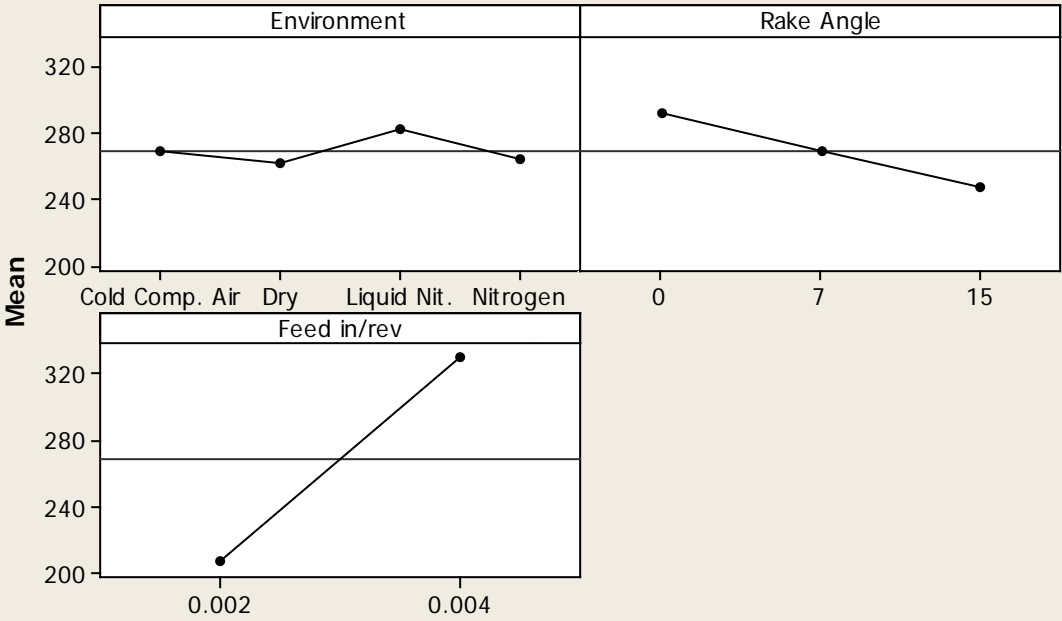
Unusual Observations for Fz Cutting

Obs	Fz Cutting	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
1	232.640	219.203	2.673	13.437	2.90 R
74	239.012	252.579	2.673	-13.567	-2.93 R
75	268.992	252.579	2.673	16.413	3.54 R
78	362.834	373.720	2.673	-10.886	-2.35 R
79	389.360	373.720	2.673	15.640	3.38 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

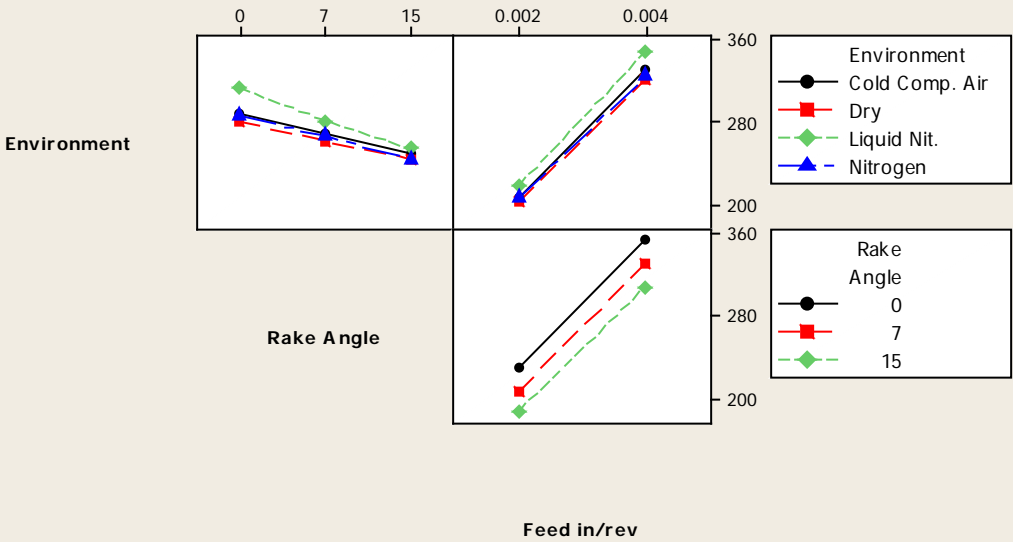
Main Effects Plot for Fz Cutting

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fz Cutting

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Resultant force, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Analysis of Variance for Resultant, using Adjusted SS for Tests

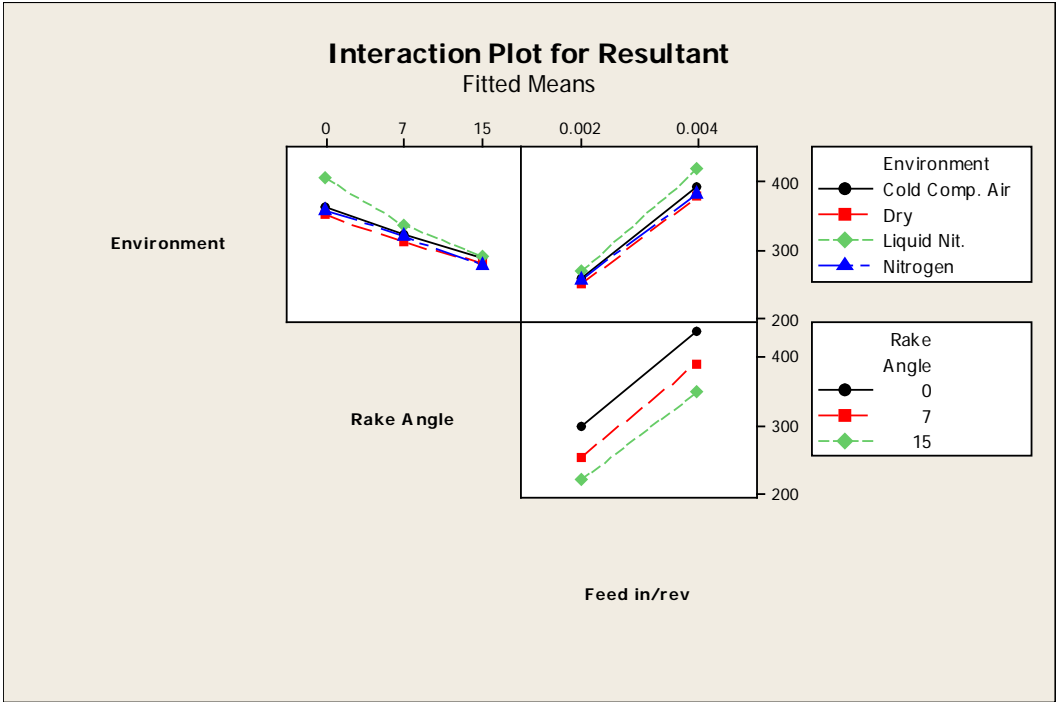
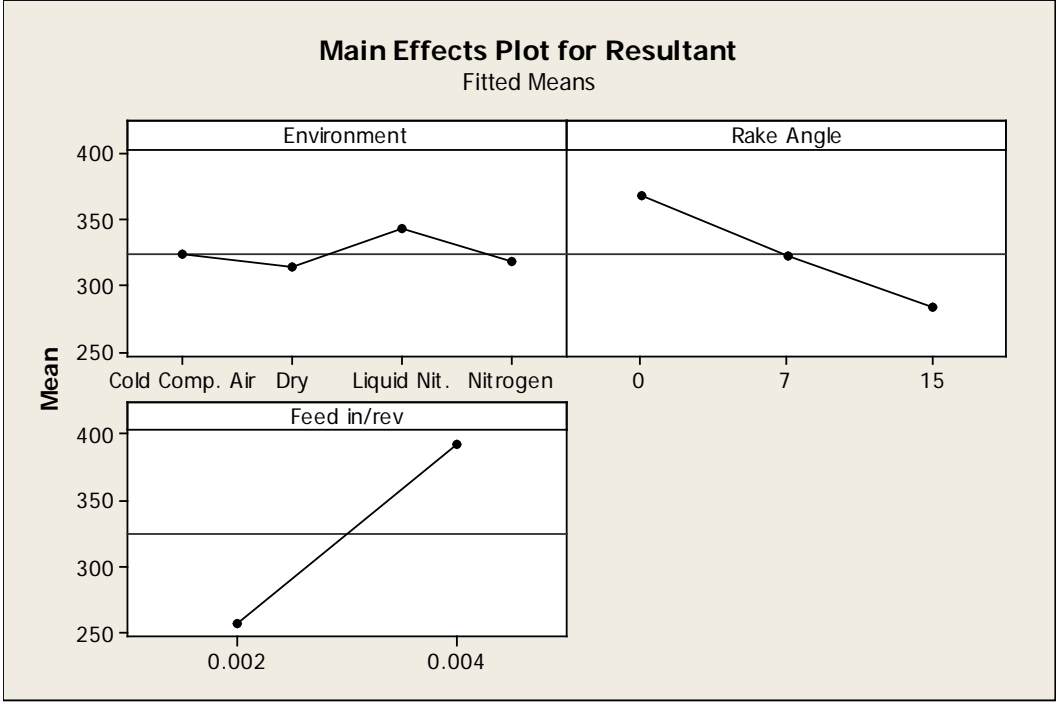
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	12052	12052	4017	22.64	0.000
Rake Angle	2	115688	115688	57844	325.95	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	436533	436533	436533	2459.83	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	5519	5519	920	5.18	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	1990	1990	663	3.74	0.015
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	408	408	204	1.15	0.323
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	529	529	88	0.50	0.809
Error	72	12777	12777	177		
Total	95	585497				

S = 13.3216 R-Sq = 97.82% R-Sq(adj) = 97.12%

Unusual Observations for Resultant

Obs	Resultant	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
75	355.339	330.064	6.661	25.275	2.19 R
78	448.098	478.102	6.661	-30.003	-2.60 R
79	557.362	478.102	6.661	79.261	6.87 R
80	446.791	478.102	6.661	-31.310	-2.71 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Chip thickness ratio, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.169882	0.169882	0.056627	94.69
Rake Angle	2	0.260688	0.260688	0.130344	217.96
Feed in/rev	1	0.026475	0.026475	0.026475	44.27
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.043796	0.043796	0.007299	12.21
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.024270	0.024270	0.008090	13.53
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.002365	0.002365	0.001183	1.98
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.004888	0.004888	0.000815	1.36
Error	72	0.043058	0.043058	0.000598	
Total	95	0.575423			

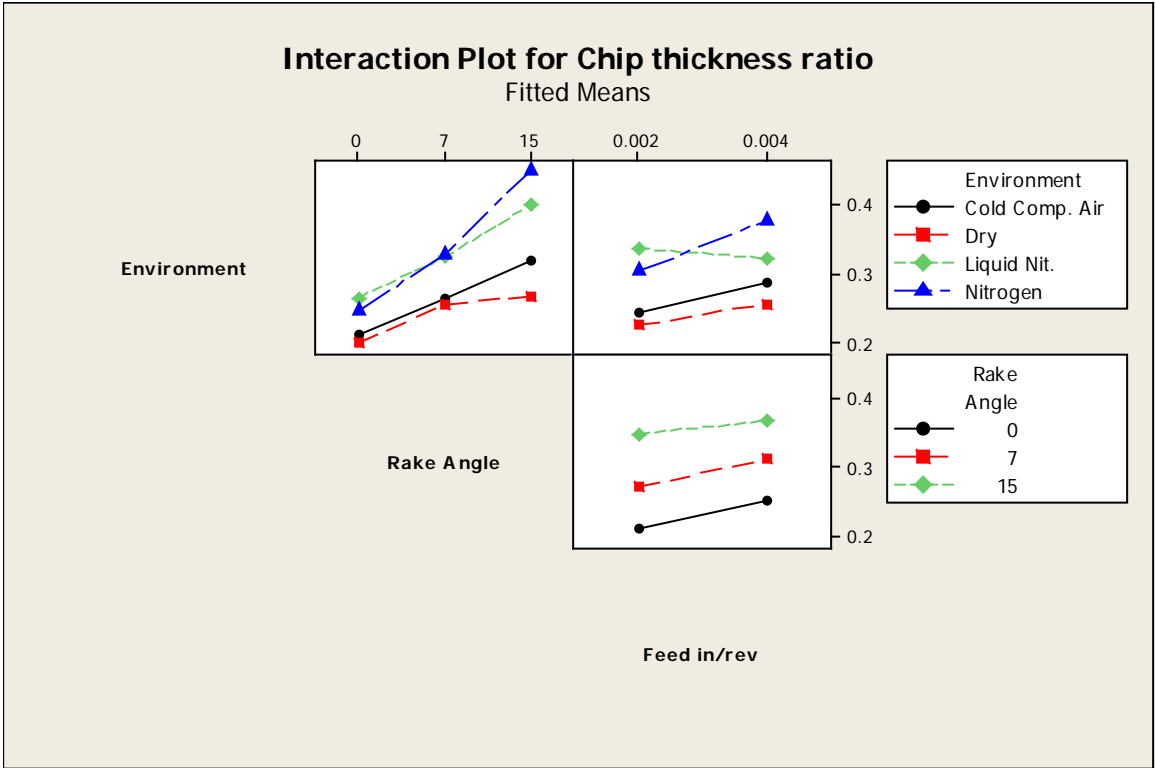
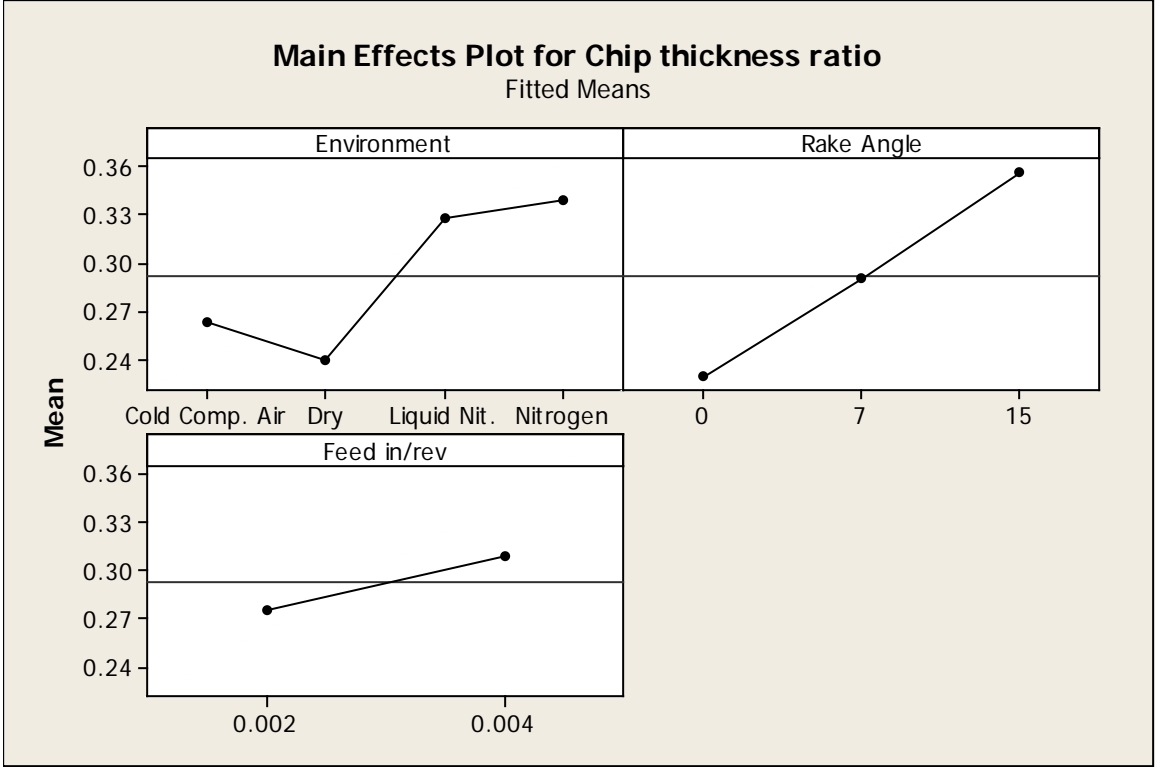
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.146
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.242
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0244545 R-Sq = 92.52% R-Sq(adj) = 90.13%

Unusual Observations for Chip thickness ratio

Obs	Chip thickness ratio	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	0.258065	0.202577	0.012227	0.055488	2.62 R
6	0.262295	0.202577	0.012227	0.059718	2.82 R
7	0.264550	0.202577	0.012227	0.061974	2.93 R
8	0.025397	0.202577	0.012227	-0.177180	-8.37 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Phi degrees, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	555.429	555.429	185.143	98.97
Rake Angle	2	994.619	994.619	497.309	265.86
Feed in/rev	1	81.890	81.890	81.890	43.78
Environment*Rake Angle	6	157.467	157.467	26.244	14.03
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	75.247	75.247	25.082	13.41
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	6.371	6.371	3.186	1.70
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	16.023	16.023	2.671	1.43
Error	72	134.683	134.683	1.871	
Total	95	2021.730			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.189
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.216
Error	
Total	

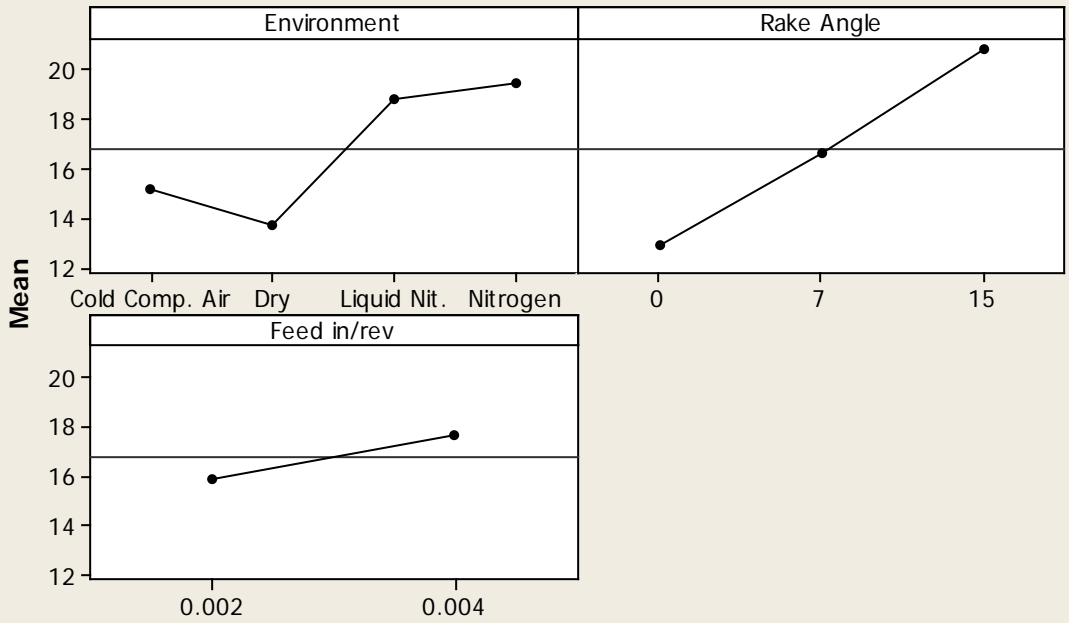
S = 1.36770 R-Sq = 93.34% R-Sq(adj) = 91.21%

Unusual Observations for Phi degrees

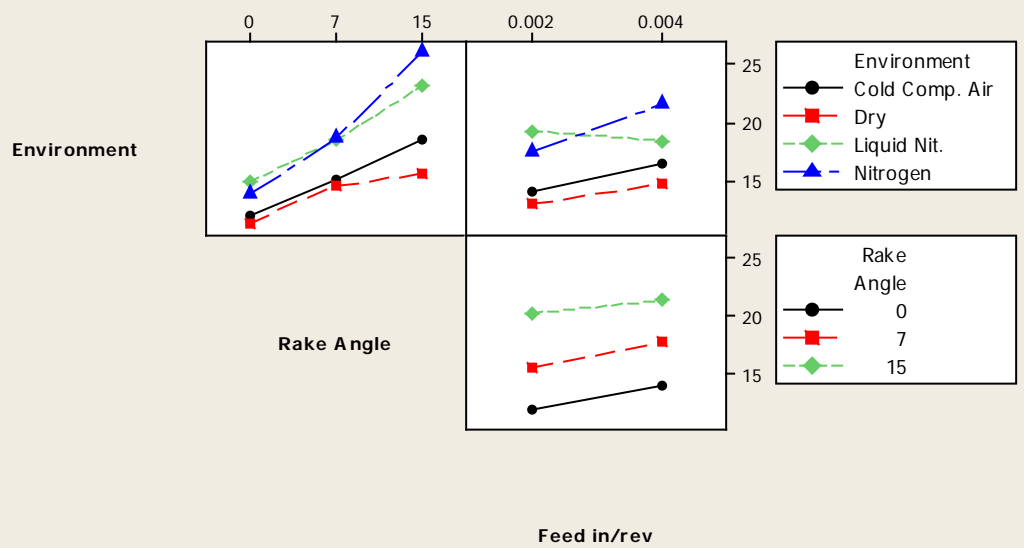
Obs	Phi degrees	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	14.4703	11.3601	0.6839	3.1101	2.63 R
6	14.6973	11.3601	0.6839	3.3372	2.82 R
7	14.8181	11.3601	0.6839	3.4580	2.92 R
8	1.4548	11.3601	0.6839	-9.9053	-8.36 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Phi degrees Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Phi degrees Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Psi degrees, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	555.429	555.429	185.143	98.97
Rake Angle	2	2.352	2.352	1.176	0.63
Feed in/rev	1	81.890	81.890	81.890	43.78
Environment*Rake Angle	6	157.467	157.467	26.244	14.03
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	75.247	75.247	25.082	13.41
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	6.371	6.371	3.186	1.70
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	16.023	16.023	2.671	1.43
Error	72	134.683	134.683	1.871	
Total	95	1029.463			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.536
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.189
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.216
Error	
Total	

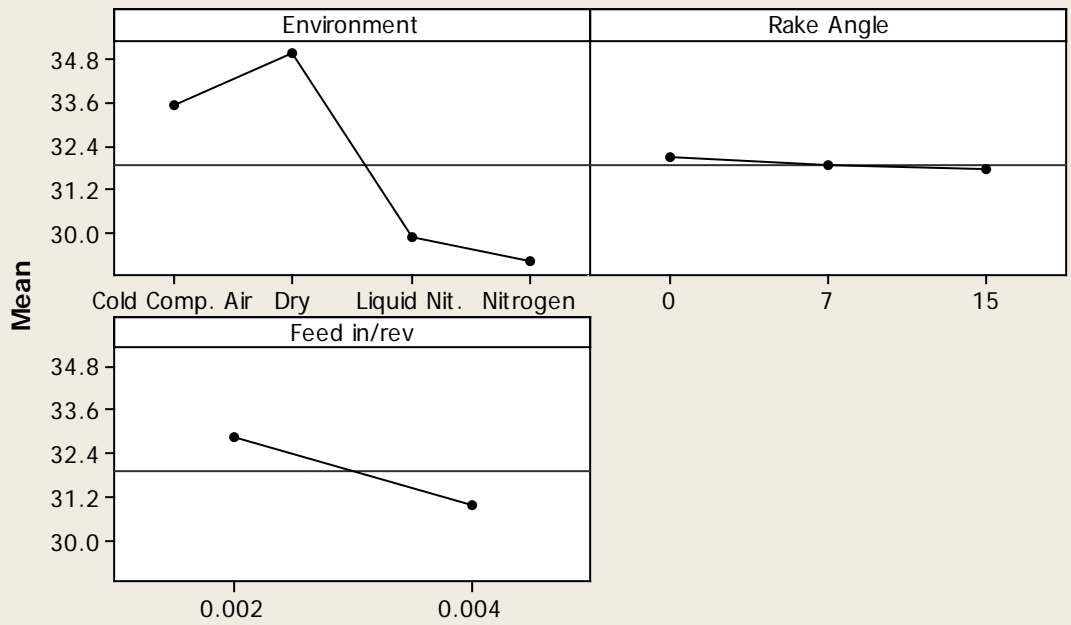
S = 1.36770 R-Sq = 86.92% R-Sq(adj) = 82.74%

Unusual Observations for Psi degrees

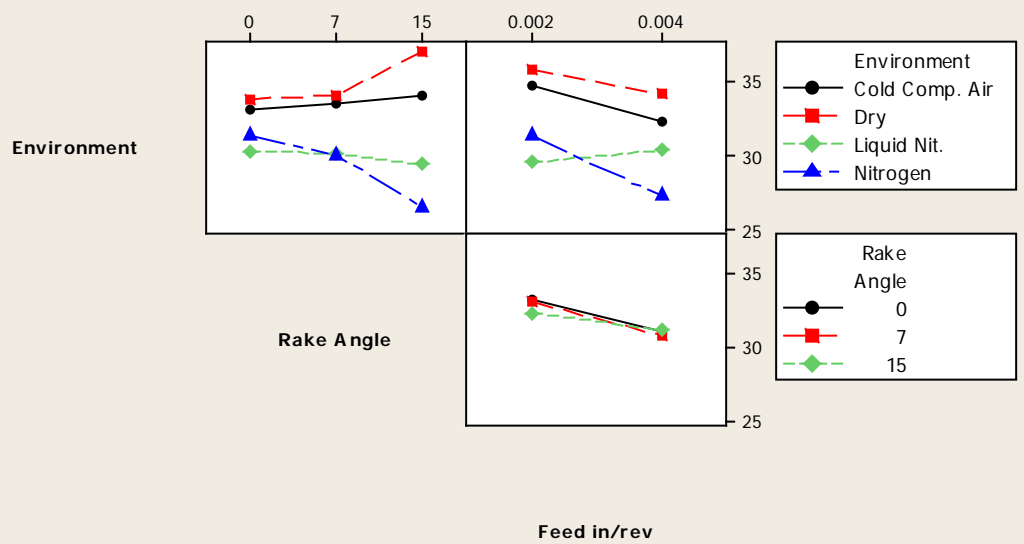
Obs	Psi degrees	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	30.5297	33.6399	0.6839	-3.1101	-2.63 R
6	30.3027	33.6399	0.6839	-3.3372	-2.82 R
7	30.1819	33.6399	0.6839	-3.4580	-2.92 R
8	43.5452	33.6399	0.6839	9.9053	8.36 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Psi degrees
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Psi degrees
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Friction Force (F), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	6635.0	6635.0	2211.7	8.61
Rake Angle	2	11960.3	11960.3	5980.2	23.29
Feed in/rev	1	126335.4	126335.4	126335.4	492.00
Environment*Rake Angle	6	4666.0	4666.0	777.7	3.03
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	2423.4	2423.4	807.8	3.15
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	472.5	472.5	236.2	0.92
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	361.0	361.0	60.2	0.23
Error	72	18488.0	18488.0	256.8	
Total	95	171341.5			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.011
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.030
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.403
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.964
Error	
Total	

S = 16.0243 R-Sq = 89.21% R-Sq(adj) = 85.76%

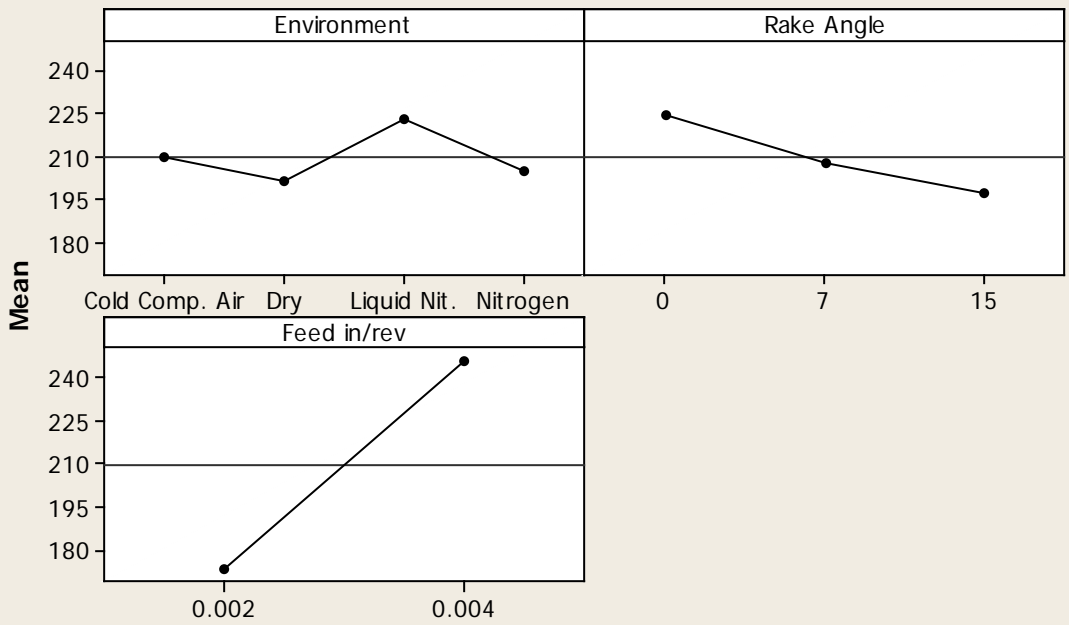
Unusual Observations for Friction Force (F)

Obs	Friction Force (F)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
78	262.952	295.460	8.012	-32.508	-2.34 R
79	398.813	295.460	8.012	103.353	7.45 R
80	247.157	295.460	8.012	-48.303	-3.48 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

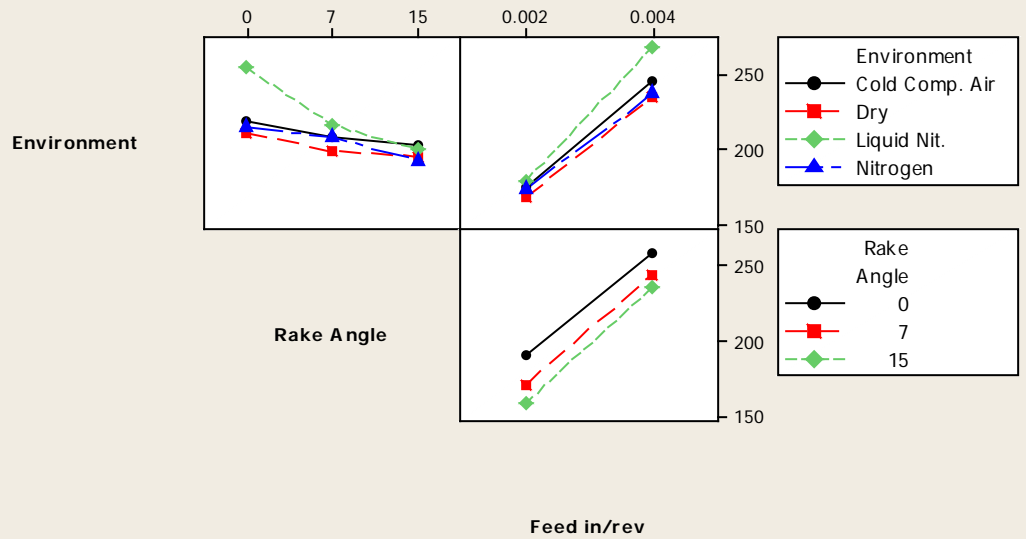
Main Effects Plot for Friction Force (F)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Friction Force (F)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Normal Force (N), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	5709	5709	1903	76.42	0.000
Rake Angle	2	124781	124781	62391	2505.40	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	317733	317733	317733	12759.08	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	1502	1502	250	10.05	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	270	270	90	3.61	0.017
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	1389	1389	694	27.88	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	307	307	51	2.05	0.070
Error	72	1793	1793	25		
Total	95	453484				

S = 4.99024 R-Sq = 99.60% R-Sq(adj) = 99.48%

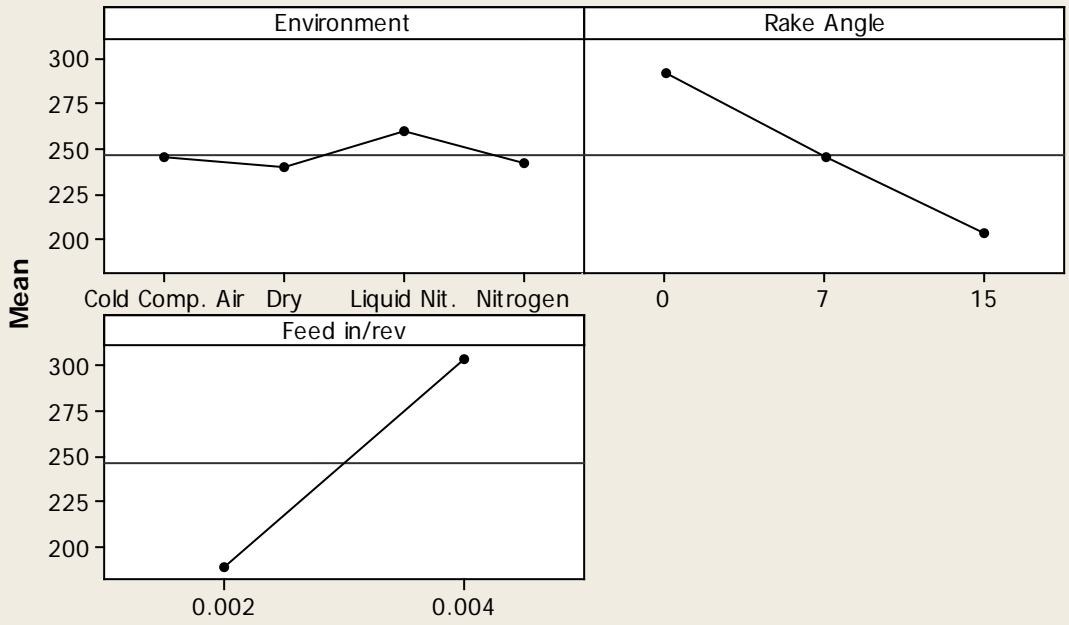
Unusual Observations for Normal Force (N)

Obs	Normal Force (N)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
1	232.640	219.203	2.495	13.437	3.11 R
74	239.012	252.579	2.495	-13.567	-3.14 R
75	268.992	252.579	2.495	16.413	3.80 R
78	362.834	373.720	2.495	-10.886	-2.52 R
79	389.360	373.720	2.495	15.640	3.62 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

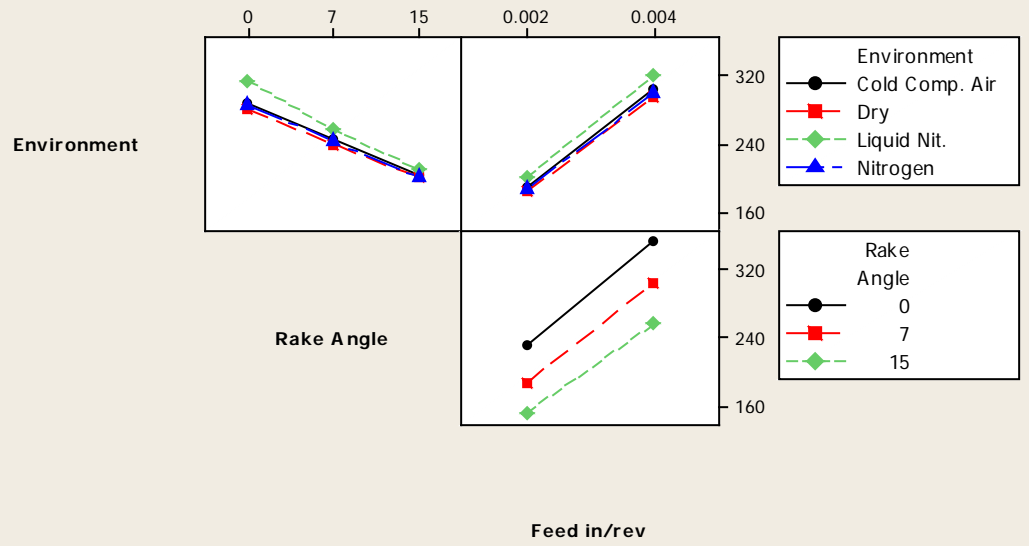
Main Effects Plot for Normal Force (N)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Normal Force (N)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for F/N Ratio, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.003136	0.003136	0.001045	0.61
Rake Angle	2	0.712049	0.712049	0.356024	207.70
Feed in/rev	1	0.316110	0.316110	0.316110	184.42
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.026209	0.026209	0.004368	2.55
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.022878	0.022878	0.007626	4.45
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.002988	0.002988	0.001494	0.87
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.005533	0.005533	0.000922	0.54
Error	72	0.123415	0.123415	0.001714	
Total	95	1.212318			

Source	P
Environment	0.611
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.027
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.006
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.423
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.778
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0414016 R-Sq = 89.82% R-Sq(adj) = 86.57%

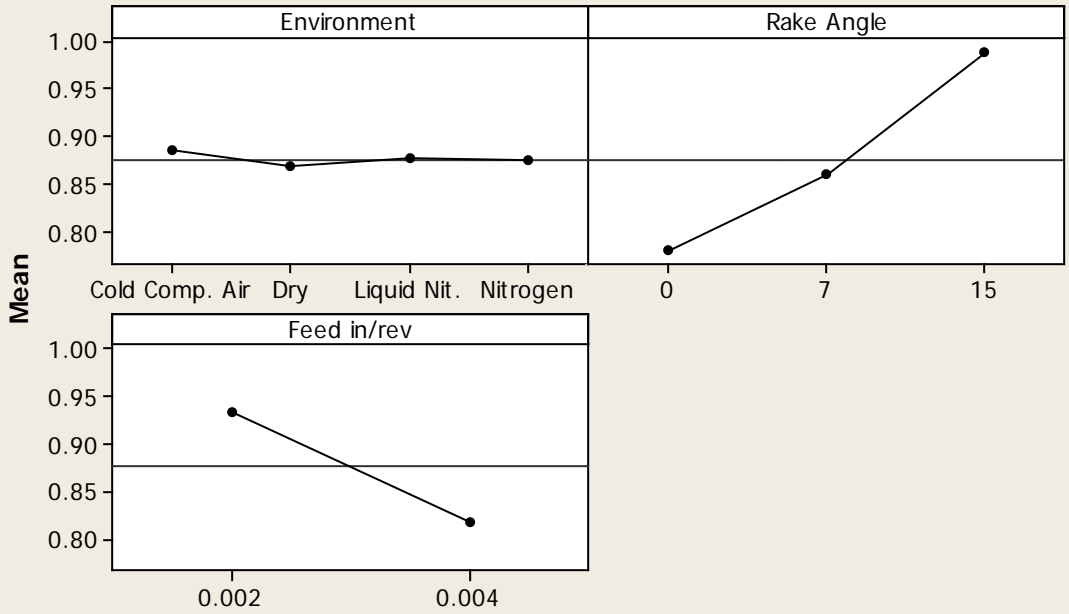
Unusual Observations for F/N Ratio

Obs	F/N Ratio	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
43	1.21576	1.10694	0.02070	0.10882	3.03 R
79	1.02428	0.78742	0.02070	0.23686	6.61 R
80	0.66404	0.78742	0.02070	-0.12339	-3.44 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

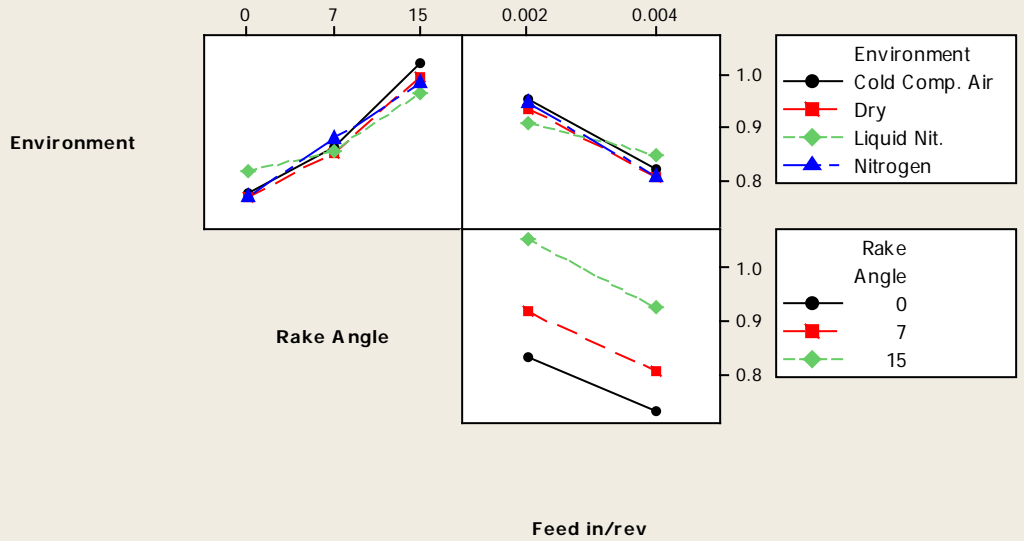
Main Effects Plot for F/N Ratio

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for F/N Ratio

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for **Fs (Merchant)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	7129	7129	2376	33.81	0.000
Rake Angle	2	41711	41711	20855	296.71	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	208902	208902	208902	2972.06	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	2568	2568	428	6.09	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	2224	2224	741	10.55	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	23	23	11	0.16	0.851
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	351	351	59	0.83	0.548
Error	72	5061	5061	70		
Total	95	267968				

S = 8.38383 R-Sq = 98.11% R-Sq(adj) = 97.51%

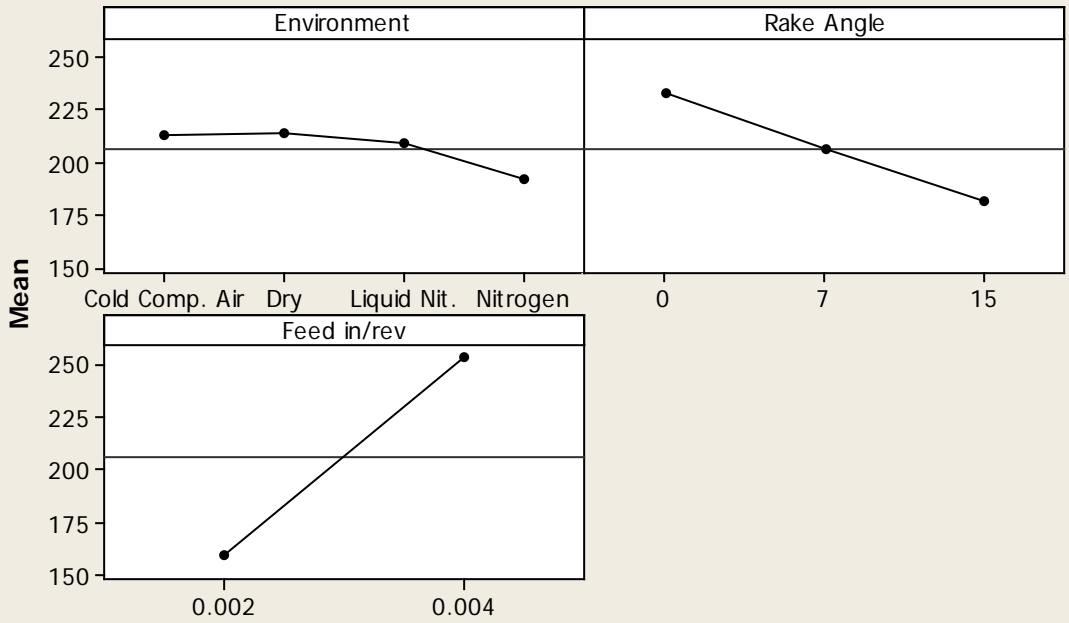
Unusual Observations for Fs (Merchant)

Obs	(Merchant)	Fs	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	266.616	284.943	4.192	-18.327	-2.52	R
6	266.821	284.943	4.192	-18.122	-2.50	R
7	266.705	284.943	4.192	-18.238	-2.51	R
8	339.630	284.943	4.192	54.687	7.53	R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

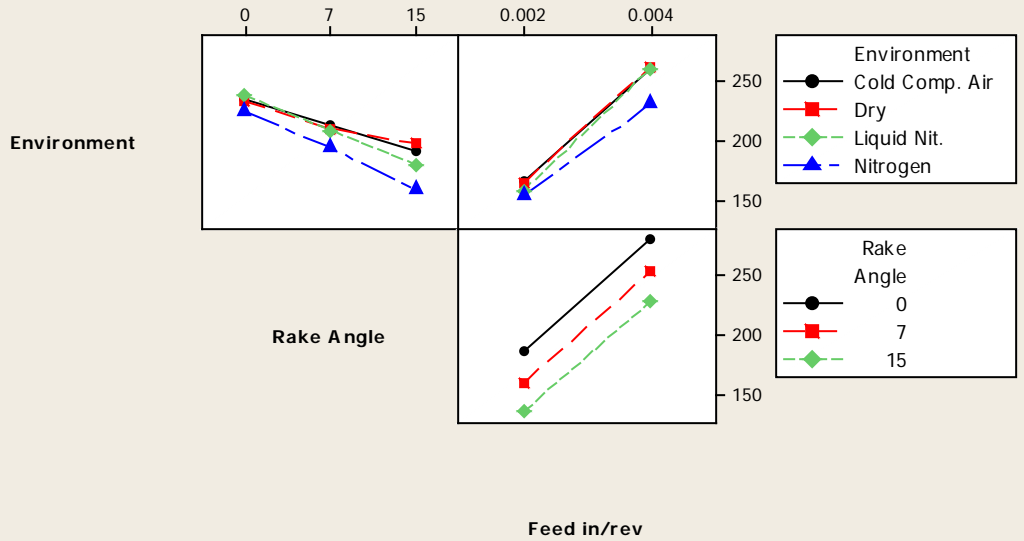
Main Effects Plot for Fs (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fs (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for **Fn (Merchant)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	22767	22767	7589	25.37	0.000
Rake Angle	2	74024	74024	37012	123.73	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	226826	226826	226826	758.30	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	6169	6169	1028	3.44	0.005
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	1855	1855	618	2.07	0.112
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	455	455	228	0.76	0.471
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	740	740	123	0.41	0.869
Error	72	21537	21537	299		
Total	95	354373				

S = 17.2953 R-Sq = 93.92% R-Sq(adj) = 91.98%

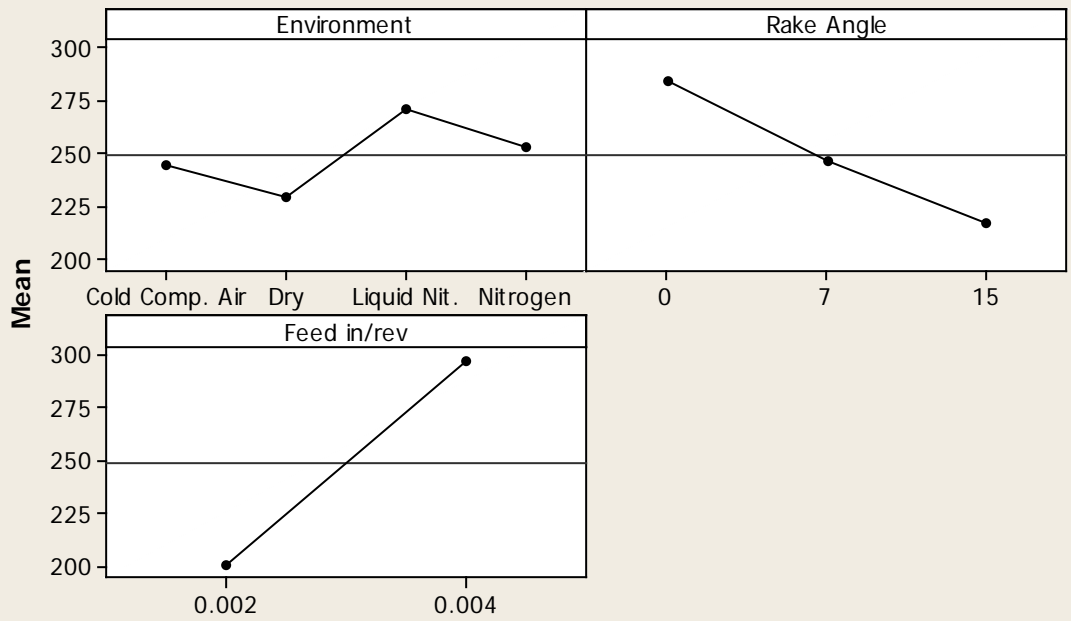
Unusual Observations for Fn (Merchant)

Obs	Fn (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
8	256.898	300.149	8.648	-43.251	-2.89 R
78	346.480	380.361	8.648	-33.881	-2.26 R
79	484.108	380.361	8.648	103.747	6.93 R
80	332.948	380.361	8.648	-47.413	-3.17 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

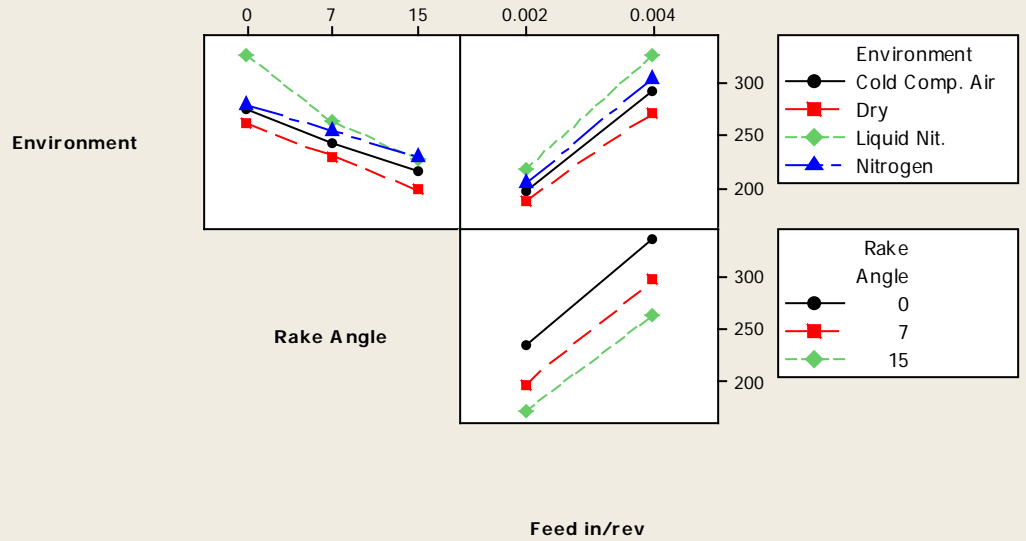
Main Effects Plot for Fn (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fn (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Fs/Fn (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.518537	0.518537	0.172846	47.46
Rake Angle	2	0.002863	0.002863	0.001431	0.39
Feed in/rev	1	0.079903	0.079903	0.079903	21.94
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.114805	0.114805	0.019134	5.25
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.023171	0.023171	0.007724	2.12
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.005071	0.005071	0.002536	0.70
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.019426	0.019426	0.003238	0.89
Error	72	0.262192	0.262192	0.003642	
Total	95	1.025969			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.676
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.105
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.502
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.508
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0603454 R-Sq = 74.44% R-Sq(adj) = 66.28%

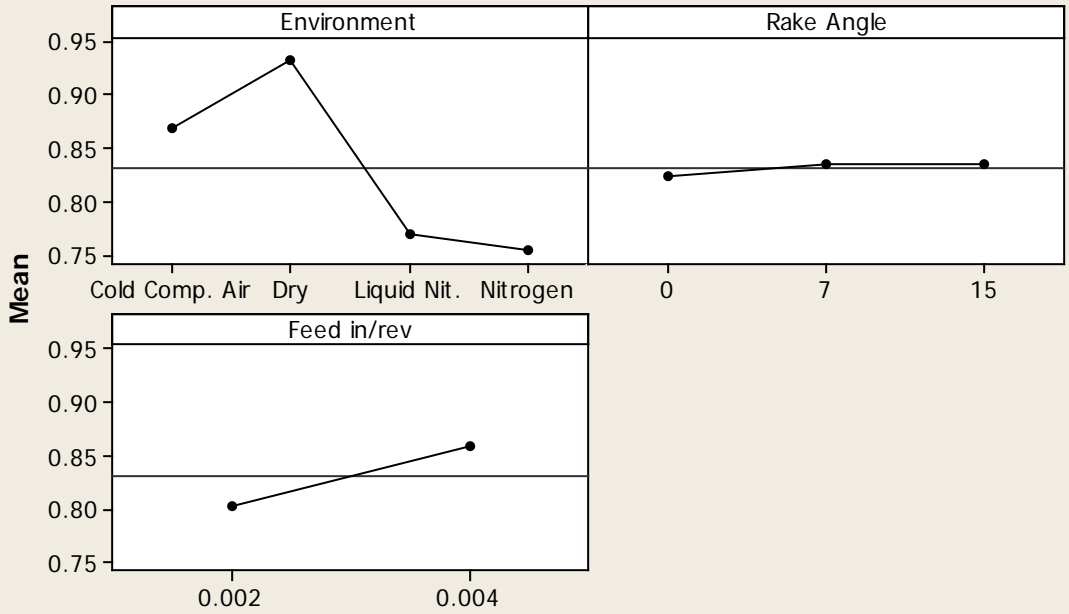
Unusual Observations for Fs/Fn (Merchant)

Obs	(Merchant)	Fs/Fn	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5		0.86054	0.96653	0.03017	-0.10599	-2.03 R
6		0.83365	0.96653	0.03017	-0.13288	-2.54 R
7		0.84989	0.96653	0.03017	-0.11664	-2.23 R
8		1.32204	0.96653	0.03017	0.35551	6.80 R
79		0.57056	0.77340	0.03017	-0.20284	-3.88 R
80		0.89486	0.77340	0.03017	0.12146	2.32 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

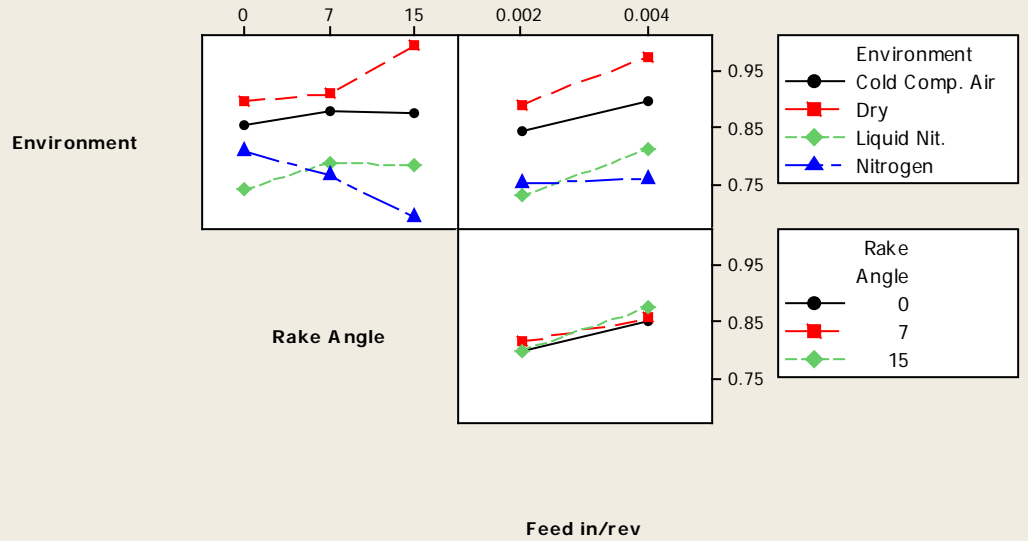
Main Effects Plot for Fs/Fn (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fs/Fn (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for **Fs (Payton)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	19.3	19.3	6.4	0.08
Rake Angle	2	729.7	729.7	364.9	4.32
Feed in/rev	1	35271.6	35271.6	35271.6	417.79
Environment*Rake Angle	6	569.0	569.0	94.8	1.12
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	443.2	443.2	147.7	1.75
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	68.0	68.0	34.0	0.40
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	170.4	170.4	28.4	0.34
Error	72	6078.5	6078.5	84.4	
Total	95	43349.8			

Source	P
Environment	0.973
Rake Angle	0.017
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.358
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.164
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.670
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.915
Error	
Total	

S = 9.18826 R-Sq = 85.98% R-Sq(adj) = 81.50%

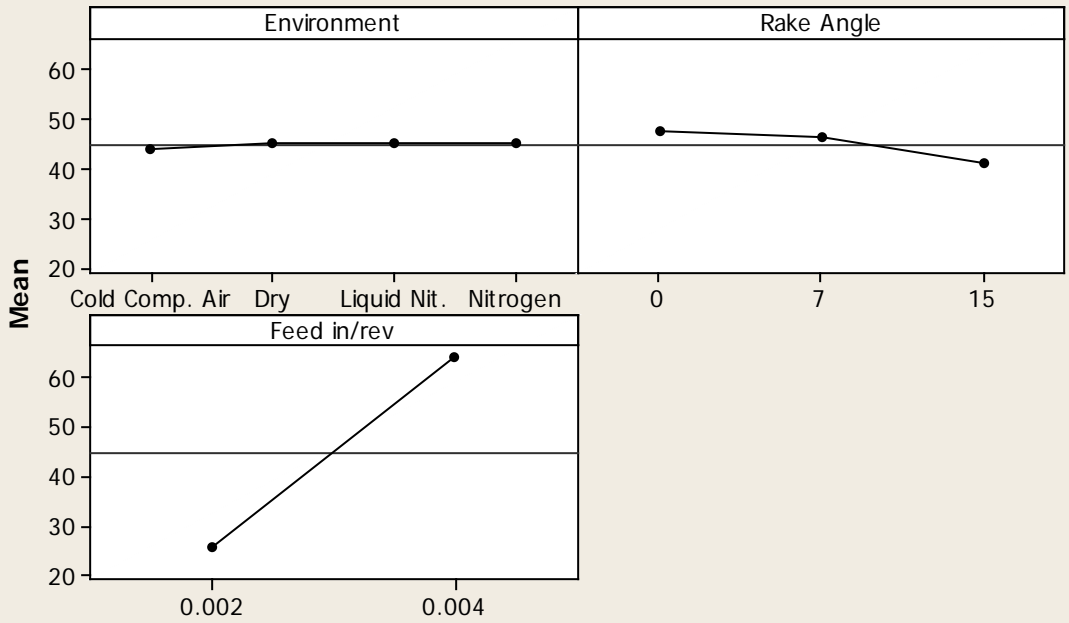
Unusual Observations for Fs (Payton)

Obs	Fs (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
79	-6.6846	55.3377	4.5941	-62.0223	-7.79 R
80	88.4218	55.3377	4.5941	33.0841	4.16 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

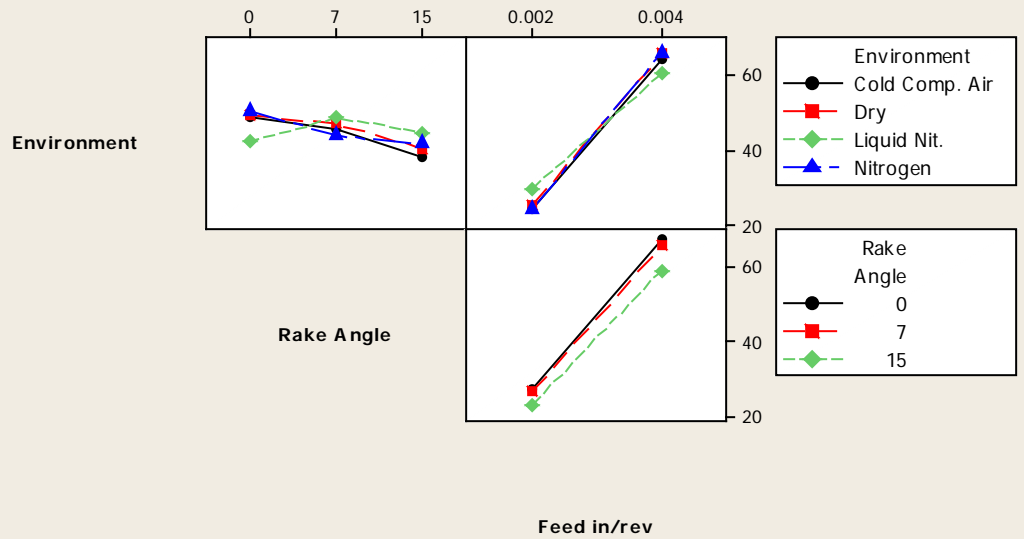
Main Effects Plot for Fs (Payton)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fs (Payton)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for **Fn (Payton)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	12128	12128	4043	20.49	0.000
Rake Angle	2	114717	114717	57359	290.78	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	410234	410234	410234	2079.70	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	5796	5796	966	4.90	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	2198	2198	733	3.71	0.015
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	356	356	178	0.90	0.410
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	549	549	92	0.46	0.833
Error	72	14202	14202	197		
Total	95	560181				

S = 14.0448 R-Sq = 97.46% R-Sq(adj) = 96.65%

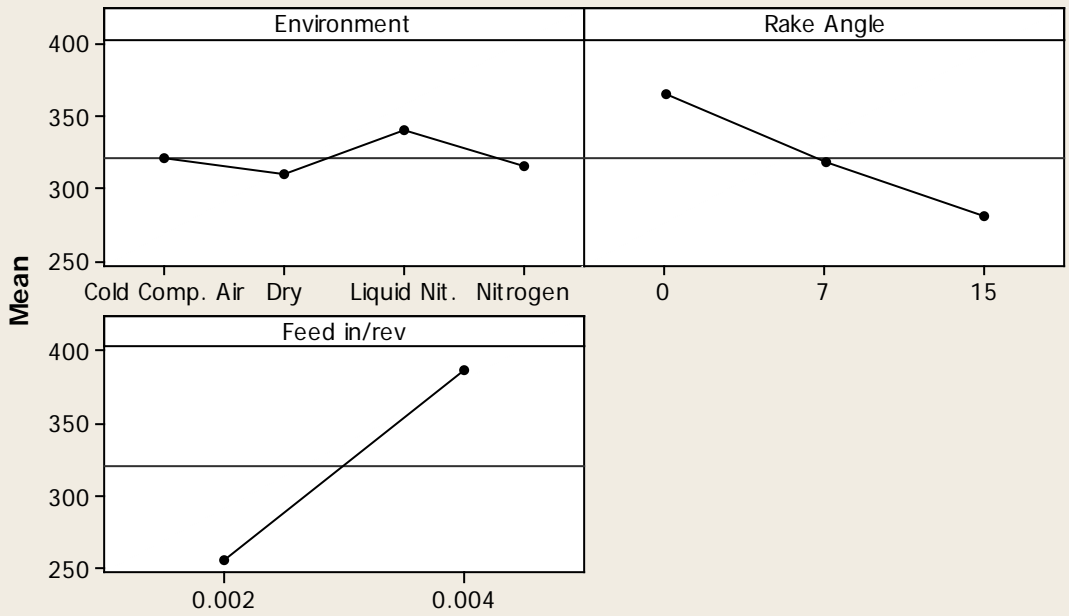
Unusual Observations for Fn (Payton)

Obs	Fn (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
75	354.385	328.773	7.022	25.611	2.11 R
78	442.498	473.182	7.022	-30.684	-2.52 R
79	557.322	473.182	7.022	84.140	6.92 R
80	437.955	473.182	7.022	-35.227	-2.90 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

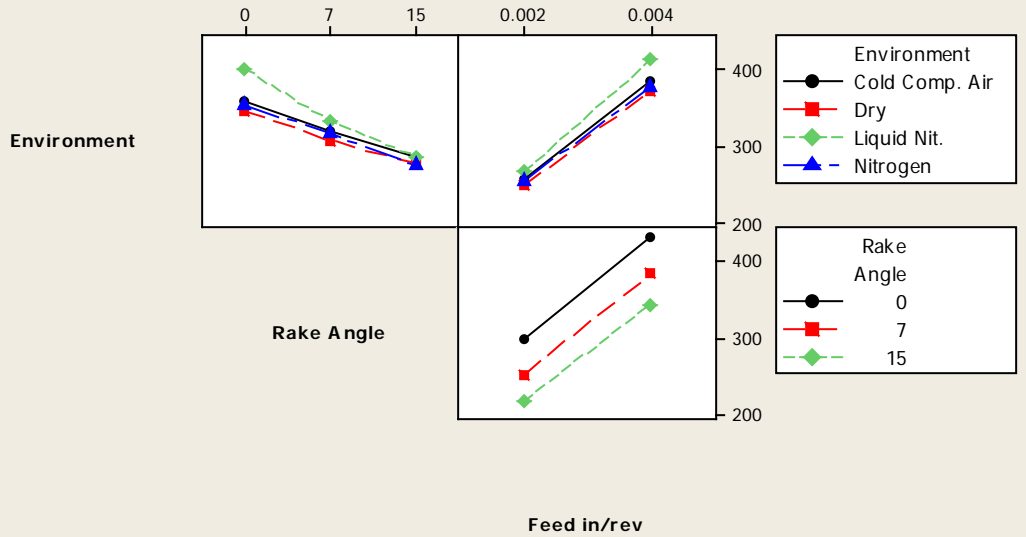
Main Effects Plot for Fn (Payton)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fn (Payton)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Fs/Fn (Payton), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.0009501	0.0009501	0.0003167	0.58
Rake Angle	2	0.0035077	0.0035077	0.0017538	3.22
Feed in/rev	1	0.1049585	0.1049585	0.1049585	192.74
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.0072319	0.0072319	0.0012053	2.21
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.0067607	0.0067607	0.0022536	4.14
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.0000037	0.0000037	0.0000018	0.00
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.0012687	0.0012687	0.0002115	0.39
Error	72	0.0392084	0.0392084	0.0005446	
Total	95	0.1638897			

Source	P
Environment	0.629
Rake Angle	0.046
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.051
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.009
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.997
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.884
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0233358 R-Sq = 76.08% R-Sq(adj) = 68.43%

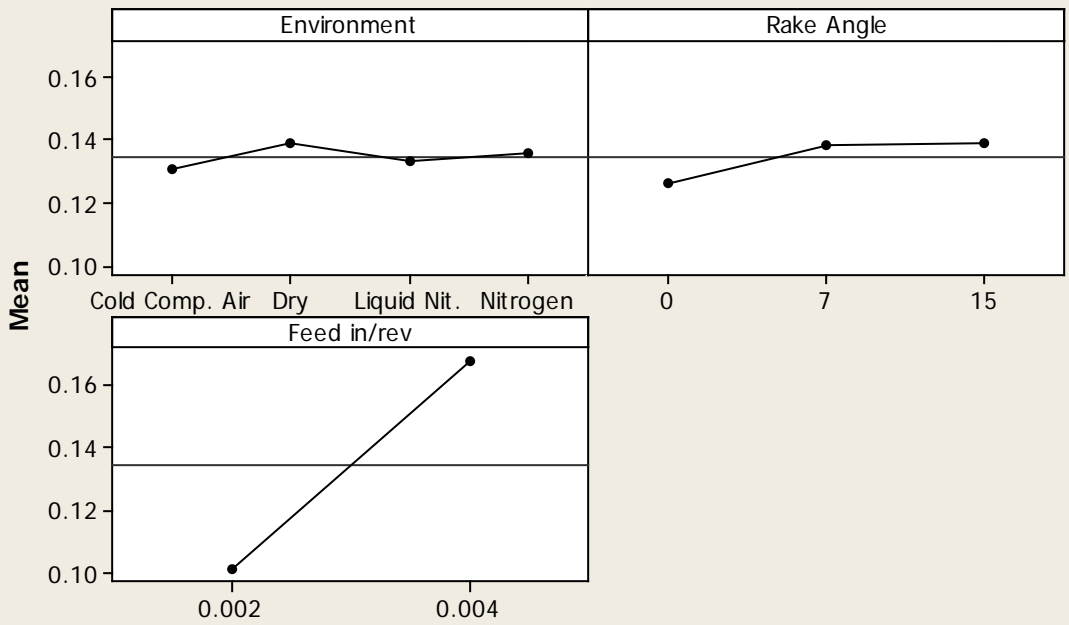
Unusual Observations for Fs/Fn (Payton)

Obs	Fs/Fn (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
43	0.033844	0.081303	0.011668	-0.047460	-2.35 R
79	-0.011994	0.125287	0.011668	-0.137281	-6.79 R
80	0.201897	0.125287	0.011668	0.076610	3.79 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

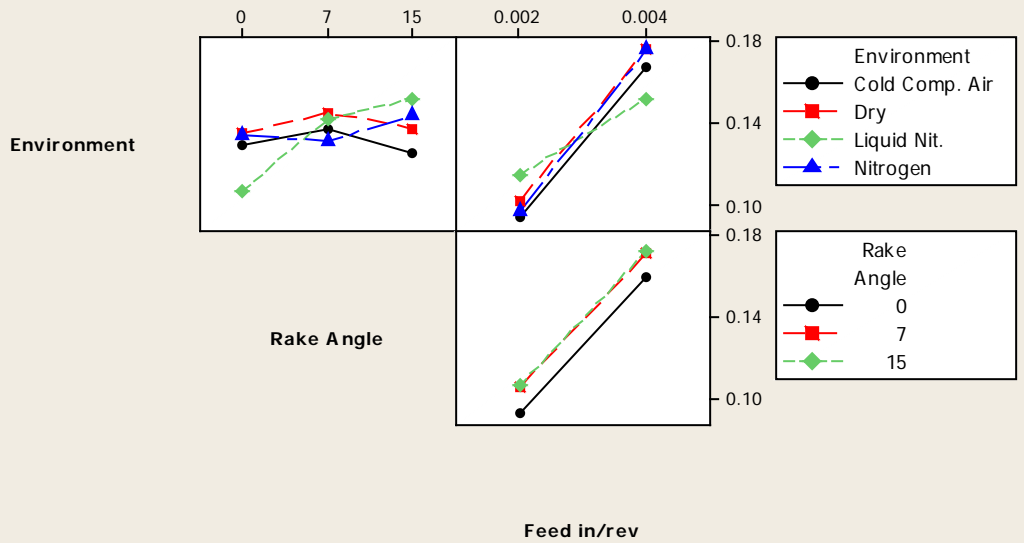
Main Effects Plot for Fs/Fn (Payton)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fs/Fn (Payton)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Beta (degrees), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	3.005	3.005	1.002	0.57
Rake Angle	2	737.728	737.728	368.864	210.81
Feed in/rev	1	331.712	331.712	331.712	189.58
Environment*Rake Angle	6	23.363	23.363	3.894	2.23
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	21.592	21.592	7.197	4.11
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.012	0.012	0.006	0.00
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	4.099	4.099	0.683	0.39
Error	72	125.981	125.981	1.750	
Total	95	1247.492			

Source	P
Environment	0.635
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.050
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.009
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.997
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.883
Error	
Total	

S = 1.32278 R-Sq = 89.90% R-Sq(adj) = 86.68%

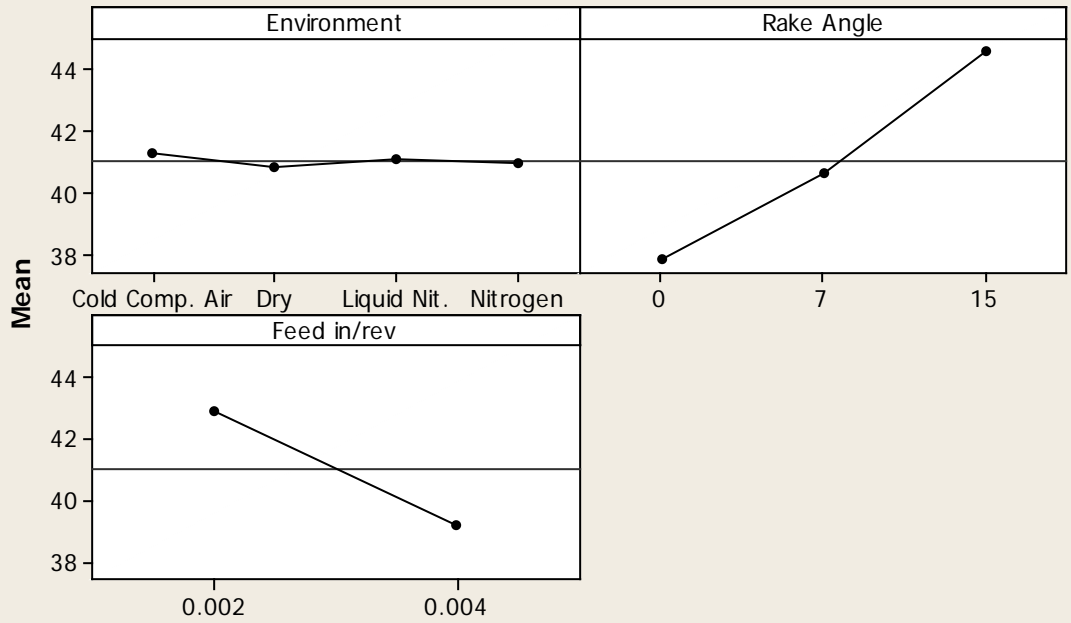
Unusual Observations for Beta (degrees)

Obs	Beta (degrees)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
43	50.5616	47.8550	0.6614	2.7066	2.36 R
79	45.6872	37.8955	0.6614	7.7917	6.80 R
80	33.5856	37.8955	0.6614	-4.3099	-3.76 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

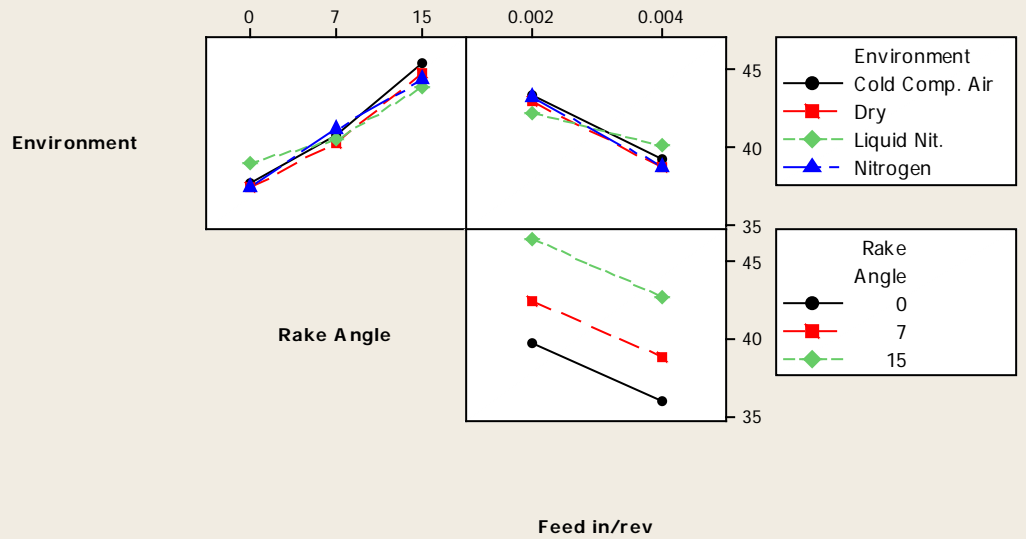
Main Effects Plot for Beta (degrees)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Beta (degrees)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Shear Area, As, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.0000161	0.0000161	0.0000054	1.78
Rake Angle	2	0.0000188	0.0000188	0.0000094	3.12
Feed in/rev	1	0.0000250	0.0000250	0.0000250	8.31
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.0000143	0.0000143	0.0000024	0.79
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.0000097	0.0000097	0.0000032	1.08
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.0000064	0.0000064	0.0000032	1.06
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.0000170	0.0000170	0.0000028	0.94
Error	72	0.0002170	0.0002170	0.0000030	
Total	95	0.0003245			

Source	P
Environment	0.158
Rake Angle	0.050
Feed in/rev	0.005
Environment*Rake Angle	0.578
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.365
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.352
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.471
Error	
Total	

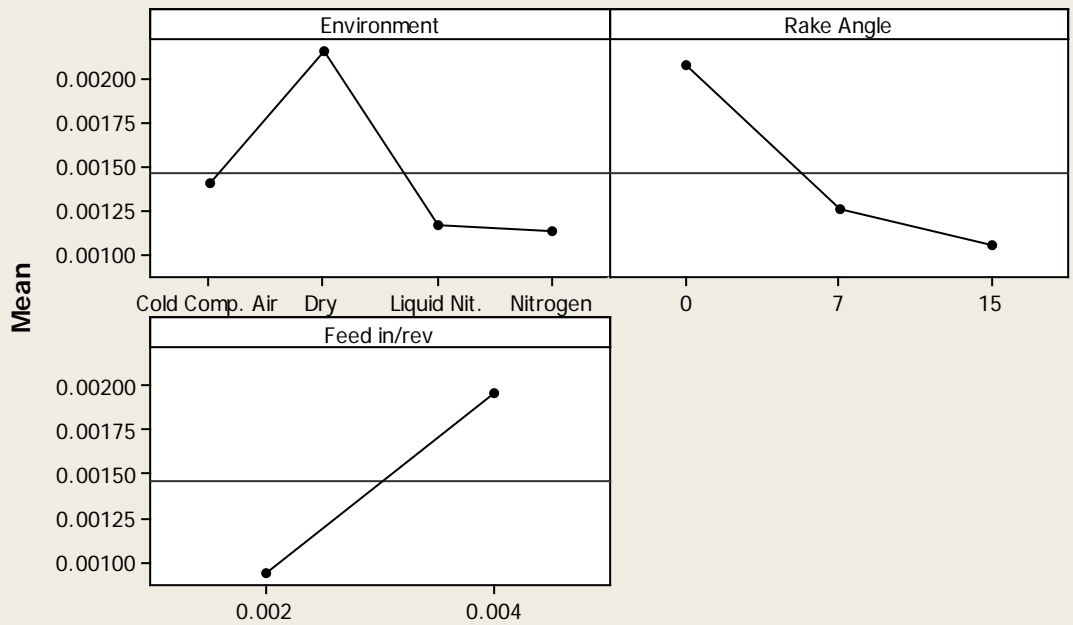
S = 0.00173609 R-Sq = 33.12% R-Sq(adj) = 11.75%

Unusual Observations for Shear Area, As

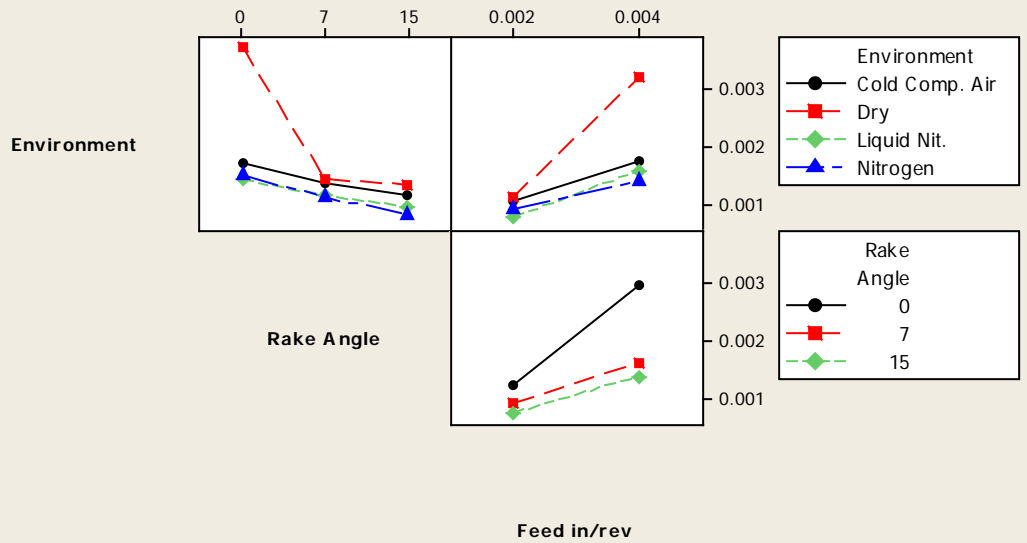
Obs	Area, As	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	0.001921	0.006149	0.000868	-0.004228	-2.81 R
6	0.001892	0.006149	0.000868	-0.004257	-2.83 R
7	0.001877	0.006149	0.000868	-0.004272	-2.84 R
8	0.018906	0.006149	0.000868	0.012757	8.48 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Shear Area, As
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear Area, As
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa), using Adjusted SS for

Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	71265.6	71265.6	23755.2	59.20
Rake Angle	2	39502.5	39502.5	19751.3	49.22
Feed in/rev	1	21270.5	21270.5	21270.5	53.00
Environment*Rake Angle	6	4752.6	4752.6	792.1	1.97
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	8747.0	8747.0	2915.7	7.27
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	184.9	184.9	92.5	0.23
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	5750.5	5750.5	958.4	2.39
Error	72	28893.3	28893.3	401.3	
Total	95	180366.9			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.081
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.795
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.037
Error	
Total	

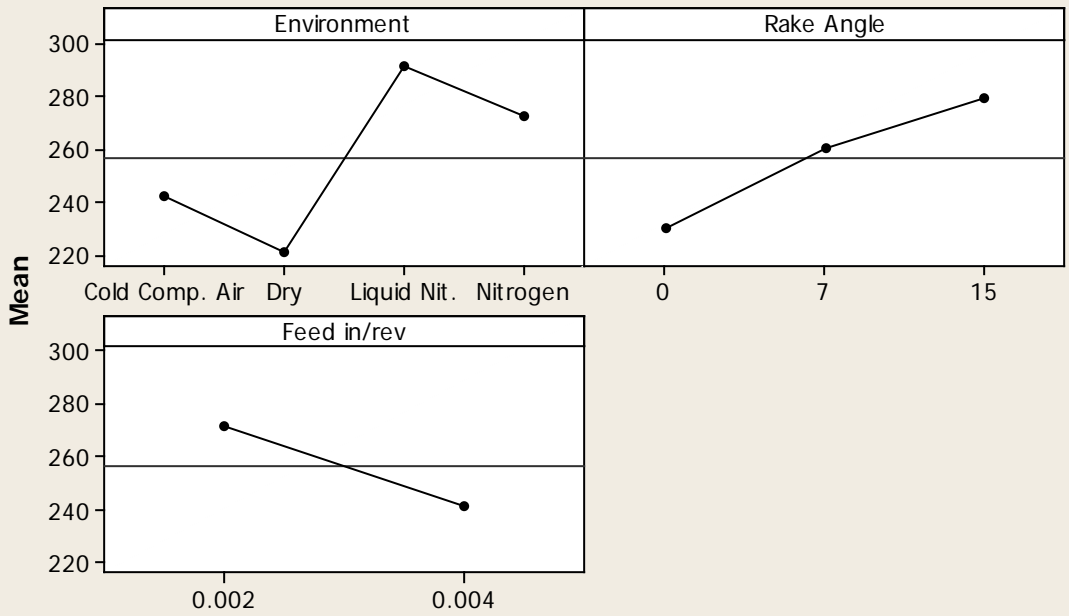
S = 20.0324 R-Sq = 83.98% R-Sq(adj) = 78.86%

Unusual Observations for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)

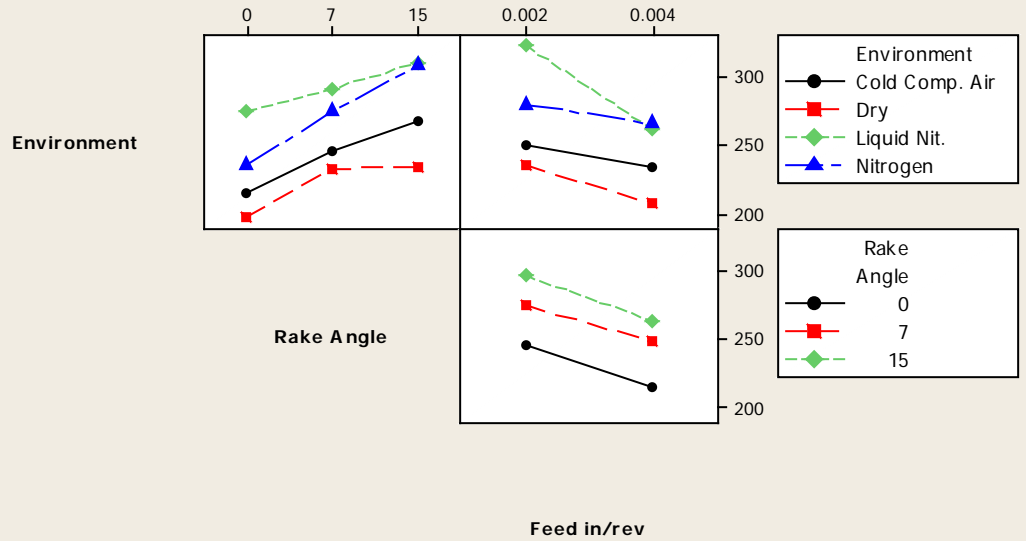
Obs	Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	215.132	170.460	10.016	44.672	2.57 R
6	218.602	170.460	10.016	48.141	2.77 R
7	220.263	170.460	10.016	49.803	2.87 R
8	27.844	170.460	10.016	-142.616	-8.22 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa), using Adjusted
 SS for
 Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	6219.1	6219.1	2073.0	19.87	0.000
Rake Angle	2	4429.6	4429.6	2214.8	21.22	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	7105.2	7105.2	7105.2	68.09	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	2314.3	2314.3	385.7	3.70	0.003
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	3154.0	3154.0	1051.3	10.07	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	25.8	25.8	12.9	0.12	0.884
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	336.9	336.9	56.1	0.54	0.778
Error	72	7513.5	7513.5	104.4		
Total	95	31098.4				

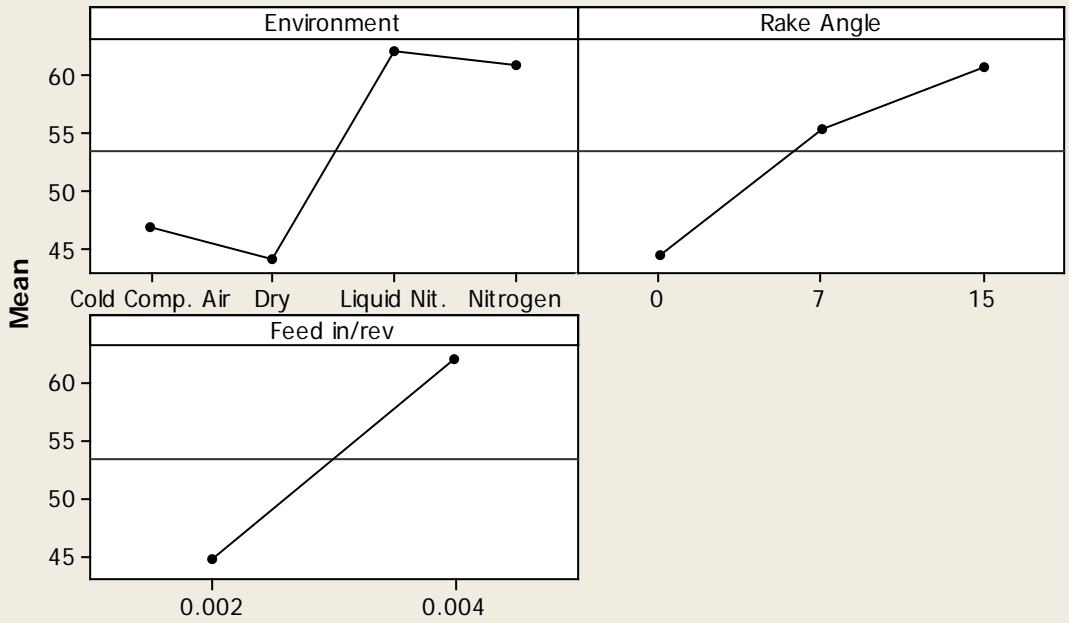
S = 10.2154 R-Sq = 75.84% R-Sq(adj) = 68.12%

Unusual Observations for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)

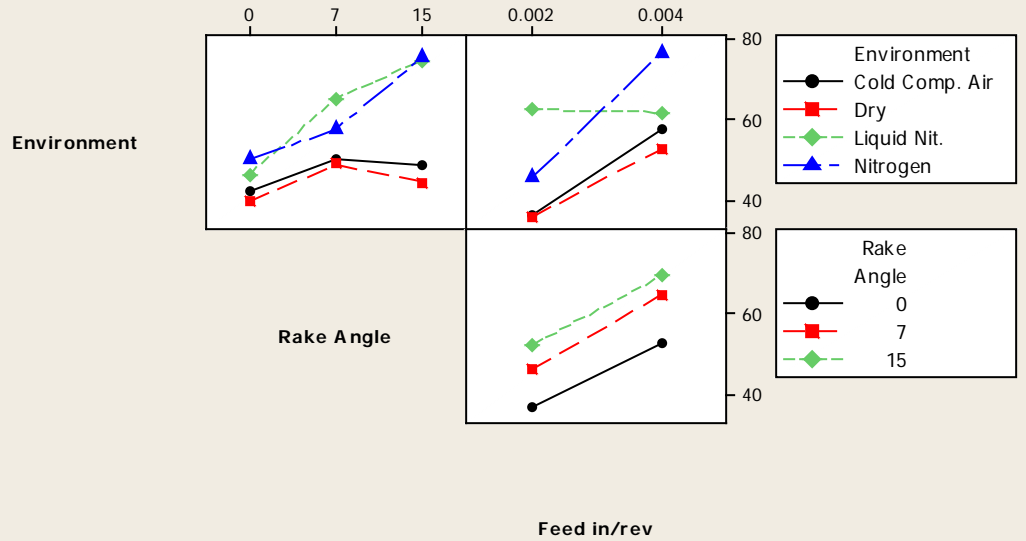
Obs	Shear Stress, Ts (Mpa)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
8	5.6725	45.1297	5.1077	-39.4572	-4.46 R
43	15.6867	35.8143	5.1077	-20.1276	-2.28 R
79	-5.4432	45.2171	5.1077	-50.6603	-5.73 R
80	71.9273	45.2171	5.1077	26.7102	3.02 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Friction Co-efficient, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.000915	0.000915	0.000305	0.57
Rake Angle	2	0.224725	0.224725	0.112362	210.81
Feed in/rev	1	0.101045	0.101045	0.101045	189.58
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.007117	0.007117	0.001186	2.23
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.006577	0.006577	0.002192	4.11
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.000004	0.000004	0.000002	0.00
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.001249	0.001249	0.000208	0.39
Error	72	0.038376	0.038376	0.000533	
Total	95	0.380008			

Source	P
Environment	0.635
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.050
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.009
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.997
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.883
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0230868 R-Sq = 89.90% R-Sq(adj) = 86.68%

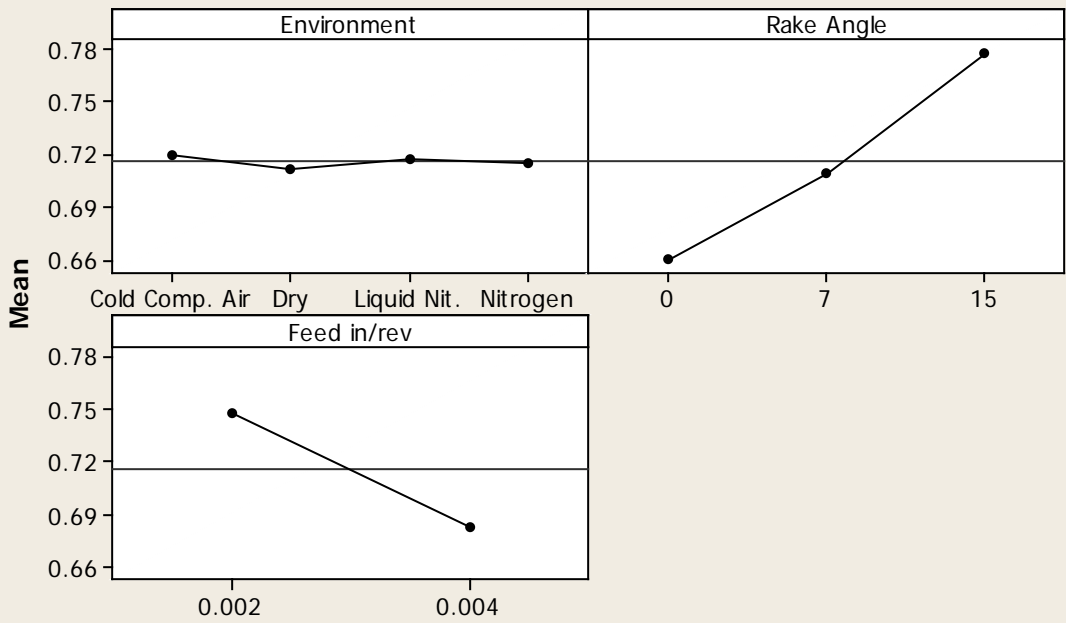
Unusual Observations for Friction Co-efficient

Obs	Friction Co-efficient	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
43	0.882467	0.835228	0.011543	0.047239	2.36 R
79	0.797392	0.661401	0.011543	0.135991	6.80 R
80	0.586179	0.661401	0.011543	-0.075222	-3.76 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

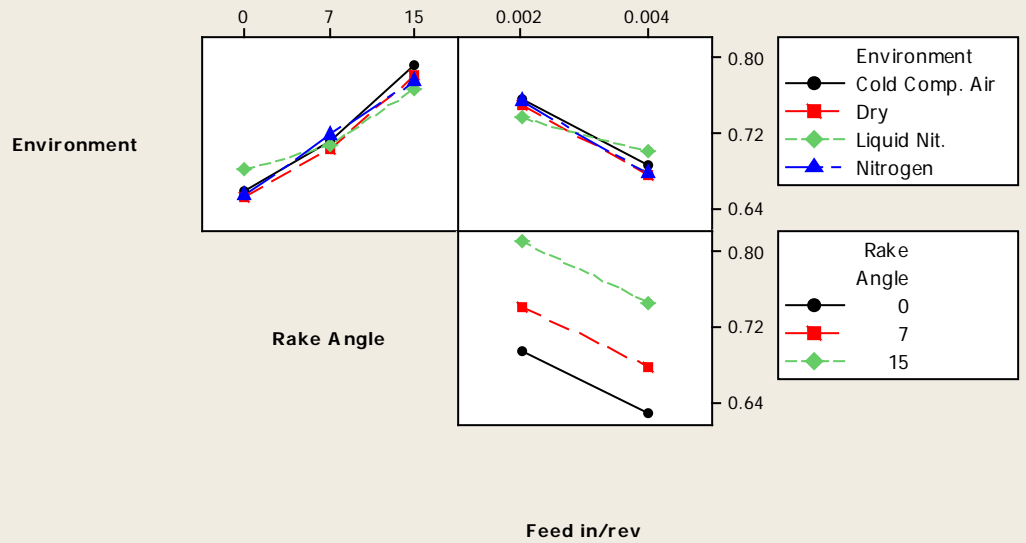
Main Effects Plot for Friction Co-efficient

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Friction Co-efficient

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Normal Stress (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	1.38912E+11	1.38912E+11	46303927054
Rake Angle	2	22781391814	22781391814	11390695907
Feed in/rev	1	32438951465	32438951465	32438951465
Environment*Rake Angle	6	25588474005	25588474005	4264745668
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	13761438174	13761438174	4587146058
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	1459222928	1459222928	729611464
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	5454859385	5454859385	909143231
Error	72	25430048683	25430048683	353195121
Total	95	2.65826E+11		

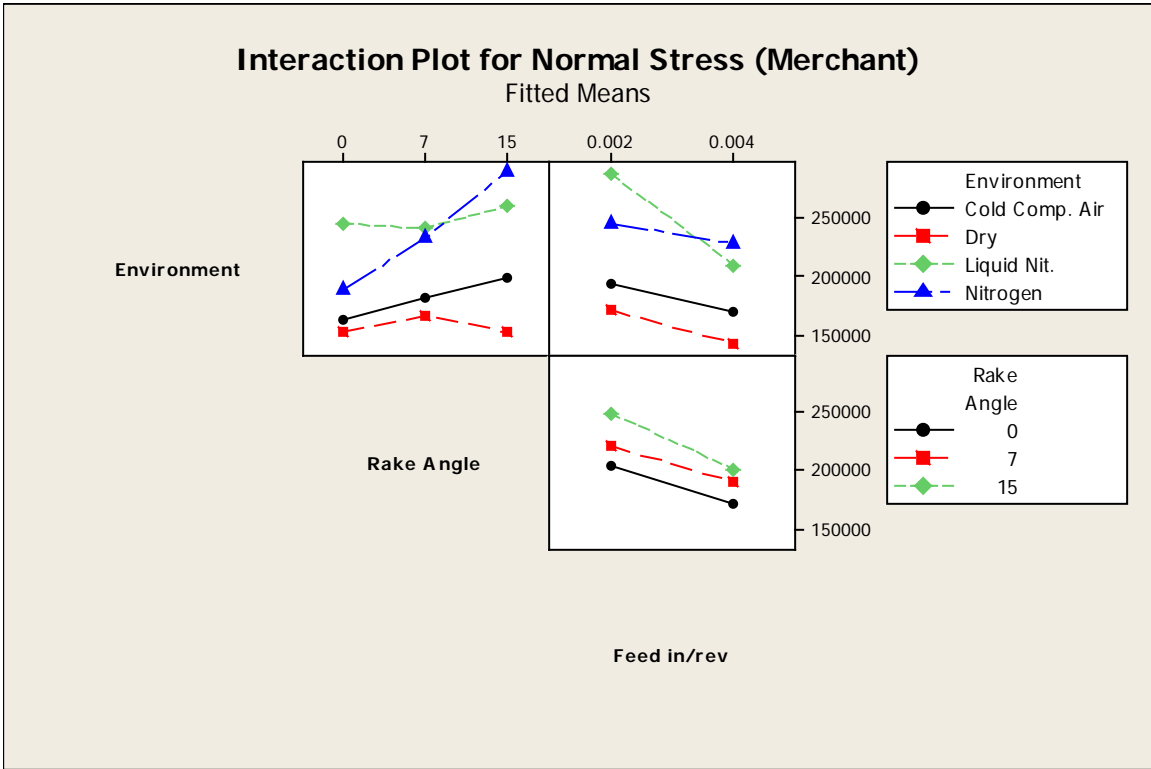
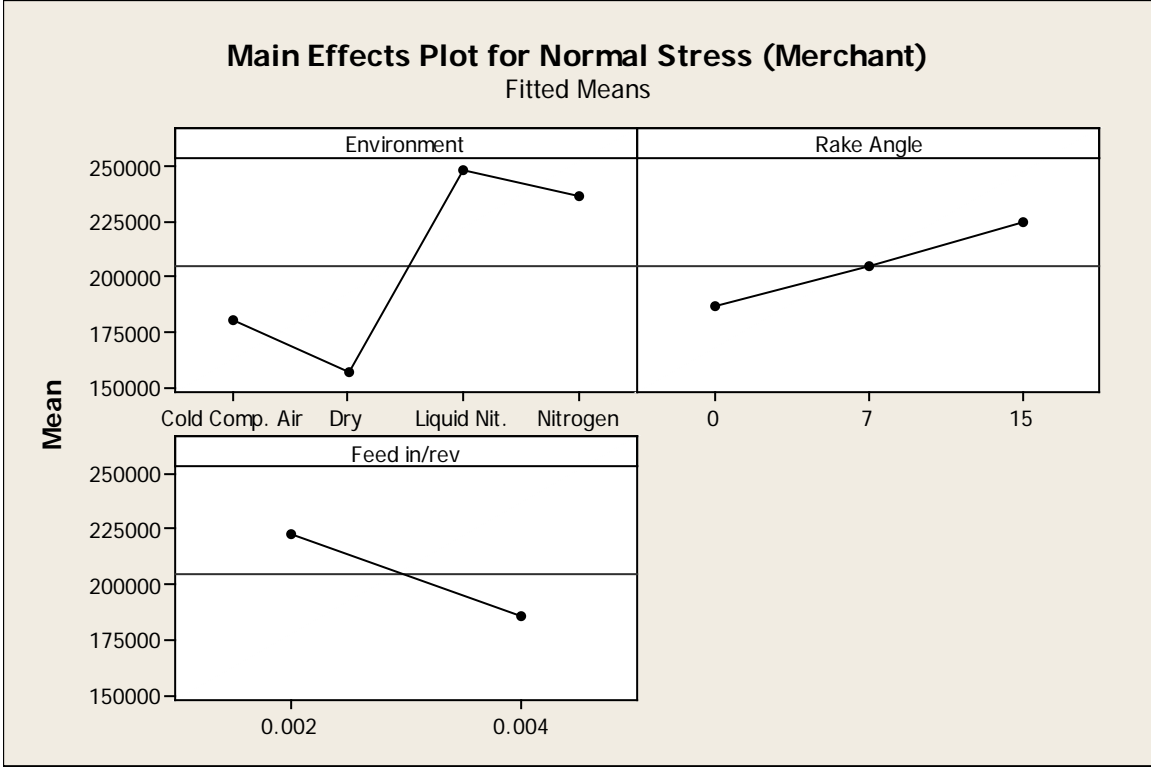
Source	F	P
Environment	131.10	0.000
Rake Angle	32.25	0.000
Feed in/rev	91.84	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	12.07	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	12.99	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2.07	0.134
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2.57	0.026
Error		
Total		

S = 18793.5 R-Sq = 90.43% R-Sq(adj) = 87.38%

Unusual Observations for Normal Stress (Merchant)

Obs	Normal Stress (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	161288	127814	9397	33474	2.06 R
6	169175	127814	9397	41361	2.54 R
7	167205	127814	9397	39391	2.42 R
8	13588	127814	9397	-114226	-7.02 R
79	254323	200342	9397	53981	3.32 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear strain (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	85.88	85.88	28.63	2.20	0.095
Rake Angle	2	137.25	137.25	68.63	5.28	0.007
Feed in/rev	1	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.05	0.817
Environment*Rake Angle	6	58.26	58.26	9.71	0.75	0.614
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	33.63	33.63	11.21	0.86	0.465
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	12.28	12.28	6.14	0.47	0.625
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	80.48	80.48	13.41	1.03	0.412
Error	72	935.62	935.62	12.99		
Total	95	1344.11				

S = 3.60482 R-Sq = 30.39% R-Sq(adj) = 8.15%

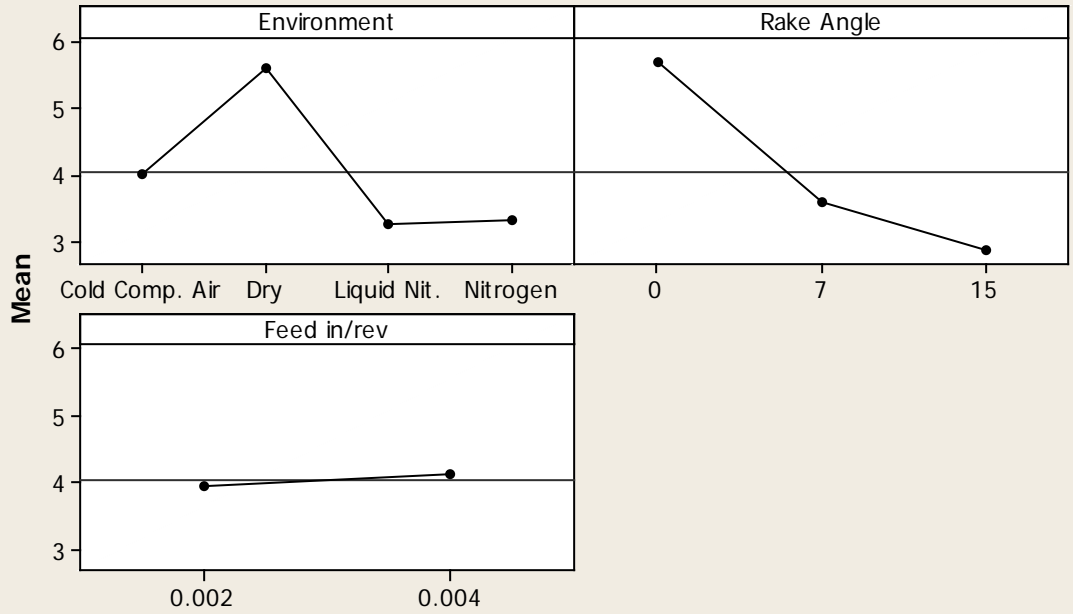
Unusual Observations for Shear strain (Merchant)

Obs	Shear strain (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	4.1331	12.9132	1.8024	-8.7801	-2.81 R
6	4.0748	12.9132	1.8024	-8.8384	-2.83 R
7	4.0446	12.9132	1.8024	-8.8687	-2.84 R
8	39.4004	12.9132	1.8024	26.4872	8.48 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

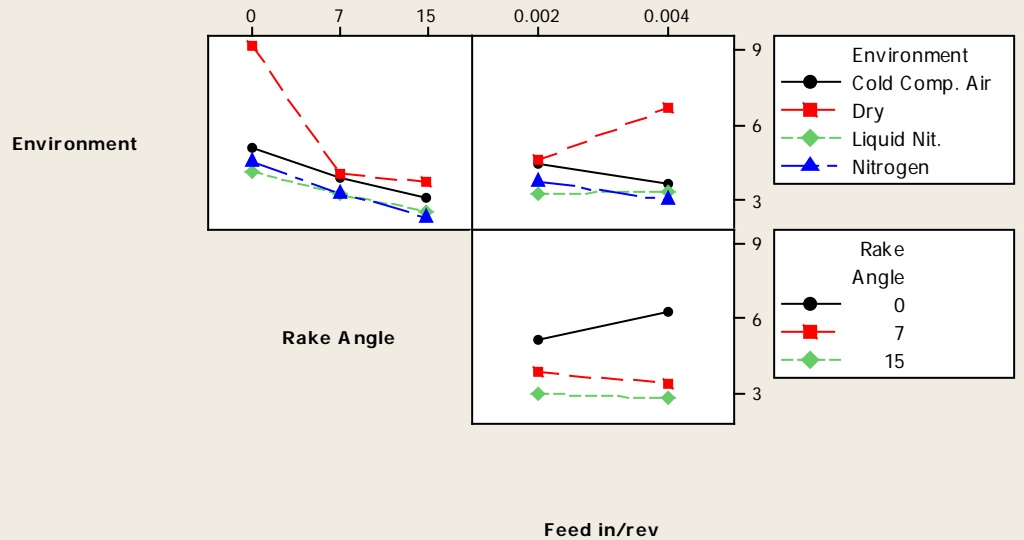
Main Effects Plot for Shear strain (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear strain (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Normal Stress (Payton), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	1.54837E+11	1.54837E+11	51612434517
Rake Angle	2	38231554604	38231554604	19115777302
Feed in/rev	1	43379410155	43379410155	43379410155
Environment*Rake Angle	6	23013841011	23013841011	3835640168
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	15975407884	15975407884	5325135961
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	1203953978	1203953978	601976989
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	7753498291	7753498291	1292249715
Error	72	34076556343	34076556343	473285505
Total	95	3.18472E+11		

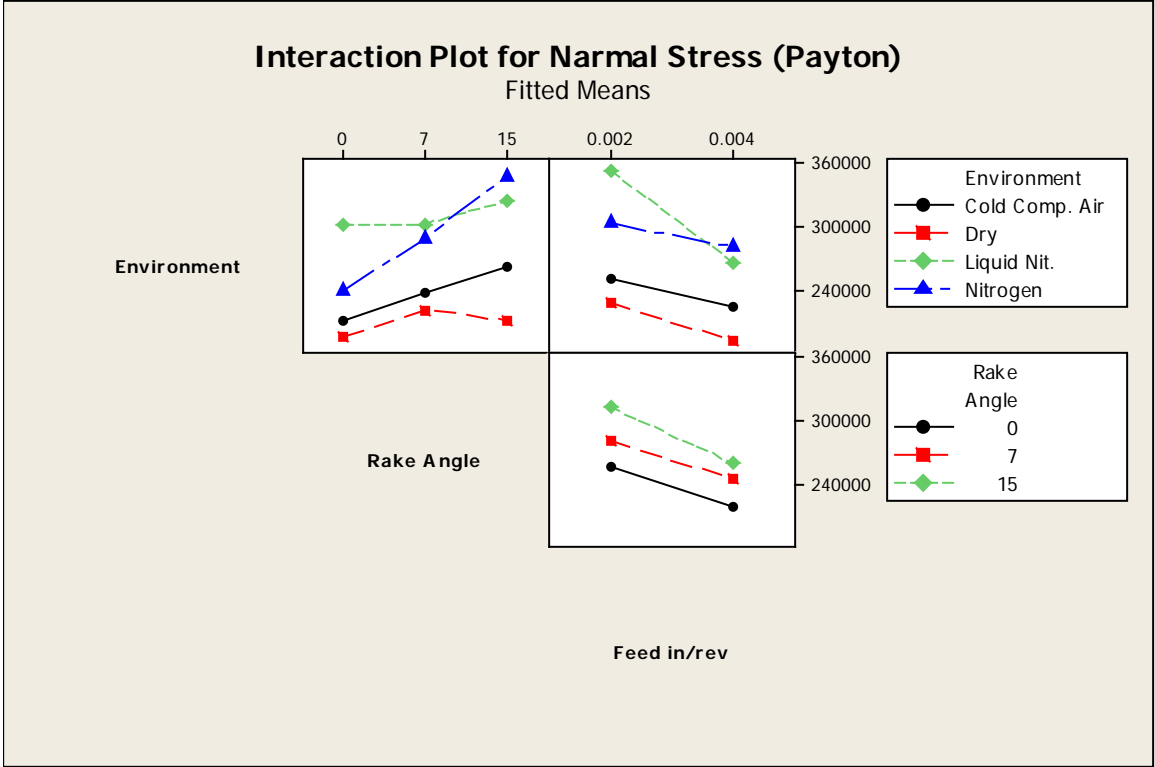
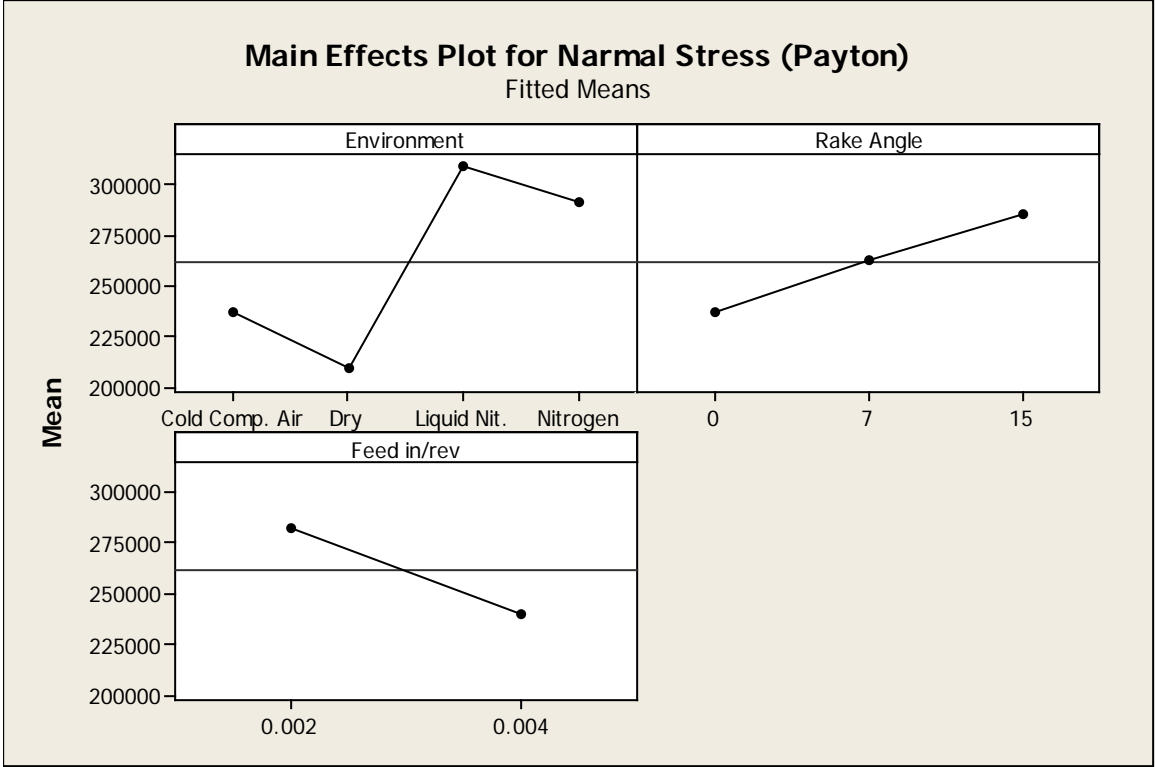
Source	F	P
Environment	109.05	0.000
Rake Angle	40.39	0.000
Feed in/rev	91.66	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	8.10	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	11.25	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	1.27	0.287
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2.73	0.019
Error		
Total		

S = 21755.1 R-Sq = 89.30% R-Sq(adj) = 85.88%

Unusual Observations for Normal Stress (Payton)

Obs	Normal Stress (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	209434	166215	10878	43219	2.29 R
6	217221	166215	10878	51006	2.71 R
7	215980	166215	10878	49765	2.64 R
8	22225	166215	10878	-143990	-7.64 R
79	292786	249247	10878	43540	2.31 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

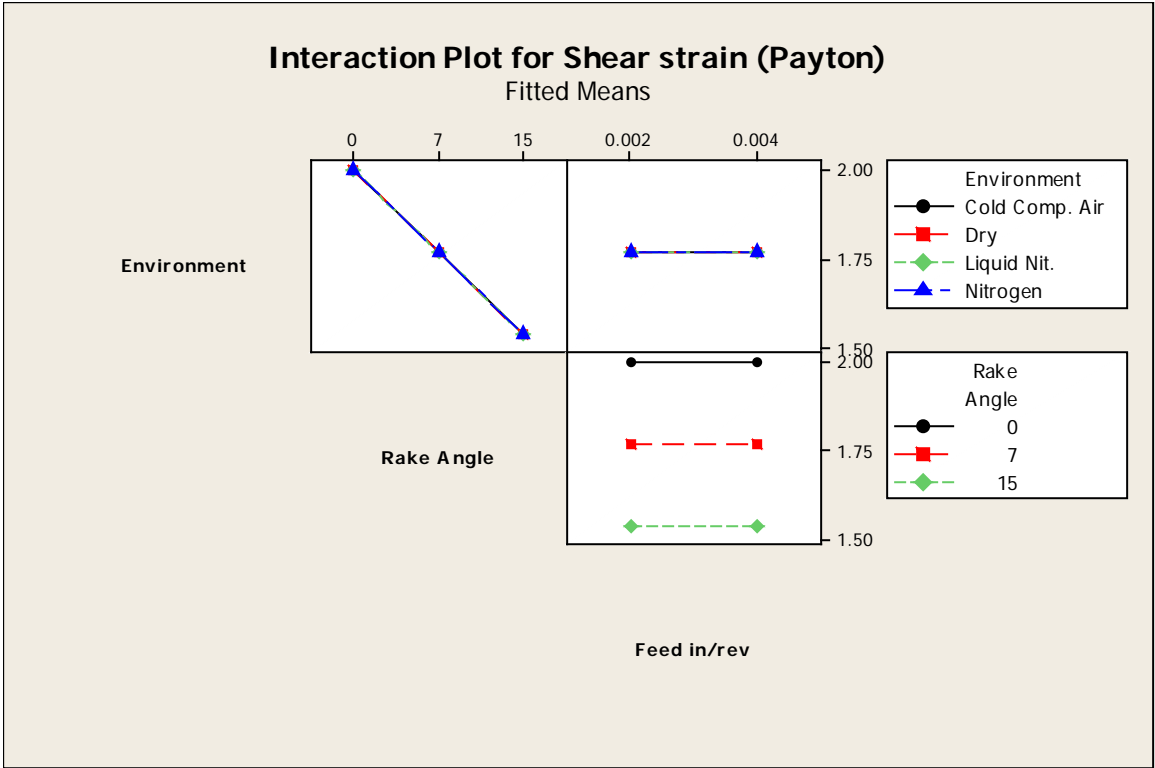
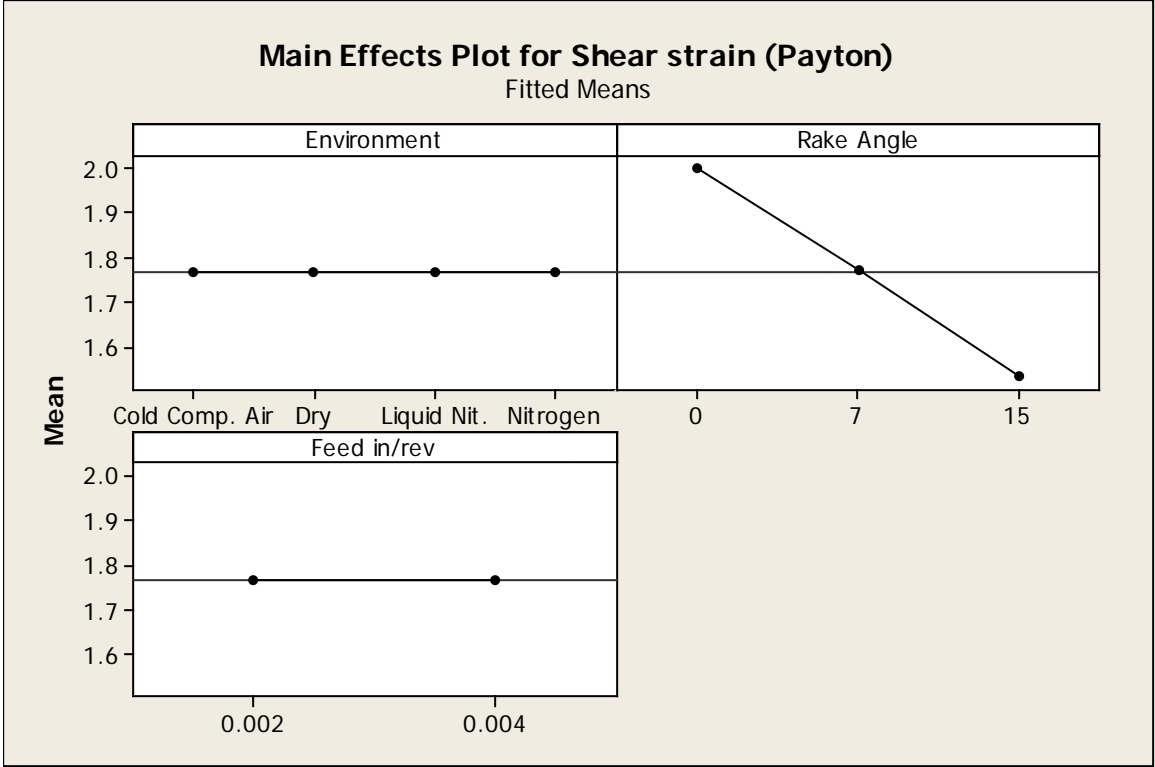


Analysis of Variance for Shear strain (Payton), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Rake Angle	2	3.46485	3.46485	1.73242	**	
Feed in/rev	1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Error	72	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000		
Total	95	3.46485				

** Denominator of F-test is zero.

S = 8.576051E-17 R-Sq = 100.00% R-Sq(adj) = 100.00%



Analysis of Variance for Shear strain new, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	1.19275	1.19275	0.39758	2371.87
Rake Angle	2	1.07829	1.07829	0.53915	3216.39
Feed in/rev	1	0.22995	0.22995	0.22995	1371.82
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.56515	0.56515	0.09419	561.92
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.21889	0.21889	0.07296	435.27
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.02274	0.02274	0.01137	67.84
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.01174	0.01174	0.00196	11.67
Error	72	0.01207	0.01207	0.00017	
Total	95	3.33158			

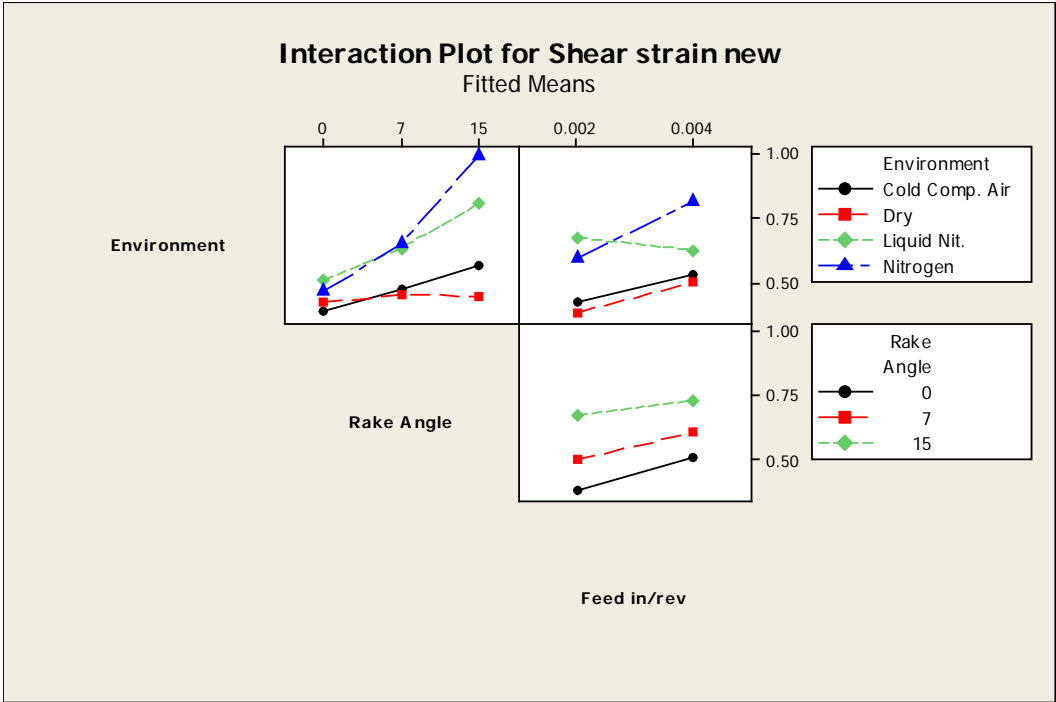
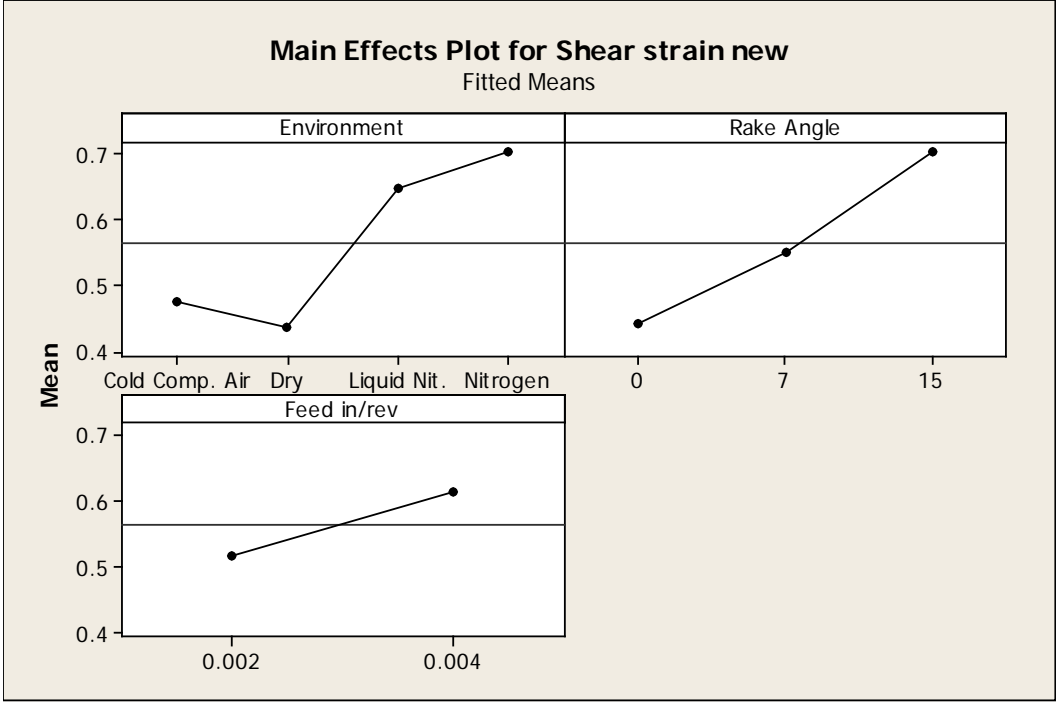
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0129470 R-Sq = 99.64% R-Sq(adj) = 99.52%

Unusual Observations for Shear strain new

Obs	strain new	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	0.74661	0.77288	0.00647	-0.02626	-2.34 R
65	0.83967	0.89493	0.00647	-0.05526	-4.93 R
68	0.93059	0.89493	0.00647	0.03566	3.18 R
71	1.11529	1.08653	0.00647	0.02876	2.56 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear Area, As P, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	0.0000036	0.0000036	0.0000012
Rake Angle	2	0.0000115	0.0000115	0.0000057
Feed in/rev	1	0.0000196	0.0000196	0.0000196
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.0000007	0.0000007	0.0000001
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.0000007	0.0000007	0.0000002
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.0000001	0.0000001	0.0000000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.0000002	0.0000002	0.0000000
Error	72	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
Total	95	0.0000363		

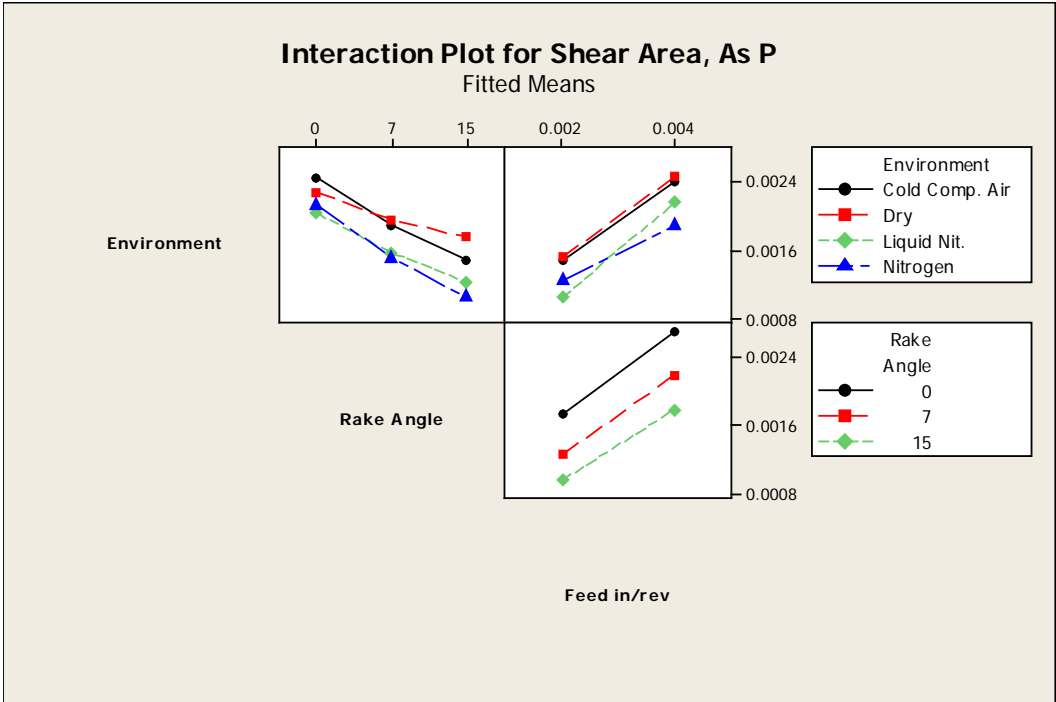
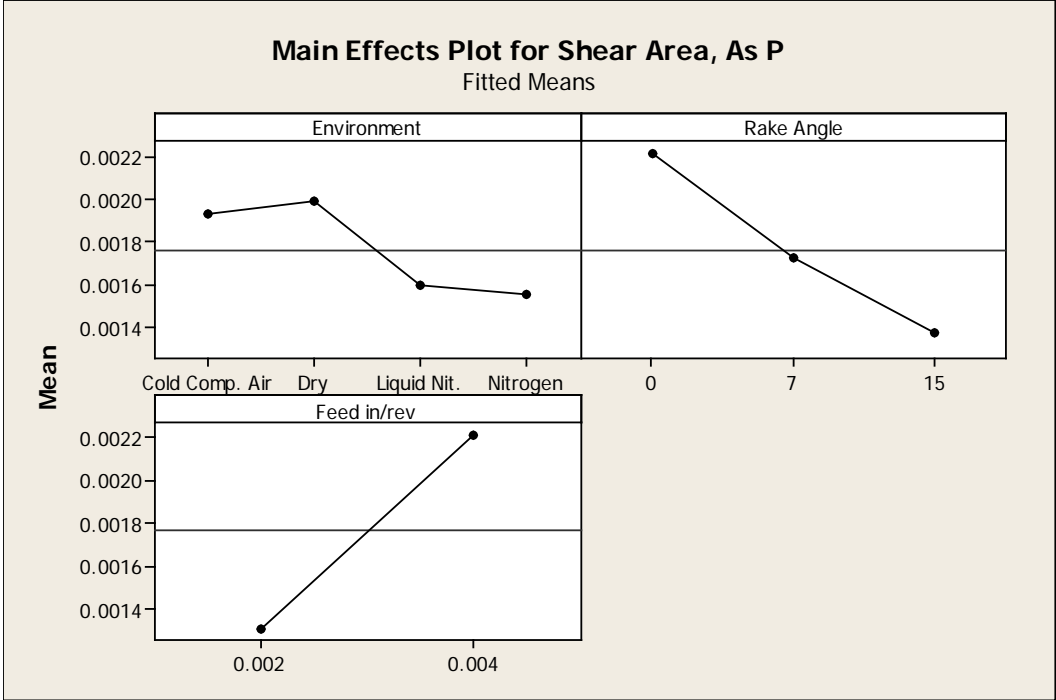
Source	F	P
Environment	2254.92	0.000
Rake Angle	10760.76	0.000
Feed in/rev	36717.10	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	206.05	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	432.36	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	76.63	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	60.28	0.000
Error		
Total		

S = 0.0000230754 R-Sq = 99.89% R-Sq(adj) = 99.86%

Unusual Observations for Shear Area, As P

Obs	Shear Area, As P	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
1	0.001871	0.001815	0.000012	0.000056	2.78 R
2	0.001750	0.001815	0.000012	-0.000065	-3.26 R
3	0.001771	0.001815	0.000012	-0.000044	-2.20 R
4	0.001869	0.001815	0.000012	0.000053	2.67 R
7	0.002673	0.002723	0.000012	-0.000050	-2.52 R
8	0.002784	0.002723	0.000012	0.000061	3.05 R
25	0.002048	0.002001	0.000012	0.000046	2.32 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) cor_1, using Adjusted SS for

Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	3282.38	3282.38	1094.13	28.51
Rake Angle	2	3421.53	3421.53	1710.77	44.57
Feed in/rev	1	4409.47	4409.47	4409.47	114.89
Environment*Rake Angle	6	1802.07	1802.07	300.34	7.83
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	1845.48	1845.48	615.16	16.03
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	2.06	2.06	1.03	0.03
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	154.52	154.52	25.75	0.67
Error	72	2763.39	2763.39	38.38	
Total	95	17680.91			

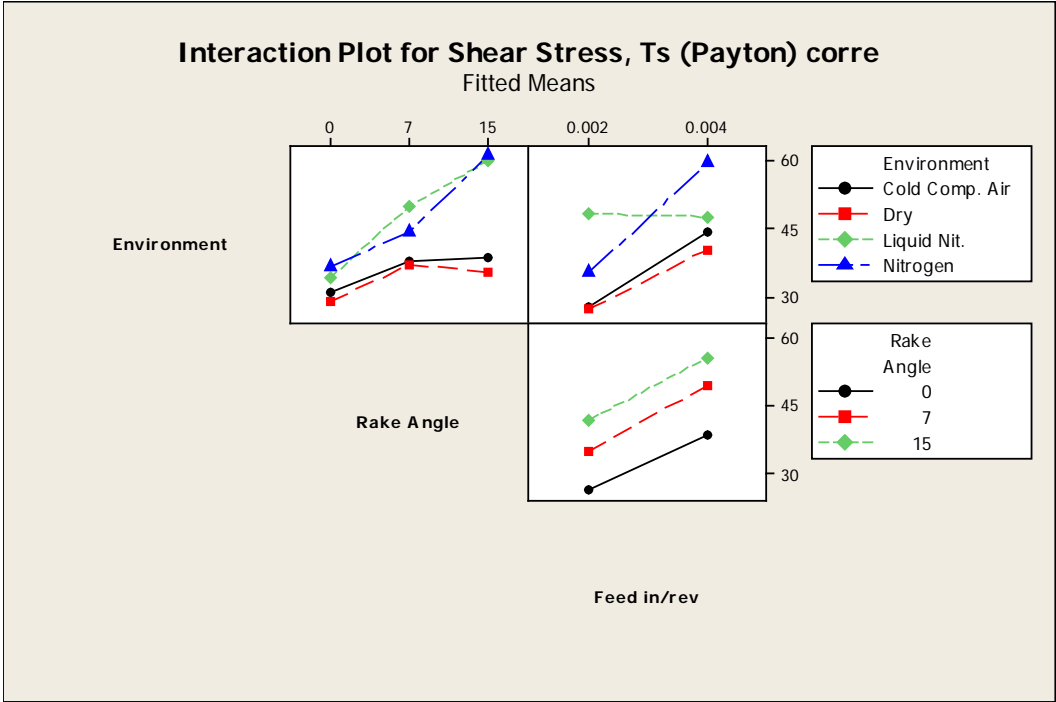
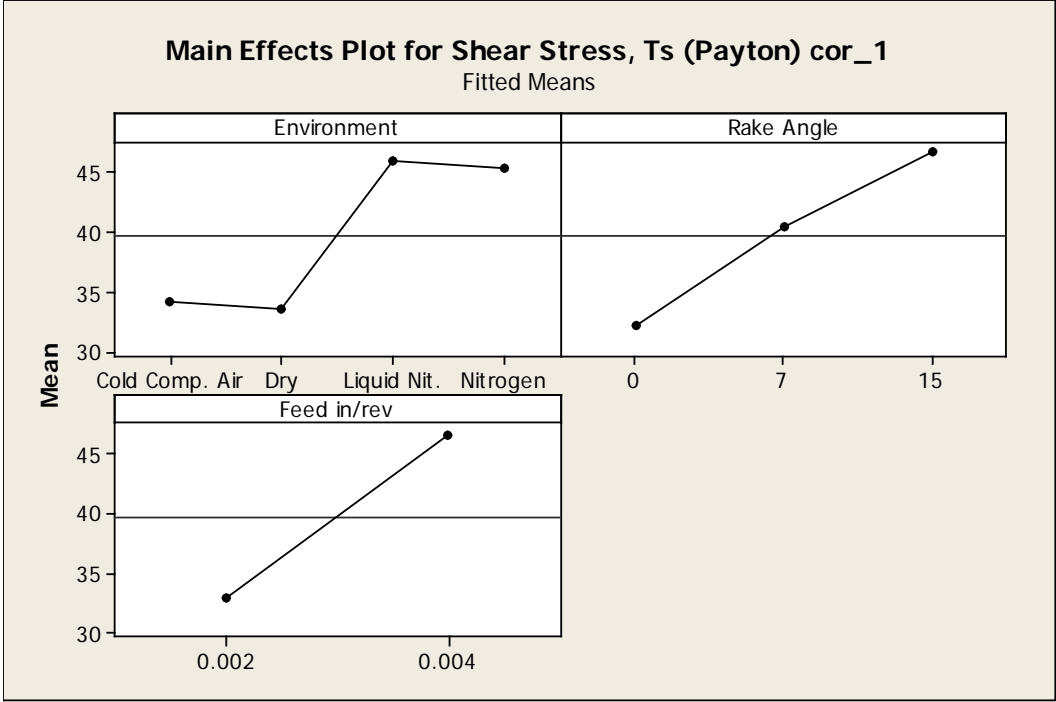
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.974
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.673
Error	
Total	

S = 6.19520 R-Sq = 84.37% R-Sq(adj) = 79.38%

Unusual Observations for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) cor_1

Obs	cor_1	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
43	11.9636	27.3083	3.0976	-15.3447	-2.86 R
73	44.0730	33.0904	3.0976	10.9826	2.05 R
79	-3.8184	31.7270	3.0976	-35.5453	-6.63 R
80	50.4529	31.7270	3.0976	18.7259	3.49 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



ALUMINUM 6061; UNCOATED CARBIDE

Factor	Type	Levels	Values
Environment	fixed	4	Cold Comp. Air, Dry, Liquid Nit., Nitrogen
Rake Angle	fixed	3	0, 7, 15
Feed in/rev	fixed	2	0.002, 0.004

Analysis of Variance for **Fy Thrust**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	6012.0	6012.0	2004.0	54.81
Rake Angle	2	79866.3	79866.3	39933.2	1092.17
Feed in/rev	1	59094.9	59094.9	59094.9	1616.24
Environment*Rake Angle	6	1033.8	1033.8	172.3	4.71
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	613.4	613.4	204.5	5.59
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	1763.3	1763.3	881.6	24.11
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	764.9	764.9	127.5	3.49
Error	72	2632.6	2632.6	36.6	
Total	95	151781.1			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.002
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.004
Error	
Total	

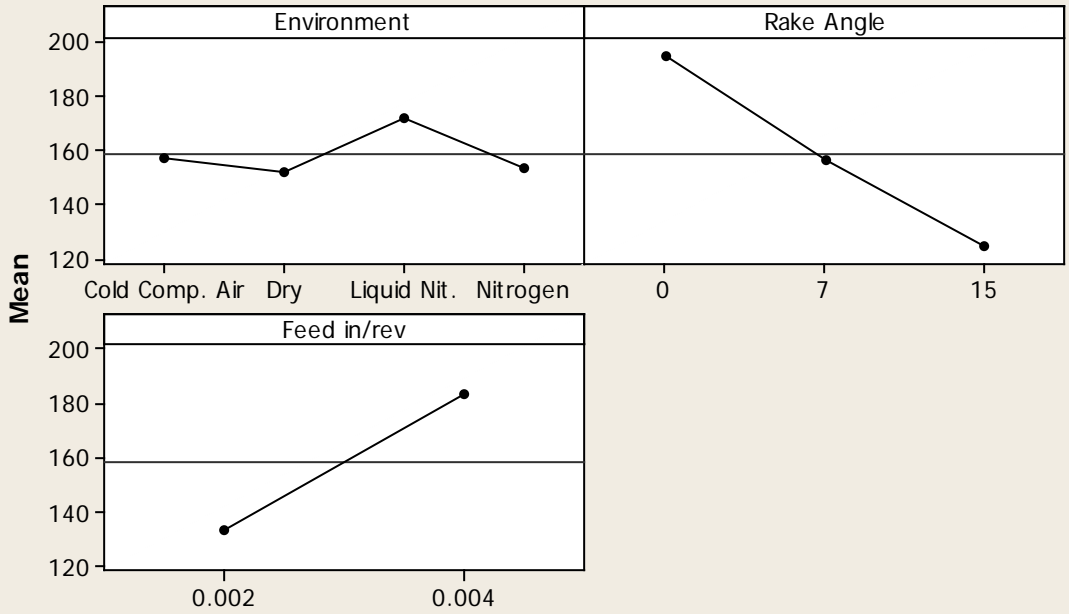
S = 6.04676 R-Sq = 98.27% R-Sq(adj) = 97.71%

Unusual Observations for Fy Thrust

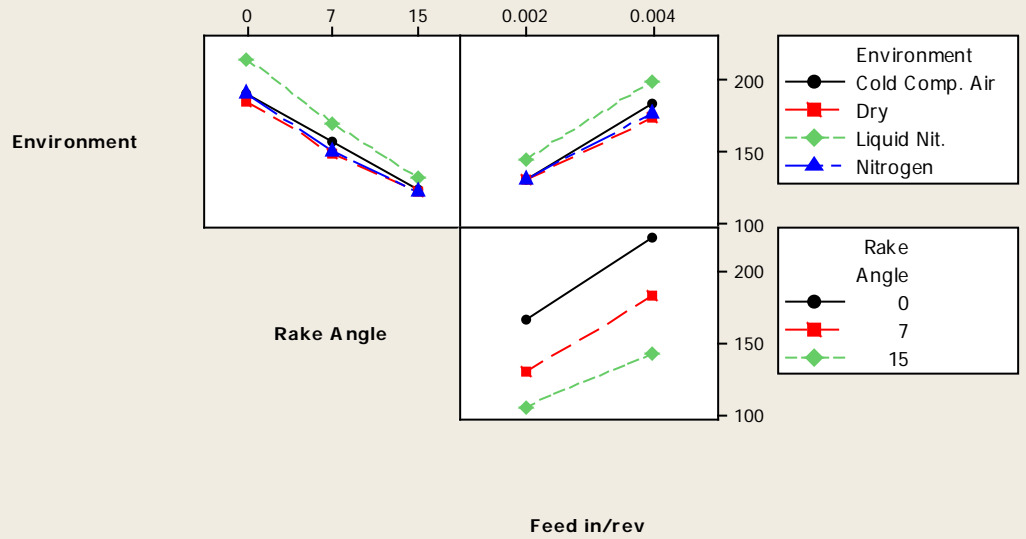
Obs	Fy Thrust	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
37	200.566	187.518	3.023	13.047	2.49 R
47	157.536	145.286	3.023	12.251	2.34 R
75	199.284	176.691	3.023	22.593	4.31 R
79	264.380	252.337	3.023	12.042	2.30 R
80	234.617	252.337	3.023	-17.721	-3.38 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Fy Thrust Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fy Thrust Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for **Fz Cutting**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

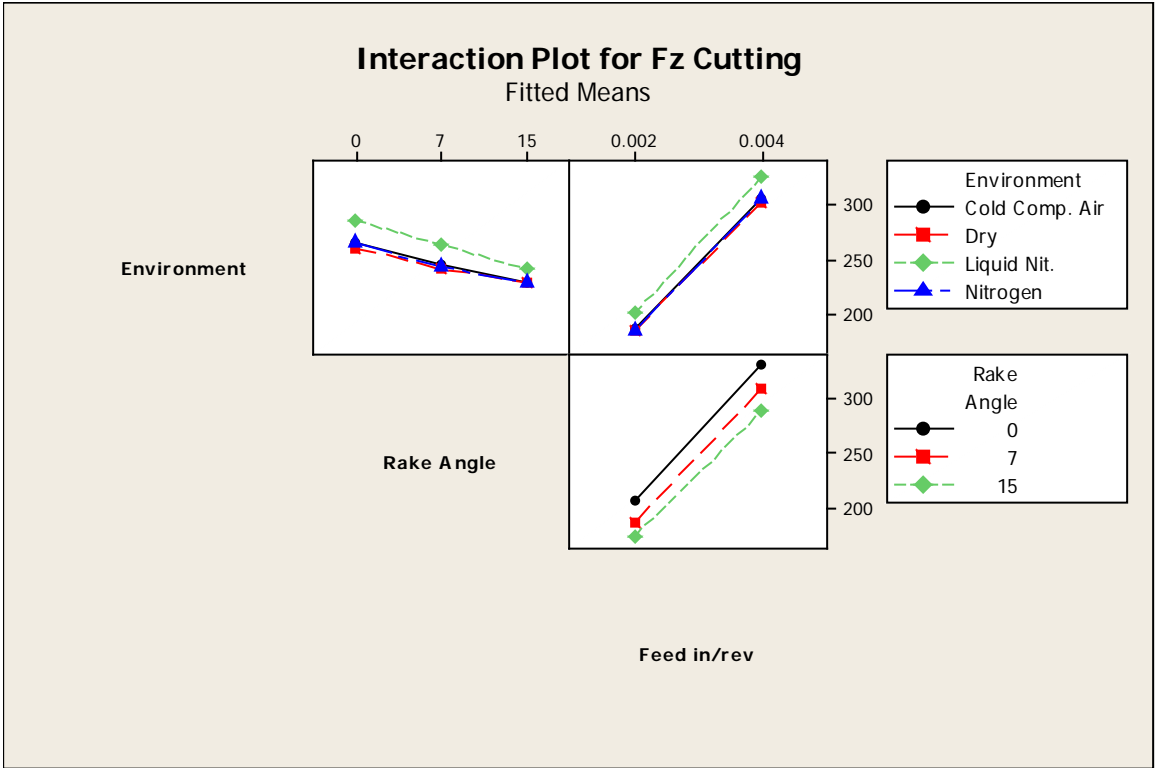
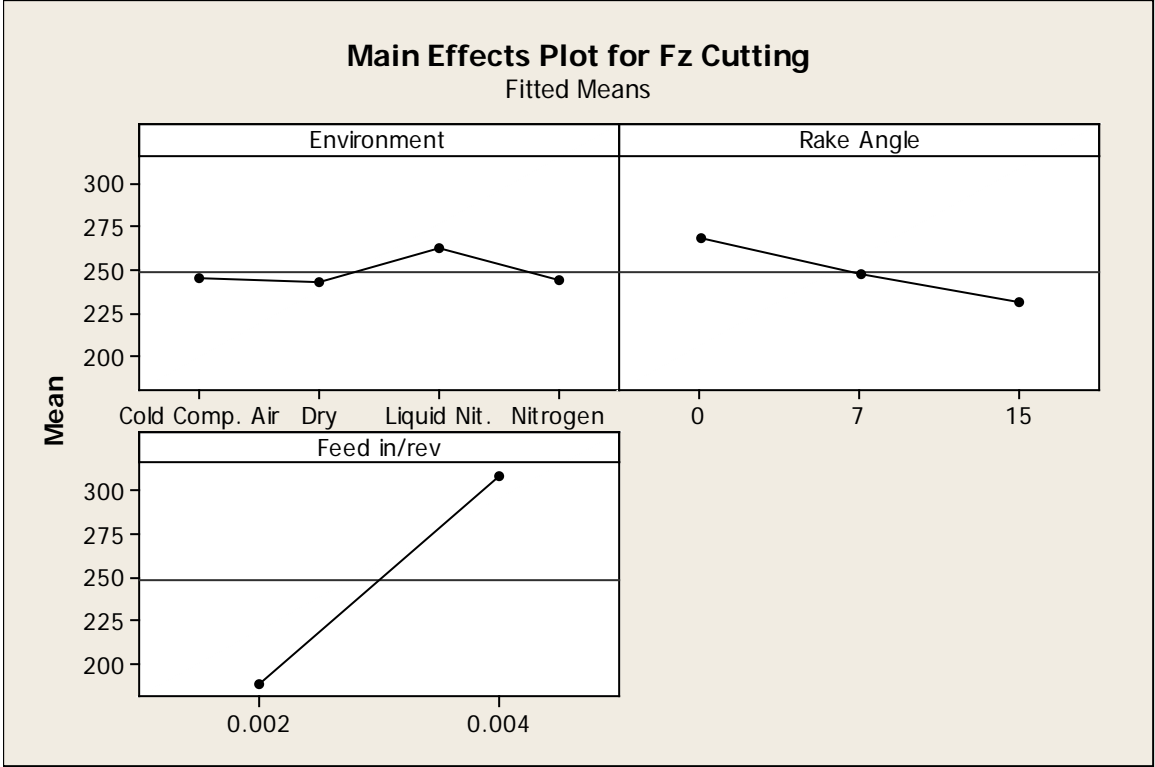
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	6147	6147	2049	90.76	0.000
Rake Angle	2	22601	22601	11300	500.56	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	347735	347735	347735	15402.97	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	381	381	64	2.81	0.016
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	233	233	78	3.44	0.021
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	414	414	207	9.17	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	183	183	31	1.35	0.245
Error	72	1625	1625	23		
Total	95	379320				

S = 4.75140 R-Sq = 99.57% R-Sq(adj) = 99.43%

Unusual Observations for Fz Cutting

Obs	Fz Cutting	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
47	275.837	284.429	2.376	-8.593	-2.09 R
75	238.342	217.048	2.376	21.294	5.18 R
76	208.795	217.048	2.376	-8.253	-2.01 R
79	362.705	351.816	2.376	10.890	2.65 R
80	336.848	351.816	2.376	-14.968	-3.64 R
81	209.687	200.863	2.376	8.824	2.14 R
82	191.561	200.863	2.376	-9.302	-2.26 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Resultant force, using Adjusted SS for Tests

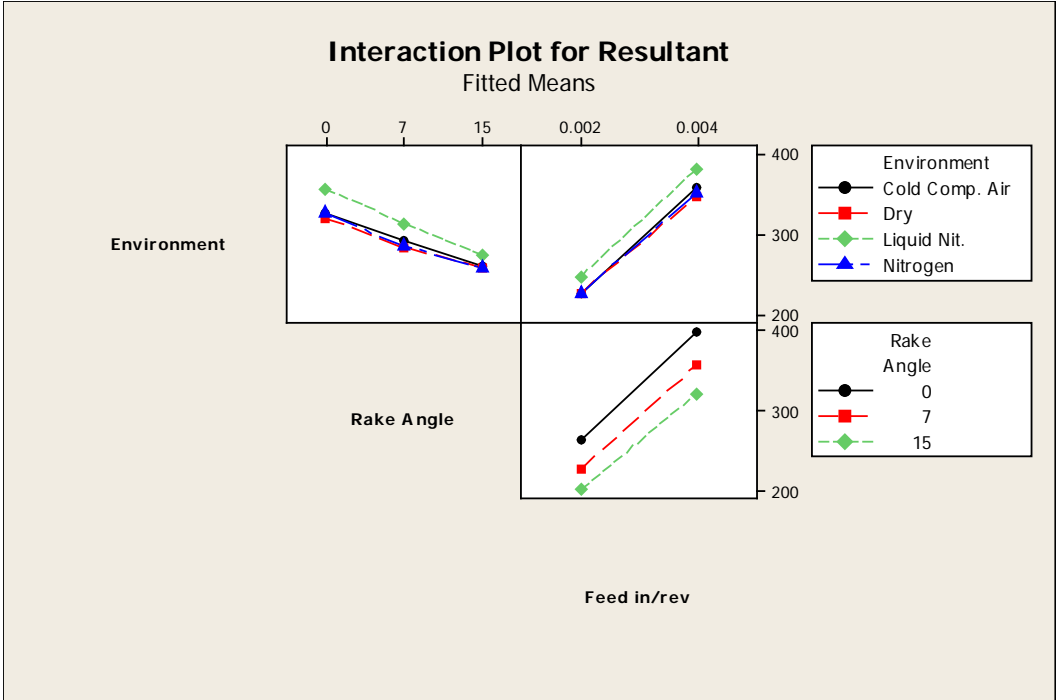
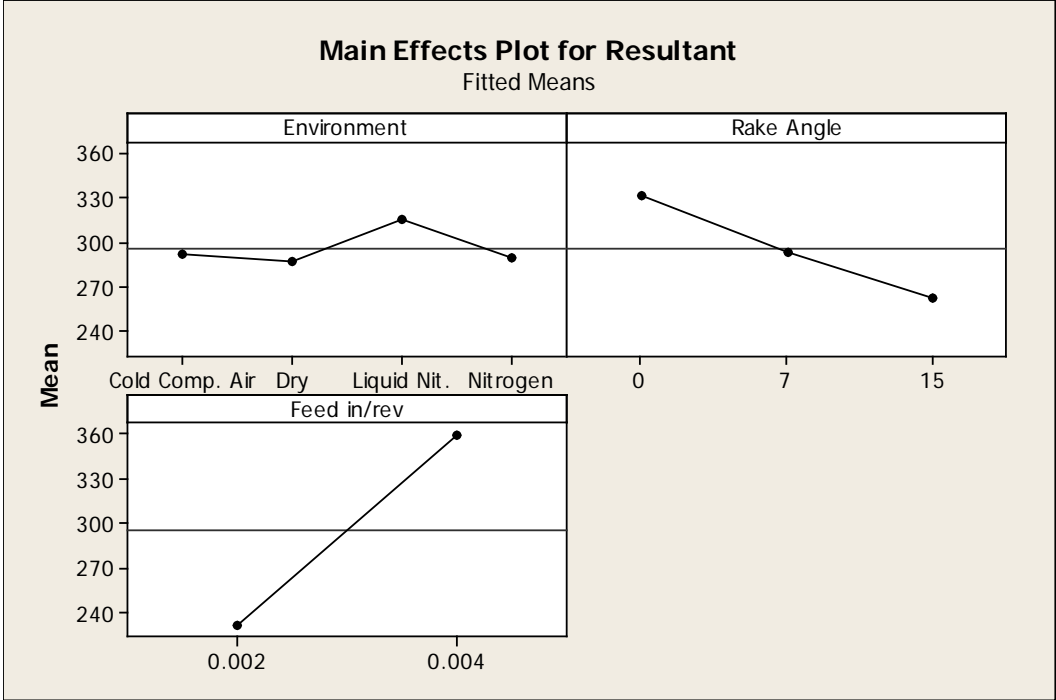
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	11705	11705	3902	80.44	0.000
Rake Angle	2	77683	77683	38841	800.75	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	395199	395199	395199	8147.43	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	1129	1129	188	3.88	0.002
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	631	631	210	4.34	0.007
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	1127	1127	563	11.61	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	676	676	113	2.32	0.042
Error	72	3492	3492	49		
Total	95	491642				

S = 6.96462 R-Sq = 99.29% R-Sq(adj) = 99.06%

Unusual Observations for Resultant

Obs	Resultant	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
75	310.679	279.884	3.482	30.795	5.11 R
79	448.834	432.968	3.482	15.866	2.63 R
80	410.501	432.968	3.482	-22.467	-3.72 R
81	258.363	246.027	3.482	12.337	2.05 R
82	232.854	246.027	3.482	-13.173	-2.18 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Chip thickness ratio, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.242244	0.242244	0.080748	56.04
Rake Angle	2	0.308051	0.308051	0.154025	106.89
Feed in/rev	1	0.016420	0.016420	0.016420	11.40
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.224658	0.224658	0.037443	25.99
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.017145	0.017145	0.005715	3.97
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.010243	0.010243	0.005122	3.55
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.017237	0.017237	0.002873	1.99
Error	72	0.103745	0.103745	0.001441	
Total	95	0.939744			

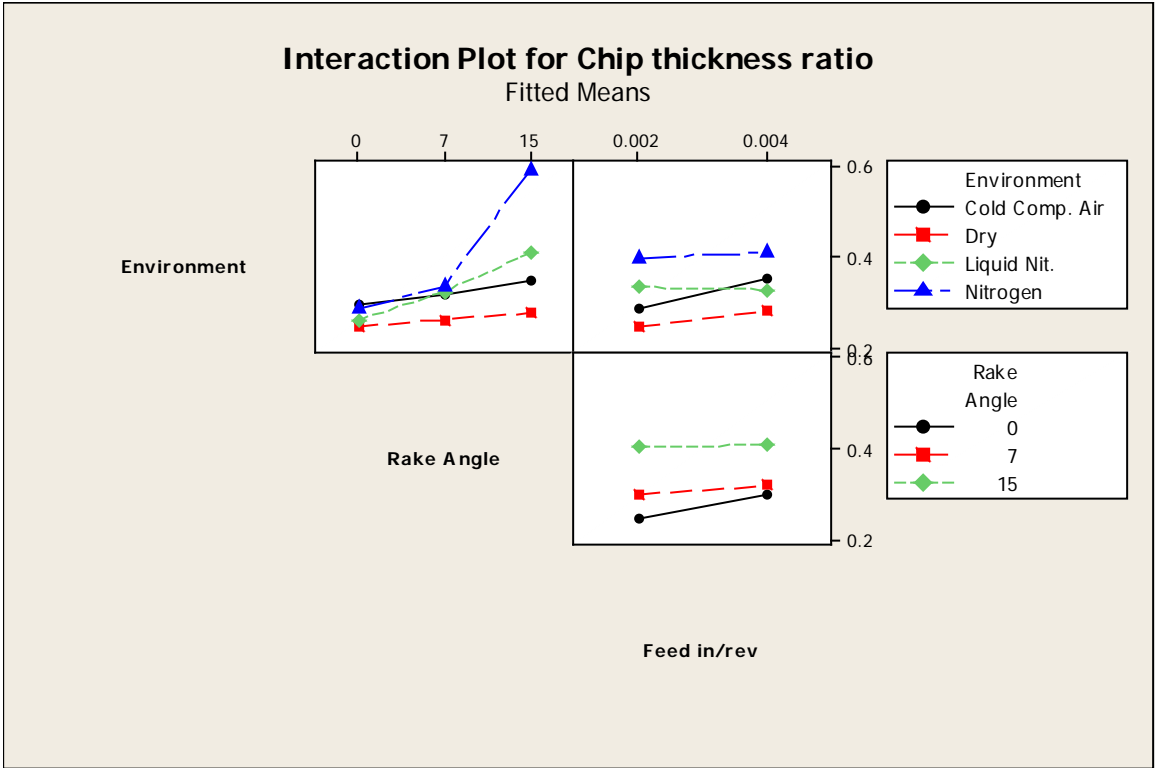
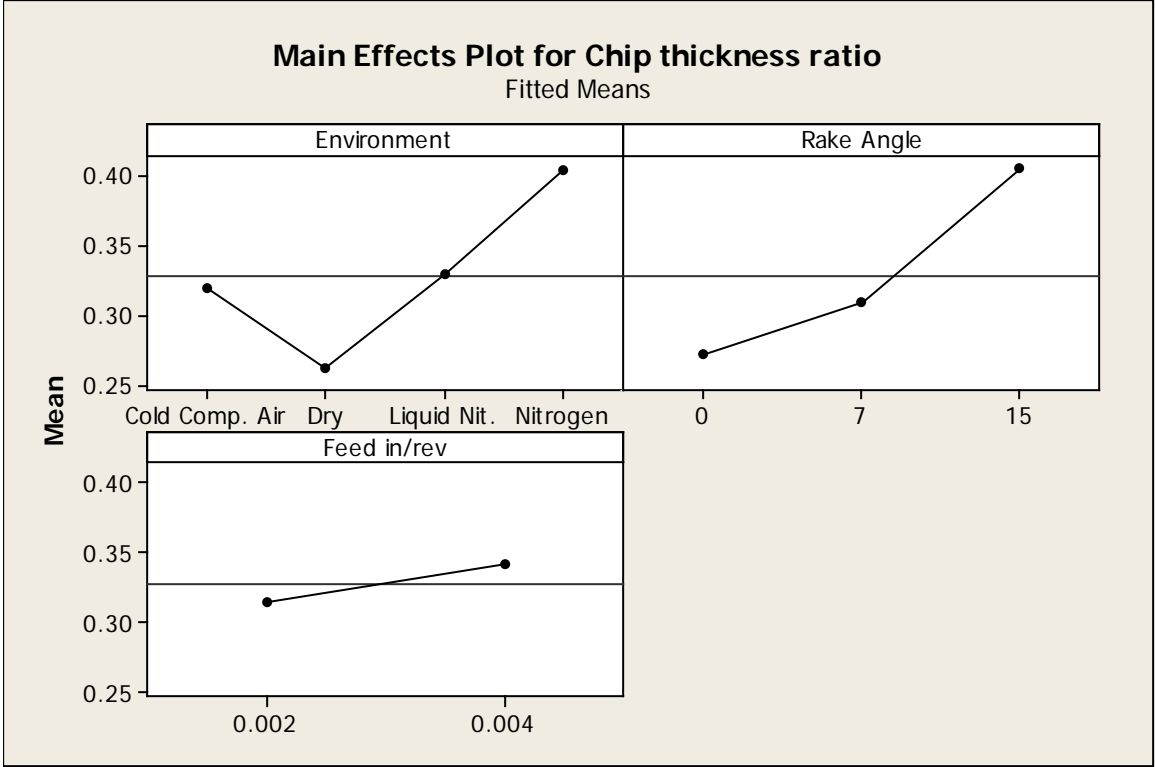
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.001
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.011
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.034
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.078
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0379593 R-Sq = 88.96% R-Sq(adj) = 85.43%

Unusual Observations for Chip thickness ratio

Obs	Chip thickness ratio	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	0.421053	0.312781	0.018980	0.108272	3.29 R
62	0.039280	0.312781	0.018980	-0.273501	-8.32 R
63	0.397350	0.312781	0.018980	0.084569	2.57 R
64	0.393441	0.312781	0.018980	0.080660	2.45 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Phi degrees, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	767.43	767.43	255.81	55.64	0.000
Rake Angle	2	1176.00	1176.00	588.00	127.90	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	47.56	47.56	47.56	10.34	0.002
Environment*Rake Angle	6	733.41	733.41	122.23	26.59	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	56.09	56.09	18.70	4.07	0.010
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	28.38	28.38	14.19	3.09	0.052
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	57.70	57.70	9.62	2.09	0.065
Error	72	331.00	331.00	4.60		
Total	95	3197.57				

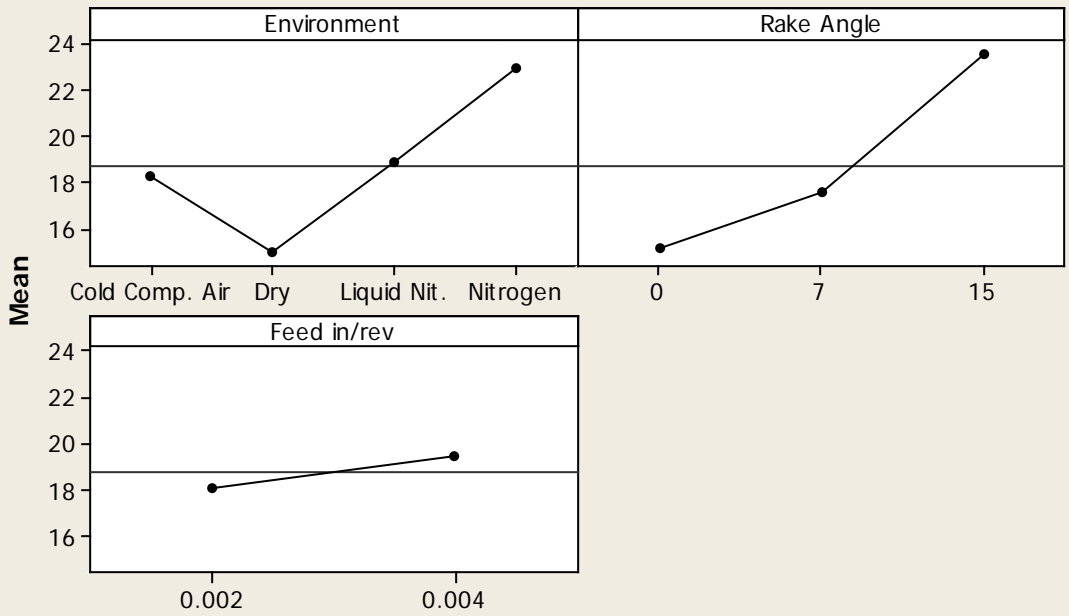
S = 2.14412 R-Sq = 89.65% R-Sq(adj) = 86.34%

Unusual Observations for Phi degrees

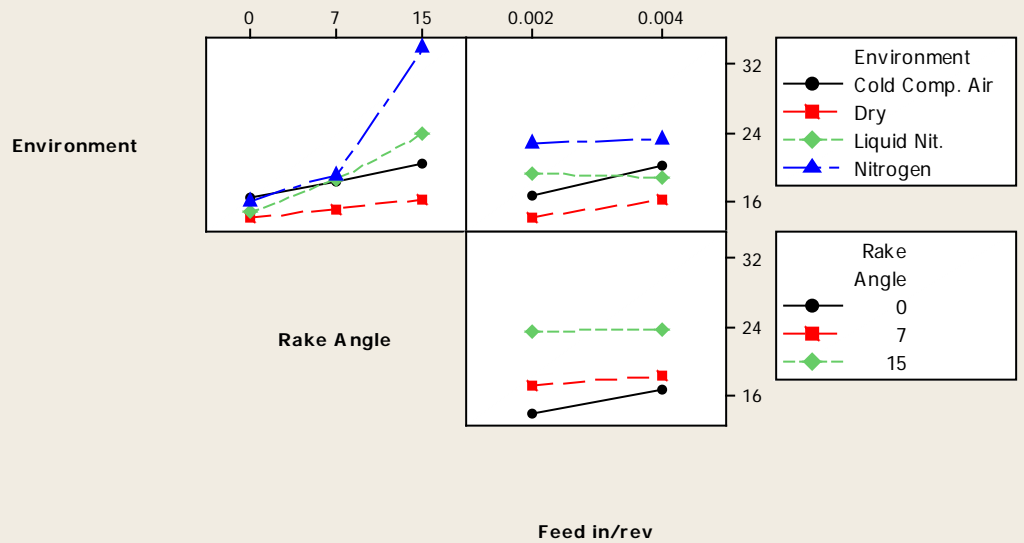
Obs	Phi degrees	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	23.7744	17.7080	1.0721	6.0664	3.27 R
62	2.2434	17.7080	1.0721	-15.4646	-8.33 R
63	22.5119	17.7080	1.0721	4.8039	2.59 R
64	22.3023	17.7080	1.0721	4.5943	2.47 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Phi degrees
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Phi degrees
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Psi degrees, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	767.430	767.430	255.810	55.64
Rake Angle	2	57.915	57.915	28.957	6.30
Feed in/rev	1	47.558	47.558	47.558	10.34
Environment*Rake Angle	6	733.405	733.405	122.234	26.59
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	56.092	56.092	18.697	4.07
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	28.378	28.378	14.189	3.09
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	57.700	57.700	9.617	2.09
Error	72	331.003	331.003	4.597	
Total	95	2079.481			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.003
Feed in/rev	0.002
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.010
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.052
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.065
Error	
Total	

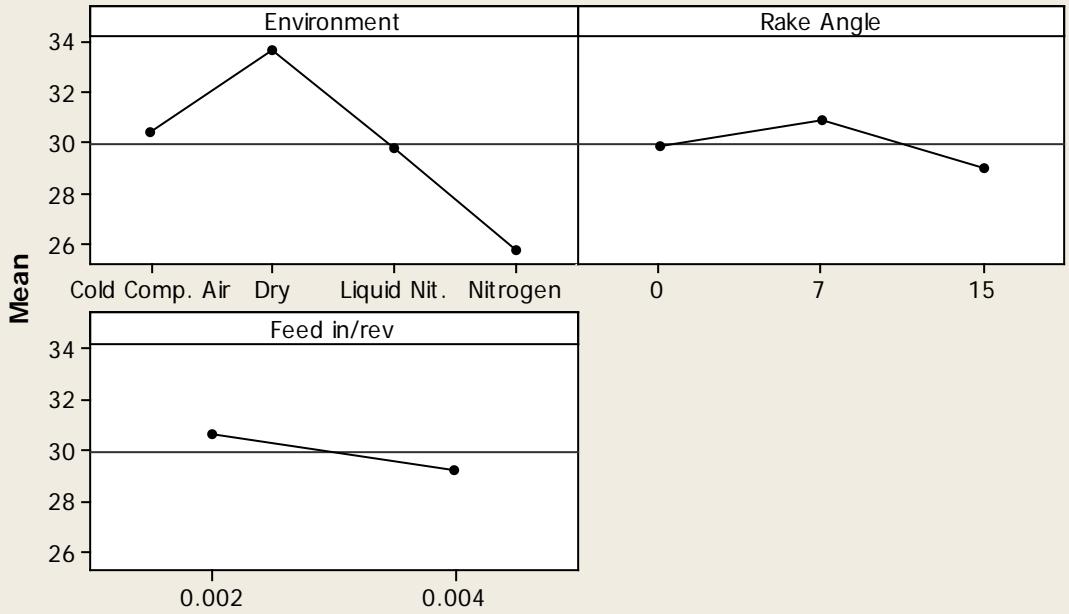
S = 2.14412 R-Sq = 84.08% R-Sq(adj) = 79.00%

Unusual Observations for Psi degrees

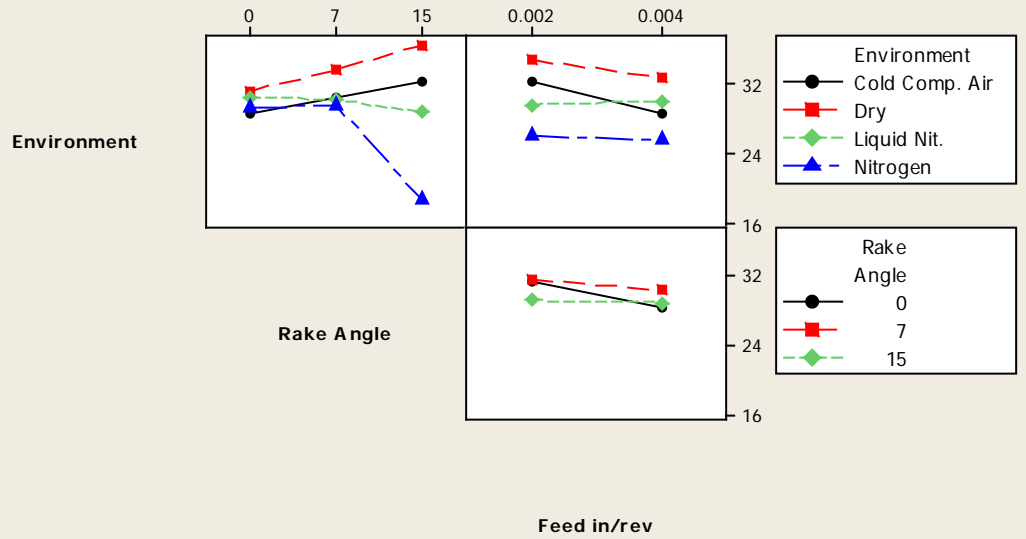
Obs	Psi degrees	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	24.7256	30.7920	1.0721	-6.0664	-3.27 R
62	46.2566	30.7920	1.0721	15.4646	8.33 R
63	25.9881	30.7920	1.0721	-4.8039	-2.59 R
64	26.1977	30.7920	1.0721	-4.5943	-2.47 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Psi degrees Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Psi degrees Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Friction Force (F), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	7214.9	7214.9	2405.0	64.13
Rake Angle	2	3744.6	3744.6	1872.3	49.93
Feed in/rev	1	98024.1	98024.1	98024.1	2614.05
Environment*Rake Angle	6	778.3	778.3	129.7	3.46
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	633.2	633.2	211.1	5.63
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	431.9	431.9	215.9	5.76
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	743.8	743.8	124.0	3.31
Error	72	2699.9	2699.9	37.5	
Total	95	114270.7			

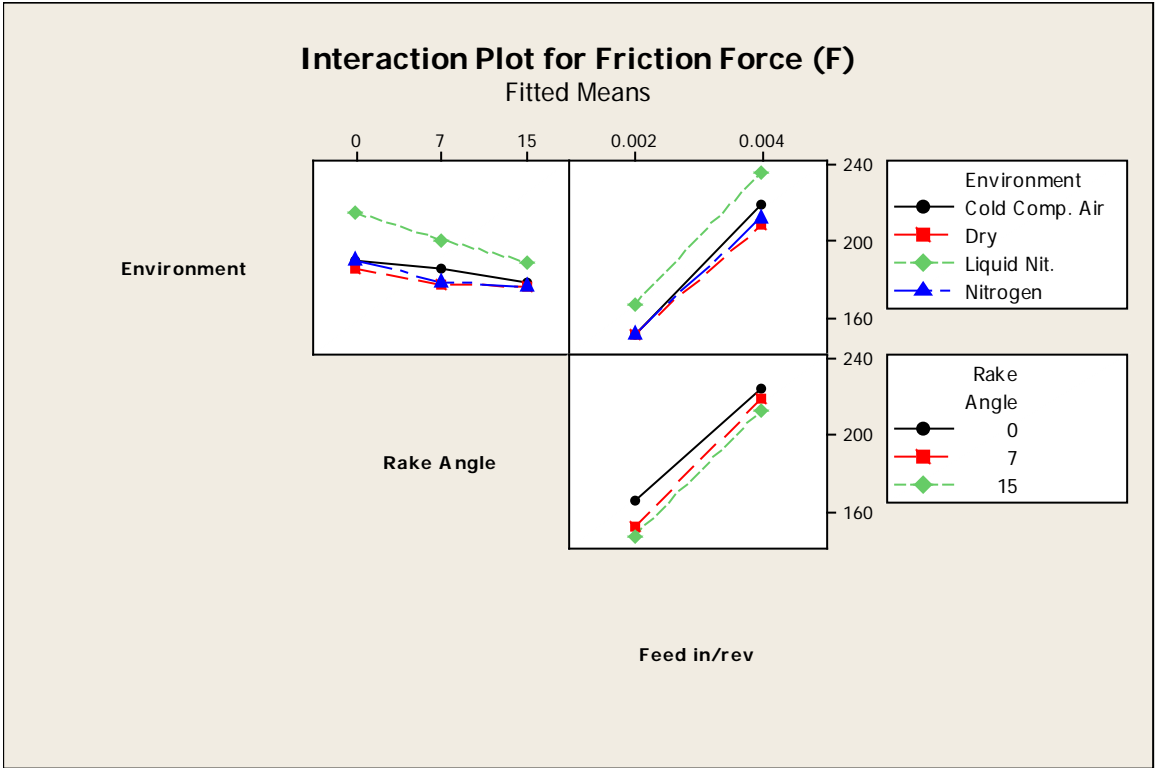
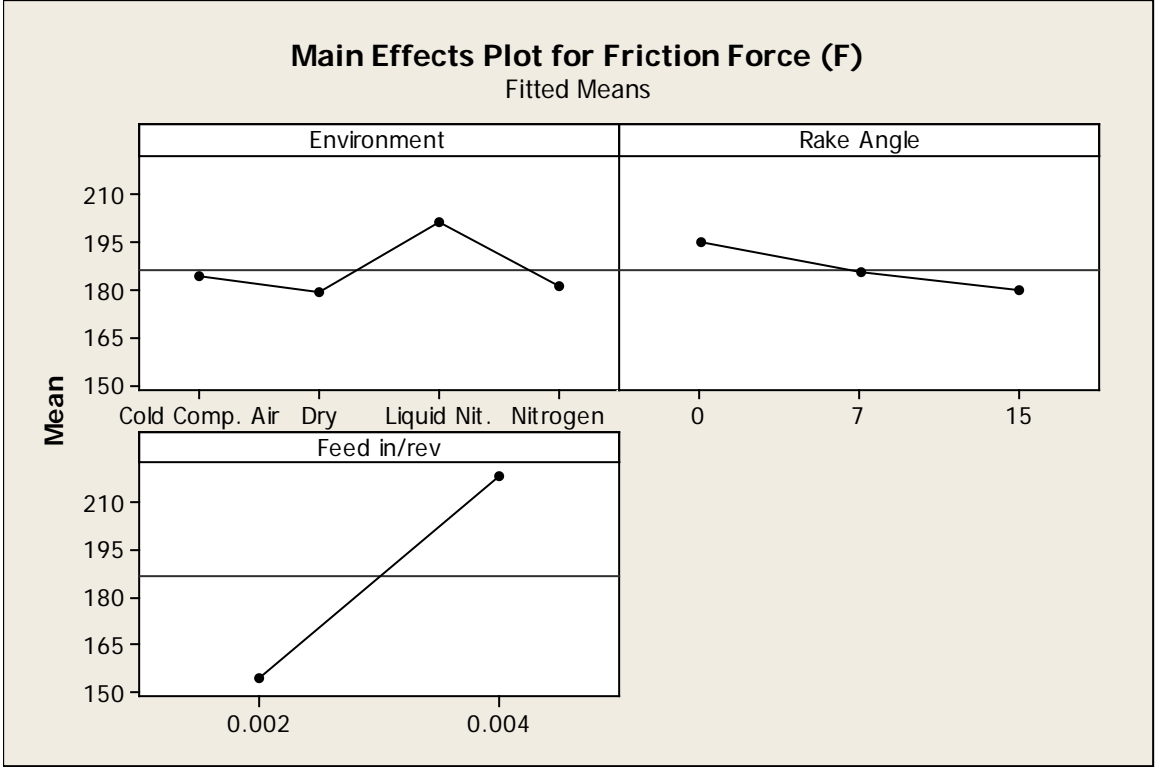
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.005
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.002
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.005
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.006
Error	
Total	

S = 6.12364 R-Sq = 97.64% R-Sq(adj) = 96.88%

Unusual Observations for Friction Force (F)

Obs	Friction Force (F)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
37	236.879	223.454	3.062	13.425	2.53 R
75	199.284	176.691	3.062	22.593	4.26 R
79	264.380	252.337	3.062	12.042	2.27 R
80	234.617	252.337	3.062	-17.721	-3.34 R
82	154.743	165.475	3.062	-10.733	-2.02 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Normal Force (N), using Adjusted SS for Tests

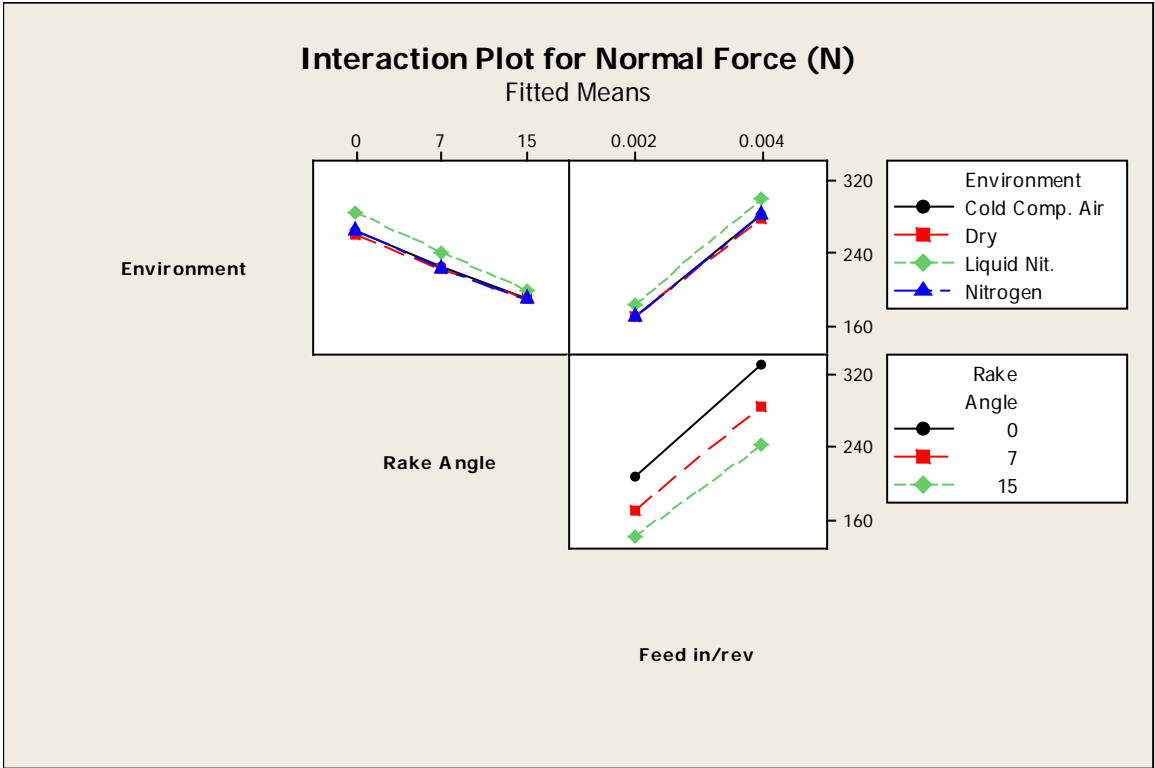
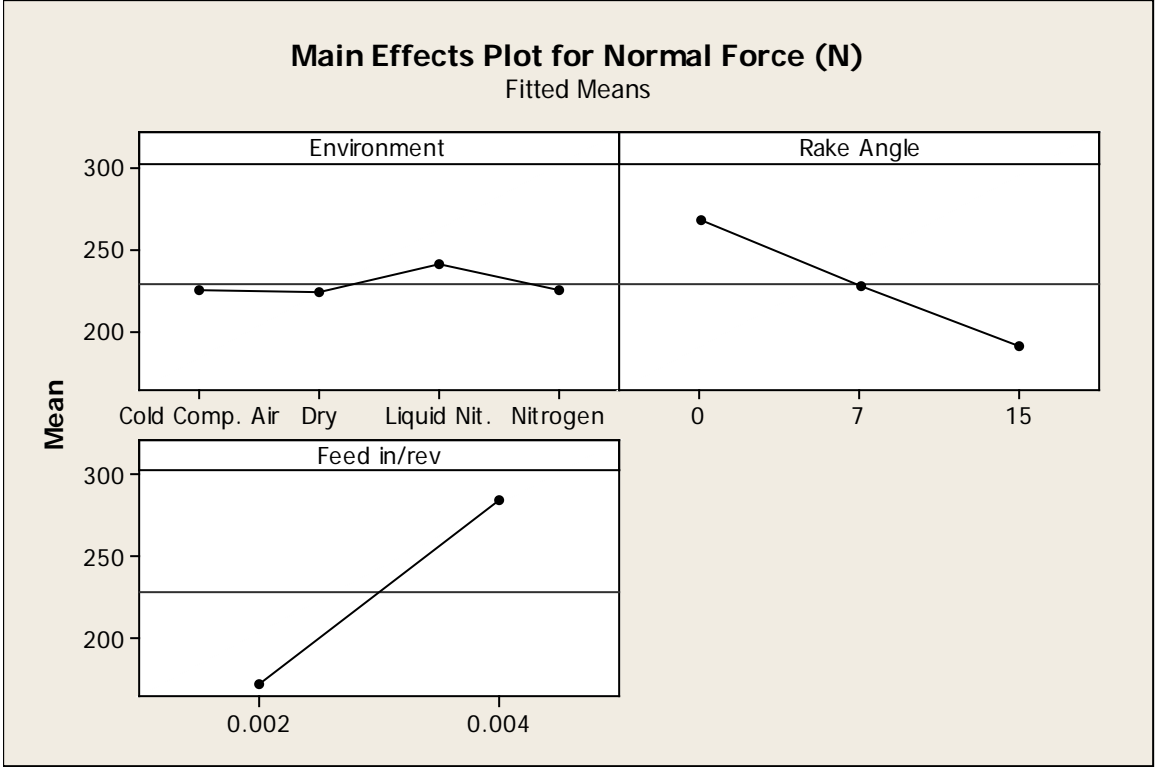
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	5038	5038	1679	77.60	0.000
Rake Angle	2	96301	96301	48151	2225.06	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	308328	308328	308328	14247.98	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	543	543	90	4.18	0.001
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	232	232	77	3.57	0.018
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	2223	2223	1112	51.36	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	186	186	31	1.43	0.215
Error	72	1558	1558	22		
Total	95	414409				

S = 4.65190 R-Sq = 99.62% R-Sq(adj) = 99.50%

Unusual Observations for Normal Force (N)

Obs	Normal Force (N)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
47	225.664	237.135	2.326	-11.471	-2.85 R
75	238.342	217.048	2.326	21.294	5.29 R
76	208.795	217.048	2.326	-8.253	-2.05 R
79	362.705	351.816	2.326	10.890	2.70 R
80	336.848	351.816	2.326	-14.968	-3.72 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for F/N Ratio, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.012395	0.012395	0.004132	11.28
Rake Angle	2	0.810148	0.810148	0.405074	1105.78
Feed in/rev	1	0.456961	0.456961	0.456961	1247.42
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.001852	0.001852	0.000309	0.84
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.005476	0.005476	0.001825	4.98
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.007469	0.007469	0.003735	10.19
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.006853	0.006853	0.001142	3.12
Error	72	0.026375	0.026375	0.000366	
Total	95	1.327529			

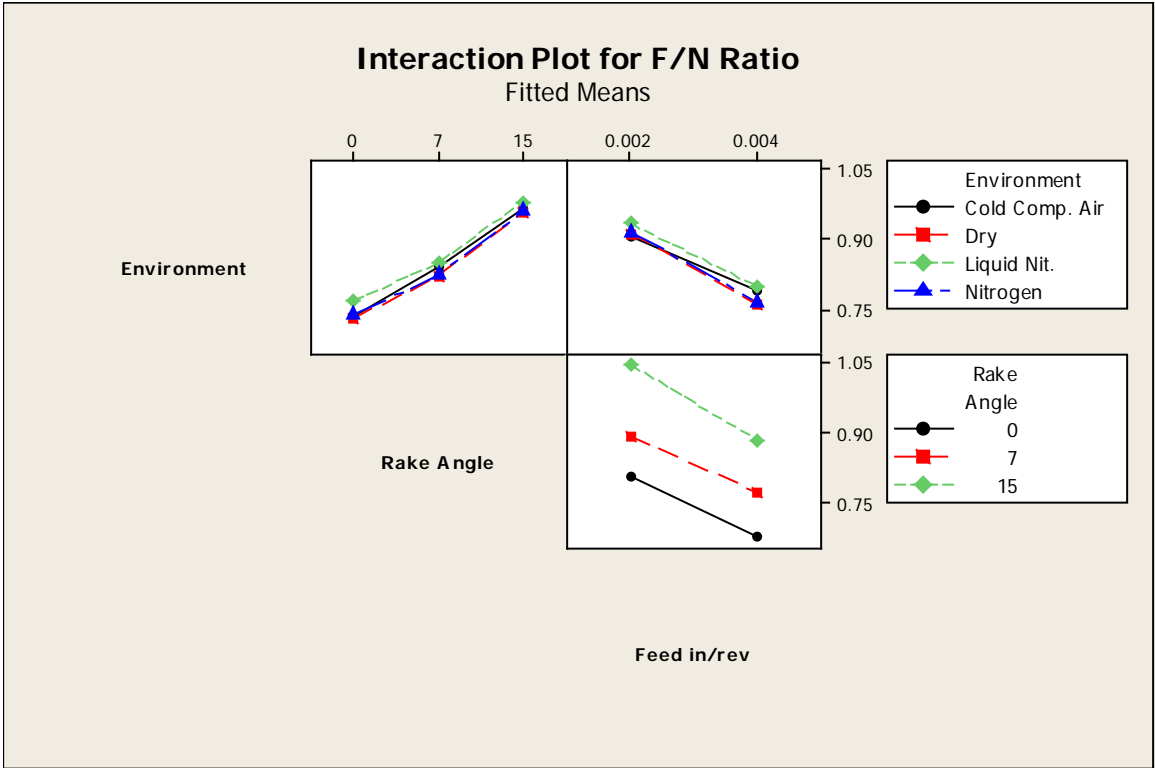
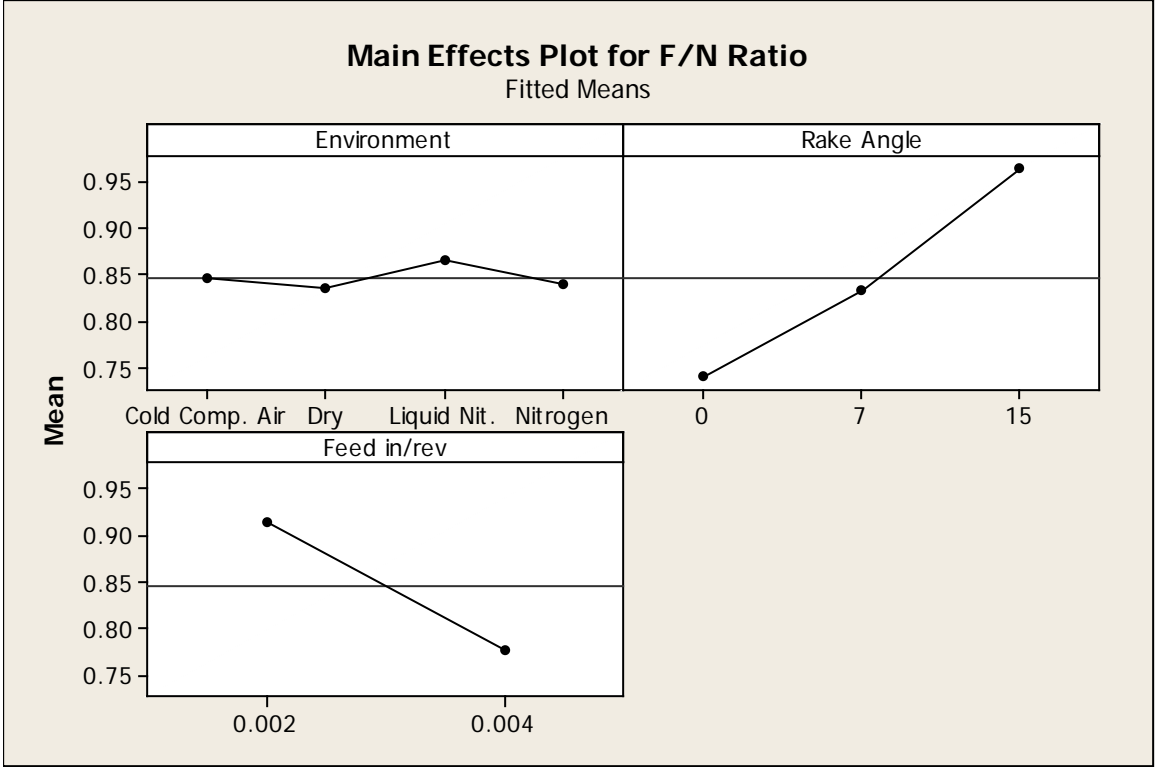
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.541
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.003
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.009
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0191396 R-Sq = 98.01% R-Sq(adj) = 97.38%

Unusual Observations for F/N Ratio

Obs	F/N Ratio	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
37	0.83562	0.79457	0.00957	0.04104	2.48 R
38	0.75627	0.79457	0.00957	-0.03830	-2.31 R
45	0.86845	0.90363	0.00957	-0.03517	-2.12 R
47	0.99068	0.90363	0.00957	0.08705	5.25 R
89	1.03868	1.07478	0.00957	-0.03610	-2.18 R
92	1.12093	1.07478	0.00957	0.04615	2.78 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for **Fs (Merchant)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	12649	12649	4216	47.34	0.000
Rake Angle	2	34065	34065	17032	191.26	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	203793	203793	203793	2288.40	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	9625	9625	1604	18.01	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	1148	1148	383	4.30	0.008
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	139	139	70	0.78	0.462
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	1078	1078	180	2.02	0.074
Error	72	6412	6412	89		
Total	95	268907				

S = 9.43688 R-Sq = 97.62% R-Sq(adj) = 96.85%

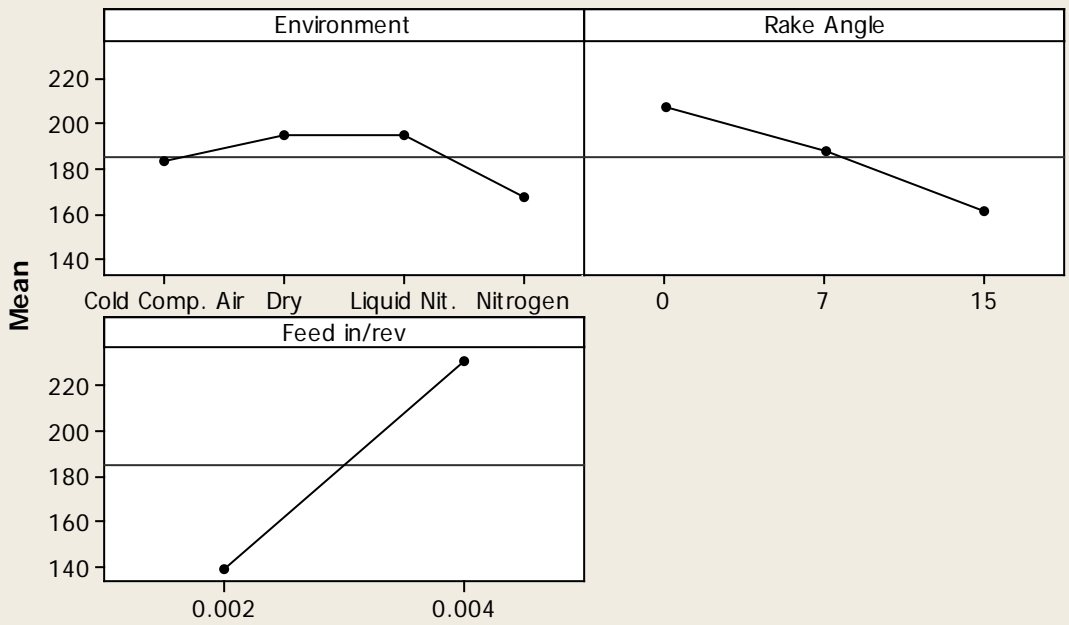
Unusual Observations for Fs (Merchant)

Obs	Fs (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	205.945	232.233	4.718	-26.287	-3.22 R
62	295.595	232.233	4.718	63.362	7.75 R
63	213.387	232.233	4.718	-18.846	-2.31 R
64	214.004	232.233	4.718	-18.229	-2.23 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

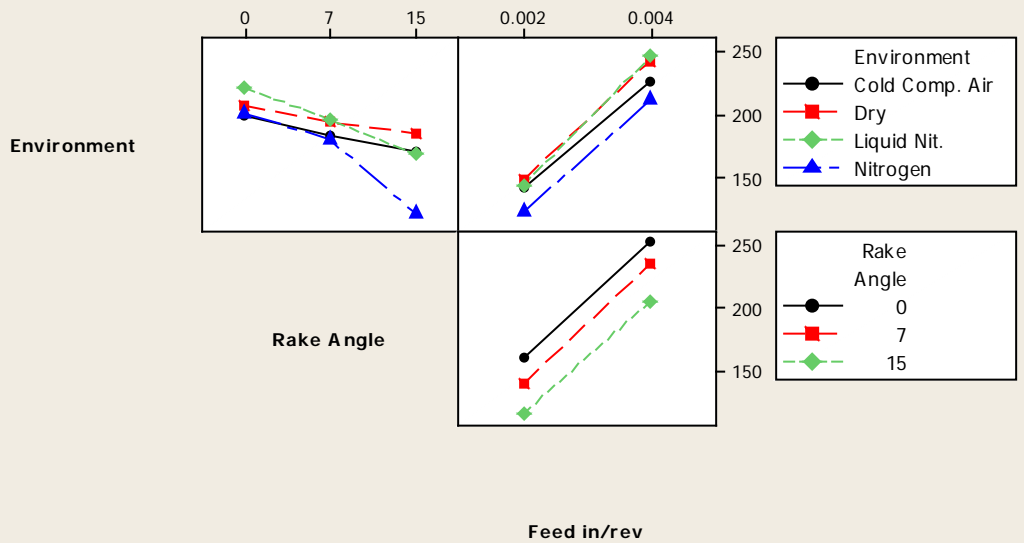
Main Effects Plot for Fs (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fs (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for **Fn (Merchant)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	16659	16659	5553	43.27	0.000
Rake Angle	2	49320	49320	24660	192.17	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	194320	194320	194320	1514.25	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	5513	5513	919	7.16	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	1494	1494	498	3.88	0.012
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	1298	1298	649	5.06	0.009
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	2339	2339	390	3.04	0.011
Error	72	9240	9240	128		
Total	95	280183				

S = 11.3282 R-Sq = 96.70% R-Sq(adj) = 95.65%

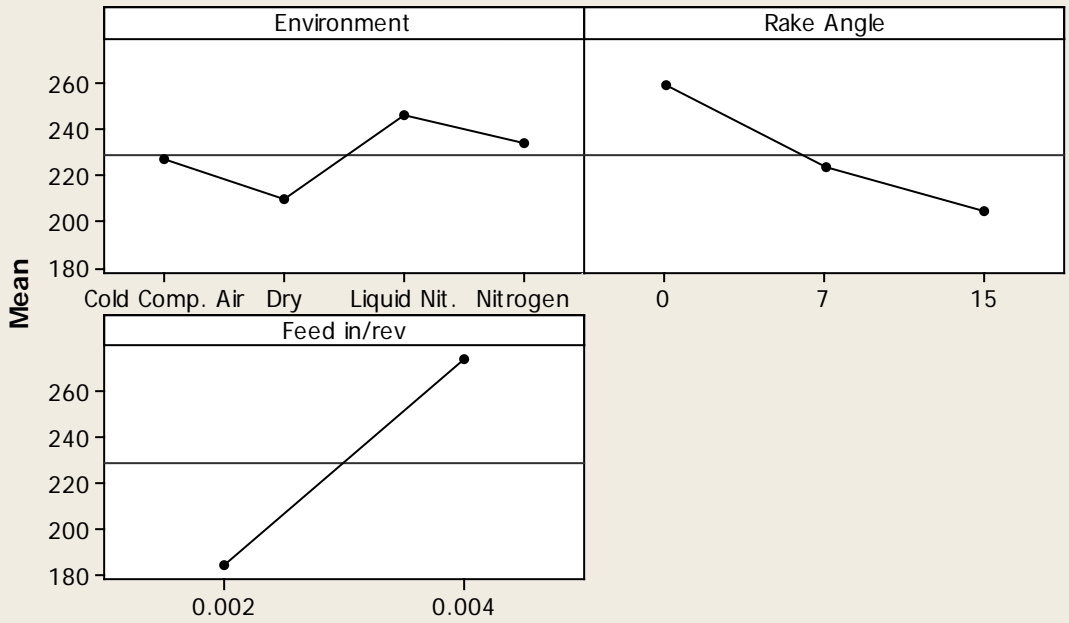
Unusual Observations for Fn (Merchant)

Obs	Fn (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	277.952	255.254	5.664	22.698	2.31 R
62	187.617	255.254	5.664	-67.637	-6.89 R
63	277.330	255.254	5.664	22.076	2.25 R
64	278.117	255.254	5.664	22.863	2.33 R
75	248.333	221.980	5.664	26.353	2.69 R
80	317.481	338.105	5.664	-20.625	-2.10 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

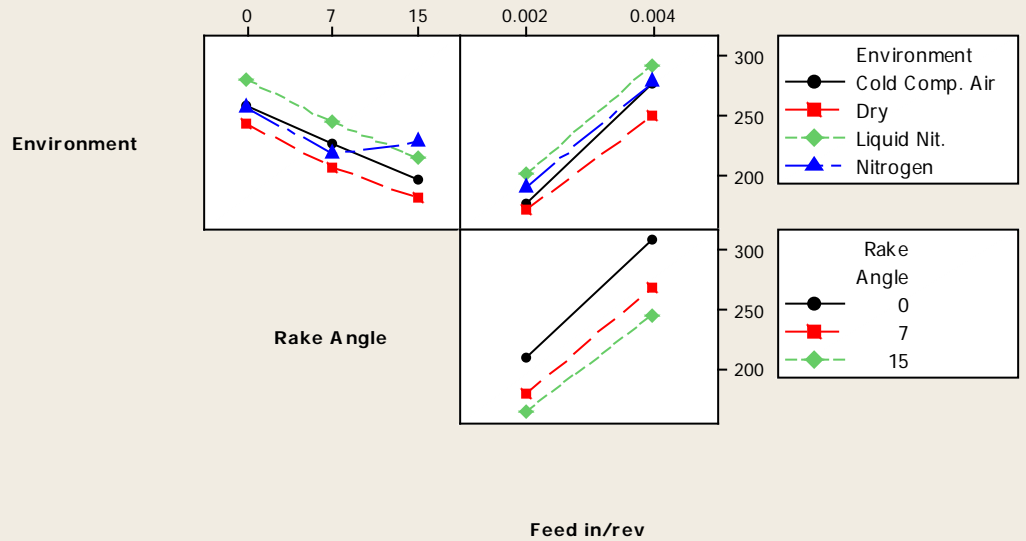
Main Effects Plot for Fn (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fn (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Fs/Fn (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.594461	0.594461	0.198154	27.46
Rake Angle	2	0.051127	0.051127	0.025563	3.54
Feed in/rev	1	0.216336	0.216336	0.216336	29.98
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.554658	0.554658	0.092443	12.81
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.065904	0.065904	0.021968	3.04
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.021208	0.021208	0.010604	1.47
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.095388	0.095388	0.015898	2.20
Error	72	0.519574	0.519574	0.007216	
Total	95	2.118656			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.034
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.034
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.237
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.052
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0849488 R-Sq = 75.48% R-Sq(adj) = 67.64%

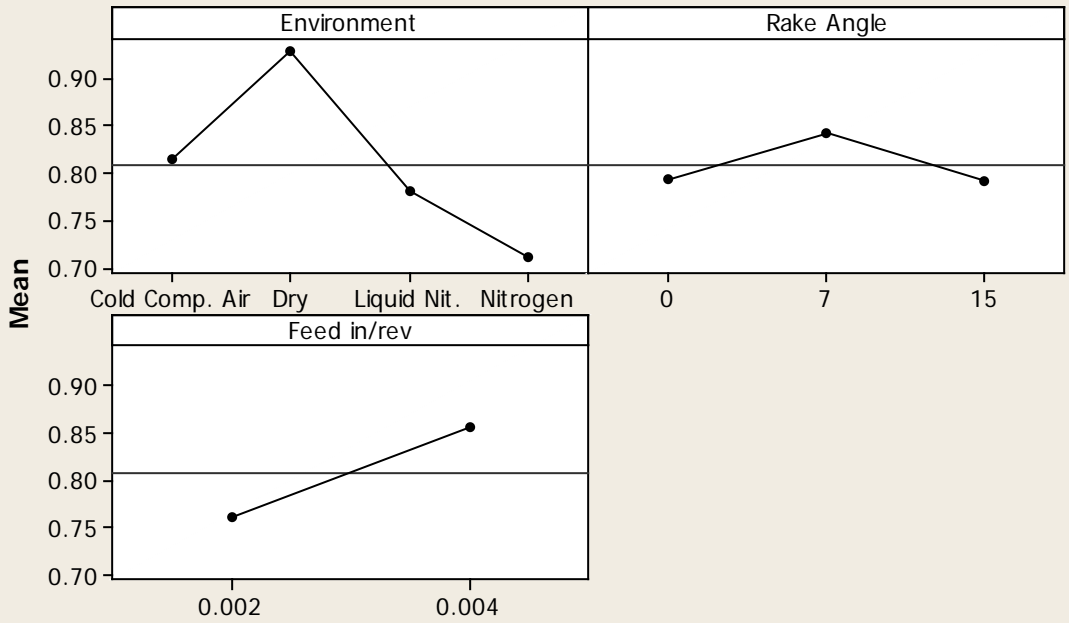
Unusual Observations for Fs/Fn (Merchant)

Obs	(Merchant)	Fs/Fn	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61		0.74094	0.96384	0.04247	-0.22291	-3.03 R
62		1.57553	0.96384	0.04247	0.61168	8.31 R
63		0.76943	0.96384	0.04247	-0.19441	-2.64 R
64		0.76947	0.96384	0.04247	-0.19437	-2.64 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

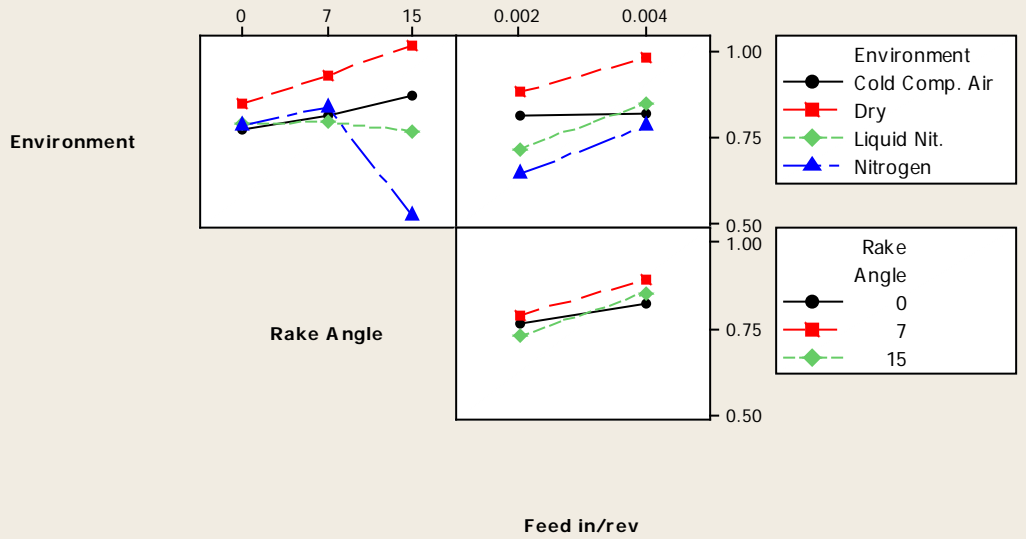
Main Effects Plot for Fs/Fn (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fs/Fn (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for **Fs (Payton)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	55.0	55.0	18.3	2.38
Rake Angle	2	1611.8	1611.8	805.9	104.46
Feed in/rev	1	43616.9	43616.9	43616.9	5653.27
Environment*Rake Angle	6	85.4	85.4	14.2	1.84
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	111.9	111.9	37.3	4.84
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	236.4	236.4	118.2	15.32
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	146.6	146.6	24.4	3.17
Error	72	555.5	555.5	7.7	
Total	95	46419.6			

Source	P
Environment	0.077
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.102
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.004
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.008
Error	
Total	

S = 2.77765 R-Sq = 98.80% R-Sq(adj) = 98.42%

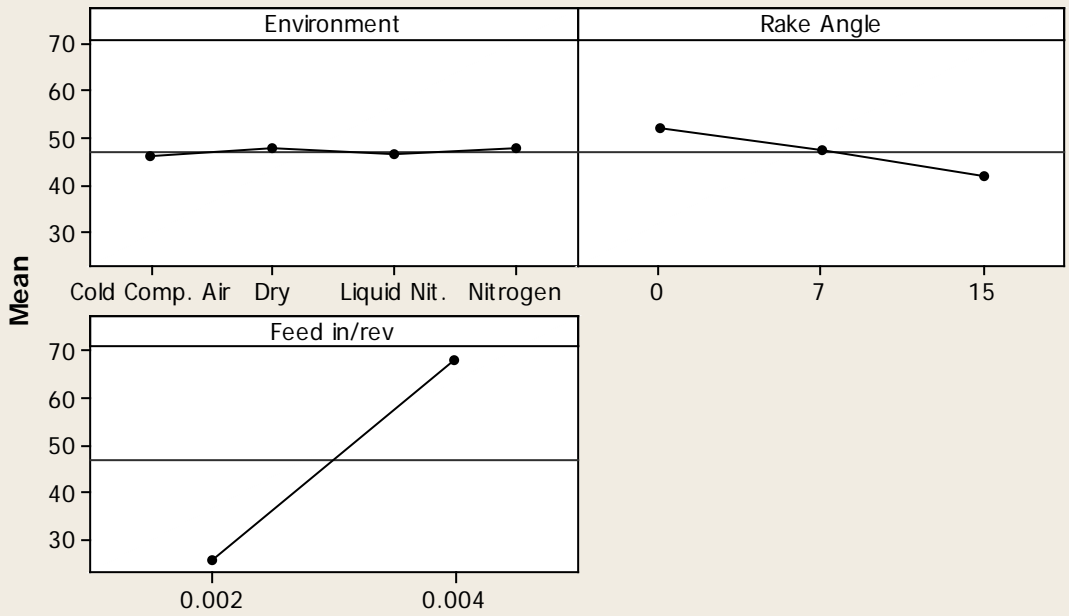
Unusual Observations for Fs (Payton)

Obs	Fs (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
37	55.3520	62.5443	1.3888	-7.1924	-2.99 R
38	70.1979	62.5443	1.3888	7.6535	3.18 R
45	63.5944	57.8867	1.3888	5.7077	2.37 R
47	42.9367	57.8867	1.3888	-14.9501	-6.21 R
48	62.8259	57.8867	1.3888	4.9392	2.05 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

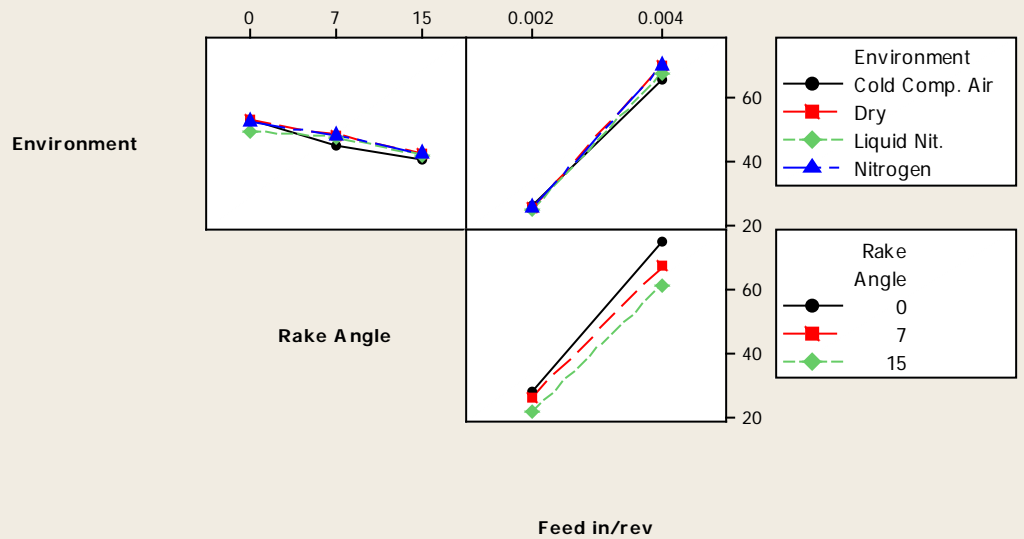
Main Effects Plot for Fs (Payton)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fs (Payton)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for **Fn (Payton)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	12181	12181	4060	78.96	0.000
Rake Angle	2	75974	75974	37987	738.70	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	364121	364121	364121	7080.78	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	1253	1253	209	4.06	0.001
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	744	744	248	4.82	0.004
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	1033	1033	517	10.05	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	792	792	132	2.57	0.026
Error	72	3703	3703	51		
Total	95	459800				

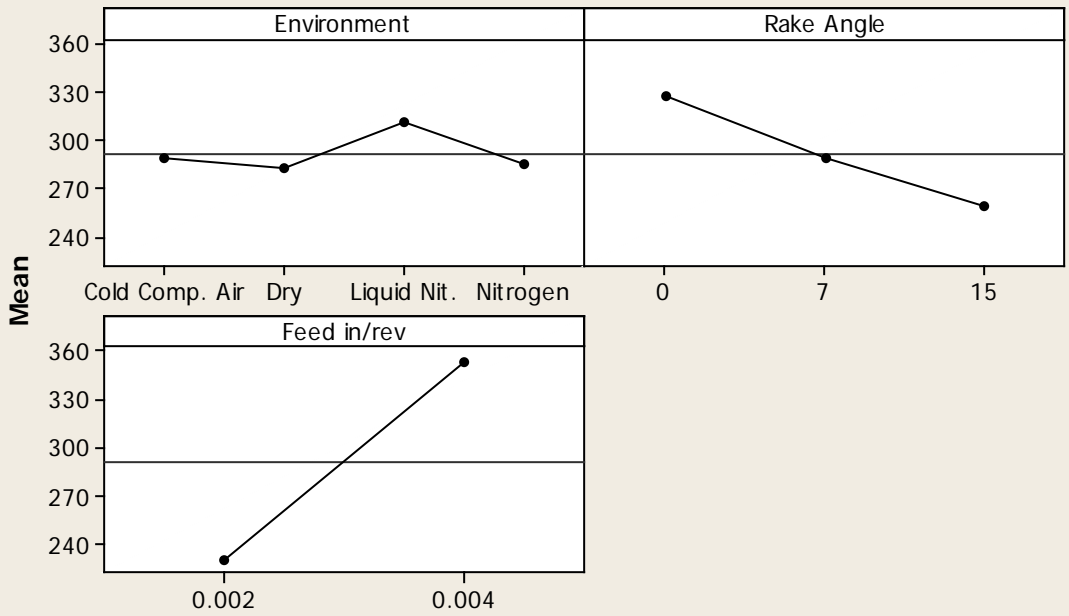
S = 7.17104 R-Sq = 99.19% R-Sq(adj) = 98.94%

Unusual Observations for Fn (Payton)

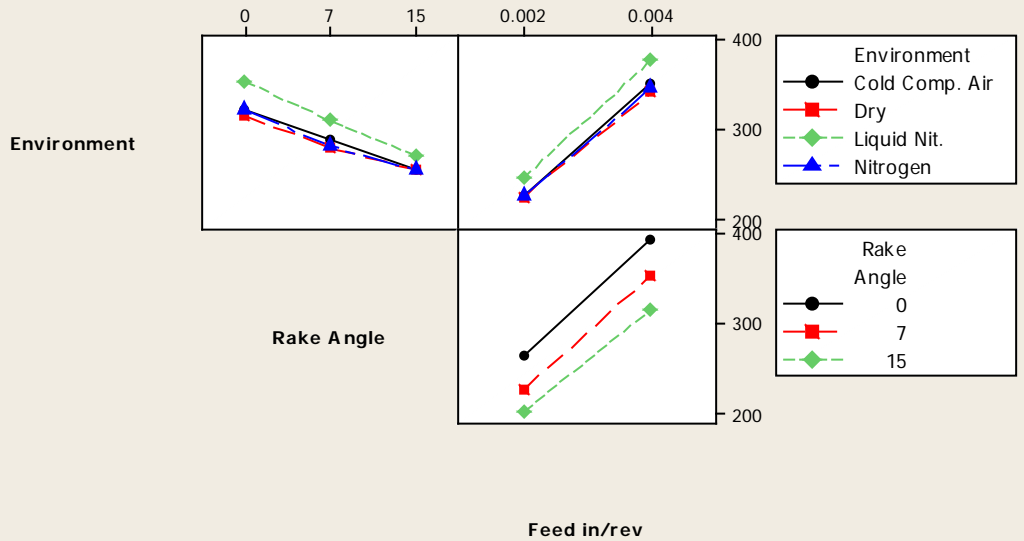
Obs	Fn (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
75	309.449	278.416	3.586	31.033	5.00 R
79	443.416	427.201	3.586	16.216	2.61 R
80	404.086	427.201	3.586	-23.114	-3.72 R
81	257.062	244.566	3.586	12.496	2.01 R
82	231.191	244.566	3.586	-13.376	-2.15 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Fn (Payton)
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fn (Payton)
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Fs/Fn (Payton), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	0.0047062	0.0047062	0.0015687
Rake Angle	2	0.0003457	0.0003457	0.0001729
Feed in/rev	1	0.1616884	0.1616884	0.1616884
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.0010256	0.0010256	0.0001709
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.0020454	0.0020454	0.0006818
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.0006909	0.0006909	0.0003455
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.0023983	0.0023983	0.0003997
Error	72	0.0083608	0.0083608	0.0001161
Total	95	0.1812614		

Source	F	P
Environment	13.51	0.000
Rake Angle	1.49	0.233
Feed in/rev	1392.39	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	1.47	0.200
Environment*Feed in/rev	5.87	0.001
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2.97	0.057
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	3.44	0.005
Error		
Total		

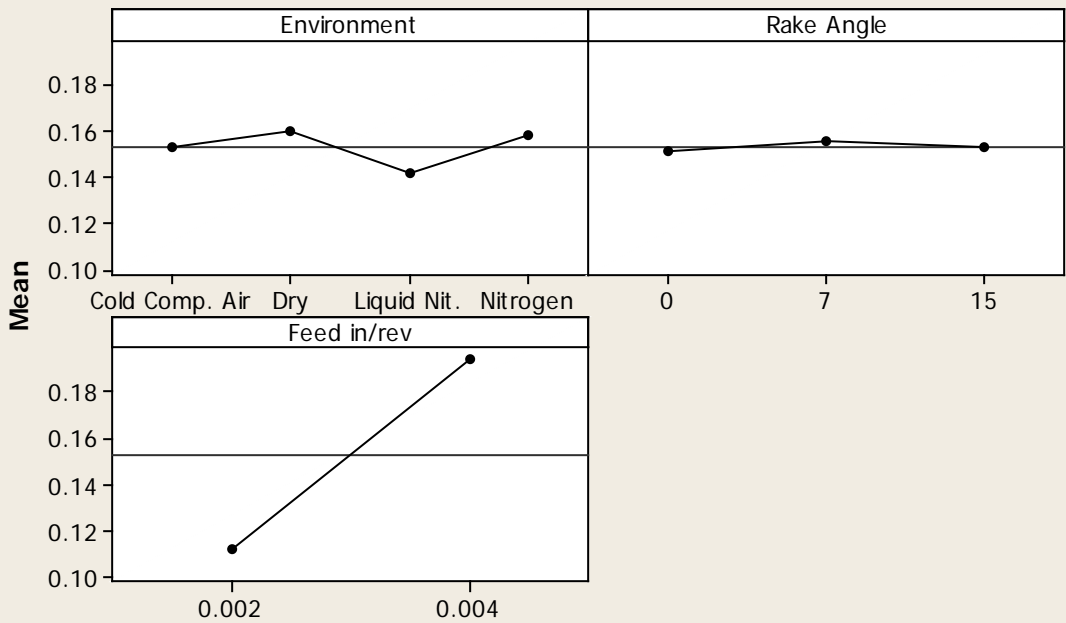
S = 0.0107760 R-Sq = 95.39% R-Sq(adj) = 93.91%

Unusual Observations for Fs/Fn (Payton)

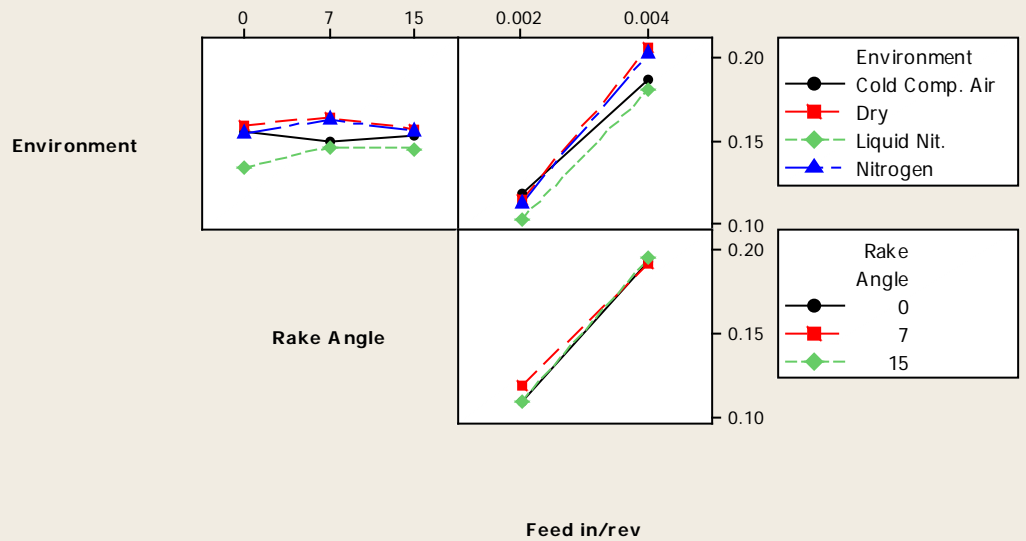
Obs	Fs/Fn (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
37	0.151545	0.177253	0.005388	-0.025708	-2.75 R
38	0.201652	0.177253	0.005388	0.024399	2.61 R
45	0.203946	0.184341	0.005388	0.019605	2.10 R
47	0.136420	0.184341	0.005388	-0.047921	-5.13 R
92	0.074079	0.095437	0.005388	-0.021358	-2.29 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Fs/Fn (Payton)
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fs/Fn (Payton)
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Beta (degrees), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	14.614	14.614	4.871	13.42
Rake Angle	2	882.346	882.346	441.173	1215.27
Feed in/rev	1	505.841	505.841	505.841	1393.41
Environment*Rake Angle	6	3.137	3.137	0.523	1.44
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	6.288	6.288	2.096	5.77
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	2.193	2.193	1.096	3.02
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	7.458	7.458	1.243	3.42
Error	72	26.138	26.138	0.363	
Total	95	1448.015			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.211
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.001
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.055
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.005
Error	
Total	

S = 0.602515 R-Sq = 98.19% R-Sq(adj) = 97.62%

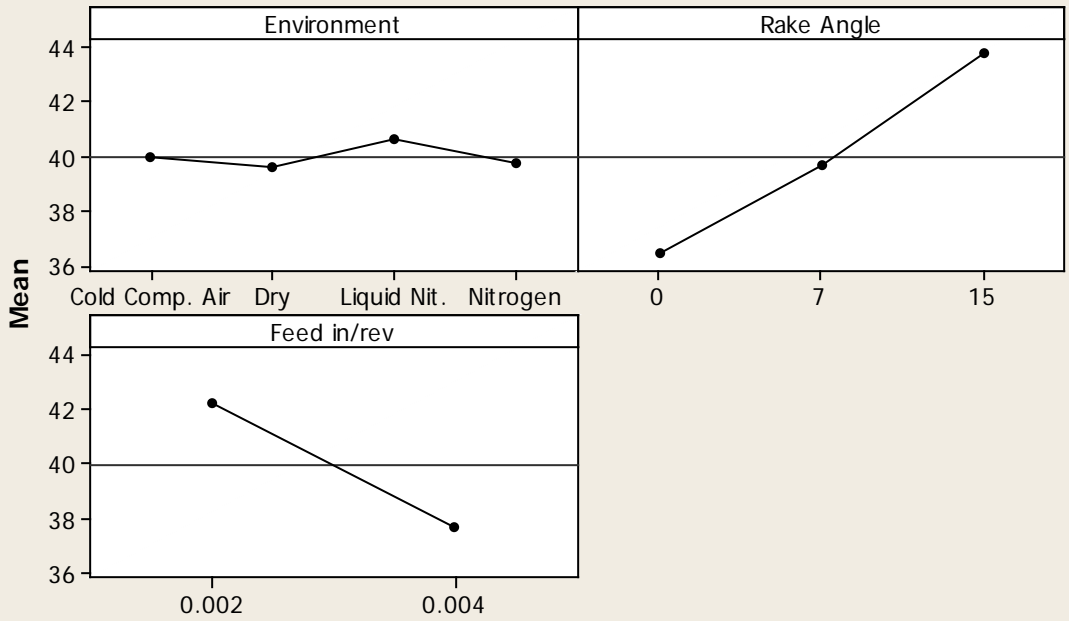
Unusual Observations for Beta (degrees)

Obs	Beta (degrees)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
37	39.8827	38.4524	0.3013	1.4303	2.74 R
38	37.0991	38.4524	0.3013	-1.3533	-2.59 R
45	40.9728	42.0625	0.3013	-1.0897	-2.09 R
47	44.7316	42.0625	0.3013	2.6691	5.12 R
92	48.2633	47.0496	0.3013	1.2137	2.33 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

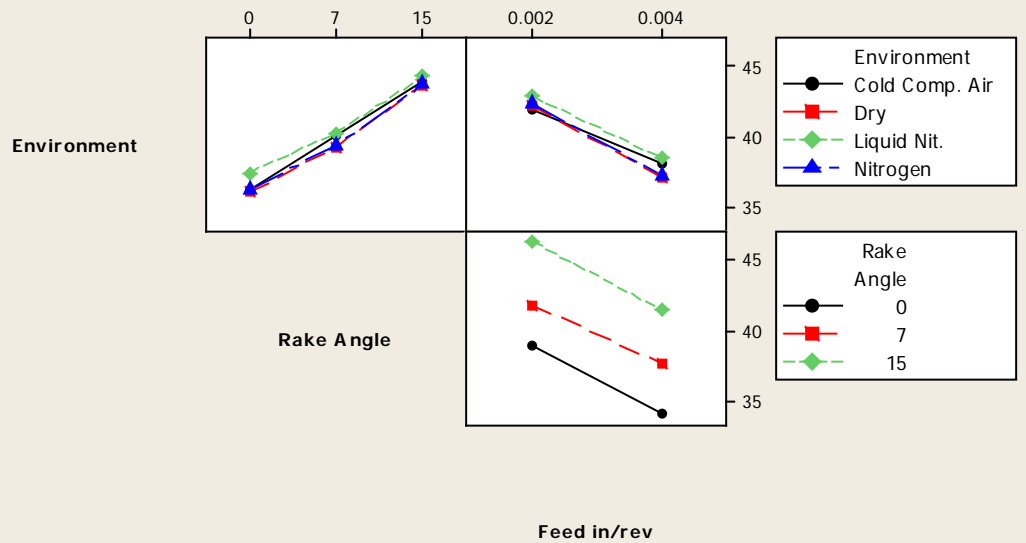
Main Effects Plot for Beta (degrees)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Beta (degrees)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Shear Area, As, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.0000016	0.0000016	0.0000005	0.42
Rake Angle	2	0.0000047	0.0000047	0.0000024	1.87
Feed in/rev	1	0.0000182	0.0000182	0.0000182	14.38
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.0000083	0.0000083	0.0000014	1.09
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.0000028	0.0000028	0.0000009	0.72
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.0000024	0.0000024	0.0000012	0.96
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.0000080	0.0000080	0.0000013	1.05
Error	72	0.0000912	0.0000912	0.0000013	
Total	95	0.0001372			

Source	P
Environment	0.740
Rake Angle	0.161
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.375
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.541
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.387
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.403
Error	
Total	

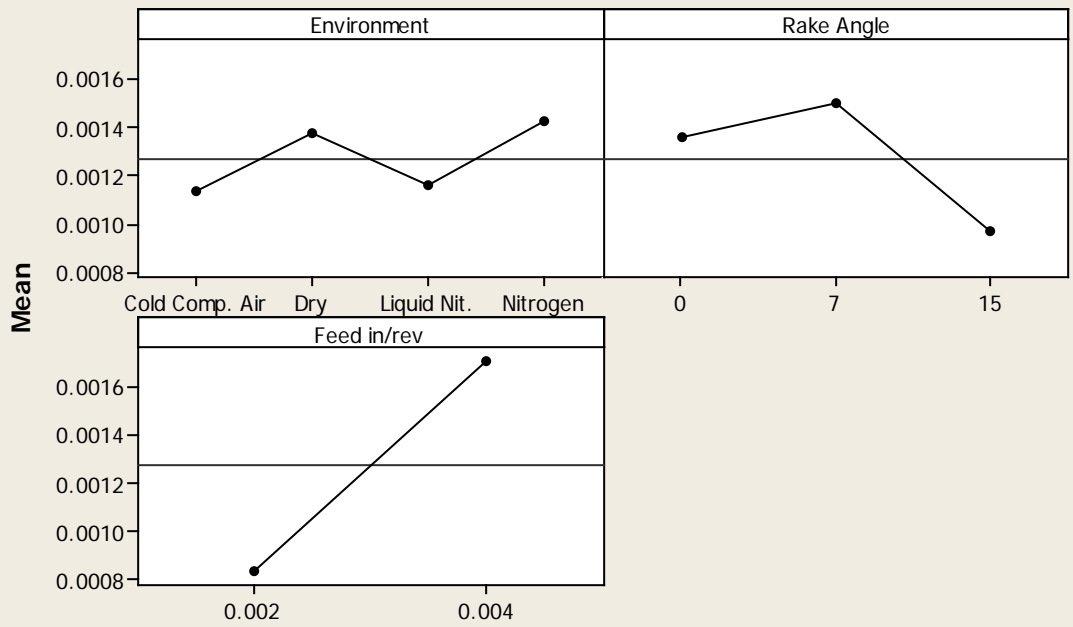
S = 0.00112548 R-Sq = 33.53% R-Sq(adj) = 12.29%

Unusual Observations for Shear Area, As

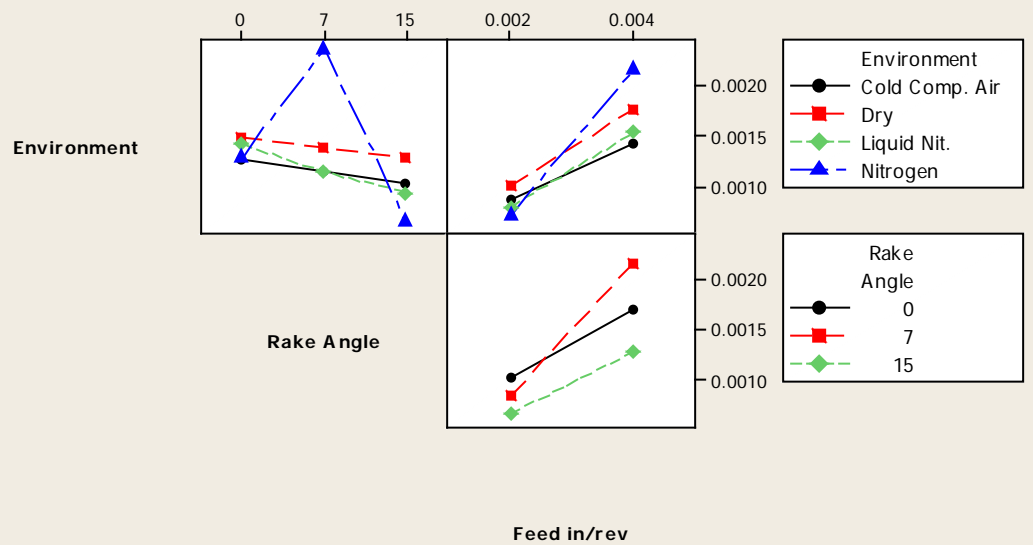
Obs	Area, As	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	0.001191	0.003993	0.000563	-0.002802	-2.87 R
62	0.012262	0.003993	0.000563	0.008269	8.48 R
63	0.001254	0.003993	0.000563	-0.002739	-2.81 R
64	0.001265	0.003993	0.000563	-0.002728	-2.80 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Shear Area, As
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear Area, As
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa), using Adjusted SS for

Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	31425.5	31425.5	10475.2	18.50
Rake Angle	2	13862.6	13862.6	6931.3	12.24
Feed in/rev	1	13699.2	13699.2	13699.2	24.19
Environment*Rake Angle	6	8849.1	8849.1	1474.9	2.60
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	3478.9	3478.9	1159.6	2.05
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	1475.3	1475.3	737.6	1.30
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	5793.7	5793.7	965.6	1.71
Error	72	40774.3	40774.3	566.3	
Total	95	119358.6			

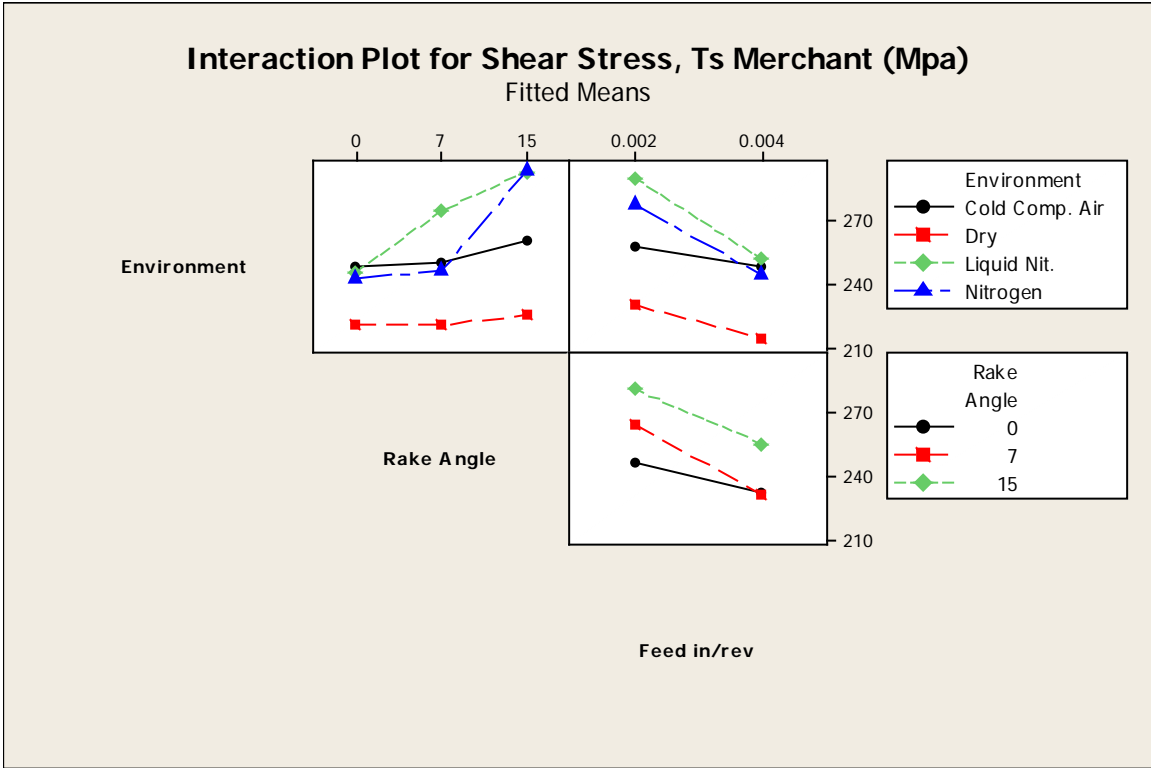
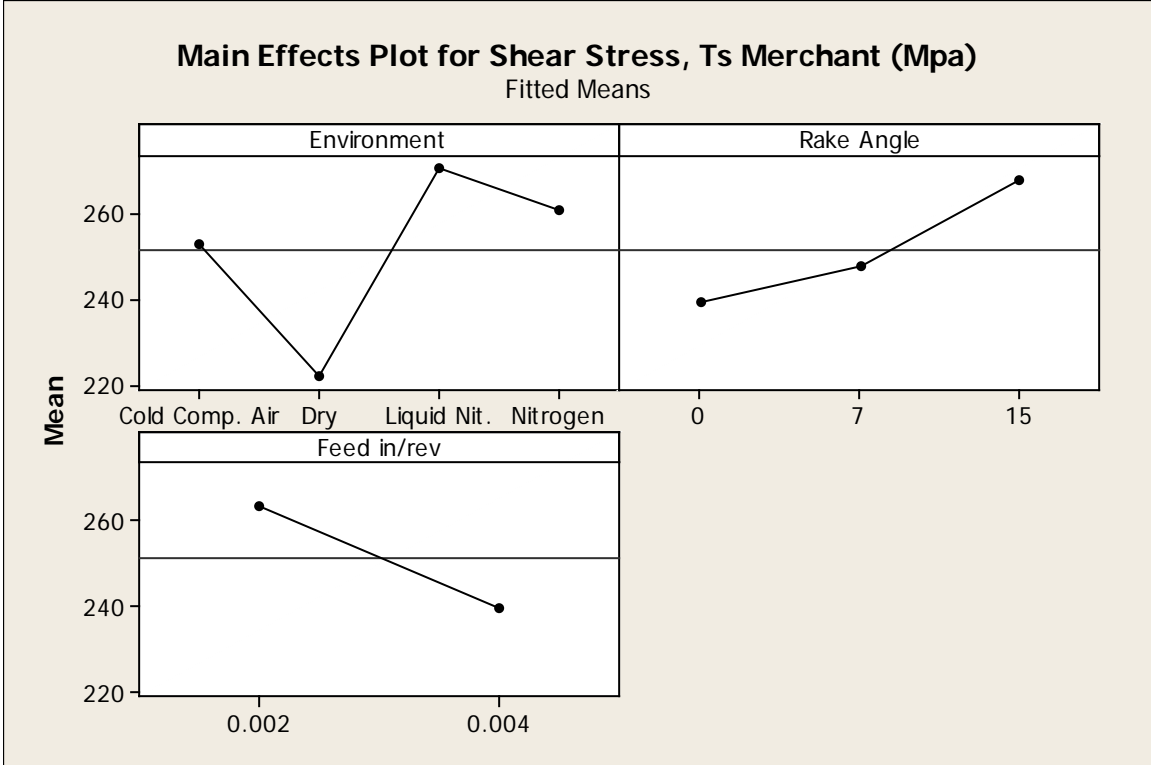
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.024
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.115
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.278
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.132
Error	
Total	

S = 23.7973 R-Sq = 65.84% R-Sq(adj) = 54.93%

Unusual Observations for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)

Obs	Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	268.099	207.885	11.899	60.214	2.92 R
62	37.365	207.885	11.899	-170.520	-8.27 R
63	263.826	207.885	11.899	55.941	2.71 R
64	262.250	207.885	11.899	54.365	2.64 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa), using Adjusted SS for

Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	5926.9	5926.9	1975.6	23.56
Rake Angle	2	2067.5	2067.5	1033.7	12.33
Feed in/rev	1	12344.6	12344.6	12344.6	147.20
Environment*Rake Angle	6	5025.9	5025.9	837.6	9.99
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	210.5	210.5	70.2	0.84
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	336.5	336.5	168.3	2.01
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	748.5	748.5	124.7	1.49
Error	72	6038.2	6038.2	83.9	
Total	95	32698.6			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.478
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.142
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.195
Error	
Total	

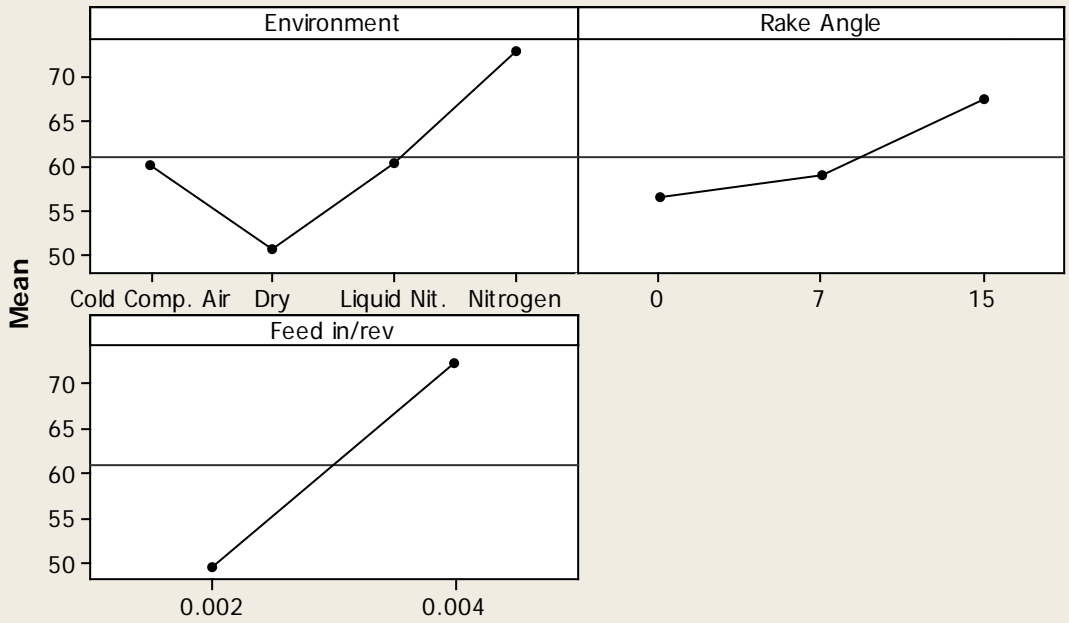
S = 9.15771 R-Sq = 81.53% R-Sq(adj) = 75.63%

Unusual Observations for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)

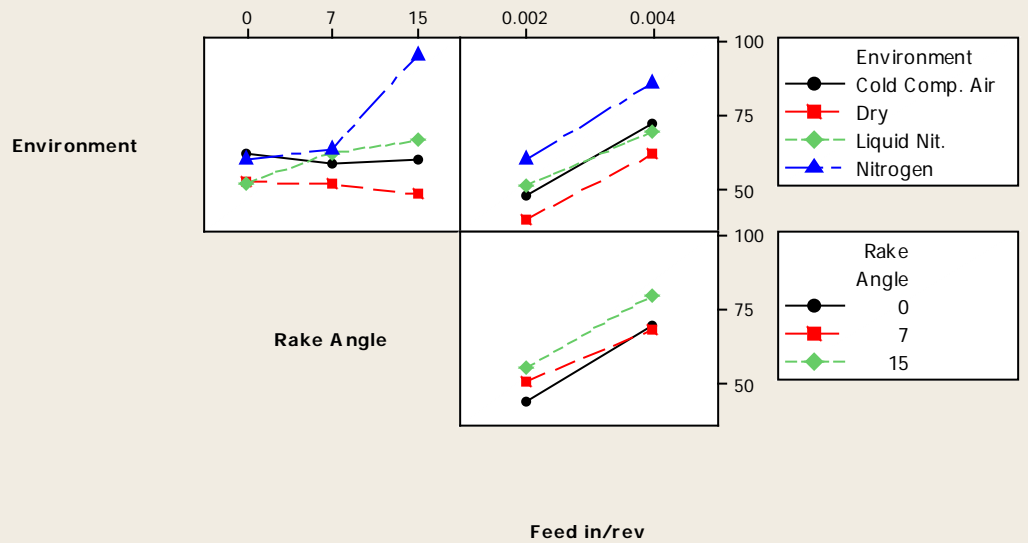
Obs	Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
47	49.618	69.972	4.579	-20.353	-2.57 R
61	92.173	68.157	4.579	24.016	3.03 R
62	8.702	68.157	4.579	-59.455	-7.50 R
63	86.904	68.157	4.579	18.747	2.36 R
64	84.850	68.157	4.579	16.693	2.10 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Friction Co-efficient, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.004452	0.004452	0.001484	13.42
Rake Angle	2	0.268778	0.268778	0.134389	1215.27
Feed in/rev	1	0.154088	0.154088	0.154088	1393.41
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.000956	0.000956	0.000159	1.44
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.001915	0.001915	0.000638	5.77
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.000668	0.000668	0.000334	3.02
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.002272	0.002272	0.000379	3.42
Error	72	0.007962	0.007962	0.000111	
Total	95	0.441090			

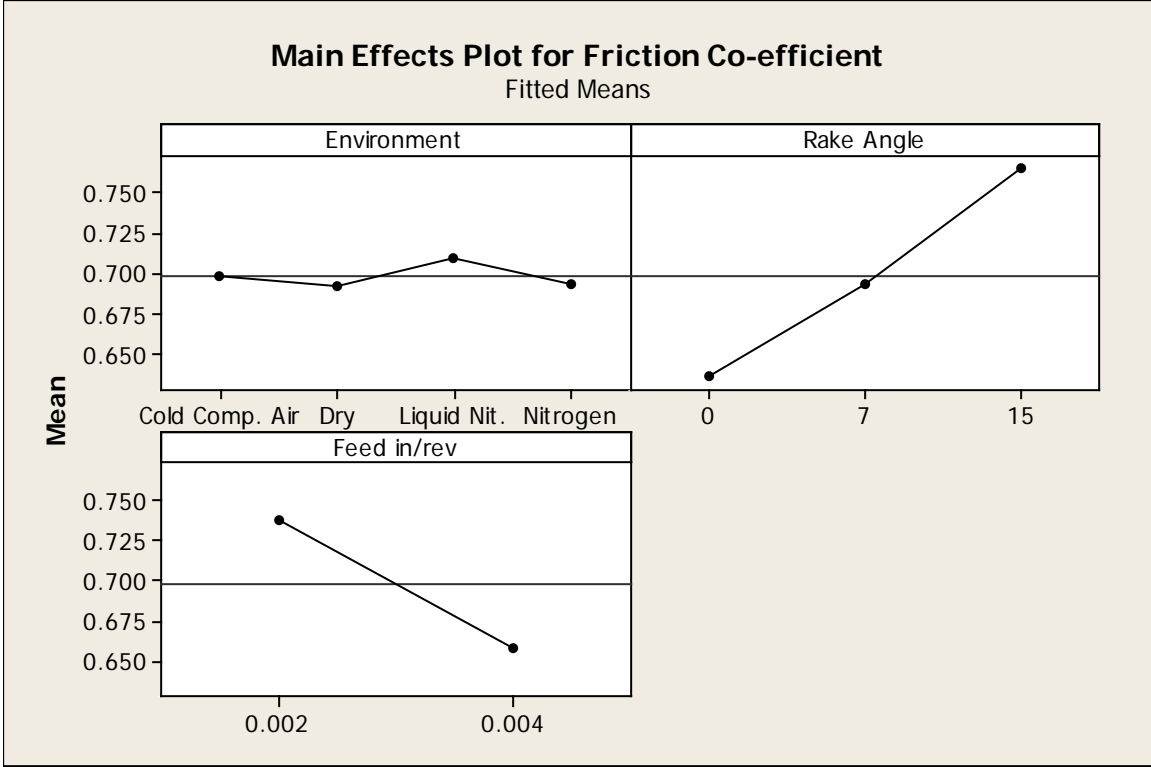
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.211
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.001
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.055
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.005
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0105159 R-Sq = 98.19% R-Sq(adj) = 97.62%

Unusual Observations for Friction Co-efficient

Obs	Friction Co-efficient	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
37	0.696084	0.671121	0.005258	0.024963	2.74 R
38	0.647501	0.671121	0.005258	-0.023620	-2.59 R
45	0.715111	0.734129	0.005258	-0.019019	-2.09 R
47	0.780714	0.734129	0.005258	0.046585	5.12 R
92	0.842354	0.821171	0.005258	0.021182	2.33 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Normal Stress (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	1.45784E+11	1.45784E+11	48594519489
Rake Angle	2	42968195302	42968195302	21484097651
Feed in/rev	1	48085604921	48085604921	48085604921
Environment*Rake Angle	6	1.11976E+11	1.11976E+11	18662743985
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	17725494158	17725494158	5908498053
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	8492230746	8492230746	4246115373
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	14394797554	14394797554	2399132926
Error	72	37192610473	37192610473	516564034
Total	95	4.26619E+11		

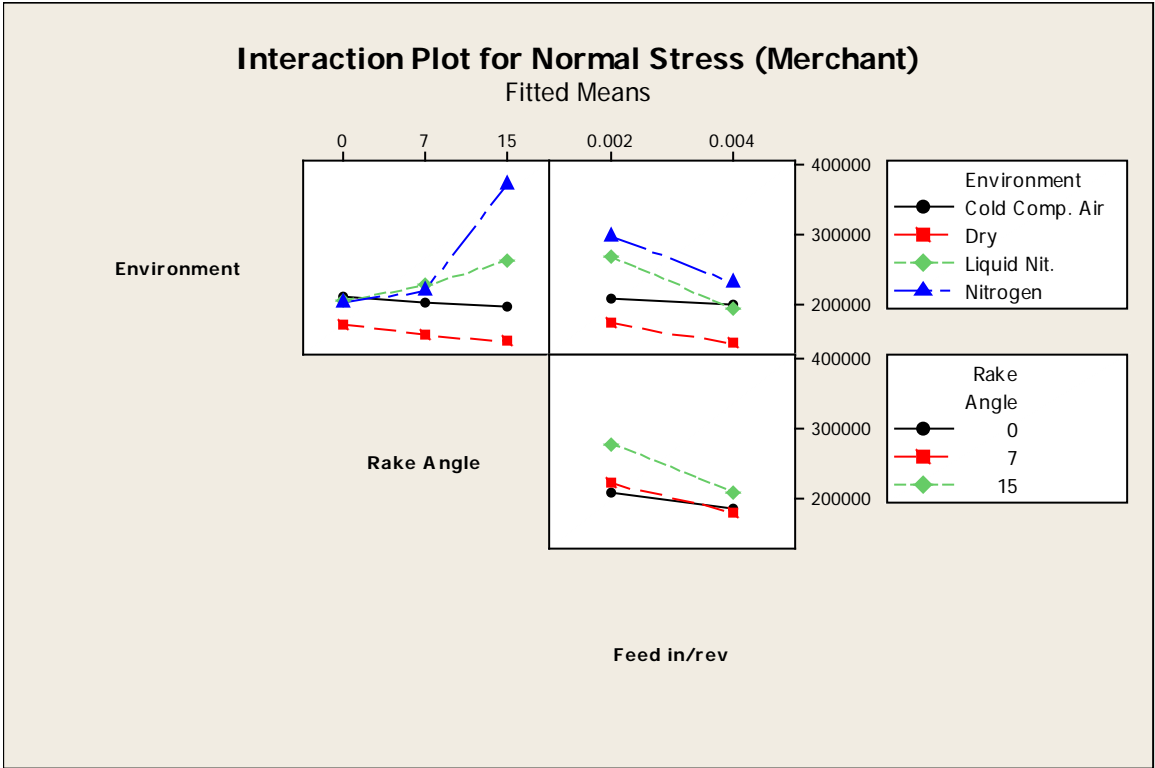
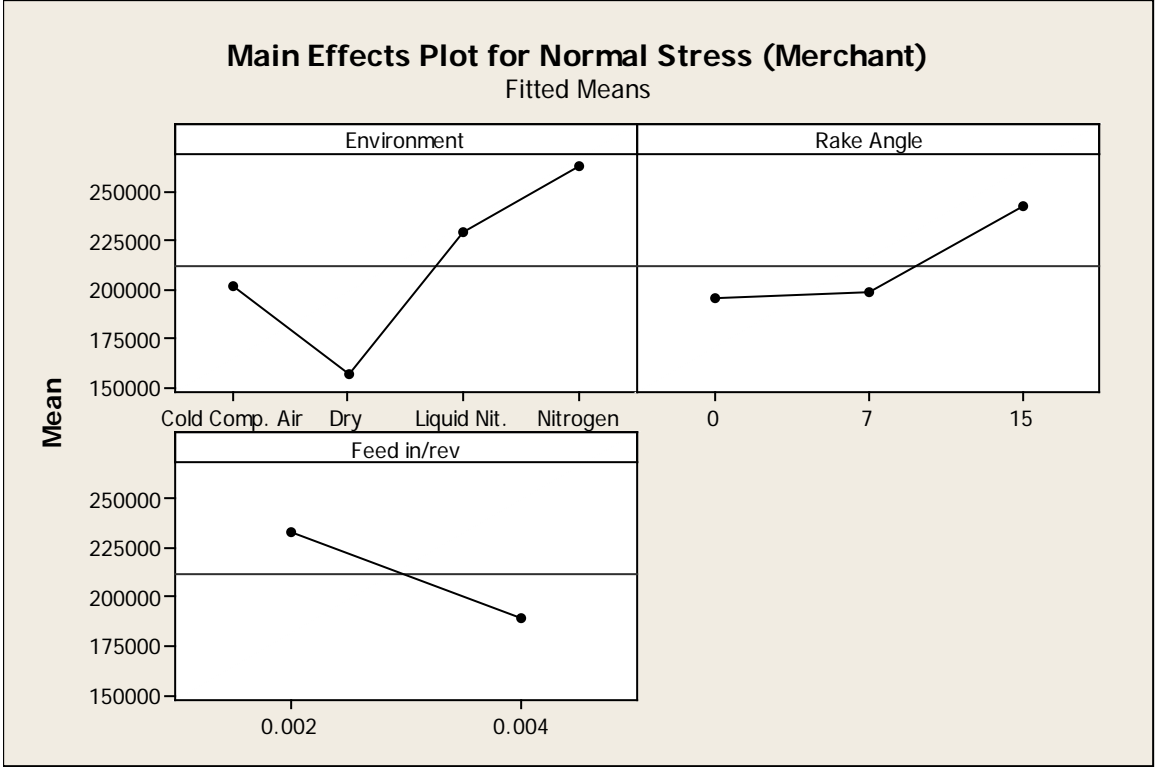
Source	F	P
Environment	94.07	0.000
Rake Angle	41.59	0.000
Feed in/rev	93.09	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	36.13	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	11.44	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	8.22	0.001
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	4.64	0.000
Error		
Total		

S = 22728.0 R-Sq = 91.28% R-Sq(adj) = 88.50%

Unusual Observations for Normal Stress (Merchant)

Obs	Normal Stress (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	233443	172460	11364	60983	3.10 R
62	15300	172460	11364	-157160	-7.98 R
63	221215	172460	11364	48754	2.48 R
64	219882	172460	11364	47422	2.41 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear strain (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	7.851	7.851	2.617	0.48	0.695
Rake Angle	2	39.764	39.764	19.882	3.67	0.030
Feed in/rev	1	0.173	0.173	0.173	0.03	0.859
Environment*Rake Angle	6	36.322	36.322	6.054	1.12	0.360
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	17.830	17.830	5.943	1.10	0.355
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	11.846	11.846	5.923	1.09	0.340
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	34.641	34.641	5.774	1.07	0.390
Error	72	389.532	389.532	5.410		
Total	95	537.959				

S = 2.32598 R-Sq = 27.59% R-Sq(adj) = 4.46%

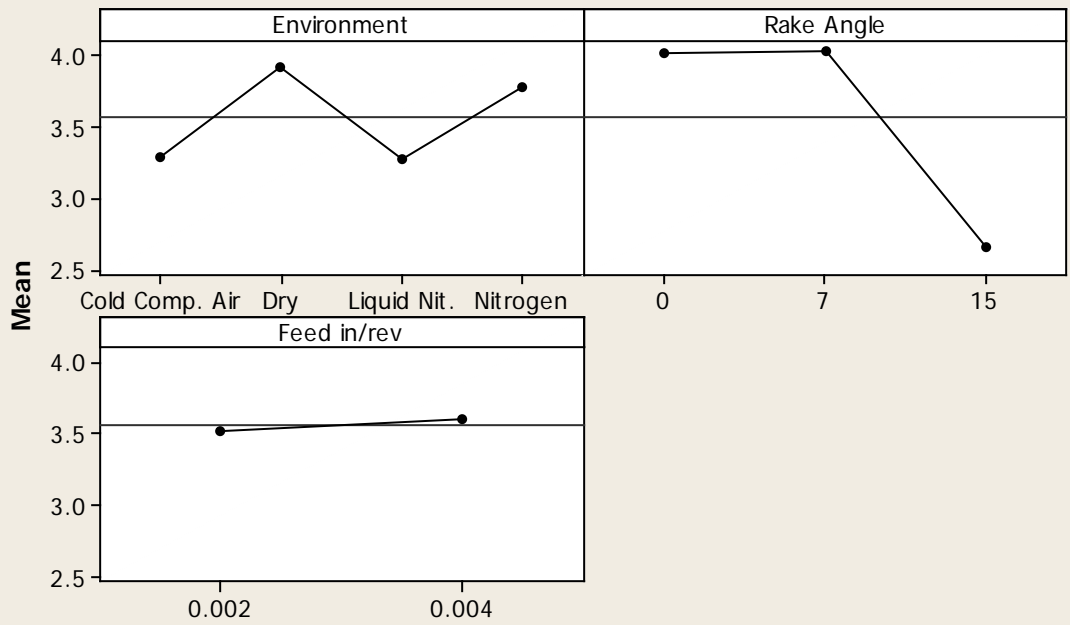
Unusual Observations for Shear strain (Merchant)

Obs	Shear strain (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	2.5715	8.3542	1.1630	-5.7827	-2.87 R
62	25.4434	8.3542	1.1630	17.0892	8.48 R
63	2.6903	8.3542	1.1630	-5.6639	-2.81 R
64	2.7116	8.3542	1.1630	-5.6426	-2.80 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

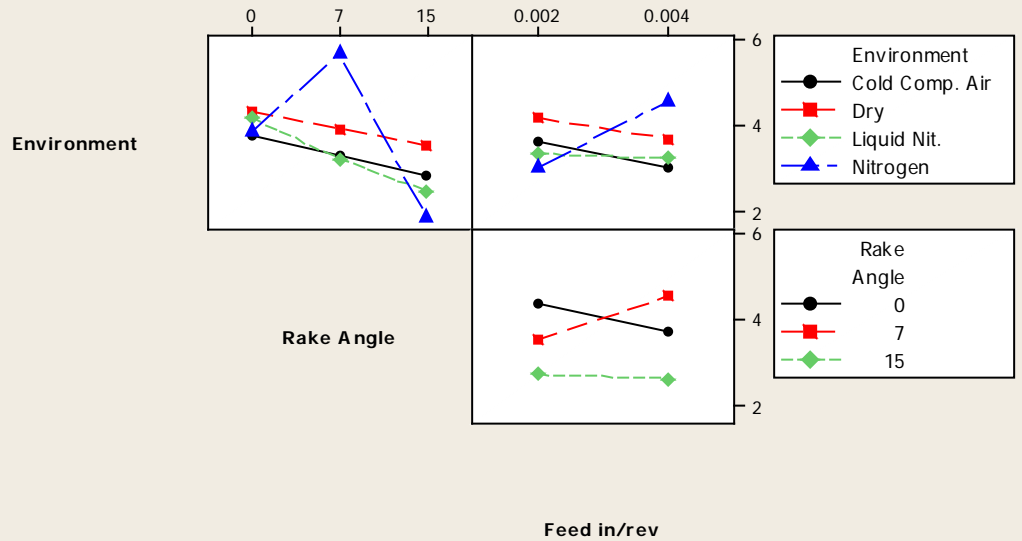
Main Effects Plot for Shear strain (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear strain (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Normal Stress (Payton), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	1.33259E+11	1.33259E+11	44419610932
Rake Angle	2	47914531844	47914531844	23957265922
Feed in/rev	1	55495851760	55495851760	55495851760
Environment*Rake Angle	6	93498820934	93498820934	15583136822
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	17678845553	17678845553	5892948518
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	7521109068	7521109068	3760554534
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	14181206518	14181206518	2363534420
Error	72	50663299631	50663299631	703656939
Total	95	4.20212E+11		

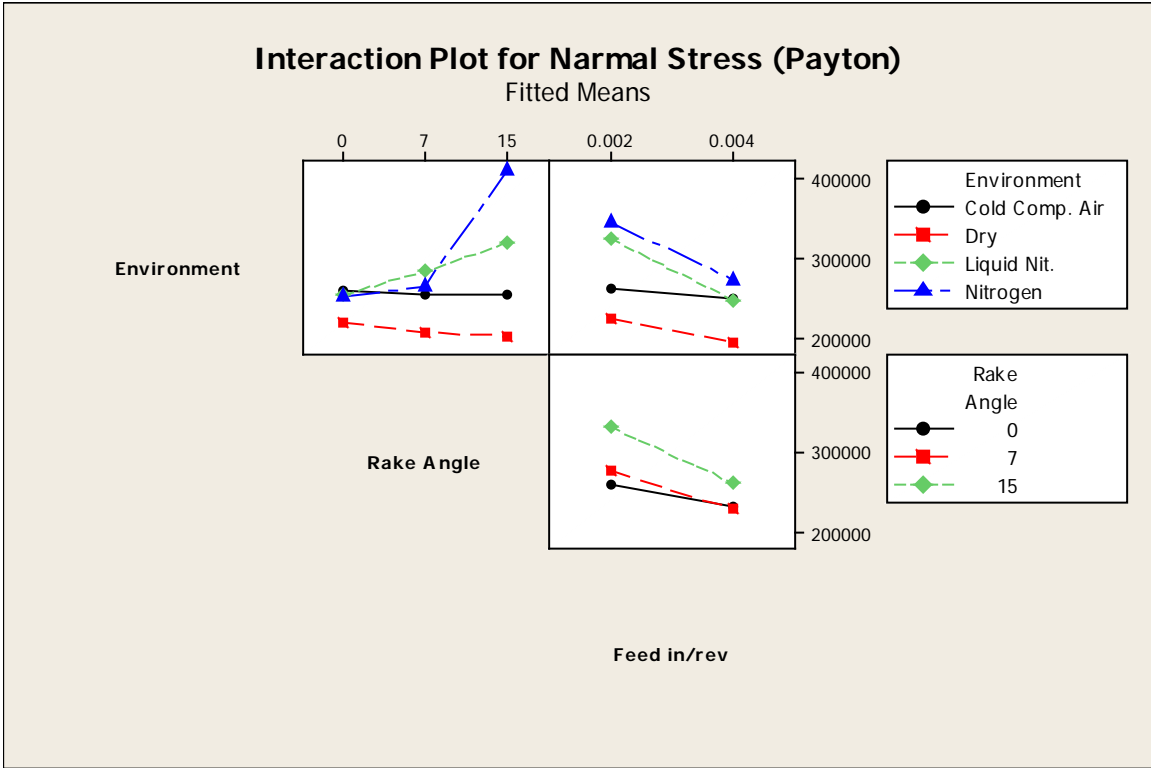
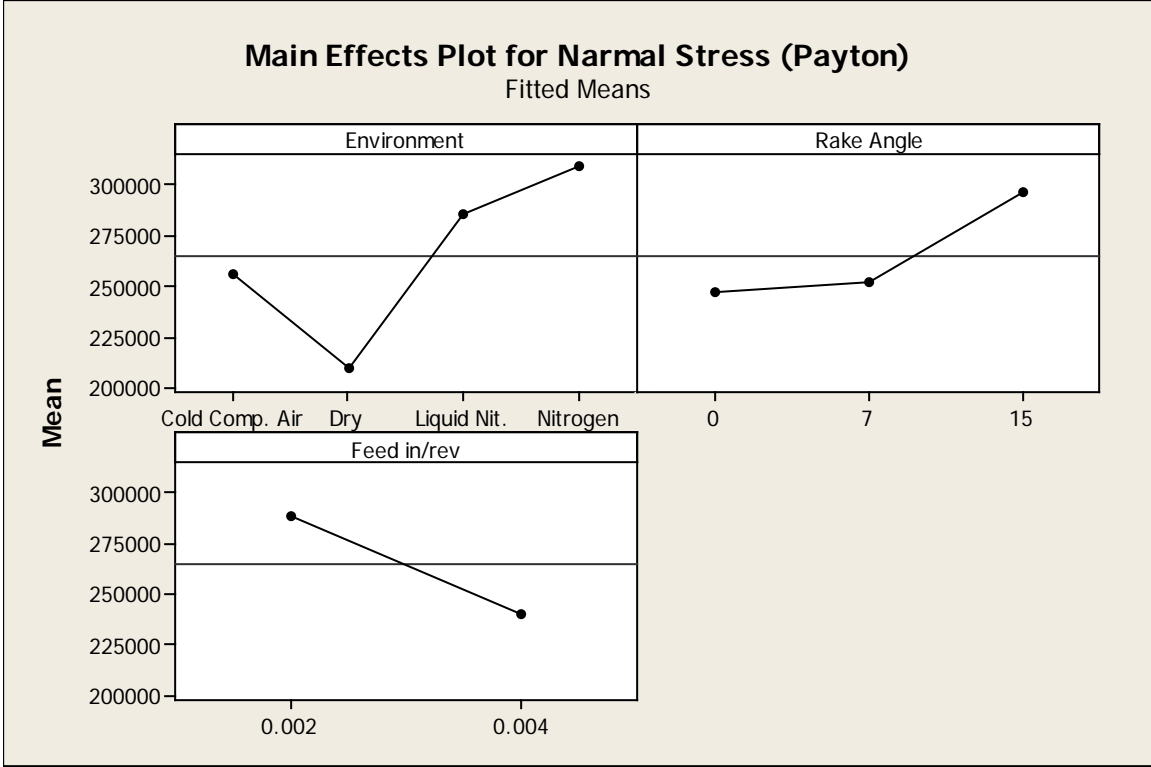
Source	F	P
Environment	63.13	0.000
Rake Angle	34.05	0.000
Feed in/rev	78.87	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	22.15	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	8.37	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	5.34	0.007
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	3.36	0.006
Error		
Total		

S = 26526.5 R-Sq = 87.94% R-Sq(adj) = 84.09%

Unusual Observations for Normal Stress (Payton)

Obs	Normal Stress (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	284389	214450	13263	69938	3.04 R
62	27995	214450	13263	-186456	-8.12 R
63	273430	214450	13263	58979	2.57 R
64	271989	214450	13263	57538	2.50 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

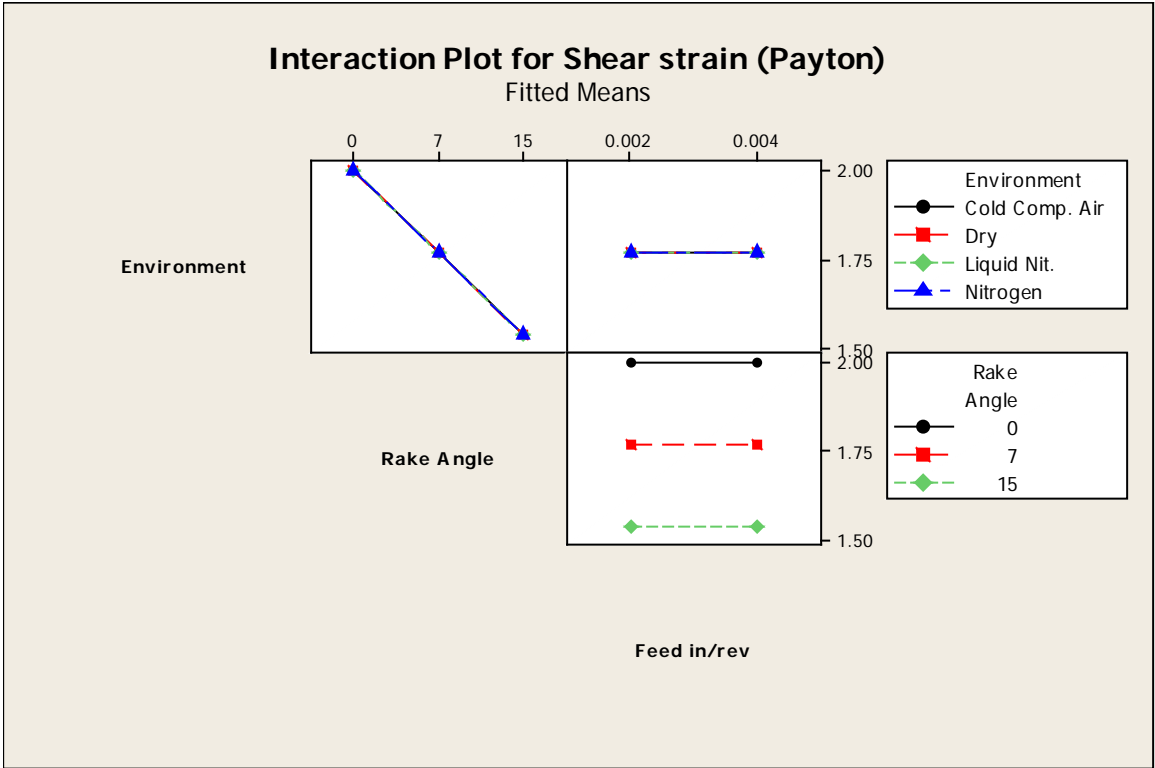
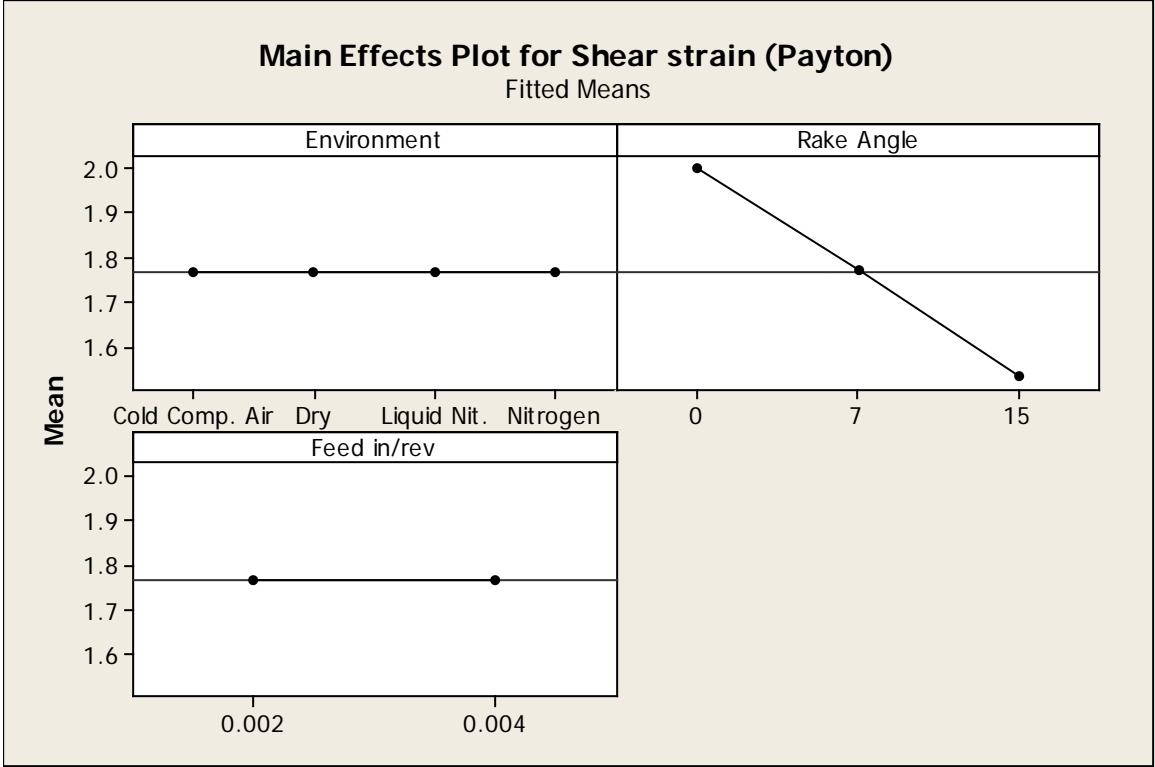


Analysis of Variance for Shear strain (Payton), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Rake Angle	2	3.46485	3.46485	1.73242	**	
Feed in/rev	1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Error	72	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000		
Total	95	3.46485				

** Denominator of F-test is zero.

S = 8.576051E-17 R-Sq = 100.00% R-Sq(adj) = 100.00%



Analysis of Variance for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) corre, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	4513.67	4513.67	1504.56	28.97
Rake Angle	2	2993.38	2993.38	1496.69	28.81
Feed in/rev	1	7583.05	7583.05	7583.05	145.99
Environment*Rake Angle	6	4019.60	4019.60	669.93	12.90
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	174.97	174.97	58.32	1.12
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	200.99	200.99	100.50	1.93
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	514.83	514.83	85.80	1.65
Error	72	3739.95	3739.95	51.94	
Total	95	23740.44			

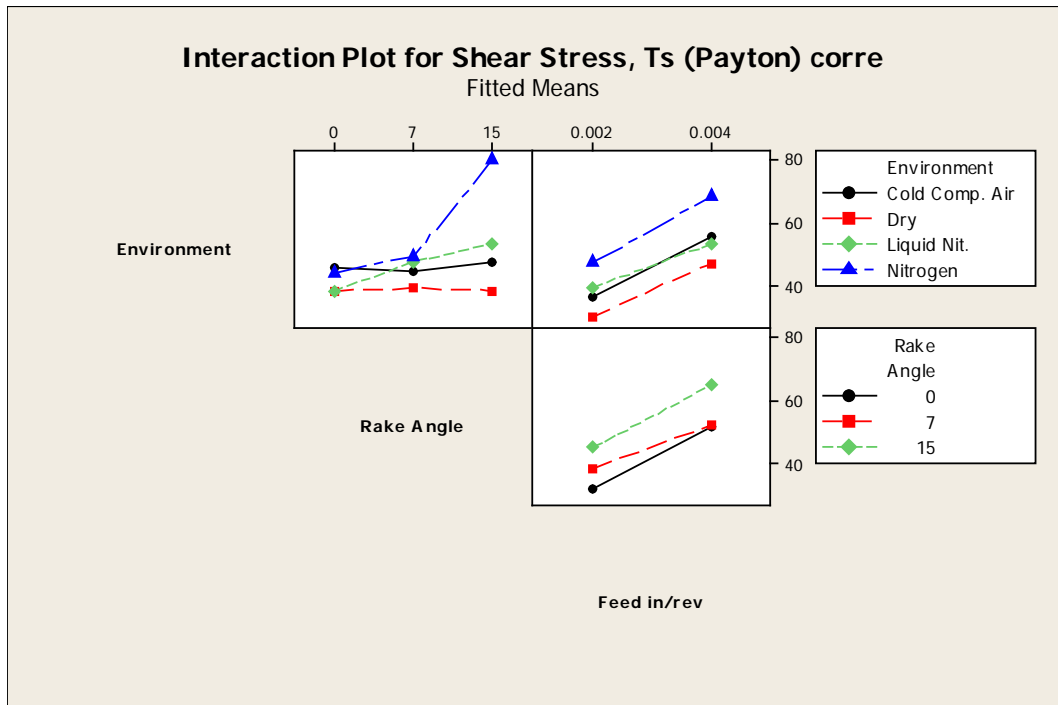
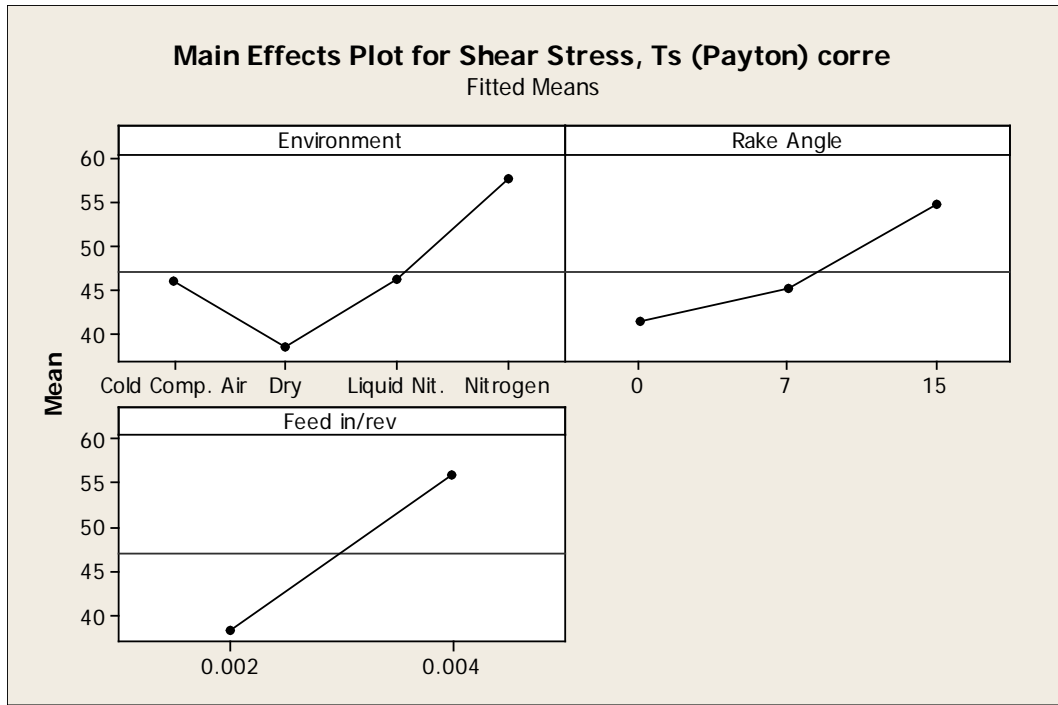
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.346
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.152
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.145
Error	
Total	

S = 7.20720 R-Sq = 84.25% R-Sq(adj) = 79.21%

Unusual Observations for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) corre

Obs	Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) corre	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
47	39.580	55.941	3.604	-16.361	-2.62 R
61	72.102	53.018	3.604	19.083	3.06 R
62	6.540	53.018	3.604	-46.479	-7.45 R
63	67.548	53.018	3.604	14.529	2.33 R
64	65.884	53.018	3.604	12.866	2.06 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear Area, As P, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.0000028	0.0000028	0.0000009	0.41
Rake Angle	2	0.0000107	0.0000107	0.0000053	2.36
Feed in/rev	1	0.0000308	0.0000308	0.0000308	13.64
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.0000147	0.0000147	0.0000024	1.08
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.0000048	0.0000048	0.0000016	0.71
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.0000044	0.0000044	0.0000022	0.98
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.0000142	0.0000142	0.0000024	1.05
Error	72	0.0001627	0.0001627	0.0000023	
Total	95	0.0002451			

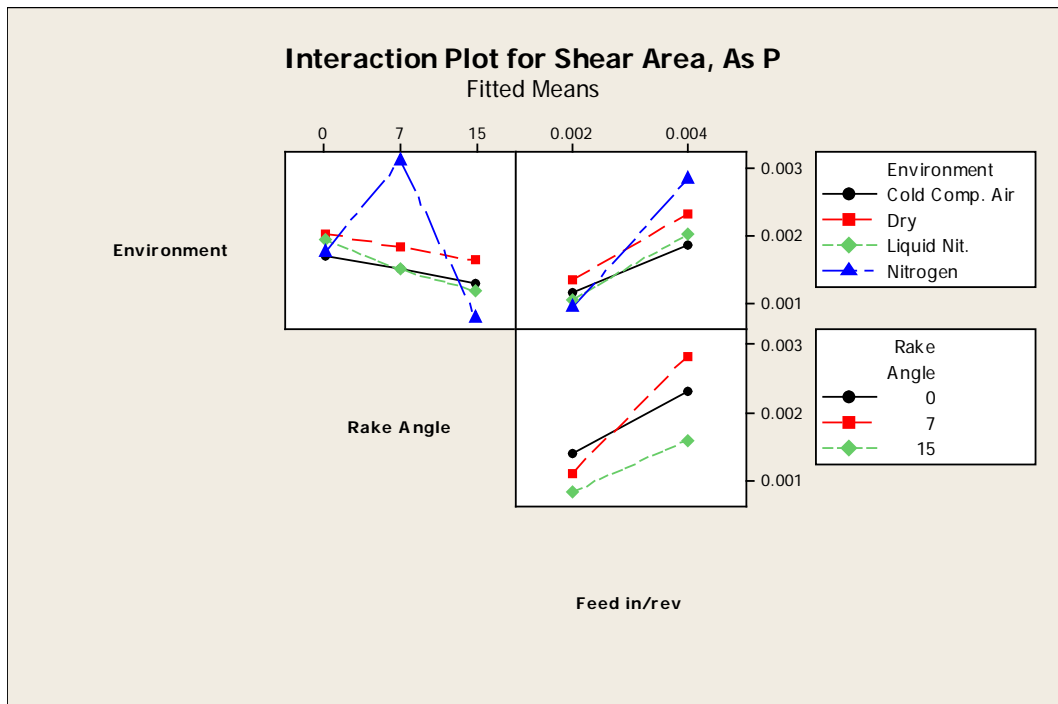
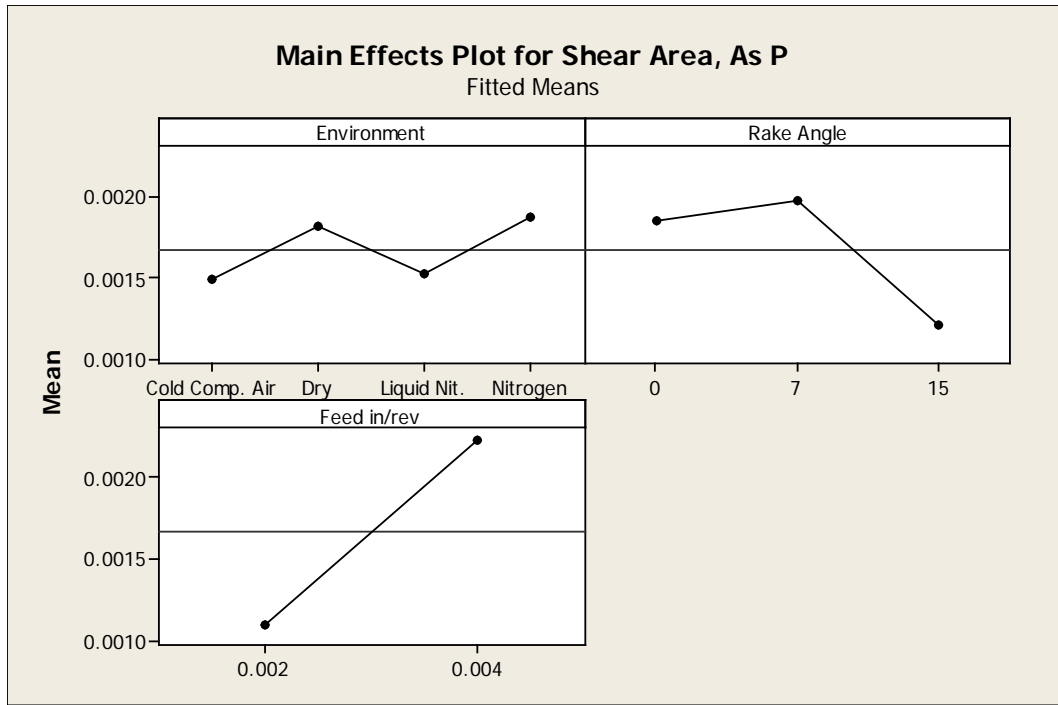
Source	P
Environment	0.745
Rake Angle	0.102
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.381
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.548
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.382
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.403
Error	
Total	

S = 0.00150340 R-Sq = 33.62% R-Sq(adj) = 12.41%

Unusual Observations for Shear Area, As P

Obs	Area, As P	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	0.001522	0.005270	0.000752	-0.003748	-2.88 R
62	0.016316	0.005270	0.000752	0.011046	8.48 R
63	0.001613	0.005270	0.000752	-0.003657	-2.81 R
64	0.001629	0.005270	0.000752	-0.003641	-2.80 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear strain new, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	4.32546	4.32546	1.44182	877.29
Rake Angle	2	2.76235	2.76235	1.38118	840.39
Feed in/rev	1	0.20462	0.20462	0.20462	124.51
Environment*Rake Angle	6	4.03744	4.03744	0.67291	409.44
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.16535	0.16535	0.05512	33.54
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.08762	0.08762	0.04381	26.66
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.08726	0.08726	0.01454	8.85
Error	72	0.11833	0.11833	0.00164	
Total	95	11.78844			

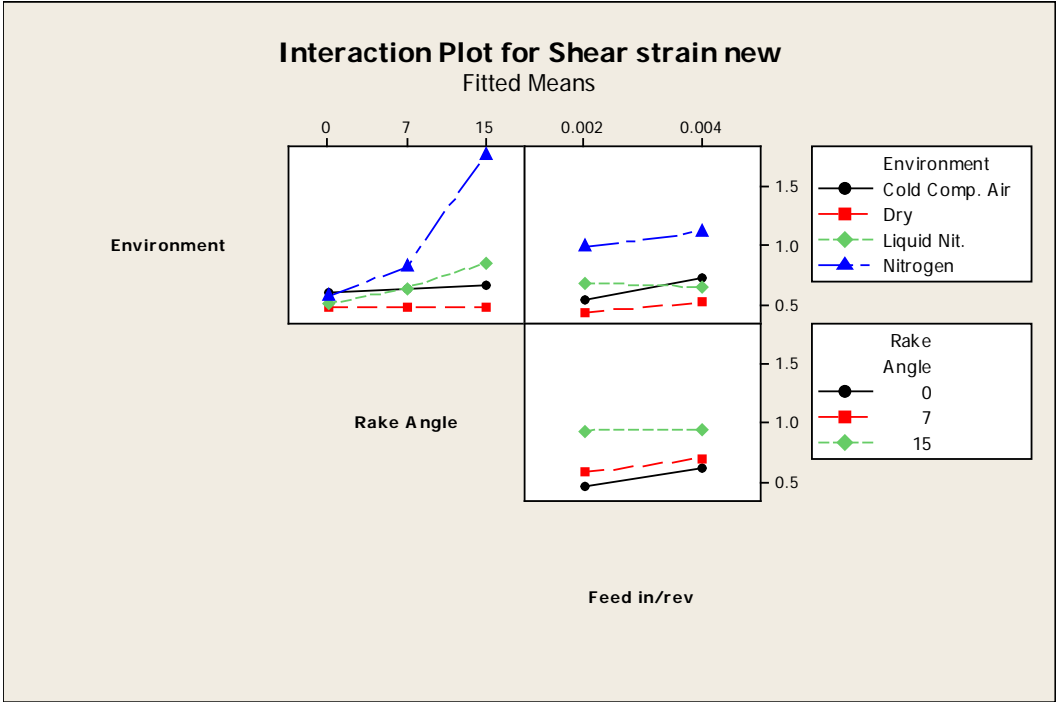
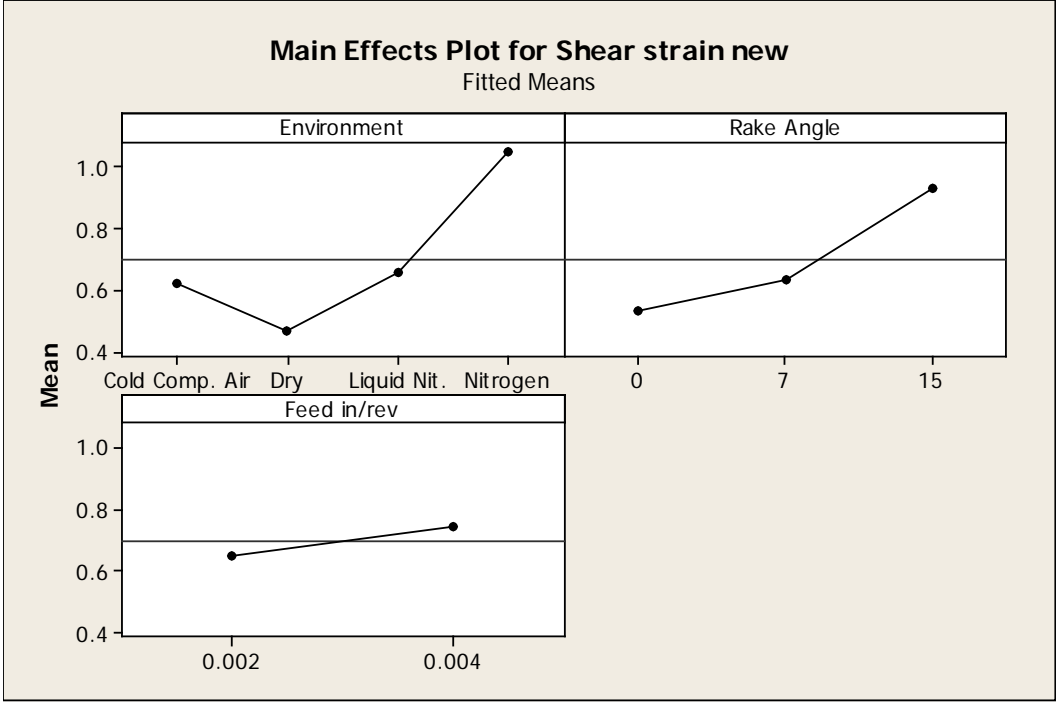
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0405400 R-Sq = 99.00% R-Sq(adj) = 98.68%

Unusual Observations for Shear strain new

Obs	Shear strain new	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
61	0.96381	0.88863	0.02027	0.07518	2.14 R
65	1.89749	1.71807	0.02027	0.17942	5.11 R
68	1.55425	1.71807	0.02027	-0.16382	-4.67 R
69	1.64159	1.78893	0.02027	-0.14734	-4.20 R
71	1.87311	1.78893	0.02027	0.08418	2.40 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



1020 Steel ;HSS

General Linear Model: Fy Thrust, Fz Cutting, ... versus Environment, Rake Angle

Factor	Type	Levels	Values
Environment	fixed	4	Cold Comp. Air, Dry, Liquid Nit., Nitrogen
Rake Angle	fixed	3	0, 7, 15
Feed in/rev	fixed	2	0.002, 0.004

Analysis of Variance for **Fy Thrust**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	365891	365891	121964	23.30
Rake Angle	2	301903	301903	150952	28.84
Feed in/rev	1	1787511	1787511	1787511	341.46
Environment*Rake Angle	6	69905	69905	11651	2.23
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	12241	12241	4080	0.78
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	60559	60559	30279	5.78
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	37137	37137	6190	1.18
Error	72	376911	376911	5235	
Total	95	3012058			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.050
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.509
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.005
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.325
Error	
Total	

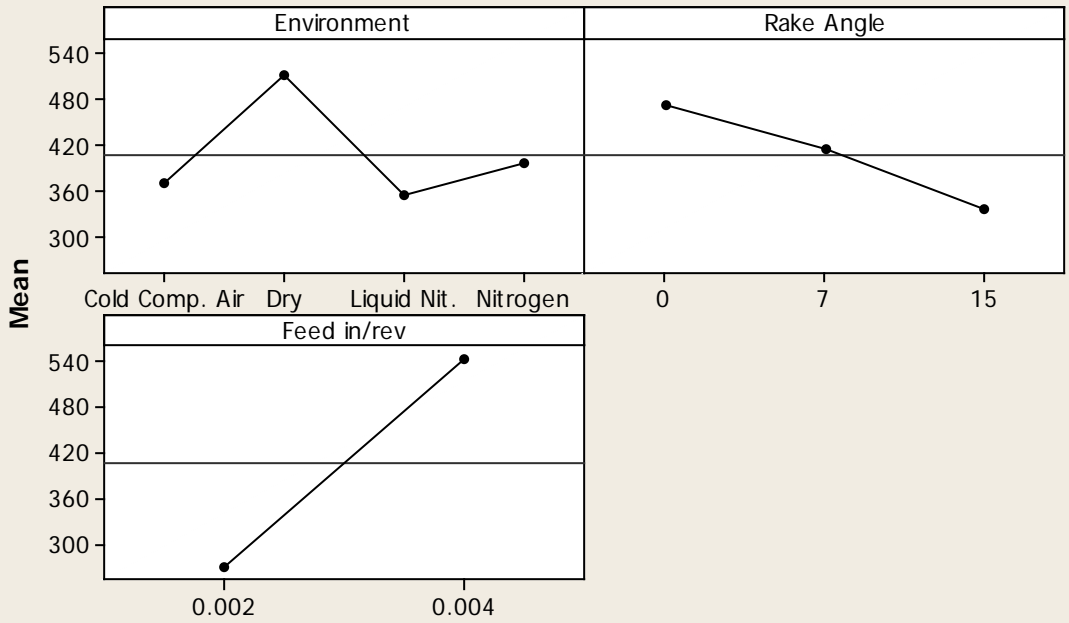
S = 72.3524 R-Sq = 87.49% R-Sq(adj) = 83.49%

Unusual Observations for Fy Thrust

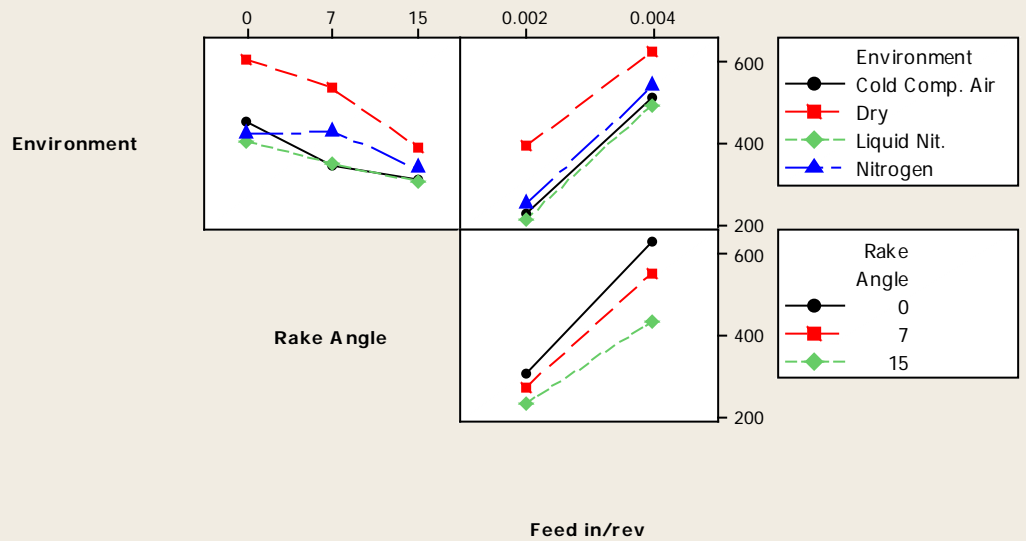
Obs	Fy Thrust	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
53	722.170	592.656	36.176	129.515	2.07 R
54	780.891	592.656	36.176	188.235	3.00 R
55	77.625	592.656	36.176	-515.031	-8.22 R
56	789.937	592.656	36.176	197.281	3.15 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Fy Thrust Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fy Thrust Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for **Fz Cutting**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	127800	127800	42600	237.68
Rake Angle	2	162665	162665	81333	453.78
Feed in/rev	1	3090314	3090314	3090314	17241.73
Environment*Rake Angle	6	14538	14538	2423	13.52
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	46648	46648	15549	86.75
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	30593	30593	15297	85.34
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	49347	49347	8225	45.89
Error	72	12905	12905	179	
Total	95	3534811			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

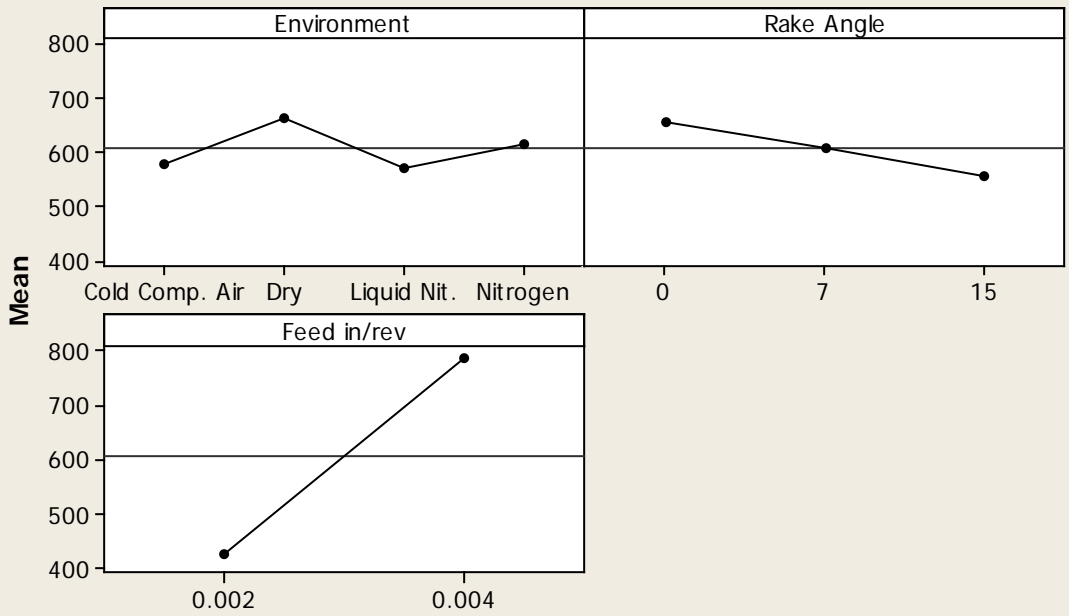
S = 13.3879 R-Sq = 99.63% R-Sq(adj) = 99.52%

Unusual Observations for Fz Cutting

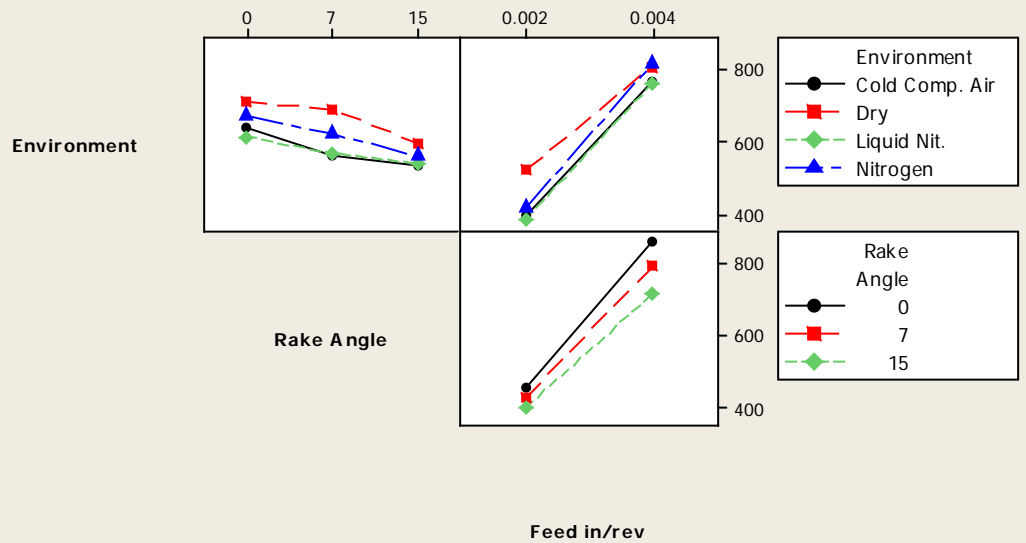
Obs	Fz Cutting	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
49	388.765	413.507	6.694	-24.742	-2.13 R
51	388.832	413.507	6.694	-24.675	-2.13 R
52	467.671	413.507	6.694	54.163	4.67 R
79	787.762	823.198	6.694	-35.437	-3.06 R
81	347.257	371.649	6.694	-24.392	-2.10 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Fz Cutting
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fz Cutting
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Resultant force, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	405492	405492	135164	110.78
Rake Angle	2	437943	437943	218971	179.48
Feed in/rev	1	4926337	4926337	4926337	4037.77
Environment*Rake Angle	6	49060	49060	8177	6.70
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	62011	62011	20670	16.94
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	89429	89429	44714	36.65
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	84030	84030	14005	11.48
Error	72	87845	87845	1220	
Total	95	6142147			

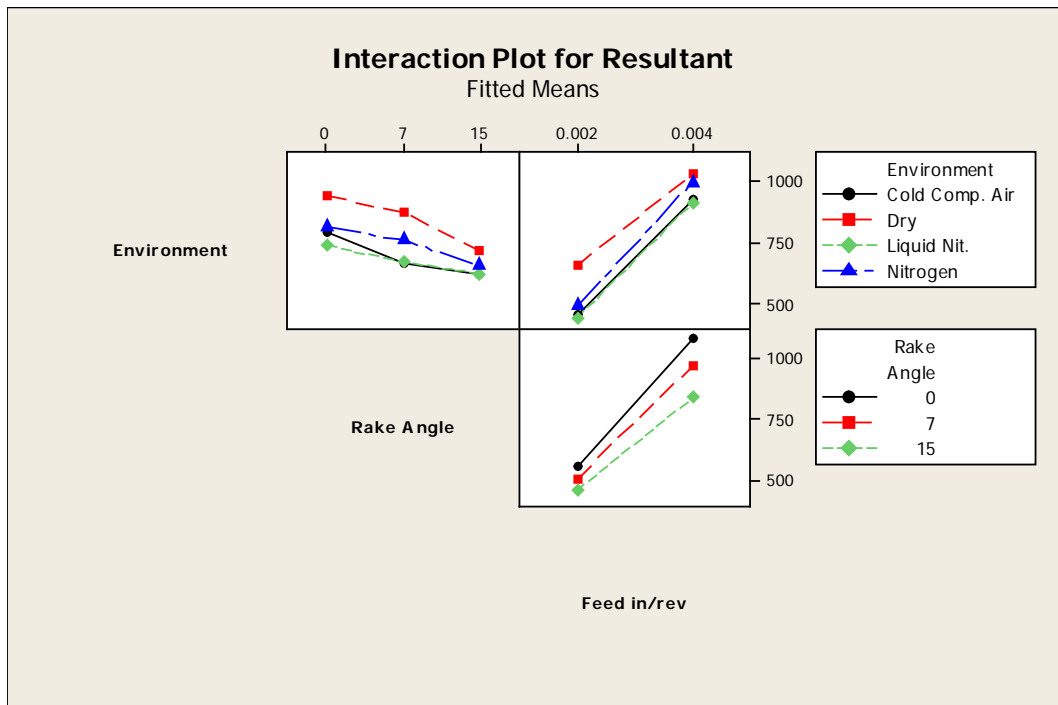
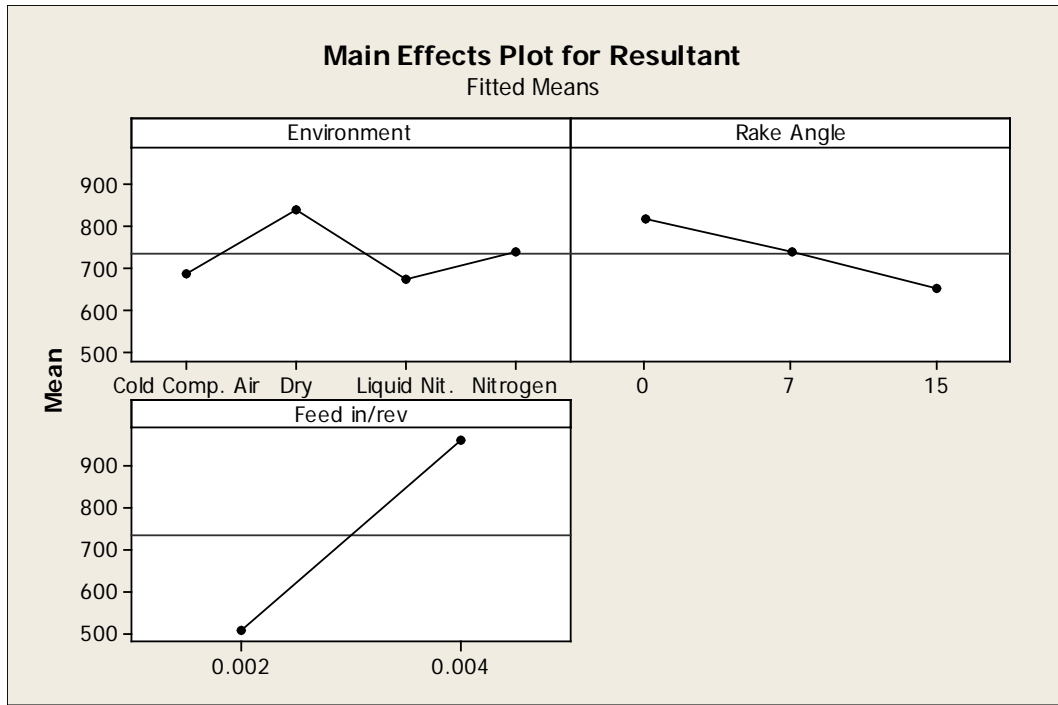
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 34.9294 R-Sq = 98.57% R-Sq(adj) = 98.11%

Unusual Observations for Resultant

Obs	Resultant	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
52	560.21	482.91	17.46	77.30	2.56 R
54	1213.22	1131.08	17.46	82.14	2.72 R
55	923.76	1131.08	17.46	-207.32	-6.85 R
56	1227.69	1131.08	17.46	96.62	3.19 R
79	945.65	1008.03	17.46	-62.38	-2.06 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Chip thickness ratio, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.537200	0.537200	0.179067	2053.66
Rake Angle	2	0.360019	0.360019	0.180009	2064.47
Feed in/rev	1	0.002120	0.002120	0.002120	24.31
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.064952	0.064952	0.010825	124.15
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.019403	0.019403	0.006468	74.17
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.008449	0.008449	0.004225	48.45
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.022308	0.022308	0.003718	42.64
Error	72	0.006278	0.006278	0.000087	
Total	95	1.020728			

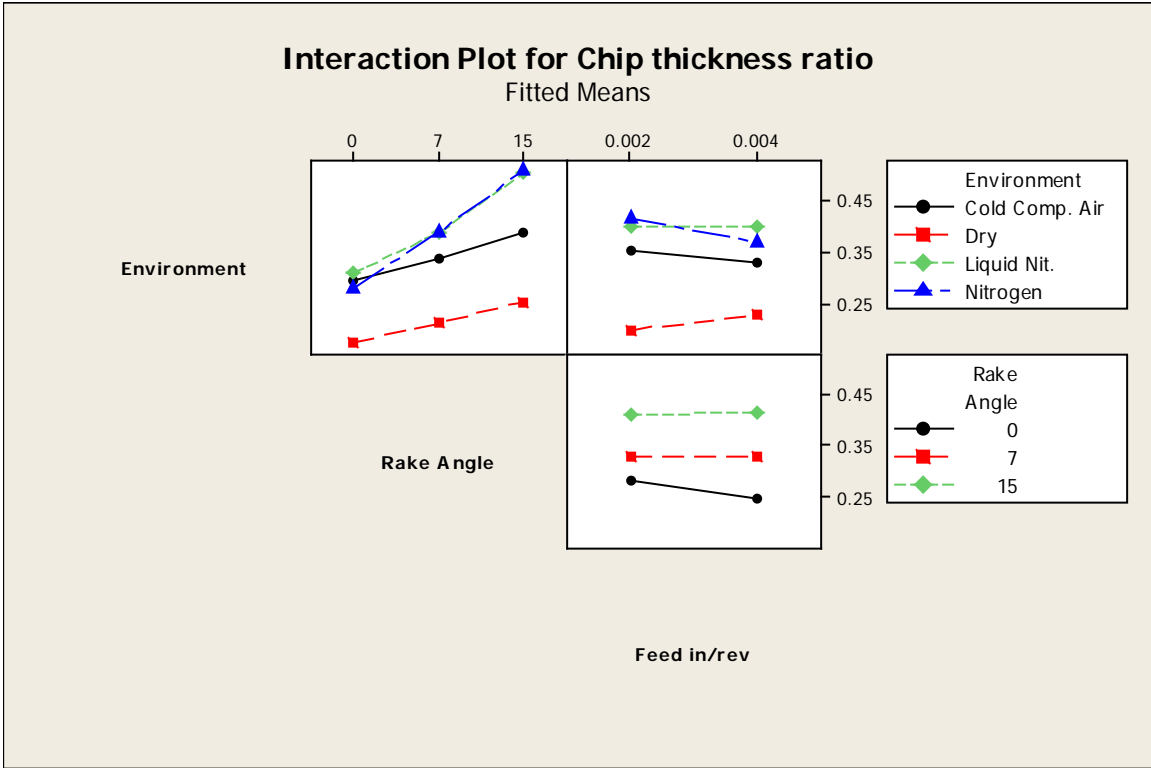
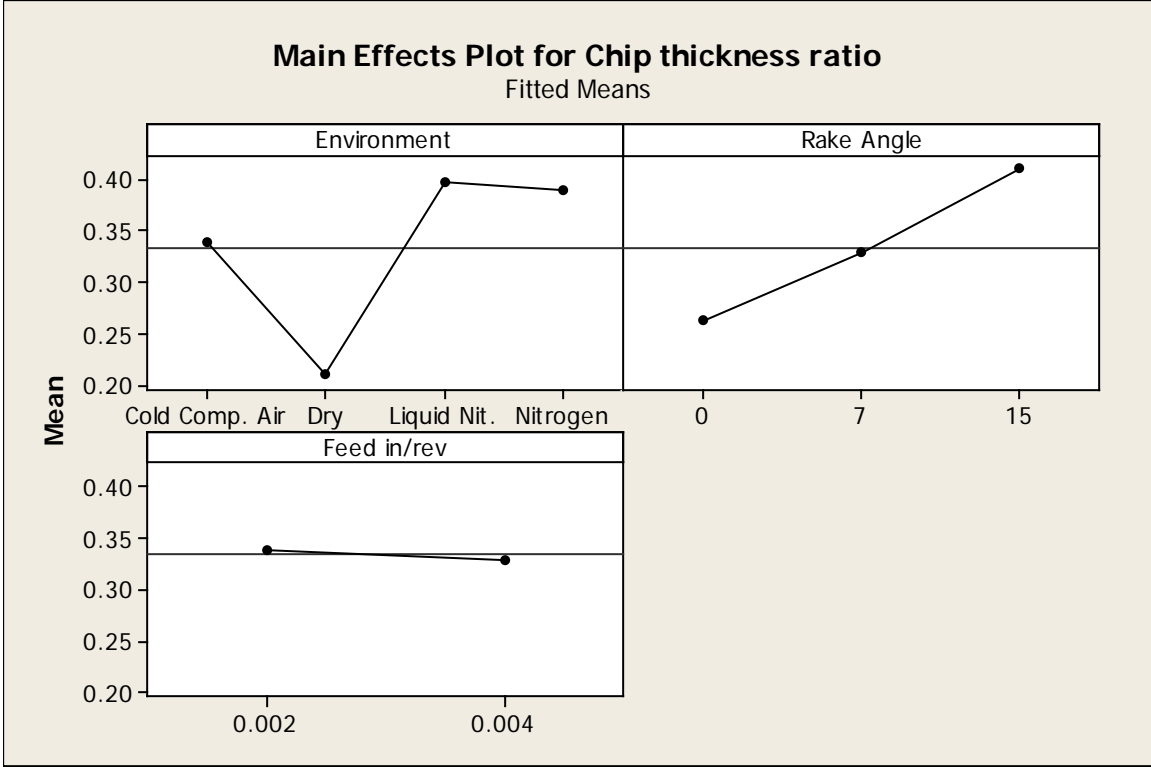
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 0.00933776 R-Sq = 99.38% R-Sq(adj) = 99.19%

Unusual Observations for Chip thickness ratio

Obs	Chip thickness ratio	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
22	0.238806	0.263915	0.004669	-0.025109	-3.10 R
23	0.281353	0.263915	0.004669	0.017438	2.16 R
89	0.504197	0.468692	0.004669	0.035506	4.39 R
92	0.436367	0.468692	0.004669	-0.032325	-4.00 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Phi degrees, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	1715.02	1715.02	571.67	2070.32
Rake Angle	2	1377.34	1377.34	688.67	2494.03
Feed in/rev	1	5.15	5.15	5.15	18.64
Environment*Rake Angle	6	231.40	231.40	38.57	139.67
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	59.92	59.92	19.97	72.33
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	24.25	24.25	12.13	43.91
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	67.97	67.97	11.33	41.03
Error	72	19.88	19.88	0.28	
Total	95	3500.91			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

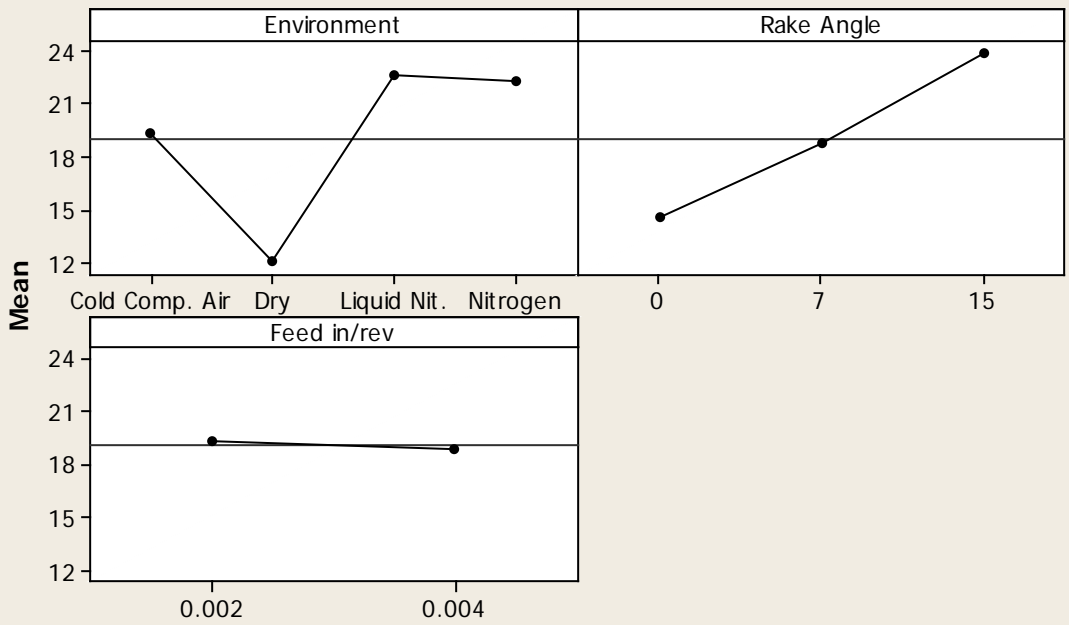
S = 0.525478 R-Sq = 99.43% R-Sq(adj) = 99.25%

Unusual Observations for Phi degrees

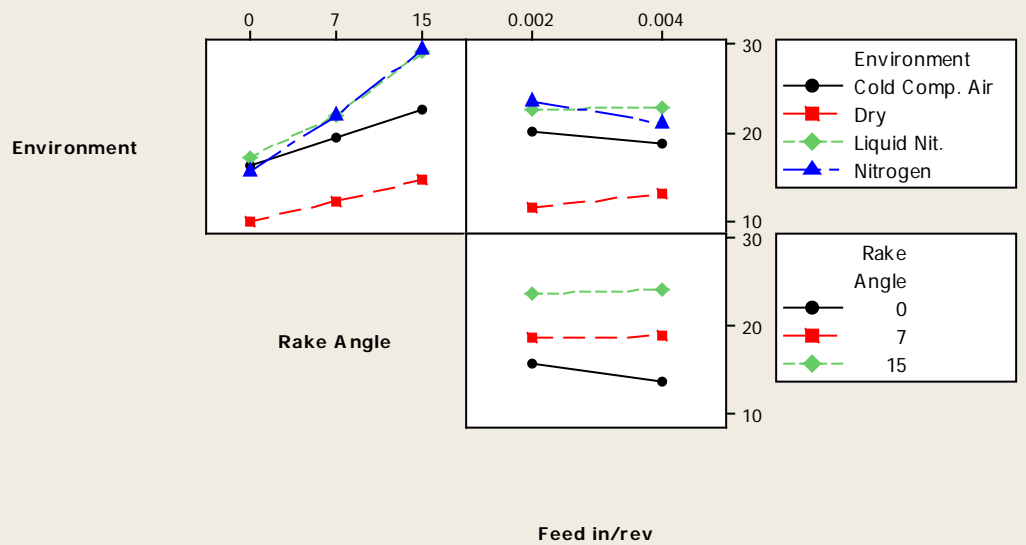
Obs	Phi degrees	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
22	13.8131	15.3022	0.2627	-1.4892	-3.27 R
23	16.3364	15.3022	0.2627	1.0342	2.27 R
89	29.2536	27.2509	0.2627	2.0027	4.40 R
92	25.4153	27.2509	0.2627	-1.8356	-4.03 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Phi degrees
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Phi degrees
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Psi degrees, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	1715.016	1715.016	571.672	2070.32
Rake Angle	2	51.058	51.058	25.529	92.45
Feed in/rev	1	5.147	5.147	5.147	18.64
Environment*Rake Angle	6	231.397	231.397	38.566	139.67
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	59.916	59.916	19.972	72.33
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	24.250	24.250	12.125	43.91
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	67.969	67.969	11.328	41.03
Error	72	19.881	19.881	0.276	
Total	95	2174.633			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

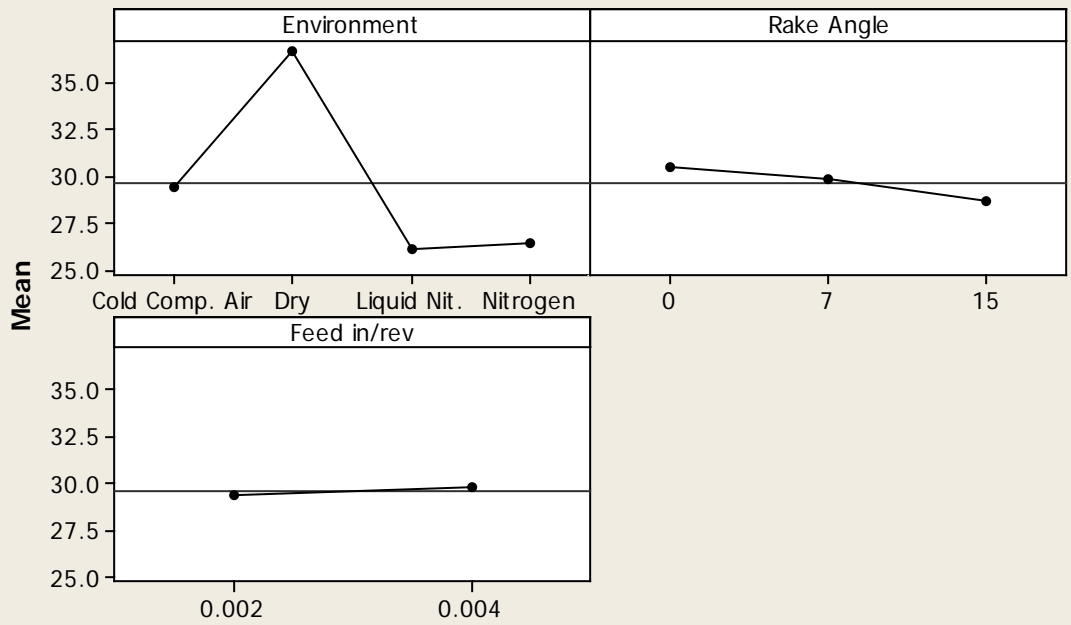
S = 0.525478 R-Sq = 99.09% R-Sq(adj) = 98.79%

Unusual Observations for Psi degrees

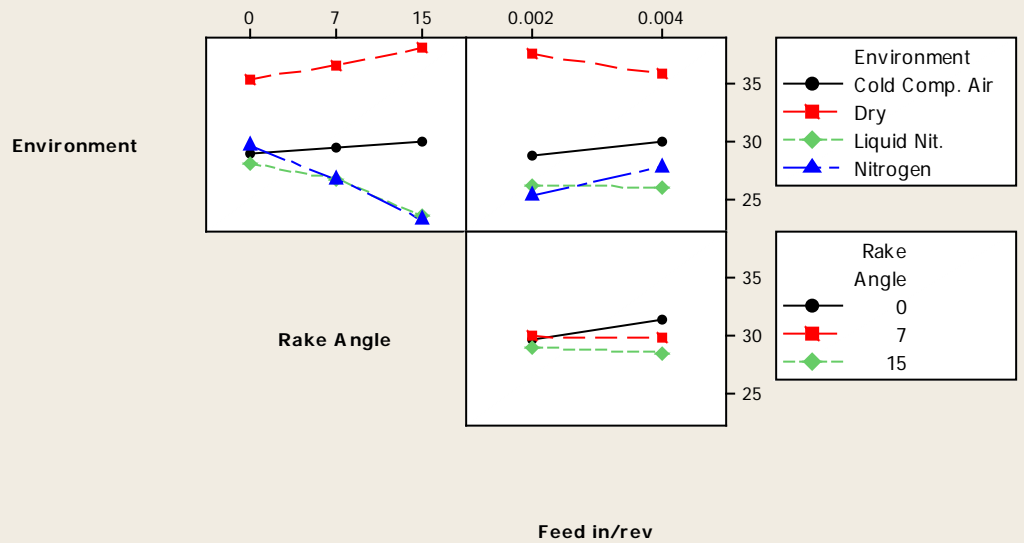
Obs	Psi degrees	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
22	38.6869	37.1978	0.2627	1.4892	3.27 R
23	36.1636	37.1978	0.2627	-1.0342	-2.27 R
89	23.2464	25.2491	0.2627	-2.0027	-4.40 R
92	27.0847	25.2491	0.2627	1.8356	4.03 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Psi degrees Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Psi degrees Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Friction Force (F), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	408206	408206	136069	25.87
Rake Angle	2	5611	5611	2806	0.53
Feed in/rev	1	2330597	2330597	2330597	443.14
Environment*Rake Angle	6	68180	68180	11363	2.16
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	13812	13812	4604	0.88
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	12103	12103	6052	1.15
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	35700	35700	5950	1.13
Error	72	378670	378670	5259	
Total	95	3252879			

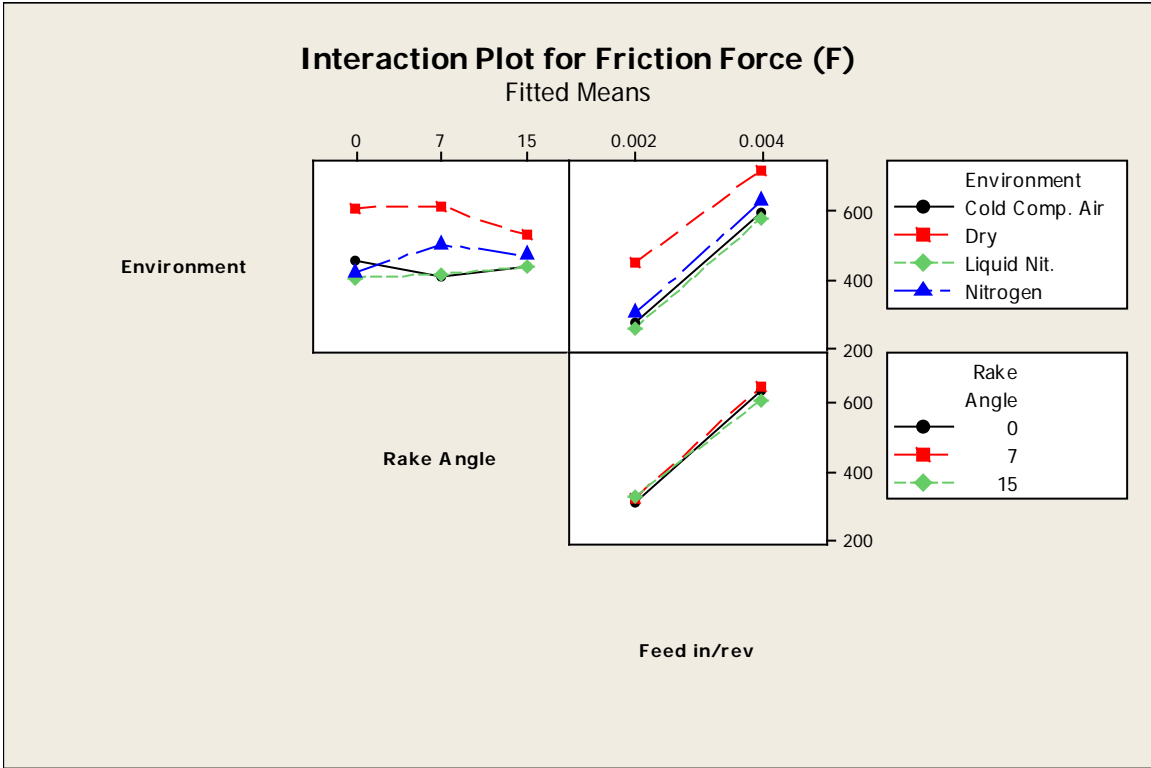
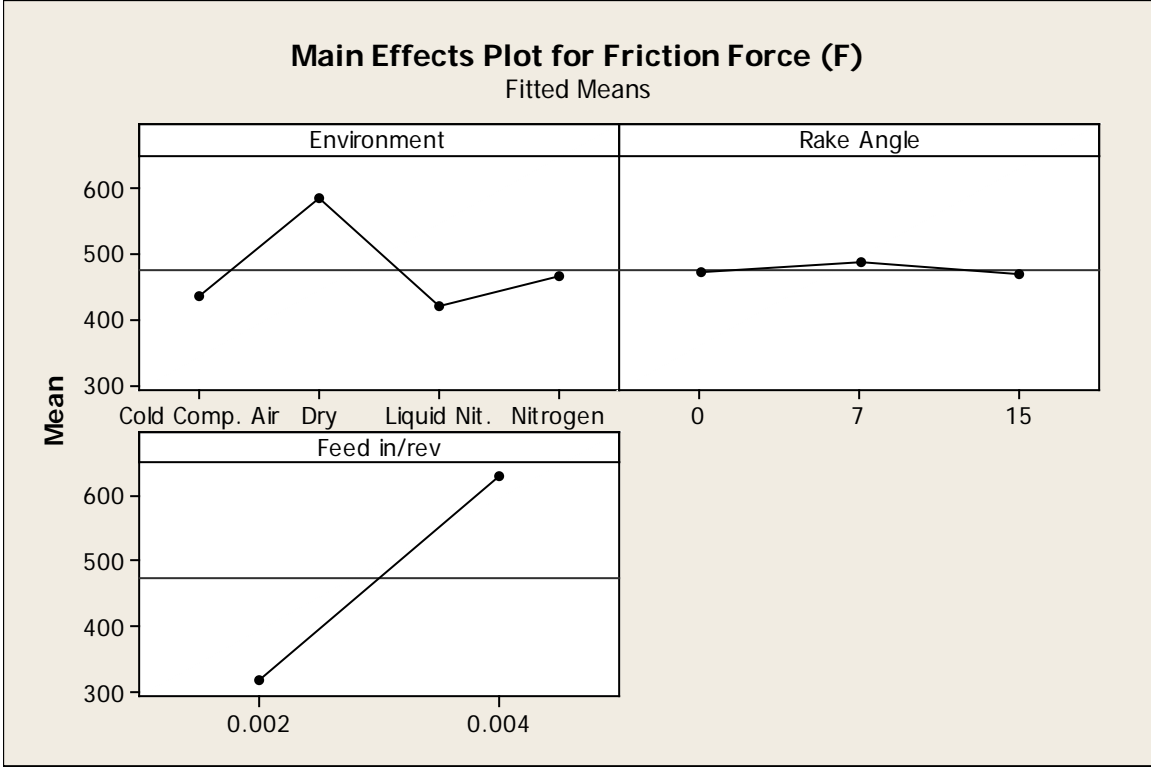
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.589
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.057
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.458
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.322
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.353
Error	
Total	

S = 72.5211 R-Sq = 88.36% R-Sq(adj) = 84.64%

Unusual Observations for Friction Force (F)

Obs	Friction Force (F)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
53	722.170	592.656	36.261	129.515	2.06 R
54	780.891	592.656	36.261	188.235	3.00 R
55	77.625	592.656	36.261	-515.031	-8.20 R
56	789.937	592.656	36.261	197.281	3.14 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Normal Force (N), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	87031	87031	29010	187.41
Rake Angle	2	681008	681008	340504	2199.71
Feed in/rev	1	2534687	2534687	2534687	16374.50
Environment*Rake Angle	6	14717	14717	2453	15.85
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	46548	46548	15516	100.24
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	91590	91590	45795	295.84
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	49314	49314	8219	53.10
Error	72	11145	11145	155	
Total	95	3516040			

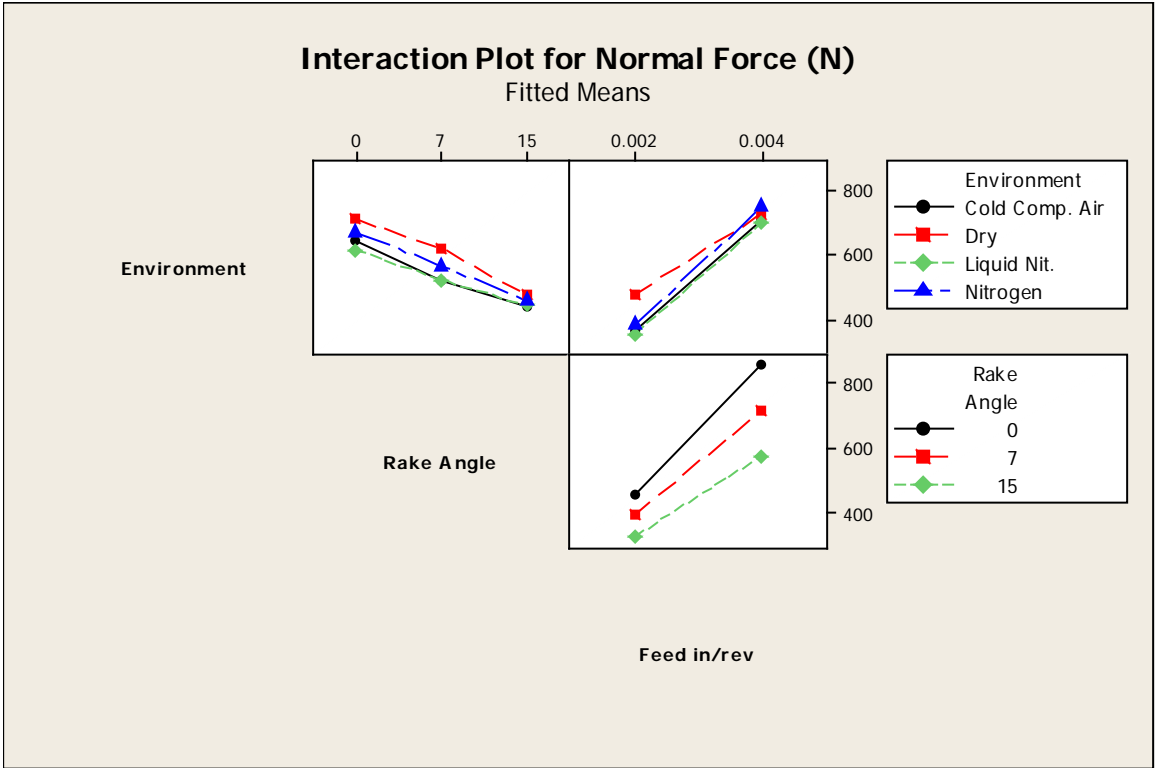
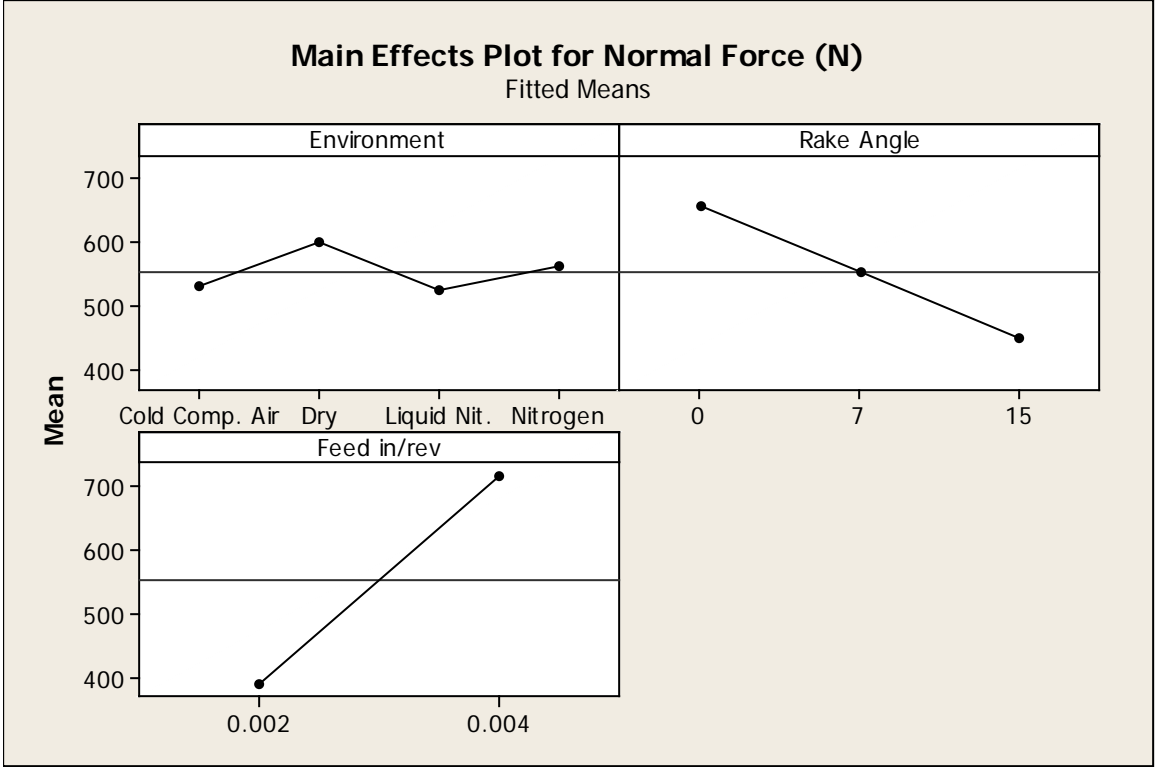
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 12.4417 R-Sq = 99.68% R-Sq(adj) = 99.58%

Unusual Observations for Normal Force (N)

Obs	Normal Force (N)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
49	388.765	413.507	6.221	-24.742	-2.30 R
51	388.832	413.507	6.221	-24.675	-2.29 R
52	467.671	413.507	6.221	54.163	5.03 R
79	787.762	823.198	6.221	-35.437	-3.29 R
81	320.379	343.692	6.221	-23.314	-2.16 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for F/N Ratio, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.52313	0.52313	0.17438	28.62
Rake Angle	2	1.73529	1.73529	0.86764	142.41
Feed in/rev	1	0.14972	0.14972	0.14972	24.57
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.08066	0.08066	0.01344	2.21
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.01525	0.01525	0.00508	0.83
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.00933	0.00933	0.00466	0.77
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.02041	0.02041	0.00340	0.56
Error	72	0.43868	0.43868	0.00609	
Total	95	2.97246			

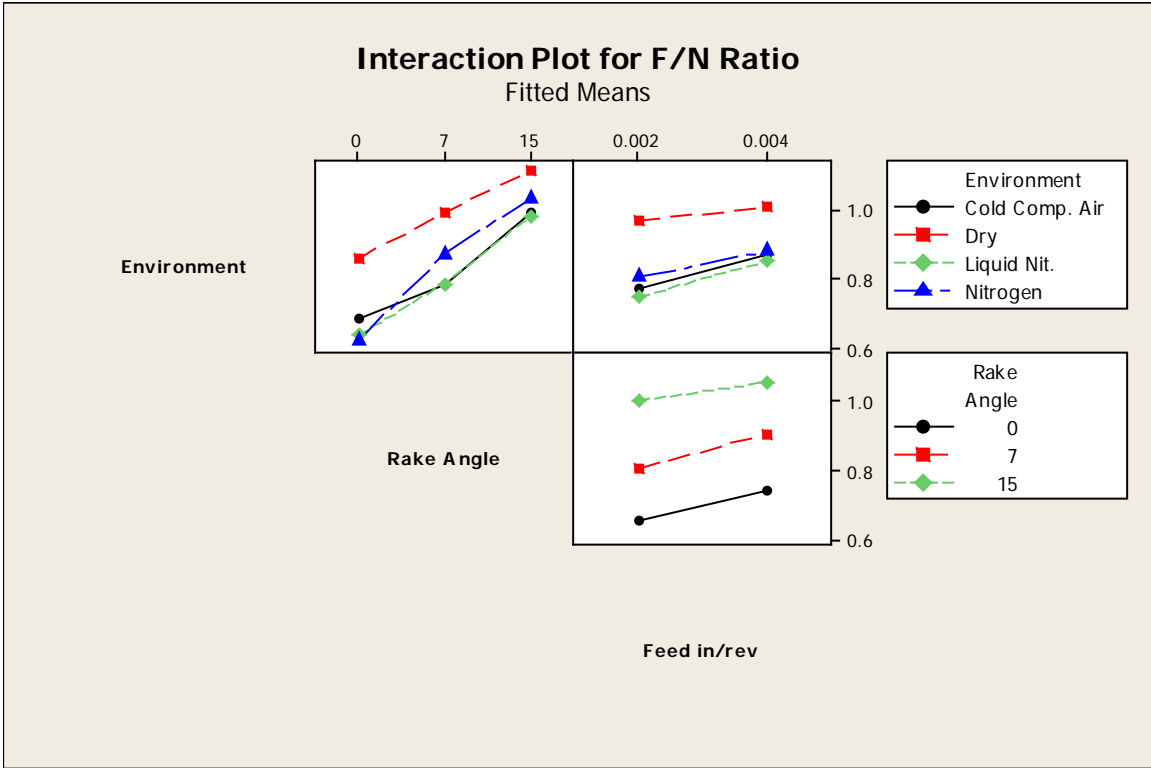
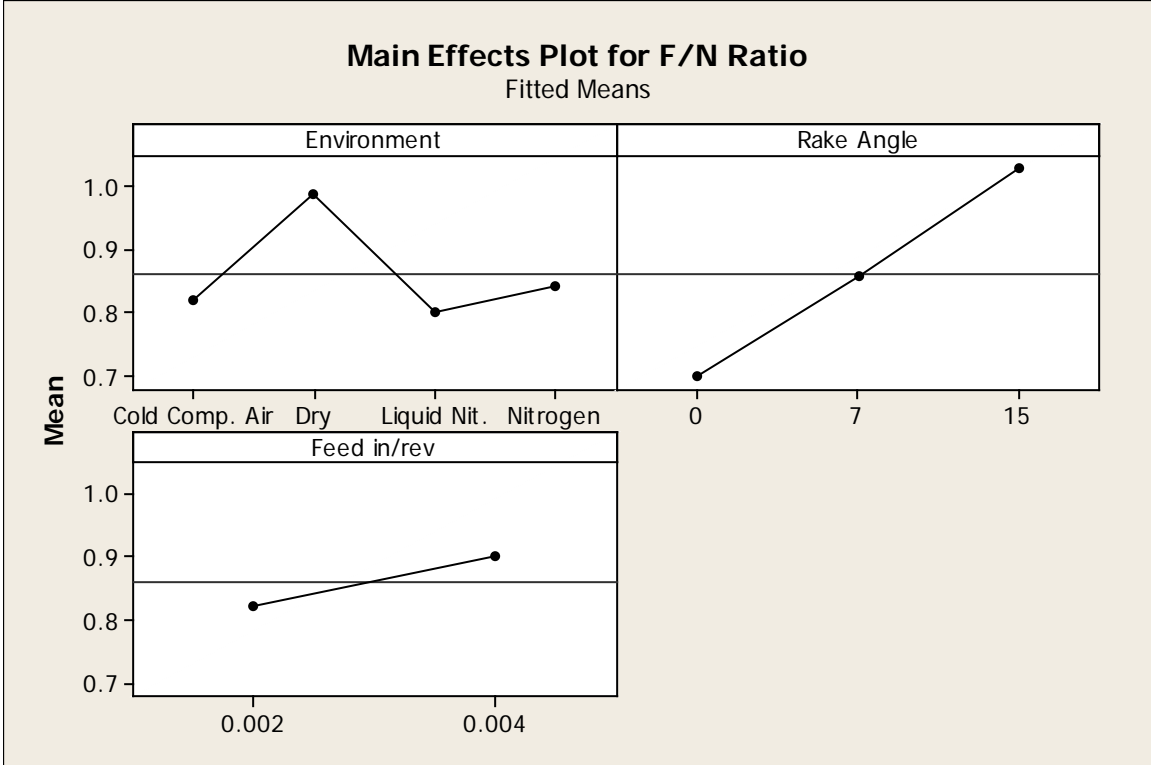
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.052
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.480
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.469
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.762
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0780558 R-Sq = 85.24% R-Sq(adj) = 80.53%

Unusual Observations for F/N Ratio

Obs	F/N Ratio	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
53	0.79594	0.64046	0.03903	0.15548	2.30 R
54	0.84103	0.64046	0.03903	0.20057	2.97 R
55	0.08433	0.64046	0.03903	-0.55613	-8.23 R
56	0.84054	0.64046	0.03903	0.20008	2.96 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for **Fs (Merchant)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	300534	300534	100178	296.66
Rake Angle	2	364787	364787	182393	540.13
Feed in/rev	1	1563046	1563046	1563046	4628.74
Environment*Rake Angle	6	27797	27797	4633	13.72
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	23752	23752	7917	23.45
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	58400	58400	29200	86.47
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	61963	61963	10327	30.58
Error	72	24313	24313	338	
Total	95	2424593			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 18.3761 R-Sq = 99.00% R-Sq(adj) = 98.68%

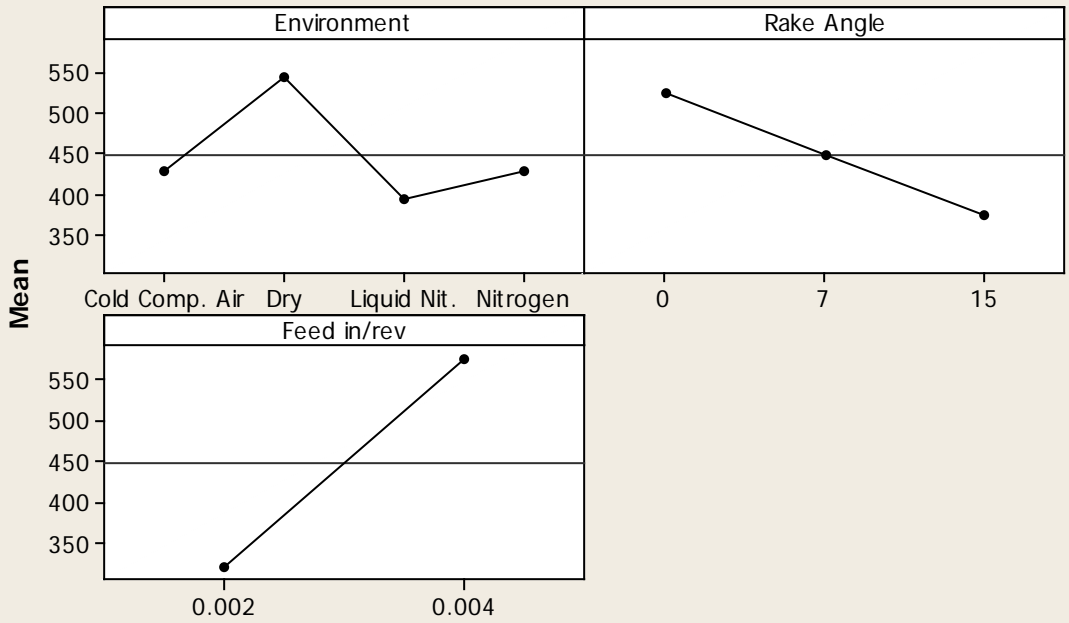
Unusual Observations for Fs (Merchant)

Obs	(Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
52	353.415	320.212	9.188	33.203	2.09 R
53	711.214	757.726	9.188	-46.512	-2.92 R
54	716.785	757.726	9.188	-40.941	-2.57 R
55	876.356	757.726	9.188	118.631	7.45 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

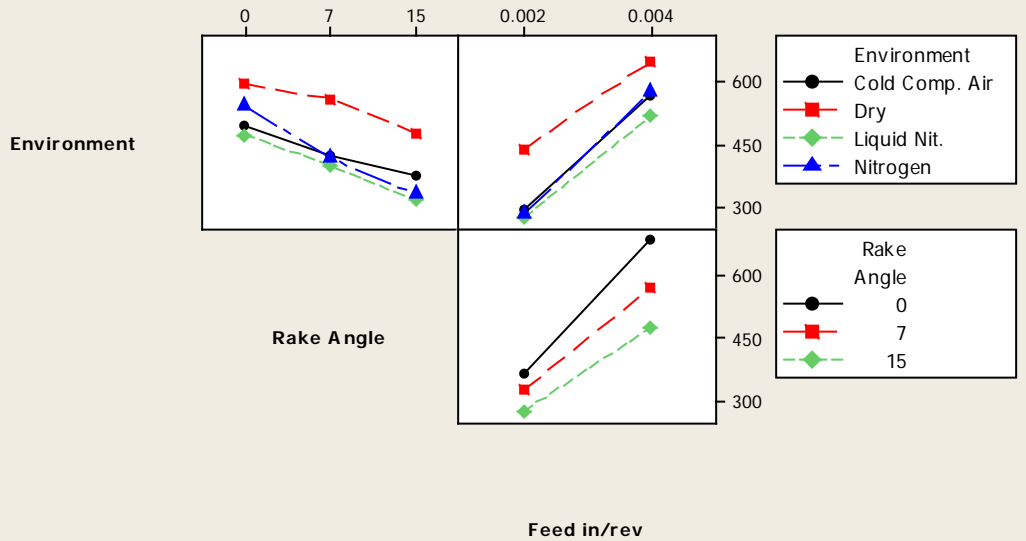
Main Effects Plot for Fs (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fs (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Fn (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	165036	165036	55012	10.74
Rake Angle	2	131310	131310	65655	12.81
Feed in/rev	1	3295811	3295811	3295811	643.16
Environment*Rake Angle	6	119201	119201	19867	3.88
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	35226	35226	11742	2.29
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	34295	34295	17148	3.35
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	44778	44778	7463	1.46
Error	72	368954	368954	5124	
Total	95	4194612			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.002
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.085
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.041
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.206
Error	
Total	

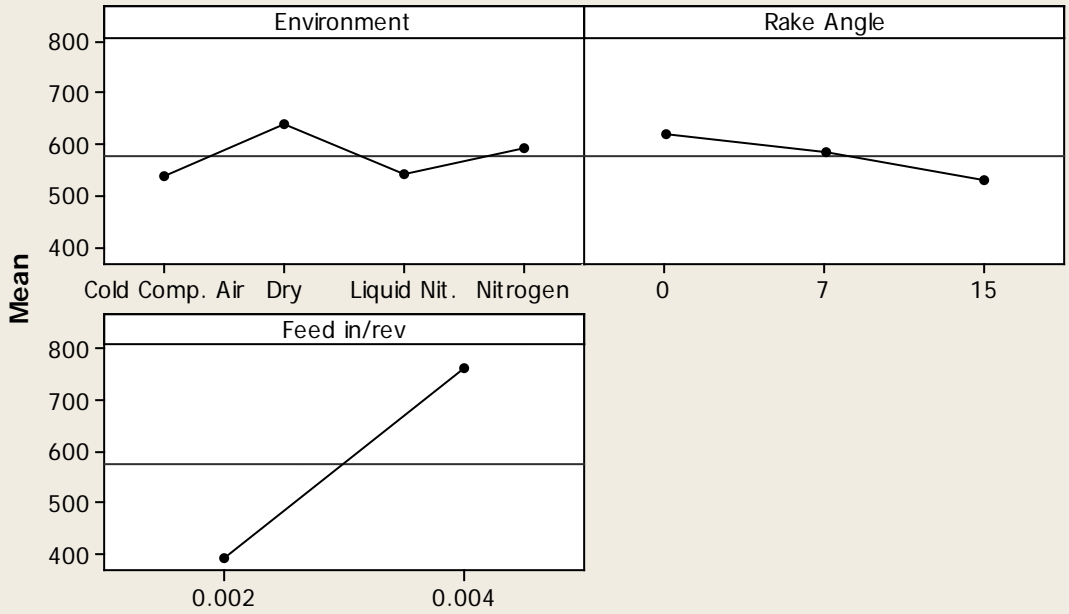
S = 71.5847 R-Sq = 91.20% R-Sq(adj) = 88.39%

Unusual Observations for Fn (Merchant)

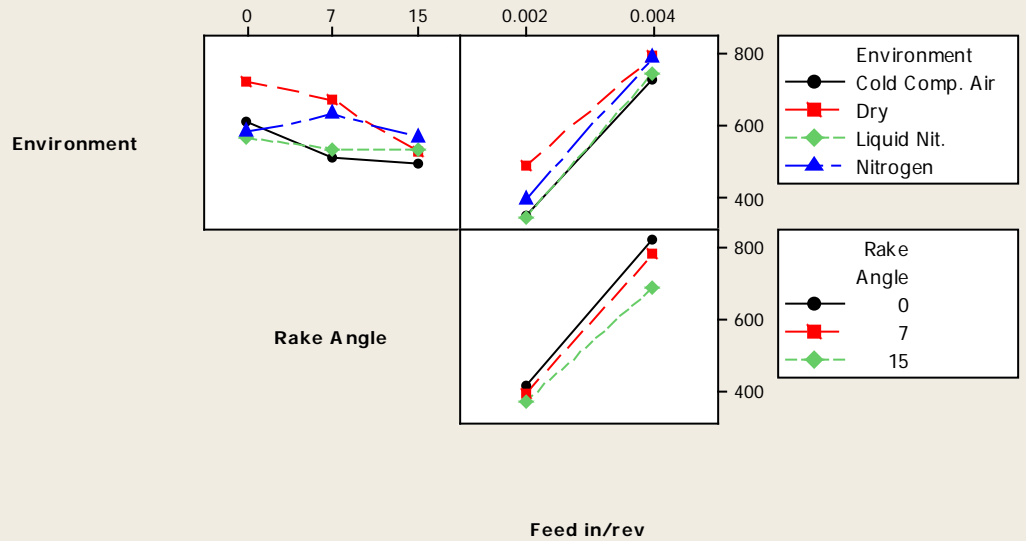
Obs	(Merchant)	Fn	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
54	978.832	794.124	35.792	184.708	2.98	R
55	292.104	794.124	35.792	-502.020	-8.10	R
56	989.623	794.124	35.792	195.499	3.15	R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Fn (Merchant)
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fn (Merchant)
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Fs/Fn (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

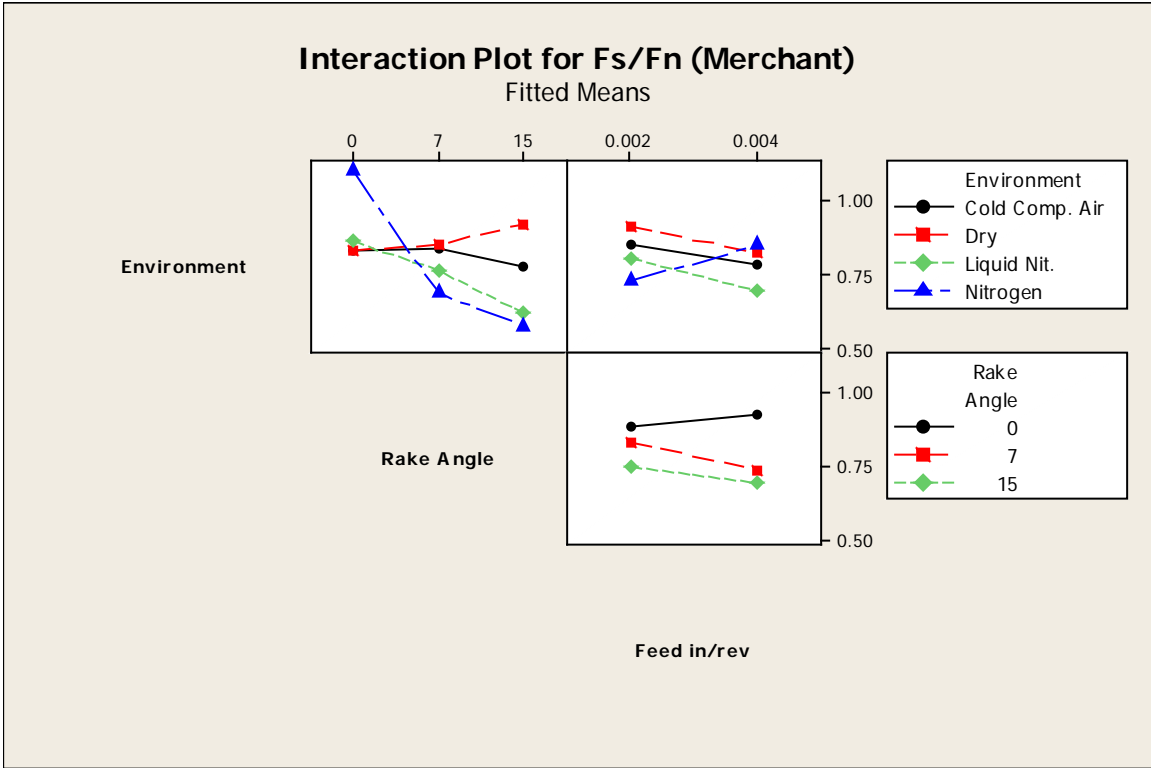
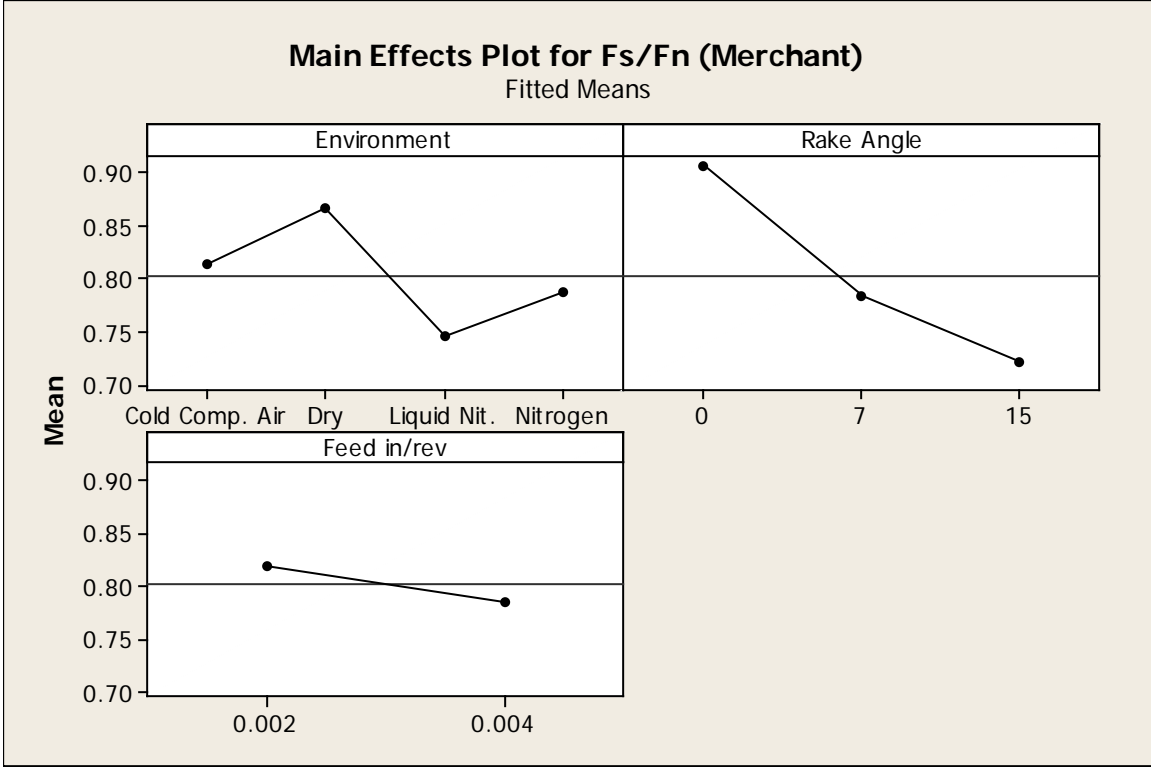
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	0.17994	0.17994	0.05998	1.12	0.345
Rake Angle	2	0.56640	0.56640	0.28320	5.30	0.007
Feed in/rev	1	0.02911	0.02911	0.02911	0.55	0.463
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.96677	0.96677	0.16113	3.02	0.011
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.20165	0.20165	0.06722	1.26	0.295
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.07534	0.07534	0.03767	0.71	0.497
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.24260	0.24260	0.04043	0.76	0.606
Error	72	3.84516	3.84516	0.05341		
Total	95	6.10698				

S = 0.231095 R-Sq = 37.04% R-Sq(adj) = 16.92%

Unusual Observations for Fs/Fn (Merchant)

Obs	Fs/Fn (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
53	0.77649	1.31077	0.11555	-0.53428	-2.67 R
54	0.73229	1.31077	0.11555	-0.57849	-2.89 R
55	3.00015	1.31077	0.11555	1.68938	8.44 R
56	0.73417	1.31077	0.11555	-0.57661	-2.88 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for **Fs (Payton)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	50056	50056	16685	6.77	0.000
Rake Angle	2	55577	55577	27789	11.28	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	29733	29733	29733	12.07	0.001
Environment*Rake Angle	6	20250	20250	3375	1.37	0.238
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	5421	5421	1807	0.73	0.535
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	3926	3926	1963	0.80	0.455
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	10649	10649	1775	0.72	0.634
Error	72	177398	177398	2464		
Total	95	353010				

S = 49.6373 R-Sq = 49.75% R-Sq(adj) = 33.69%

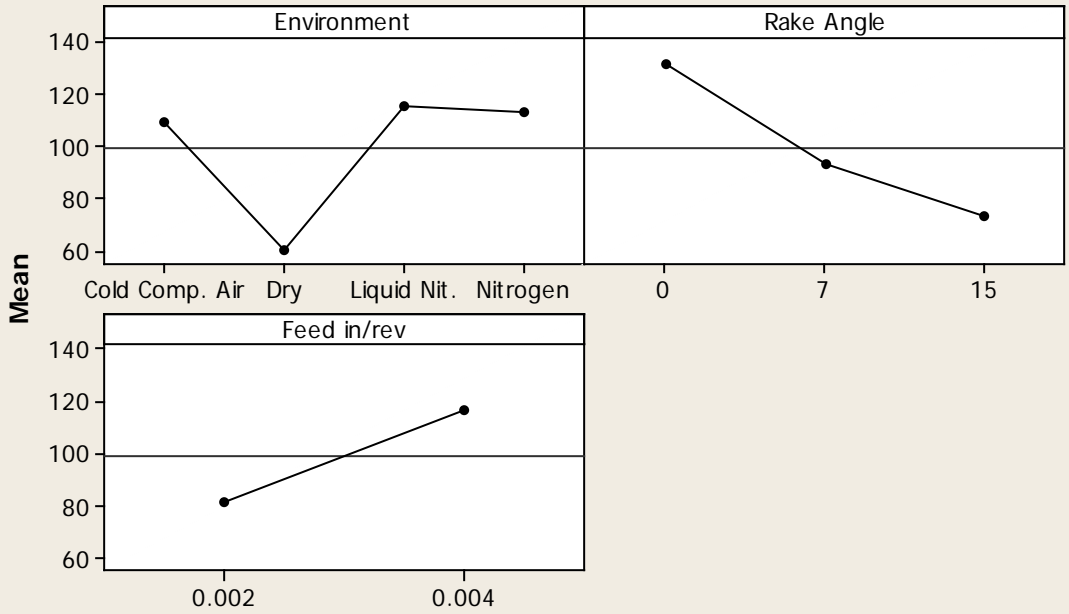
Unusual Observations for Fs (Payton)

Obs	Fs (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
53	130.922	234.315	24.819	-103.393	-2.41 R
54	104.372	234.315	24.819	-129.943	-3.02 R
55	595.995	234.315	24.819	361.680	8.41 R
56	105.970	234.315	24.819	-128.344	-2.99 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

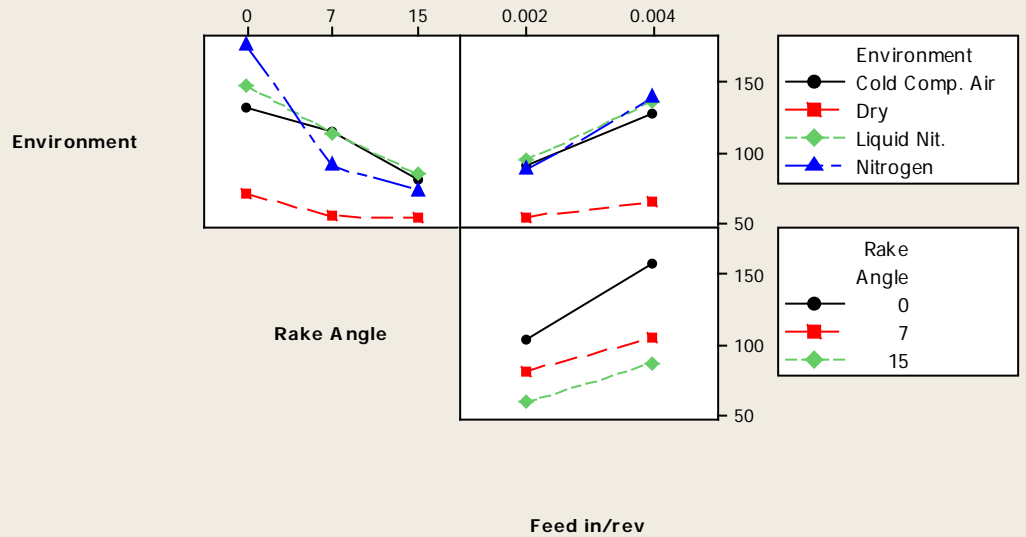
Main Effects Plot for Fs (Payton)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fs (Payton)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Fn (Payton), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	445482	445482	148494	50.33
Rake Angle	2	375987	375987	187993	63.72
Feed in/rev	1	4855297	4855297	4855297	1645.73
Environment*Rake Angle	6	62345	62345	10391	3.52
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	54245	54245	18082	6.13
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	80022	80022	40011	13.56
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	75059	75059	12510	4.24
Error	72	212417	212417	2950	
Total	95	6160854			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.004
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.001
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.001
Error	
Total	

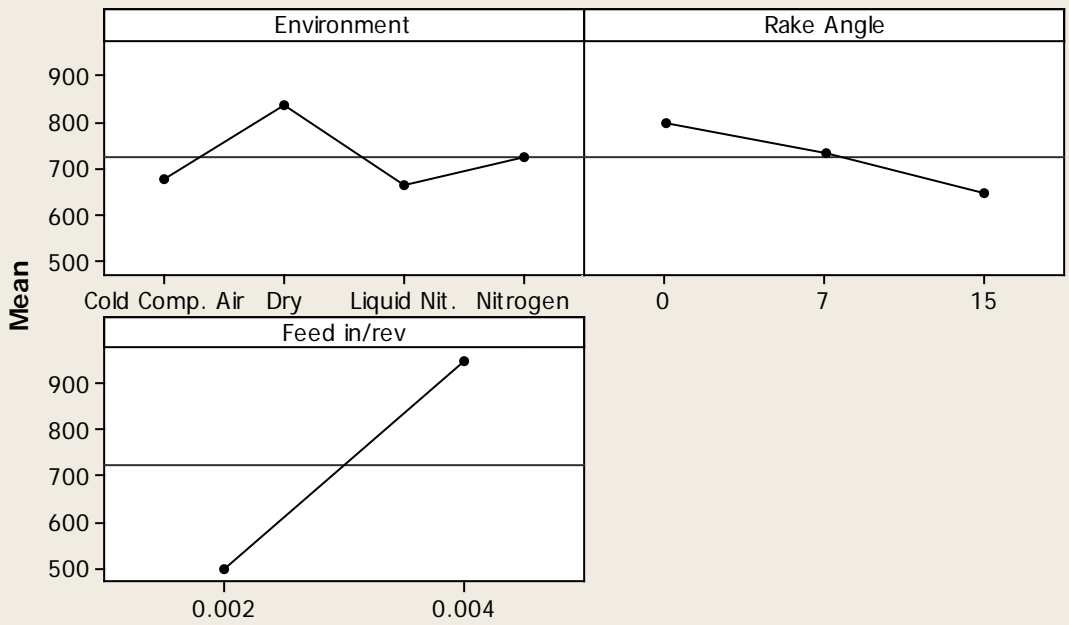
S = 54.3161 R-Sq = 96.55% R-Sq(adj) = 95.45%

Unusual Observations for Fn (Payton)

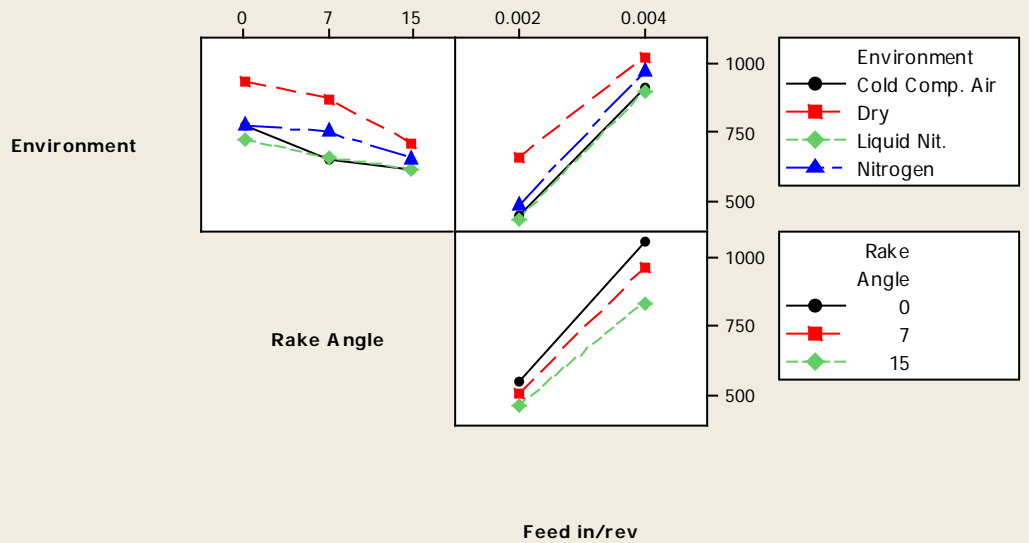
Obs	Fn (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
54	1208.72	1072.46	27.16	136.26	2.90 R
55	705.77	1072.46	27.16	-366.68	-7.80 R
56	1223.11	1072.46	27.16	150.65	3.20 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Fn (Payton)
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fn (Payton)
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Fs/Fn (Payton), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.190441	0.190441	0.063480	10.60
Rake Angle	2	0.084339	0.084339	0.042170	7.04
Feed in/rev	1	0.046481	0.046481	0.046481	7.76
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.066748	0.066748	0.011125	1.86
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.012310	0.012310	0.004103	0.69
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.004445	0.004445	0.002222	0.37
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.020093	0.020093	0.003349	0.56
Error	72	0.431248	0.431248	0.005990	
Total	95	0.856105			

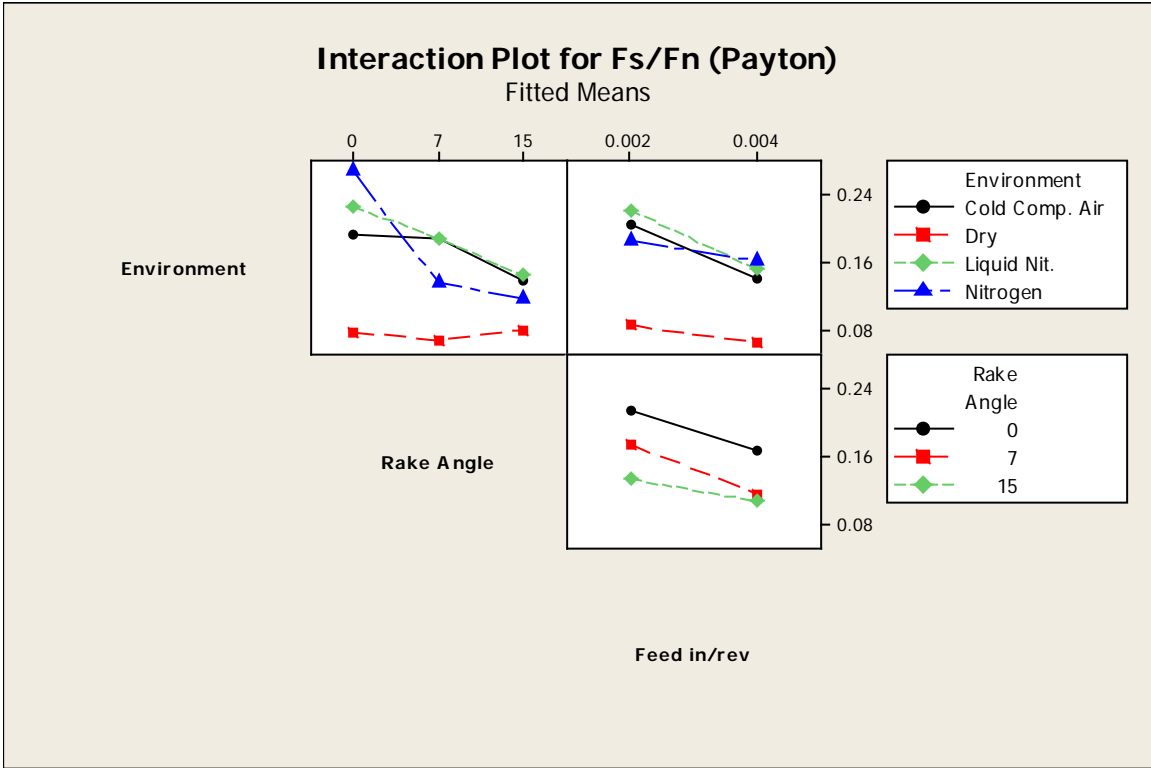
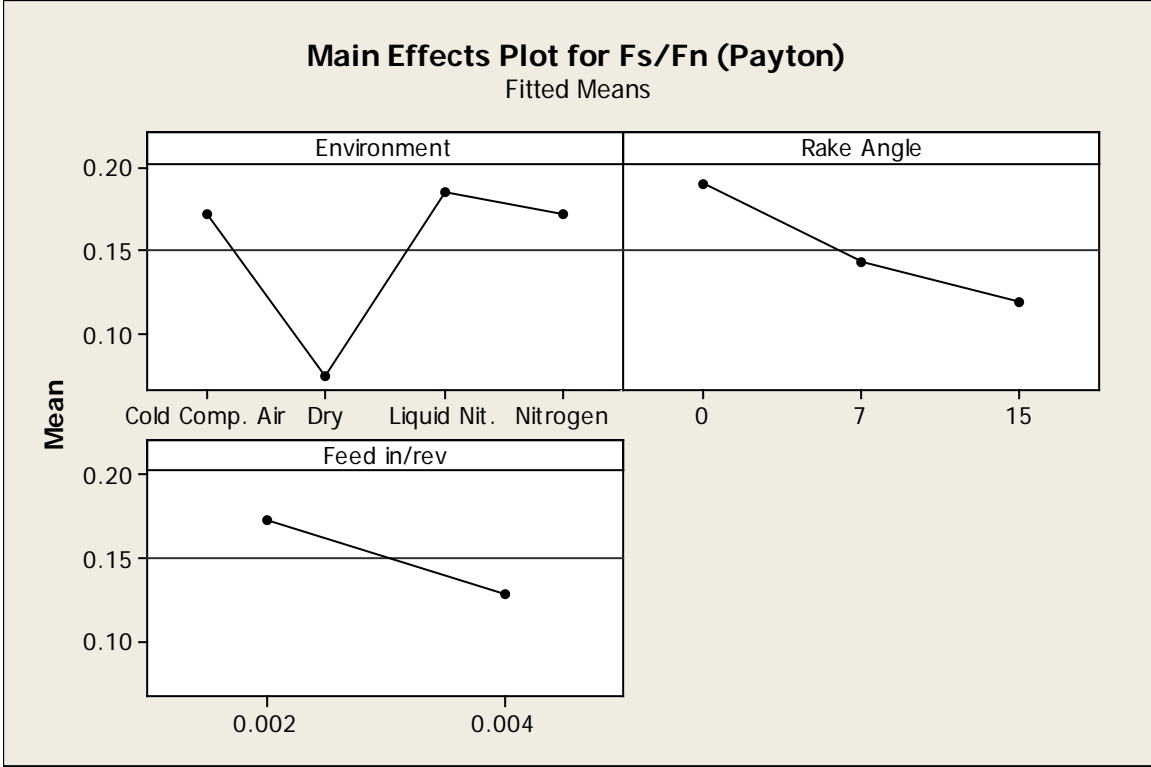
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.002
Feed in/rev	0.007
Environment*Rake Angle	0.100
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.564
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.691
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.761
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0773922 R-Sq = 49.63% R-Sq(adj) = 33.54%

Unusual Observations for Fs/Fn (Payton)

Obs	(Payton)	Fs/Fn	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
53	0.113625	0.282768	0.038696	-0.169143	-2.52	R
54	0.086349	0.282768	0.038696	-0.196419	-2.93	R
55	0.844457	0.282768	0.038696	0.561689	8.38	R
56	0.086640	0.282768	0.038696	-0.196128	-2.93	R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Beta (degrees), using Adjusted SS for Tests

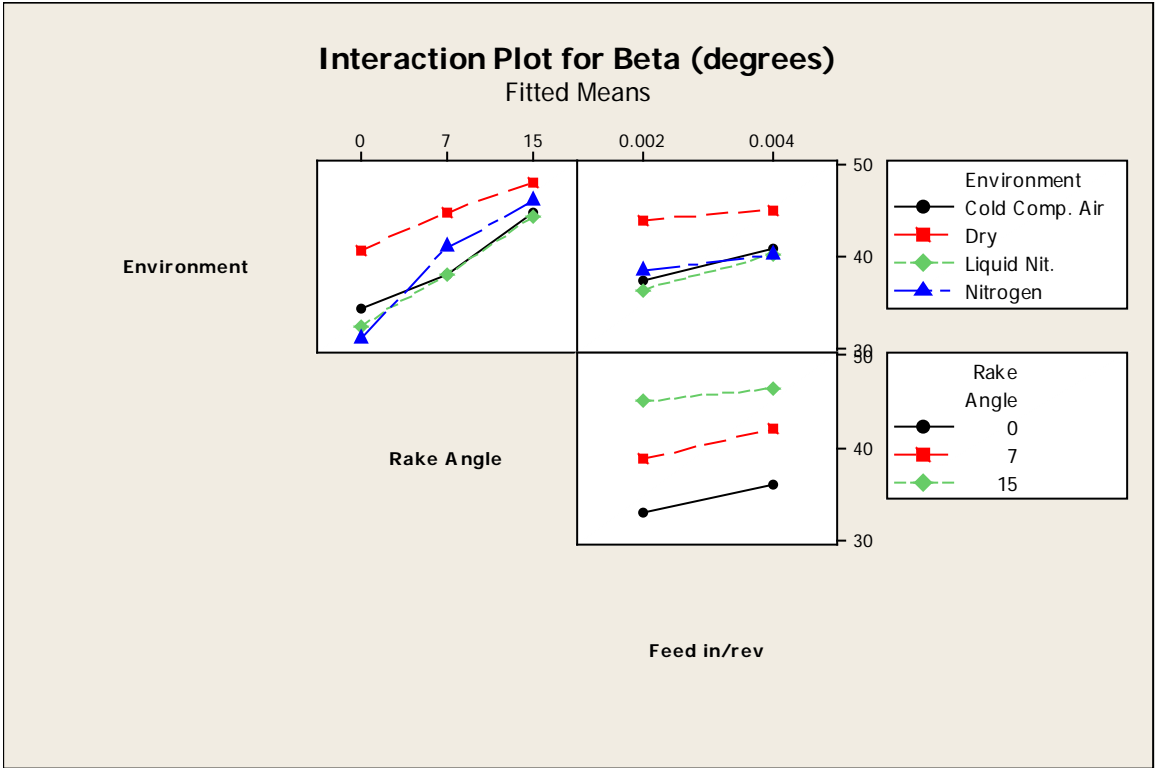
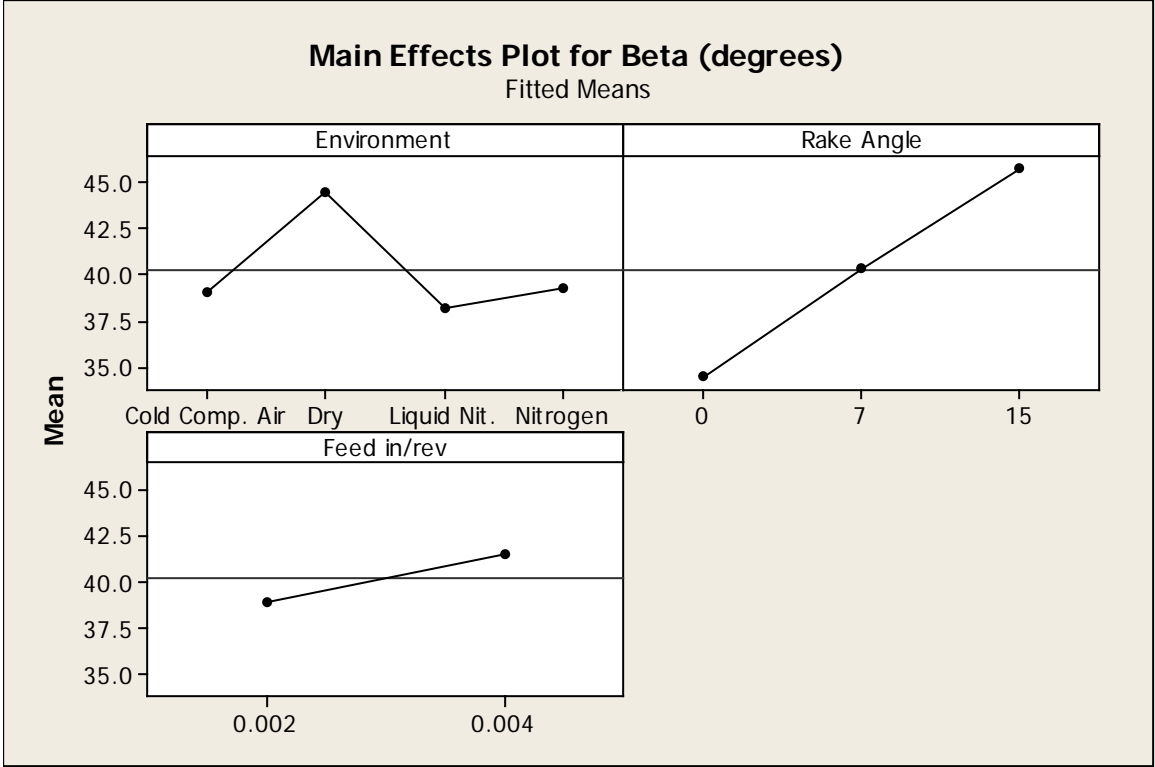
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	583.89	583.89	194.63	14.96	0.000
Rake Angle	2	2020.23	2020.23	1010.11	77.64	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	160.96	160.96	160.96	12.37	0.001
Environment*Rake Angle	6	165.65	165.65	27.61	2.12	0.061
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	30.19	30.19	10.06	0.77	0.513
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	15.63	15.63	7.82	0.60	0.551
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	42.30	42.30	7.05	0.54	0.775
Error	72	936.71	936.71	13.01		
Total	95	3955.55				

S = 3.60691 R-Sq = 76.32% R-Sq(adj) = 68.75%

Unusual Observations for Beta (degrees)

Obs	Beta (degrees)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
53	38.5176	30.8627	1.8035	7.6548	2.45 R
54	40.0648	30.8627	1.8035	9.2021	2.95 R
55	4.8203	30.8627	1.8035	-26.0424	-8.34 R
56	40.0482	30.8627	1.8035	9.1855	2.94 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear Area, As, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	0.0000085	0.0000085	0.0000028
Rake Angle	2	0.0000052	0.0000052	0.0000026
Feed in/rev	1	0.0000161	0.0000161	0.0000161
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.0000002	0.0000002	0.0000000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.0000002	0.0000002	0.0000001
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.0000011	0.0000011	0.0000005
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.0000001	0.0000001	0.0000000
Error	72	0.0000001	0.0000001	0.0000000
Total	95	0.0000316		

Source	F	P
Environment	2200.78	0.000
Rake Angle	2022.72	0.000
Feed in/rev	12431.54	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	28.18	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	48.58	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	416.33	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	17.81	0.000
Error		
Total		

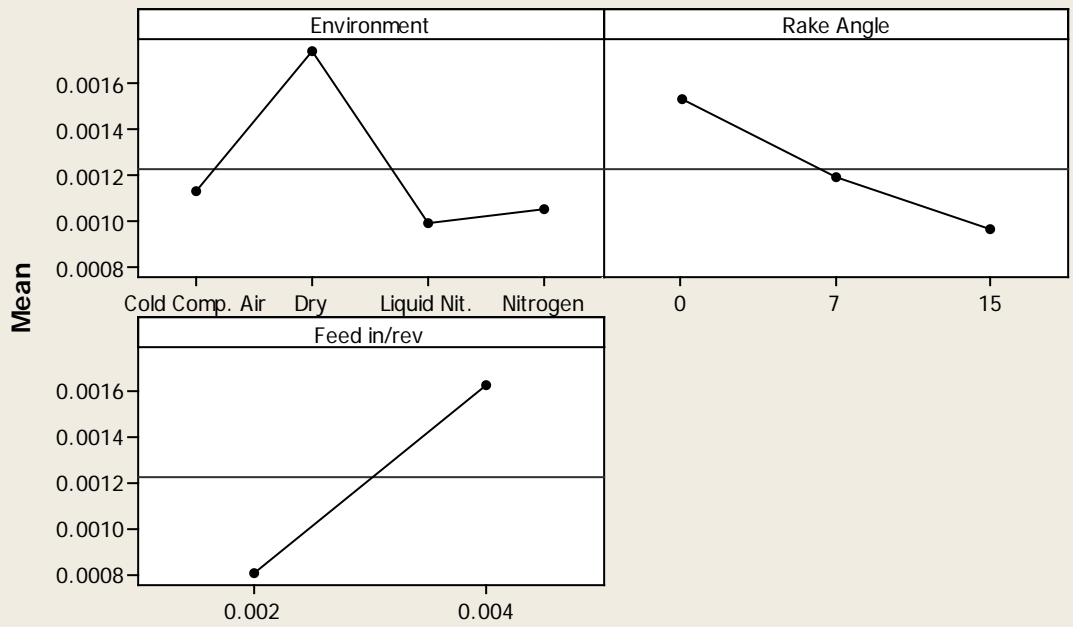
S = 0.0000359798 R-Sq = 99.70% R-Sq(adj) = 99.61%

Unusual Observations for Shear Area, As

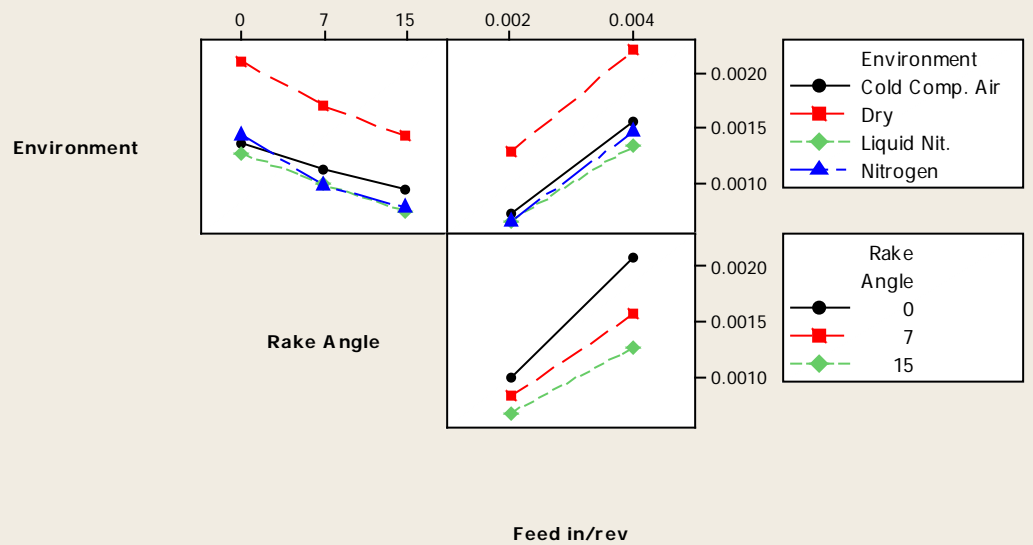
Obs	Area, As	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
13	0.002244	0.002130	0.000018	0.000113	3.64 R
16	0.002047	0.002130	0.000018	-0.000083	-2.66 R
21	0.001746	0.001826	0.000018	-0.000080	-2.57 R
22	0.002010	0.001826	0.000018	0.000184	5.91 R
23	0.001707	0.001826	0.000018	-0.000120	-3.84 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Shear Area, As Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear Area, As Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	344937	344937	114979	249.87	0.000
Rake Angle	2	91892	91892	45946	99.85	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	106235	106235	106235	230.87	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	13613	13613	2269	4.93	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	1843	1843	614	1.34	0.270
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	1088	1088	544	1.18	0.313
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	11885	11885	1981	4.30	0.001
Error	72	33131	33131	460		
Total	95	604624				

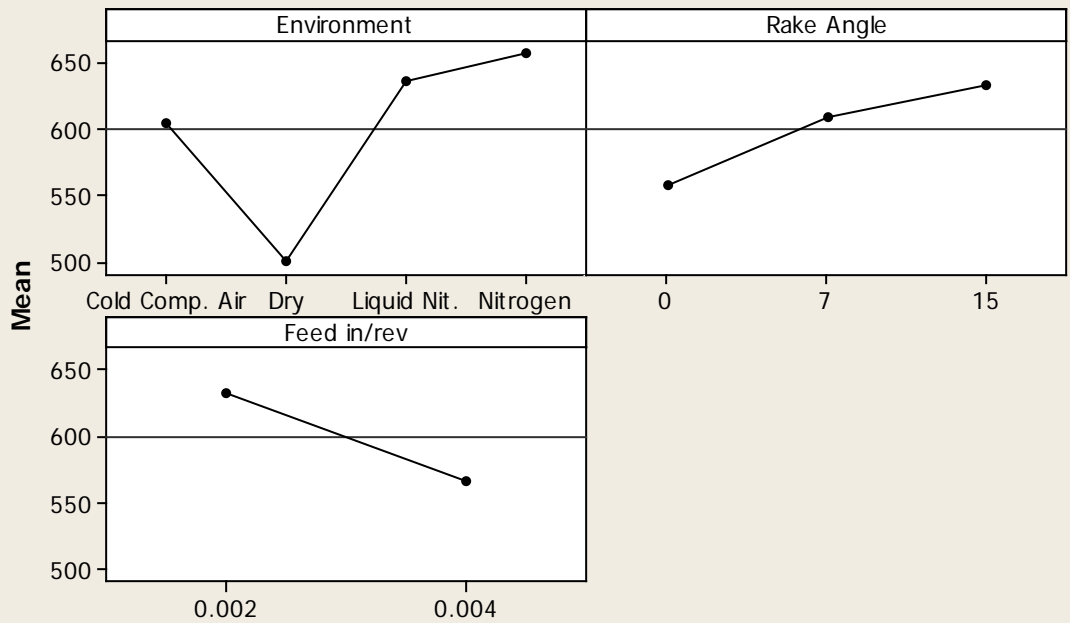
S = 21.4511 R-Sq = 94.52% R-Sq(adj) = 92.77%

Unusual Observations for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)

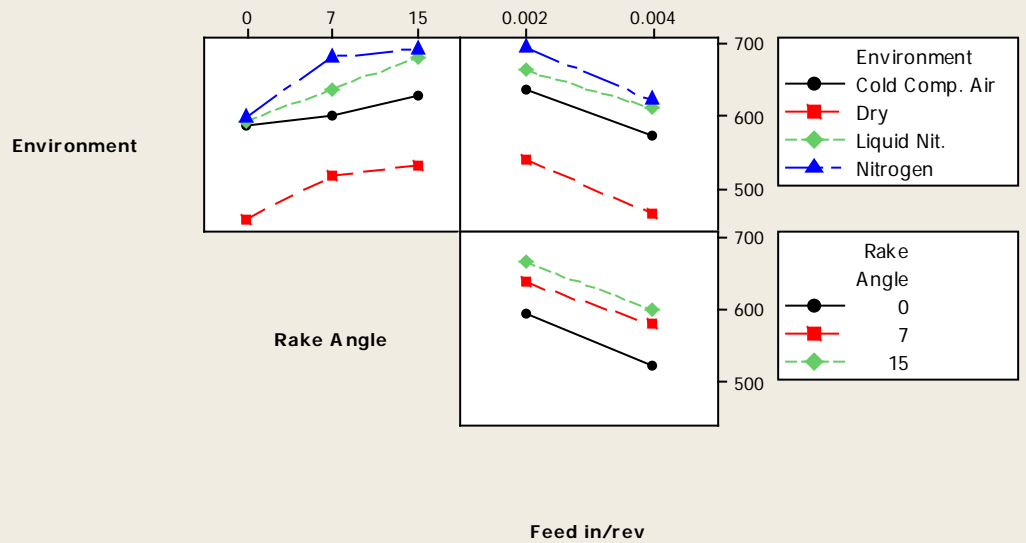
Obs	Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
22	456.771	500.631	10.726	-43.860	-2.36 R
51	580.177	617.532	10.726	-37.355	-2.01 R
52	685.685	617.532	10.726	68.153	3.67 R
55	666.090	577.886	10.726	88.205	4.75 R
81	590.820	649.154	10.726	-58.334	-3.14 R
82	687.845	649.154	10.726	38.692	2.08 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa), using Adjusted SS for

Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	267439	267439	89146	60.09	0.000
Rake Angle	2	6758	6758	3379	2.28	0.110
Feed in/rev	1	73147	73147	73147	49.31	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	9378	9378	1563	1.05	0.398
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	9536	9536	3179	2.14	0.102
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	3789	3789	1894	1.28	0.285
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	8463	8463	1411	0.95	0.465
Error	72	106812	106812	1484		
Total	95	485323				

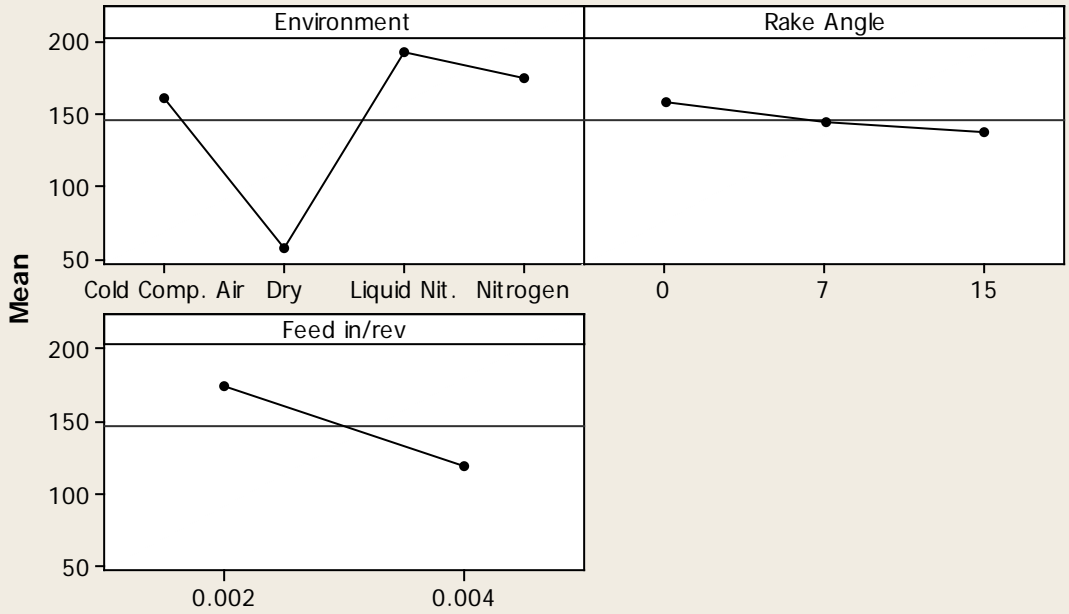
S = 38.5163 R-Sq = 77.99% R-Sq(adj) = 70.96%

Unusual Observations for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)

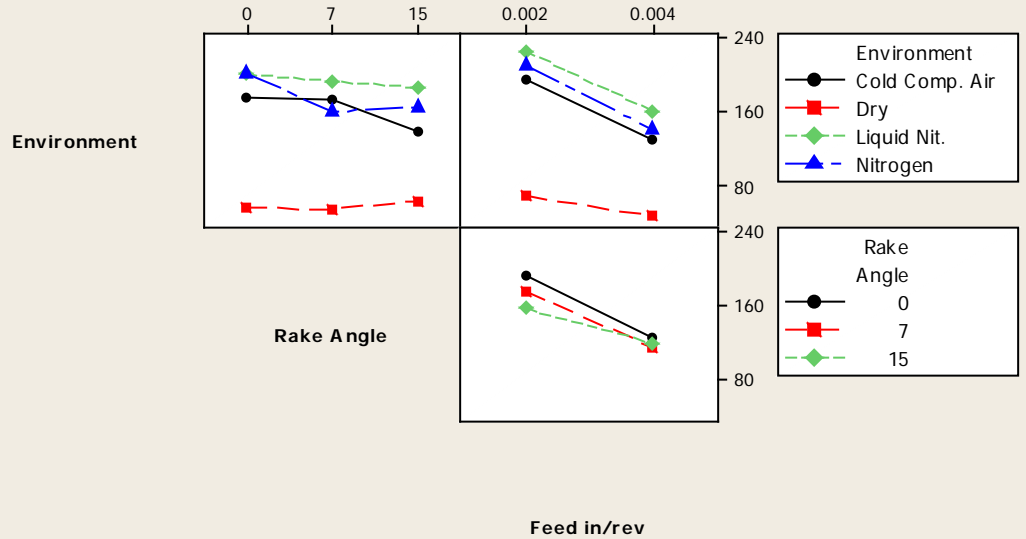
Obs	Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
53	99.795	178.396	19.258	-78.601	-2.36 R
54	79.939	178.396	19.258	-98.457	-2.95 R
55	452.997	178.396	19.258	274.601	8.23 R
56	80.853	178.396	19.258	-97.543	-2.92 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Friction Co-efficient, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.177863	0.177863	0.059288	14.96
Rake Angle	2	0.615396	0.615396	0.307698	77.64
Feed in/rev	1	0.049030	0.049030	0.049030	12.37
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.050459	0.050459	0.008410	2.12
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.009195	0.009195	0.003065	0.77
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.004762	0.004762	0.002381	0.60
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.012887	0.012887	0.002148	0.54
Error	72	0.285337	0.285337	0.003963	
Total	95	1.204929			

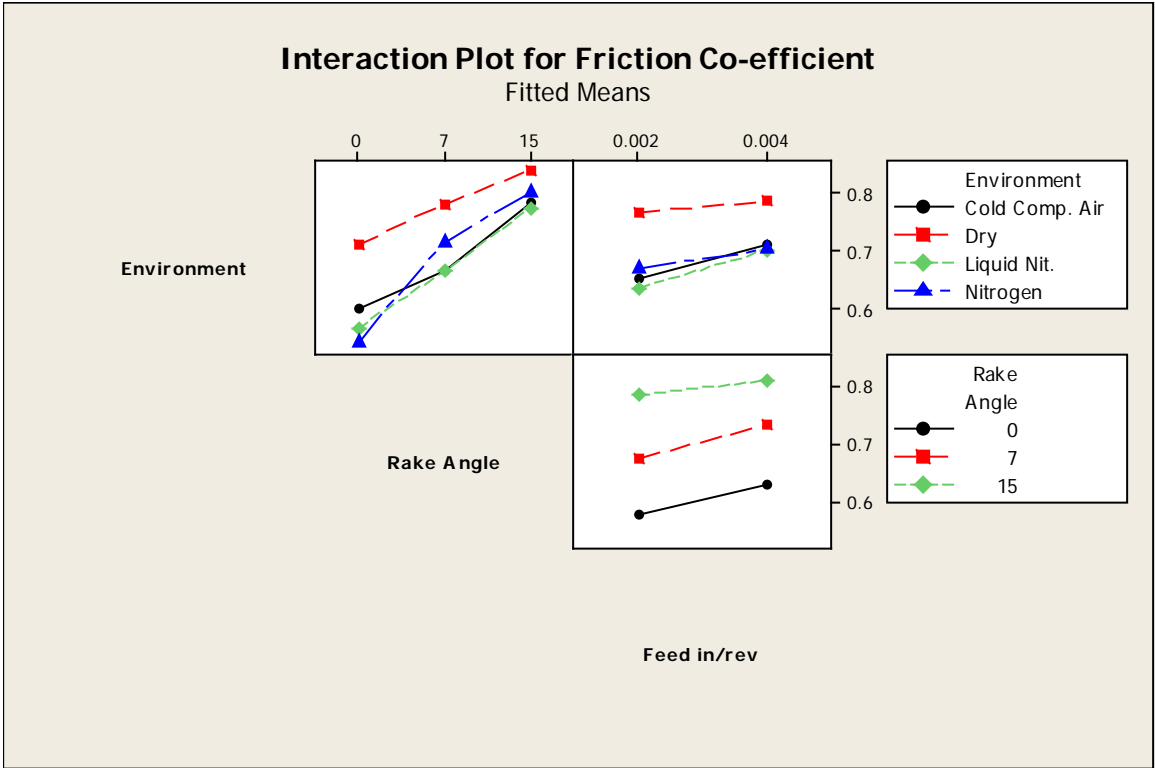
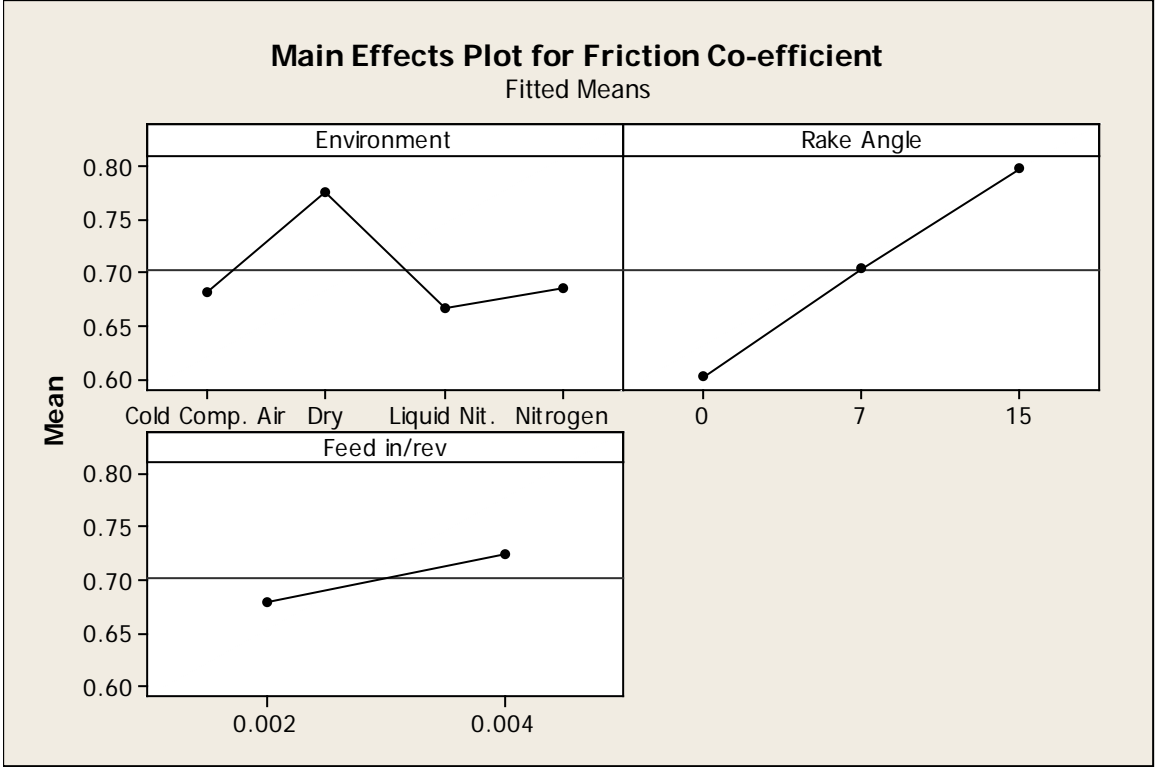
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.001
Environment*Rake Angle	0.061
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.513
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.551
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.775
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0629525 R-Sq = 76.32% R-Sq(adj) = 68.75%

Unusual Observations for Friction Co-efficient

Obs	Friction Co-efficient	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
53	0.672258	0.538656	0.031476	0.133602	2.45 R
54	0.699263	0.538656	0.031476	0.160606	2.95 R
55	0.084131	0.538656	0.031476	-0.454526	-8.34 R
56	0.698974	0.538656	0.031476	0.160318	2.94 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Normal Stress (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	8.27148E+11	8.27148E+11	2.75716E+11
Rake Angle	2	5.26694E+11	5.26694E+11	2.63347E+11
Feed in/rev	1	6195262377	6195262377	6195262377
Environment*Rake Angle	6	3.52569E+11	3.52569E+11	58761533164
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	43092830644	43092830644	14364276881
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	12003058869	12003058869	6001529435
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	78315284584	78315284584	13052547431
Error	72	1.34122E+11	1.34122E+11	1862811536
Total	95	1.98014E+12		

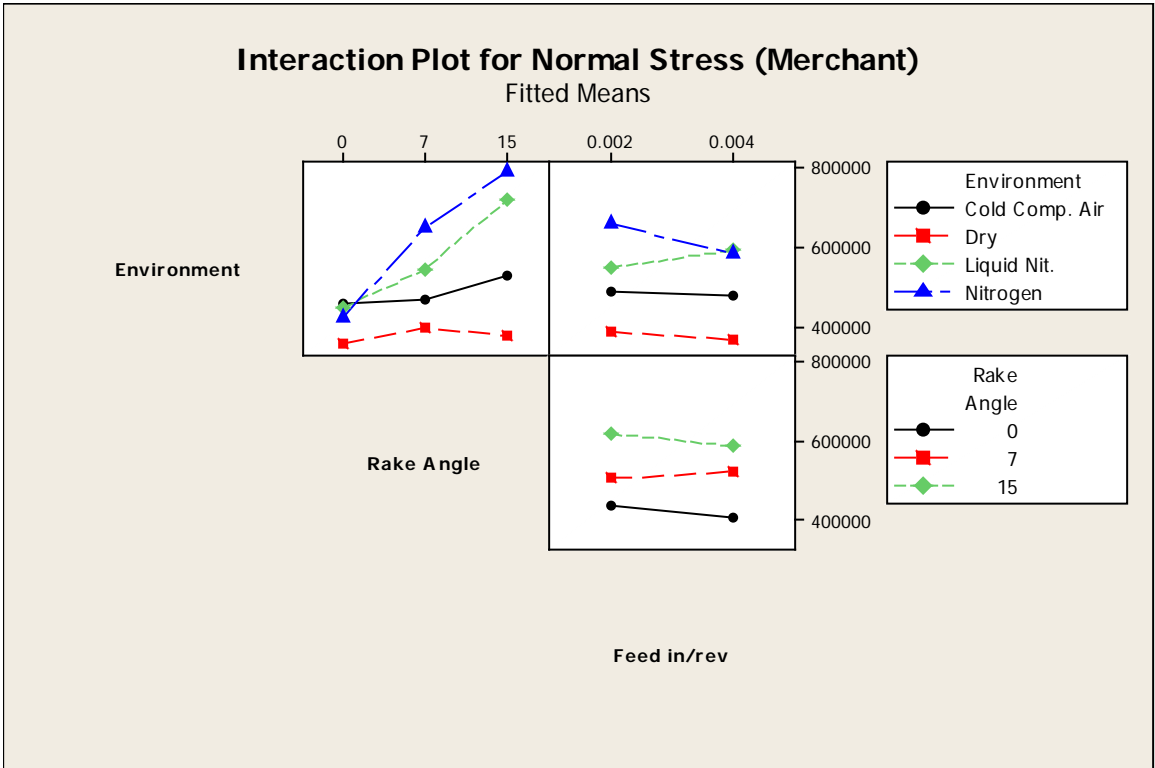
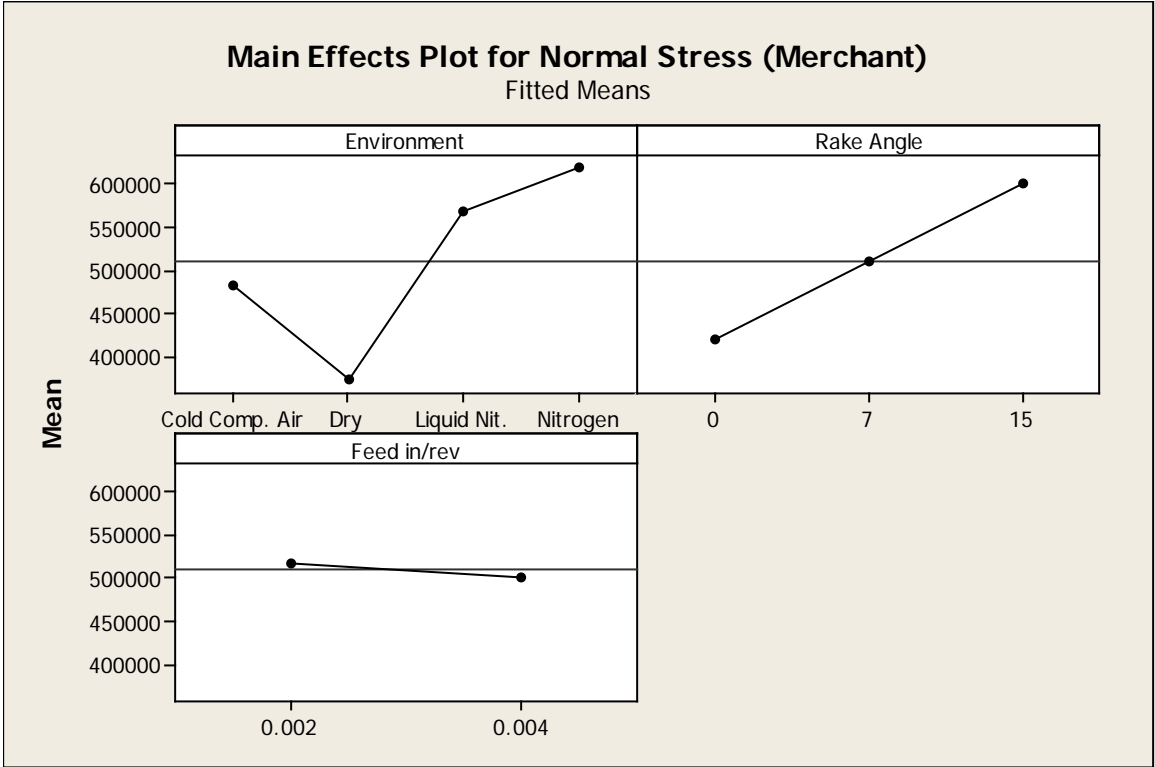
Source	F	P
Environment	148.01	0.000
Rake Angle	141.37	0.000
Feed in/rev	3.33	0.072
Environment*Rake Angle	31.54	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	7.71	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	3.22	0.046
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	7.01	0.000
Error		
Total		

S = 43160.3 R-Sq = 93.23% R-Sq(adj) = 91.06%

Unusual Observations for Normal Stress (Merchant)

Obs	Normal Stress (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
52	544082	449613	21580	94469	2.53 R
54	483674	391119	21580	92555	2.48 R
55	143238	391119	21580	-247881	-6.63 R
56	487134	391119	21580	96015	2.57 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear strain (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	70.3490	70.3490	23.4497	3282.20
Rake Angle	2	46.5596	46.5596	23.2798	3258.43
Feed in/rev	1	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.03
Environment*Rake Angle	6	2.1255	2.1255	0.3543	49.58
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	3.8642	3.8642	1.2881	180.29
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.7573	0.7573	0.3786	53.00
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	1.3205	1.3205	0.2201	30.81
Error	72	0.5144	0.5144	0.0071	
Total	95	125.4906			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.860
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0845251 R-Sq = 99.59% R-Sq(adj) = 99.46%

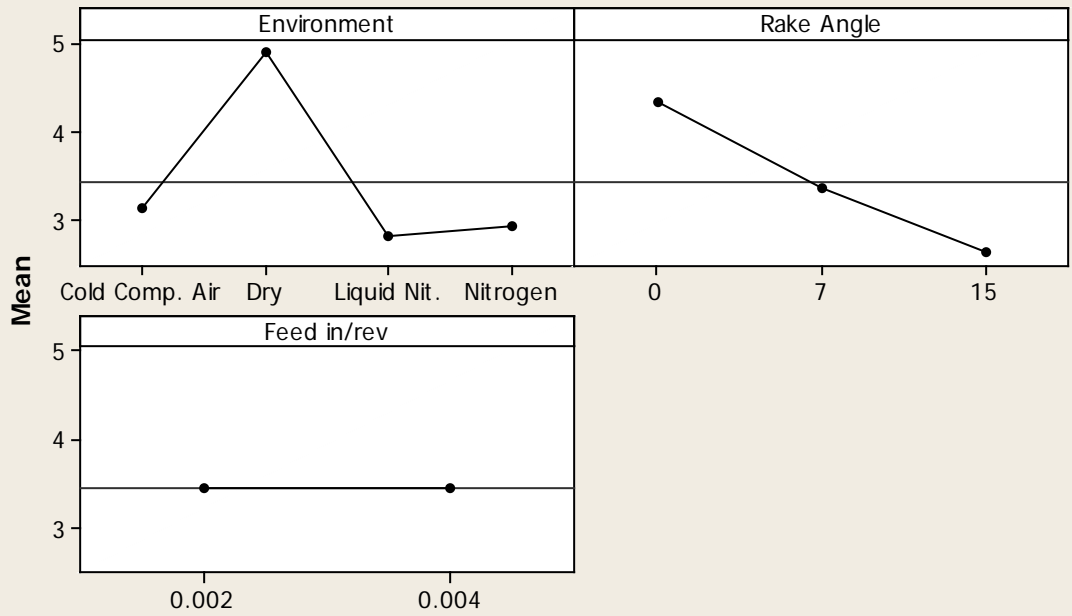
Unusual Observations for Shear strain (Merchant)

Obs	Shear strain (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
13	4.66010	4.42968	0.04226	0.23042	3.15 R
16	4.26151	4.42968	0.04226	-0.16817	-2.30 R
21	3.51453	3.67571	0.04226	-0.16118	-2.20 R
22	4.04655	3.67571	0.04226	0.37084	5.07 R
23	3.43501	3.67571	0.04226	-0.24070	-3.29 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

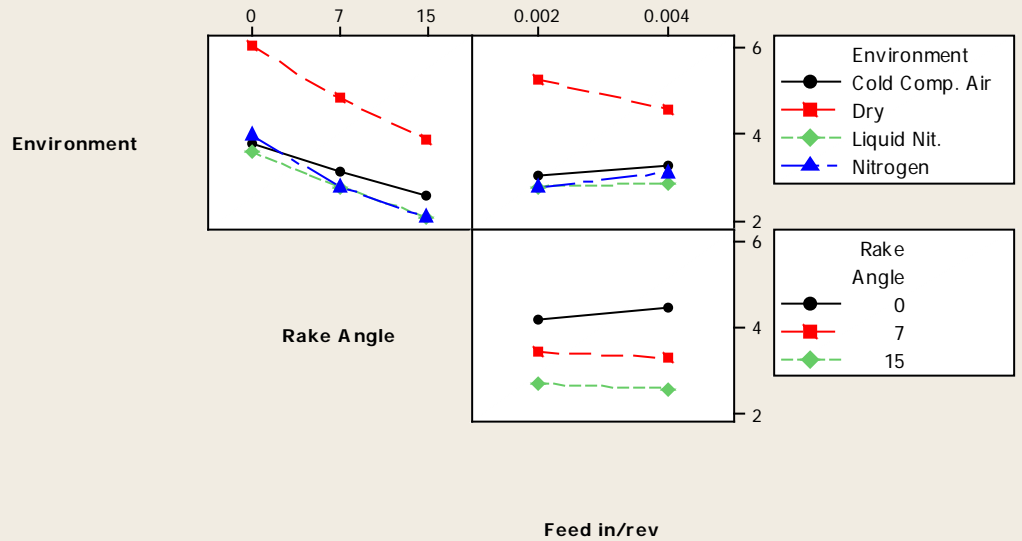
Main Effects Plot for Shear strain (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear strain (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Narmal Stress (Payton), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	8.56348E+11	8.56348E+11	2.85449E+11
Rake Angle	2	5.26749E+11	5.26749E+11	2.63375E+11
Feed in/rev	1	27163029022	27163029022	27163029022
Environment*Rake Angle	6	2.76508E+11	2.76508E+11	46084632270
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	36719927871	36719927871	12239975957
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	10529038345	10529038345	5264519173
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	64807176161	64807176161	10801196027
Error	72	1.00406E+11	1.00406E+11	1394522449
Total	95	1.89923E+12		

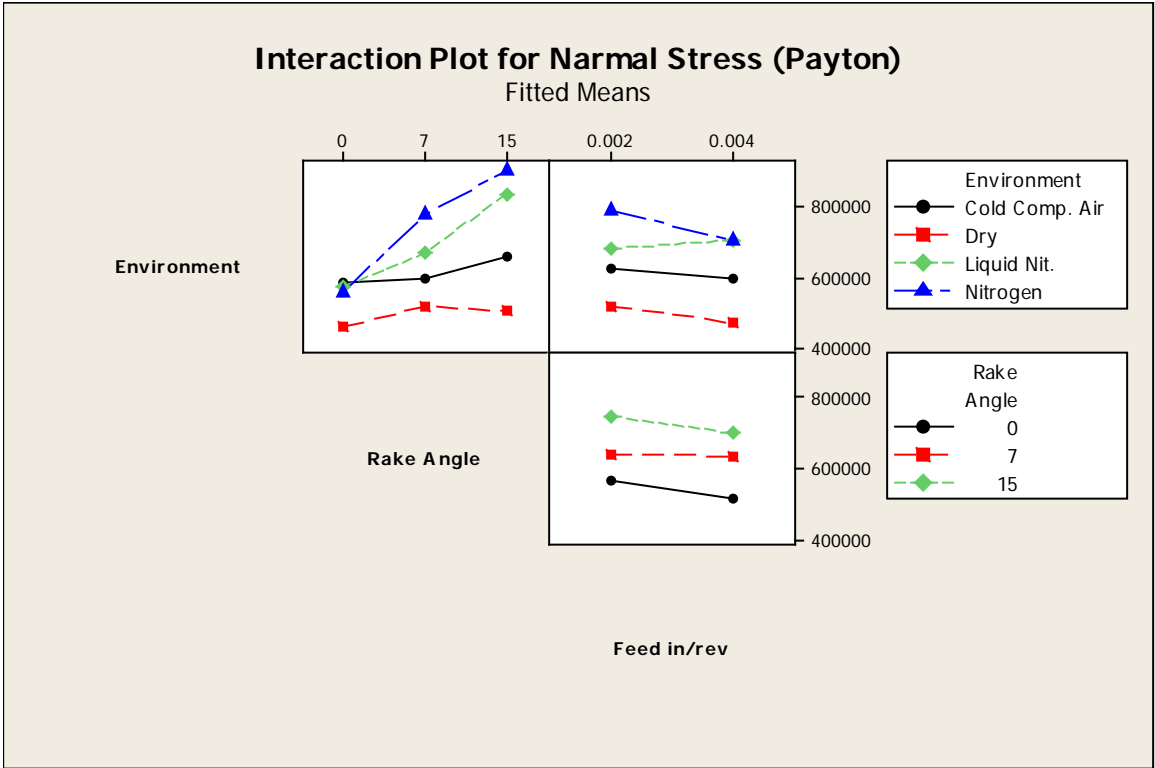
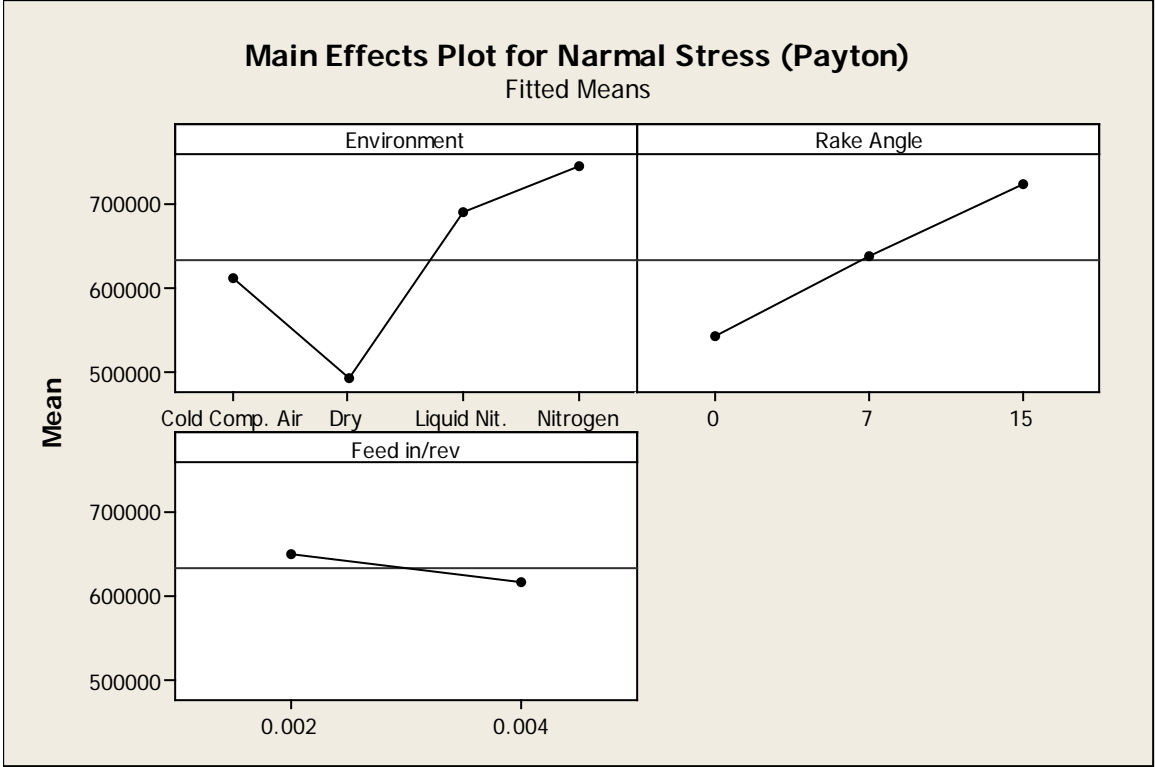
Source	F	P
Environment	204.69	0.000
Rake Angle	188.86	0.000
Feed in/rev	19.48	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	33.05	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	8.78	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	3.78	0.028
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	7.75	0.000
Error		
Total		

S = 37343.3 R-Sq = 94.71% R-Sq(adj) = 93.02%

Unusual Observations for Narmal Stress (Payton)

Obs	(Payton)	Narmal Stress	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
52	686917	583116	18672	103801	3.21	R
54	597268	528013	18672	69255	2.14	R
55	346087	528013	18672	-181926	-5.63	R
56	602066	528013	18672	74053	2.29	R
92	737918	806482	18672	-68563	-2.12	R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

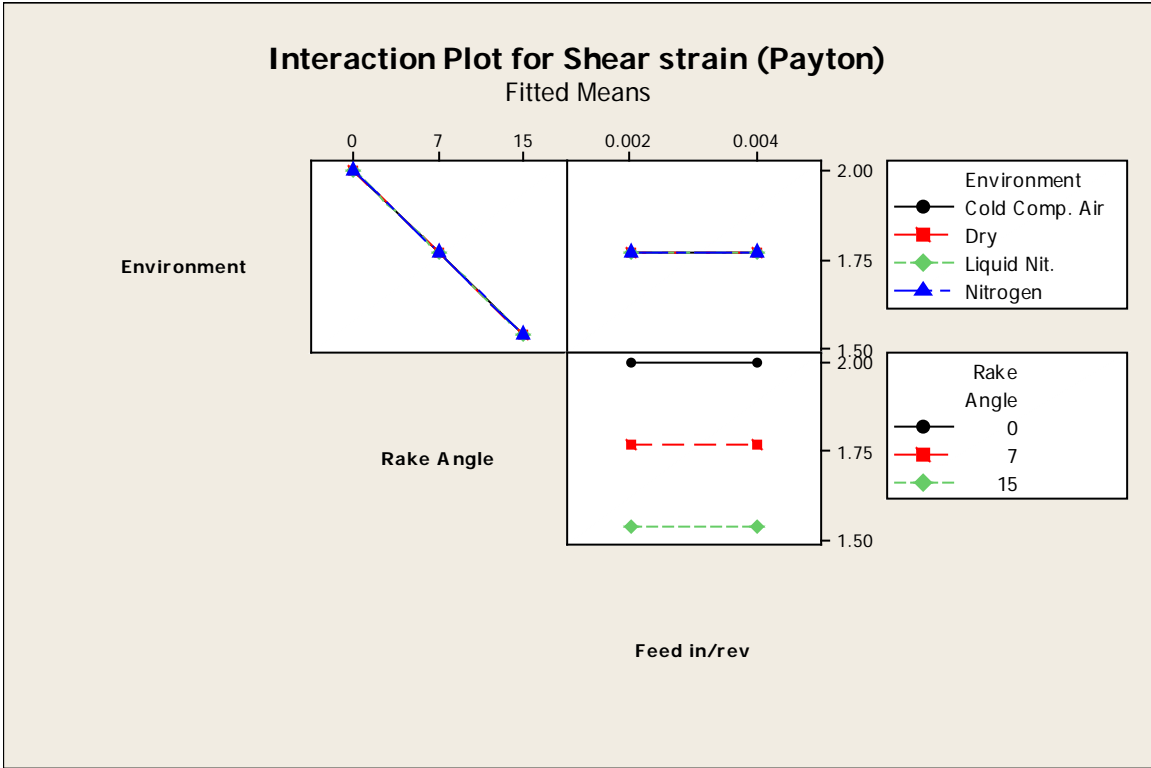
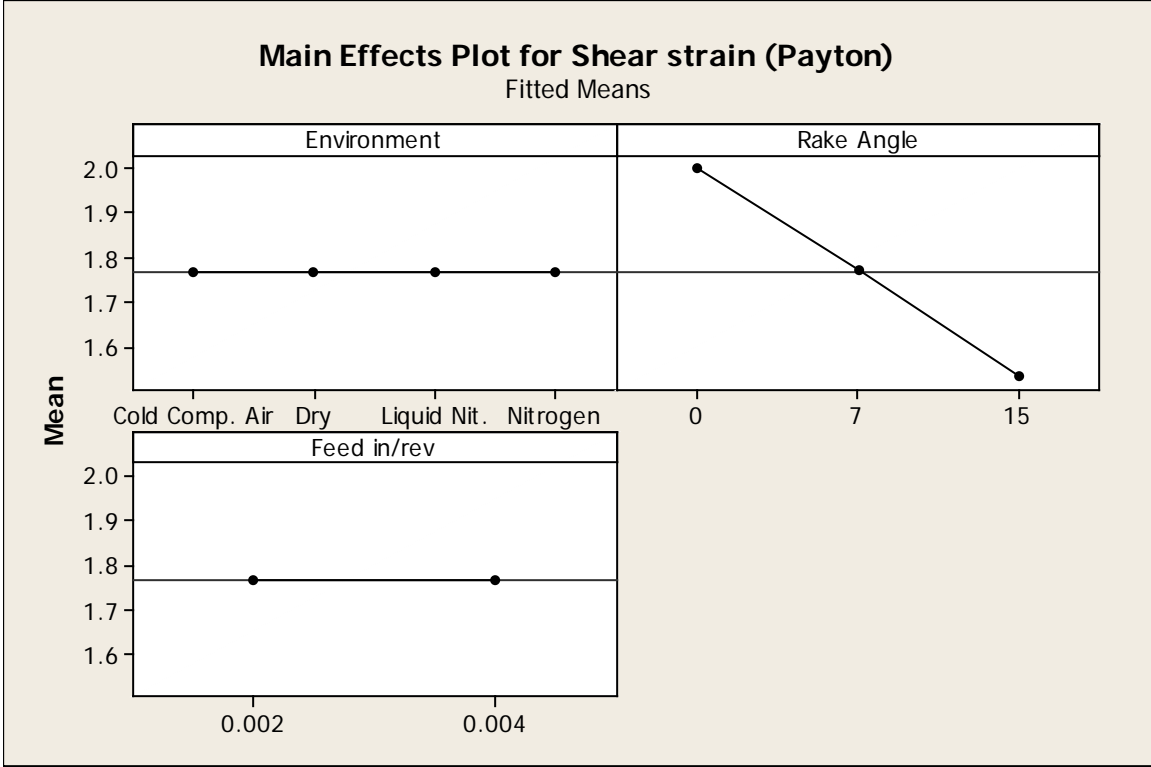


Analysis of Variance for Shear strain (Payton), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Rake Angle	2	3.46485	3.46485	1.73242	**	
Feed in/rev	1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Error	72	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000		
Total	95	3.46485				

** Denominator of F-test is zero.

S = 8.576051E-17 R-Sq = 100.00% R-Sq(adj) = 100.00%



Analysis of Variance for Shear Area, As P, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	0.0000163	0.0000163	0.0000054
Rake Angle	2	0.0000133	0.0000133	0.0000066
Feed in/rev	1	0.0000283	0.0000283	0.0000283
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.0000006	0.0000006	0.0000001
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.0000004	0.0000004	0.0000001
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.0000026	0.0000026	0.0000013
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.0000003	0.0000003	0.0000000
Error	72	0.0000002	0.0000002	0.0000000
Total	95	0.0000618		

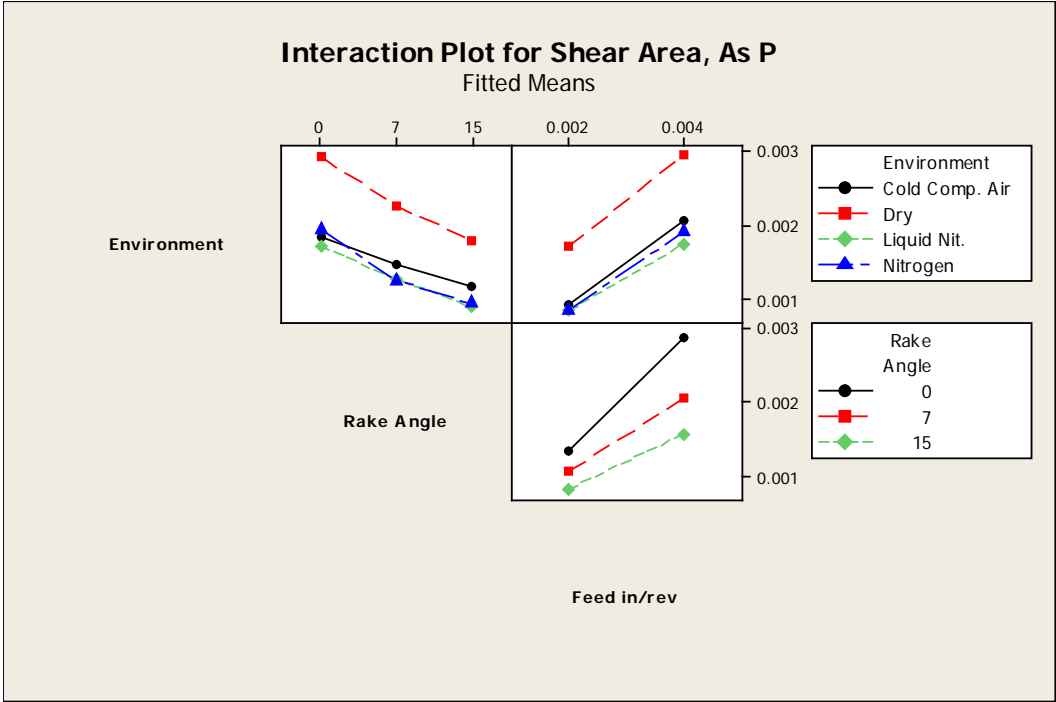
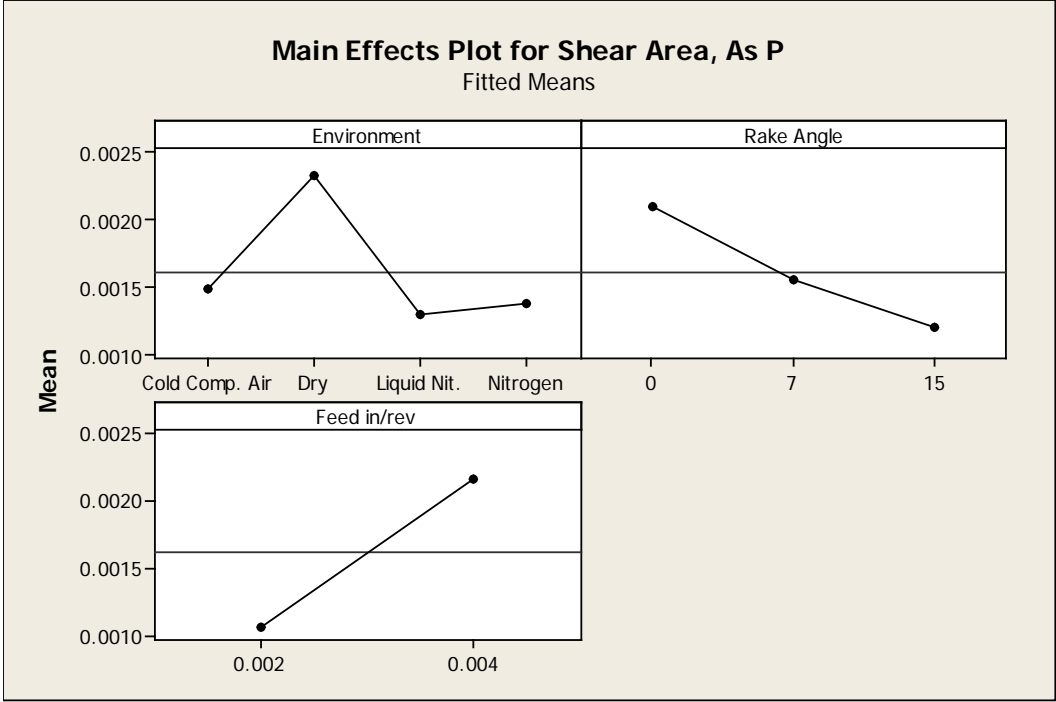
Source	F	P
Environment	2446.52	0.000
Rake Angle	2989.15	0.000
Feed in/rev	12736.92	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	43.40	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	53.92	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	582.15	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	19.87	0.000
Error		
Total		

S = 0.0000471029 R-Sq = 99.74% R-Sq(adj) = 99.66%

Unusual Observations for Shear Area, As P

Obs	Shear Area, As P	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
13	0.002983	0.002829	0.000024	0.000154	3.78 R
16	0.002716	0.002829	0.000024	-0.000113	-2.77 R
21	0.002201	0.002302	0.000024	-0.000101	-2.47 R
22	0.002534	0.002302	0.000024	0.000232	5.69 R
23	0.002150	0.002302	0.000024	-0.000151	-3.71 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) corre, using Adjusted SS for

Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	163969.4	163969.4	54656.5	68.84
Rake Angle	2	460.5	460.5	230.2	0.29
Feed in/rev	1	44185.6	44185.6	44185.6	55.65
Environment*Rake Angle	6	4534.5	4534.5	755.7	0.95
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	6101.3	6101.3	2033.8	2.56
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	1828.9	1828.9	914.5	1.15
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	5158.5	5158.5	859.8	1.08
Error	72	57163.8	57163.8	793.9	
Total	95	283402.4			

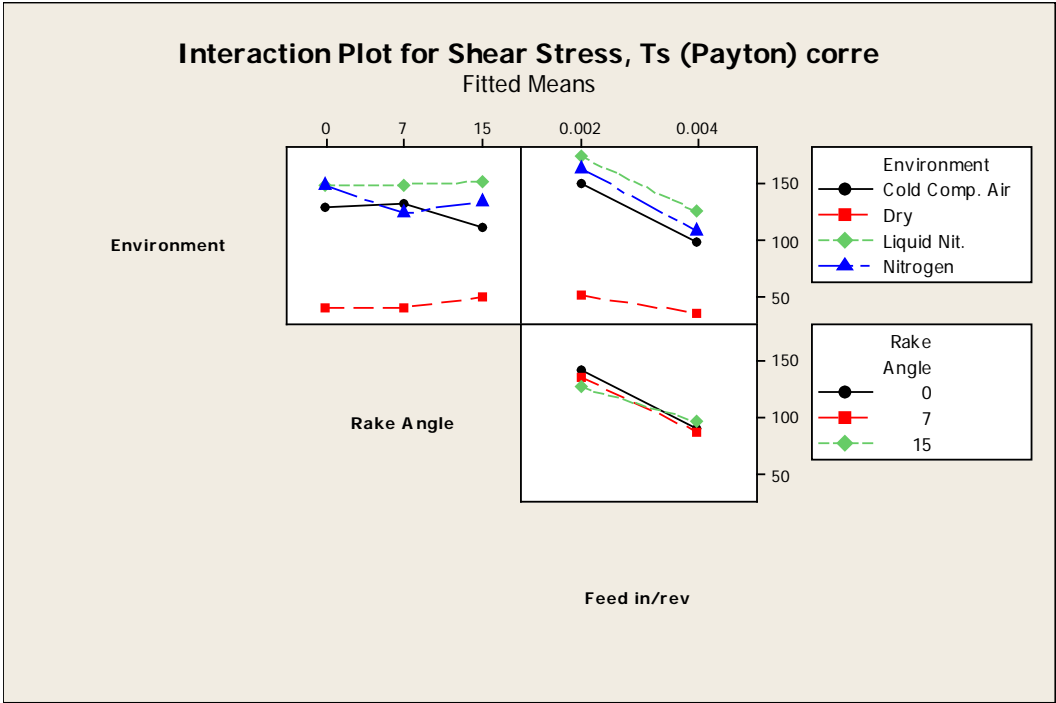
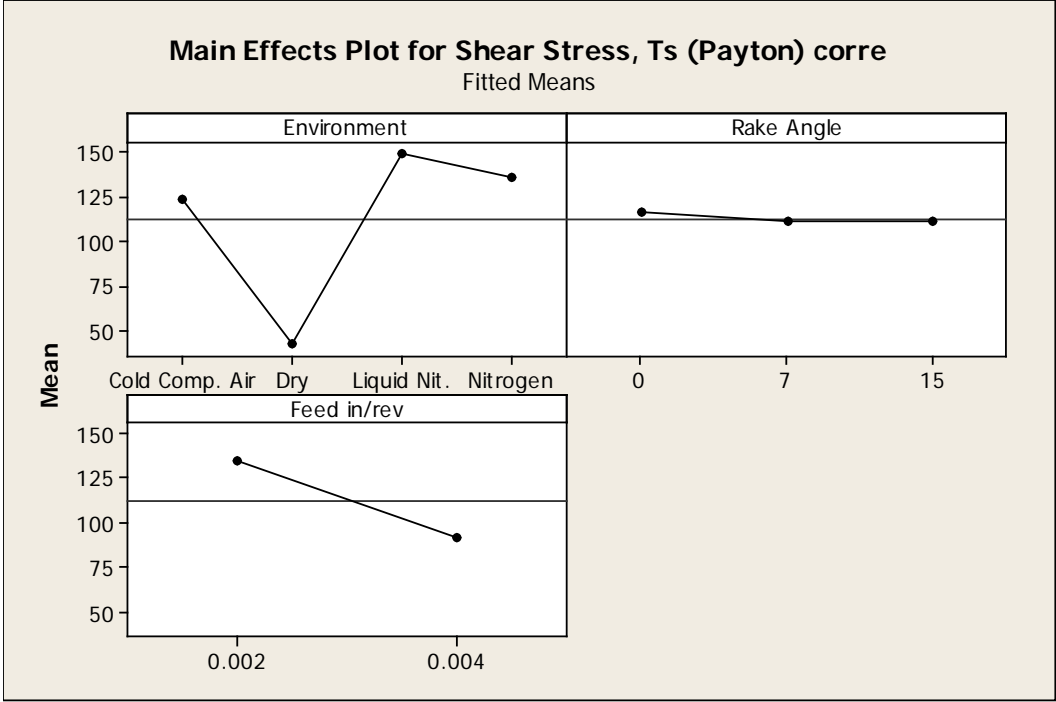
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.749
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.464
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.061
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.322
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.381
Error	
Total	

S = 28.1770 R-Sq = 79.83% R-Sq(adj) = 73.39%

Unusual Observations for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) corre

Obs	Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) corre	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
53	72.618	129.804	14.088	-57.187	-2.34 R
54	58.186	129.804	14.088	-71.618	-2.93 R
55	329.577	129.804	14.088	199.772	8.19 R
56	58.838	129.804	14.088	-70.967	-2.91 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear strain new, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	4.66764	4.66764	1.55588	1139.32
Rake Angle	2	2.70713	2.70713	1.35356	991.17
Feed in/rev	1	0.03098	0.03098	0.03098	22.69
Environment*Rake Angle	6	1.13194	1.13194	0.18866	138.15
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.24737	0.24737	0.08246	60.38
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.05767	0.05767	0.02884	21.12
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.45669	0.45669	0.07611	55.74
Error	72	0.09832	0.09832	0.00137	
Total	95	9.39775			

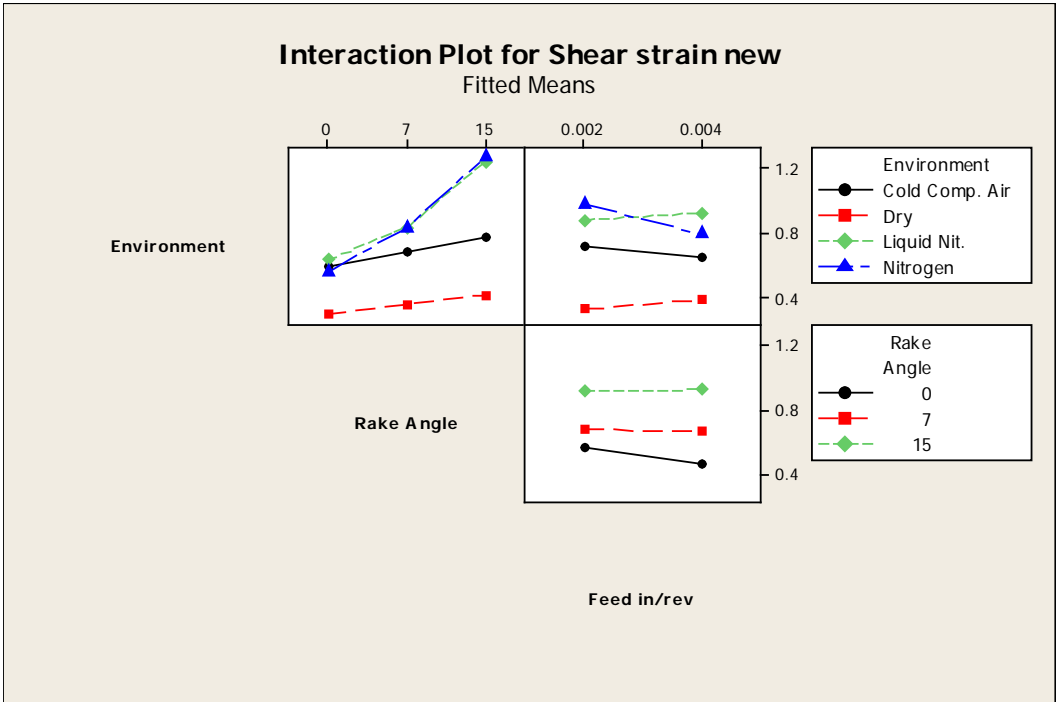
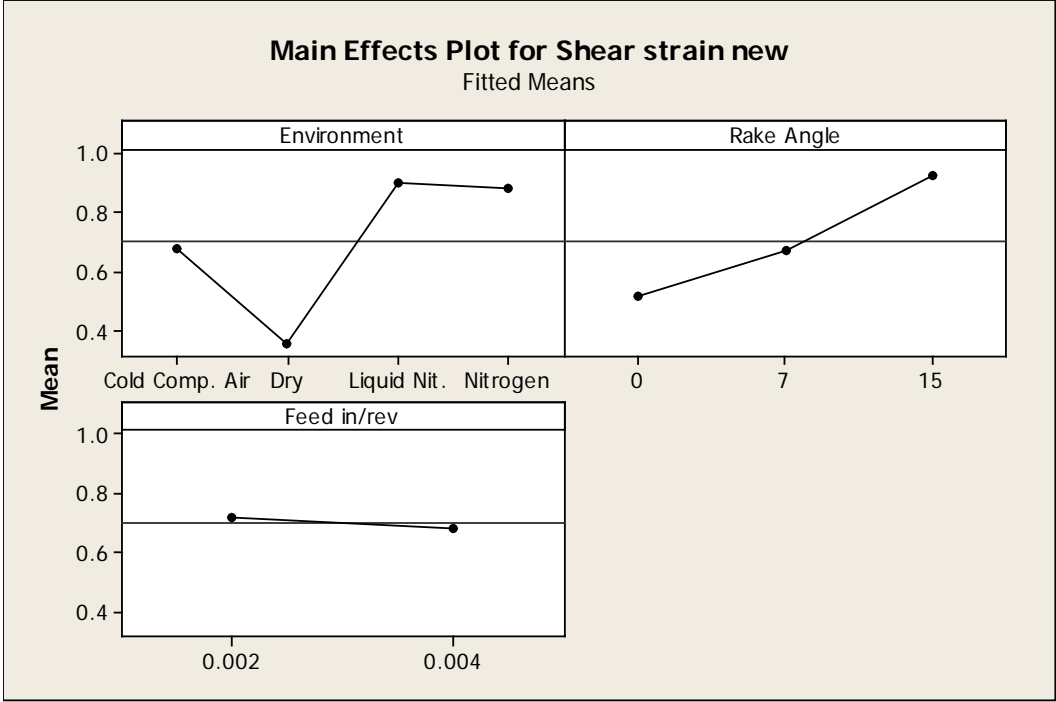
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0369544 R-Sq = 98.95% R-Sq(adj) = 98.62%

Unusual Observations for Shear strain new

Obs	strain new	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
66	1.57100	1.48274	0.01848	0.08826	2.76 R
68	1.39145	1.48274	0.01848	-0.09128	-2.85 R
89	1.23814	1.07912	0.01848	0.15902	4.97 R
92	0.94261	1.07912	0.01848	-0.13651	-4.27 R
94	1.32809	1.39610	0.01848	-0.06801	-2.13 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



1020 STEEL; UNCOATED CARBIDE

General Linear Model: Fy Thrust, Fz Cutting, ... versus Environment, Rake Angle

Factor	Type	Levels	Values
Environment	fixed	4	Cold Comp. Air, Dry, Liquid Nit., Nitrogen
Rake Angle	fixed	3	0, 7, 15
Feed in/rev	fixed	2	0.002, 0.004

Analysis of Variance for Fy Thrust, using Adjusted SS for Tests

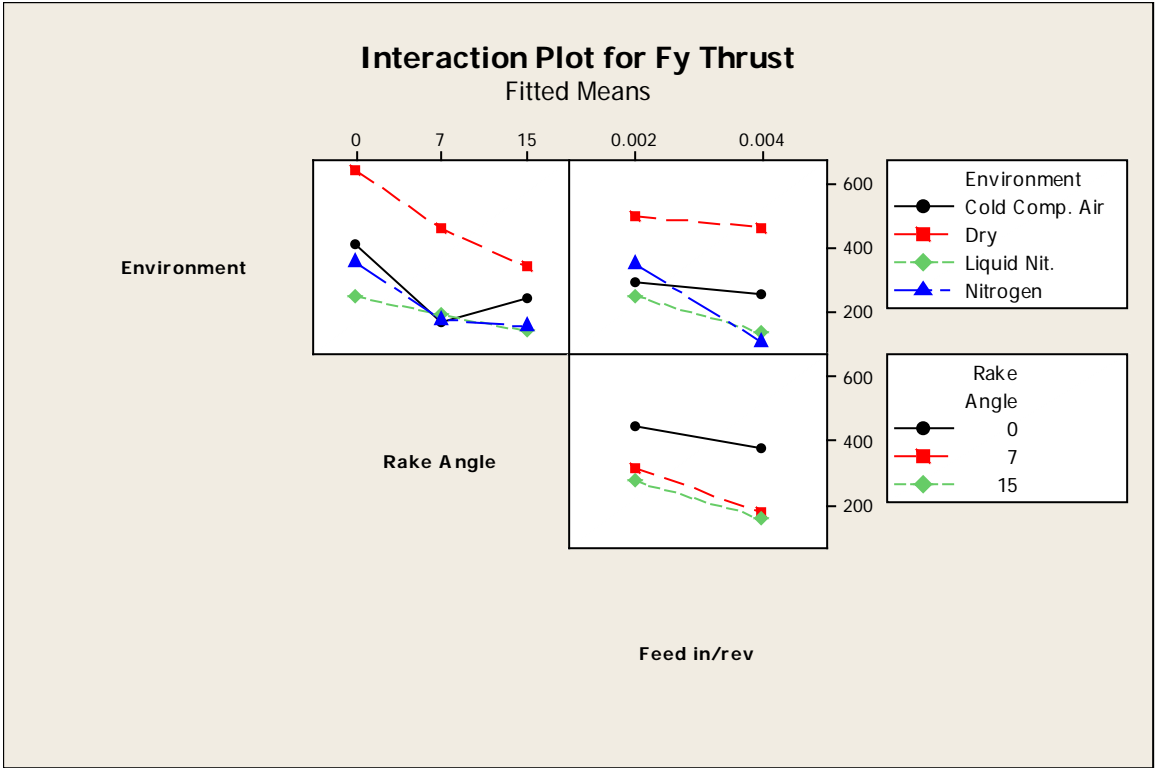
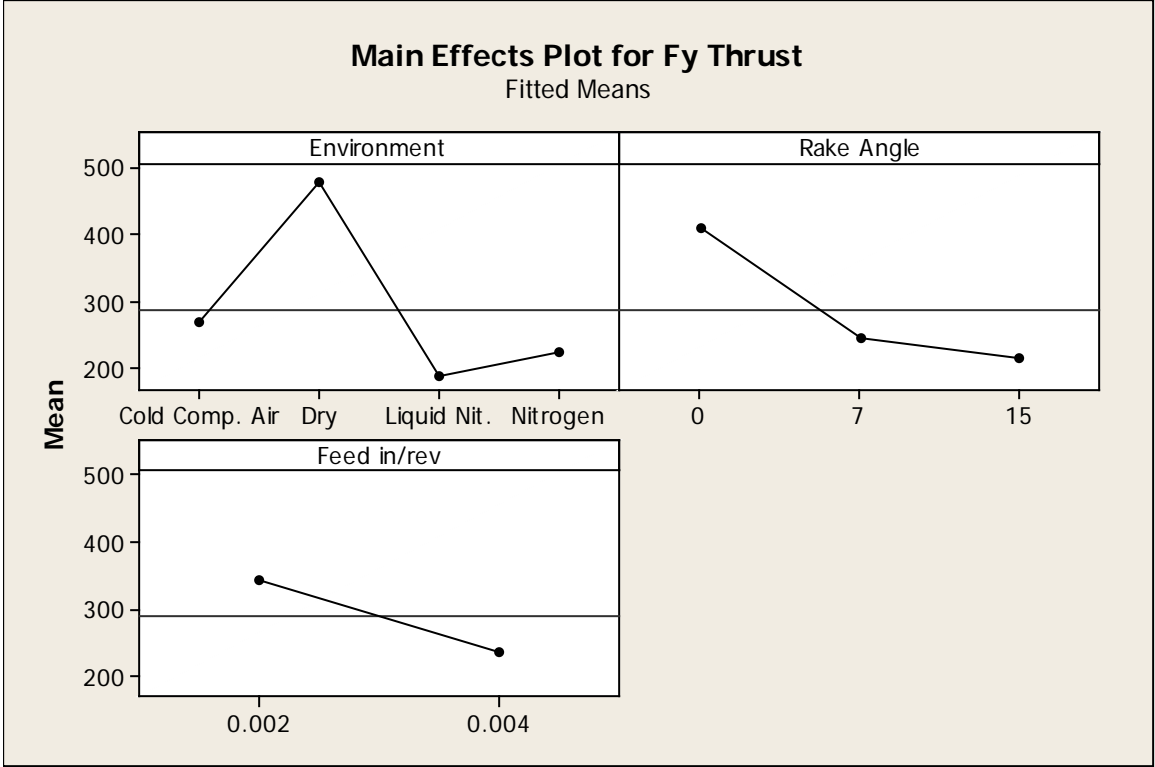
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	1207769	1207769	402590	106.09	0.000
Rake Angle	2	706070	706070	353035	93.03	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	282527	282527	282527	74.45	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	153454	153454	25576	6.74	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	169528	169528	56509	14.89	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	22828	22828	11414	3.01	0.056
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	285085	285085	47514	12.52	0.000
Error	72	273229	273229	3795		
Total	95	3100488				

S = 61.6023 R-Sq = 91.19% R-Sq(adj) = 88.37%

Unusual Observations for Fy Thrust

Obs	Fy Thrust	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	466.152	700.569	30.801	-234.417	-4.39 R
6	872.213	700.569	30.801	171.645	3.22 R
8	869.808	700.569	30.801	169.240	3.17 R
17	512.617	391.351	30.801	121.266	2.27 R
57	396.148	241.206	30.801	154.942	2.90 R
76	394.842	268.276	30.801	126.566	2.37 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for **Fz Cutting**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

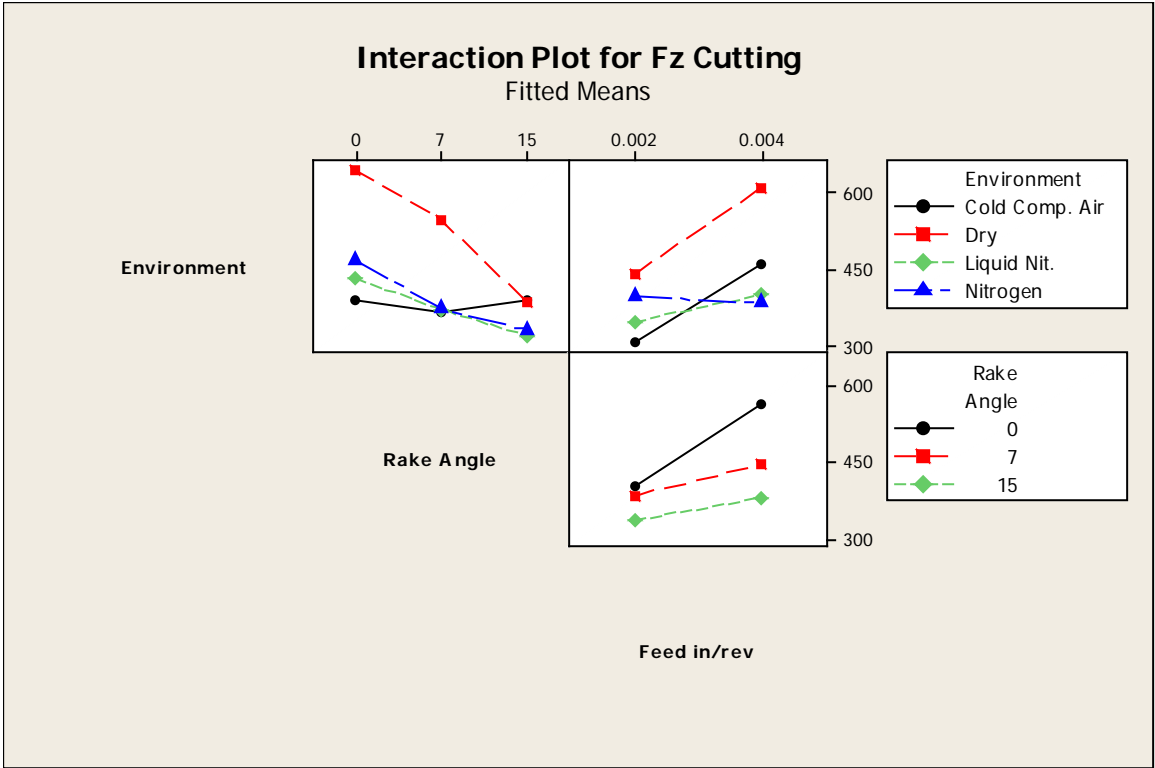
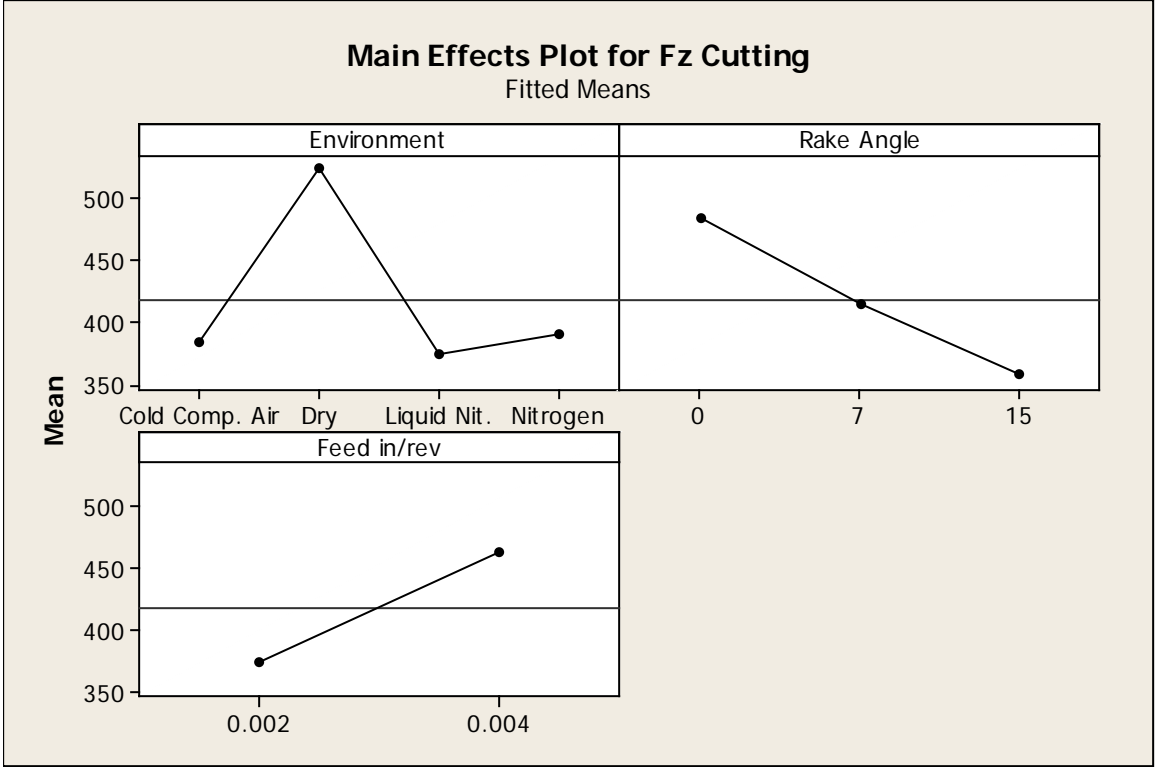
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	366676	366676	122225	63.06	0.000
Rake Angle	2	254166	254166	127083	65.57	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	193059	193059	193059	99.61	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	142727	142727	23788	12.27	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	128588	128588	42863	22.11	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	63870	63870	31935	16.48	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	128584	128584	21431	11.06	0.000
Error	72	139549	139549	1938		
Total	95	1417218				

S = 44.0248 R-Sq = 90.15% R-Sq(adj) = 87.01%

Unusual Observations for Fz Cutting

Obs	Fz Cutting	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	656.372	770.586	22.012	-114.214	-3.00 R
6	871.452	770.586	22.012	100.866	2.65 R
7	658.843	770.586	22.012	-111.743	-2.93 R
8	895.677	770.586	22.012	125.091	3.28 R
28	364.375	218.694	22.012	145.681	3.82 R
57	431.403	340.291	22.012	91.112	2.39 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Resultant, using Adjusted SS for Tests

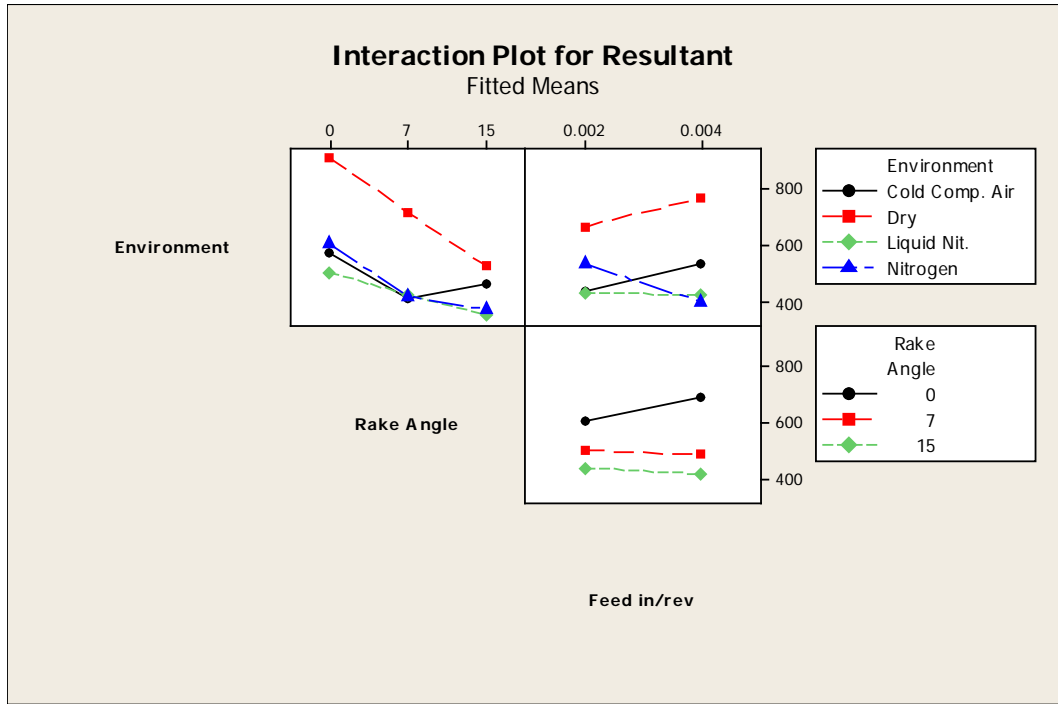
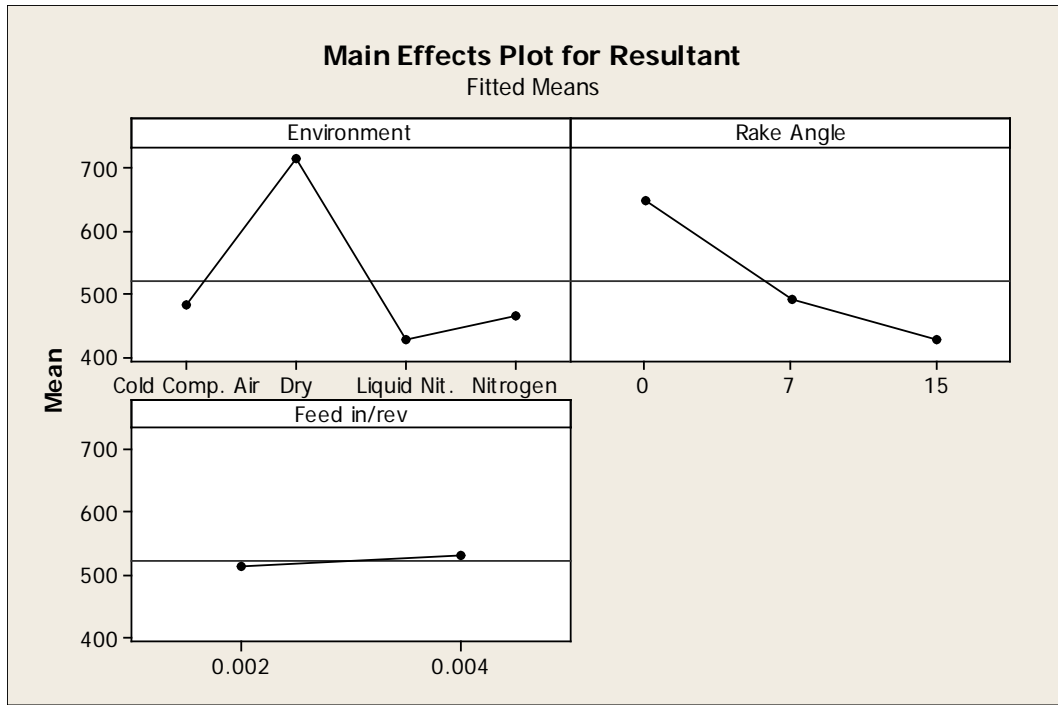
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	1243252	1243252	414417	92.96	0.000
Rake Angle	2	822897	822897	411449	92.30	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	6407	6407	6407	1.44	0.235
Environment*Rake Angle	6	221763	221763	36960	8.29	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	218630	218630	72877	16.35	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	60355	60355	30177	6.77	0.002
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	335784	335784	55964	12.55	0.000
Error	72	320962	320962	4458		
Total	95	3230050				

S = 66.7668 R-Sq = 90.06% R-Sq(adj) = 86.89%

Unusual Observations for Resultant

Obs	Resultant	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	805.06	1043.42	33.38	-238.36	-4.12 R
6	1232.96	1043.42	33.38	189.54	3.28 R
7	887.15	1043.42	33.38	-156.27	-2.70 R
8	1248.52	1043.42	33.38	205.10	3.55 R
57	585.70	418.95	33.38	166.74	2.88 R
76	581.17	448.50	33.38	132.67	2.29 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Chip thickness ratio, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	0.194409	0.194409	0.064803	3587.48
Rake Angle	2	0.111856	0.111856	0.055928	3096.17
Feed in/rev	1	0.022293	0.022293	0.022293	1234.14
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.294745	0.294745	0.049124	2719.50
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.025622	0.025622	0.008541	472.82
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.000420	0.000420	0.000210	11.63
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.006868	0.006868	0.001145	63.37
Error	72	0.001301	0.001301	0.000018	
Total	95	0.657516			

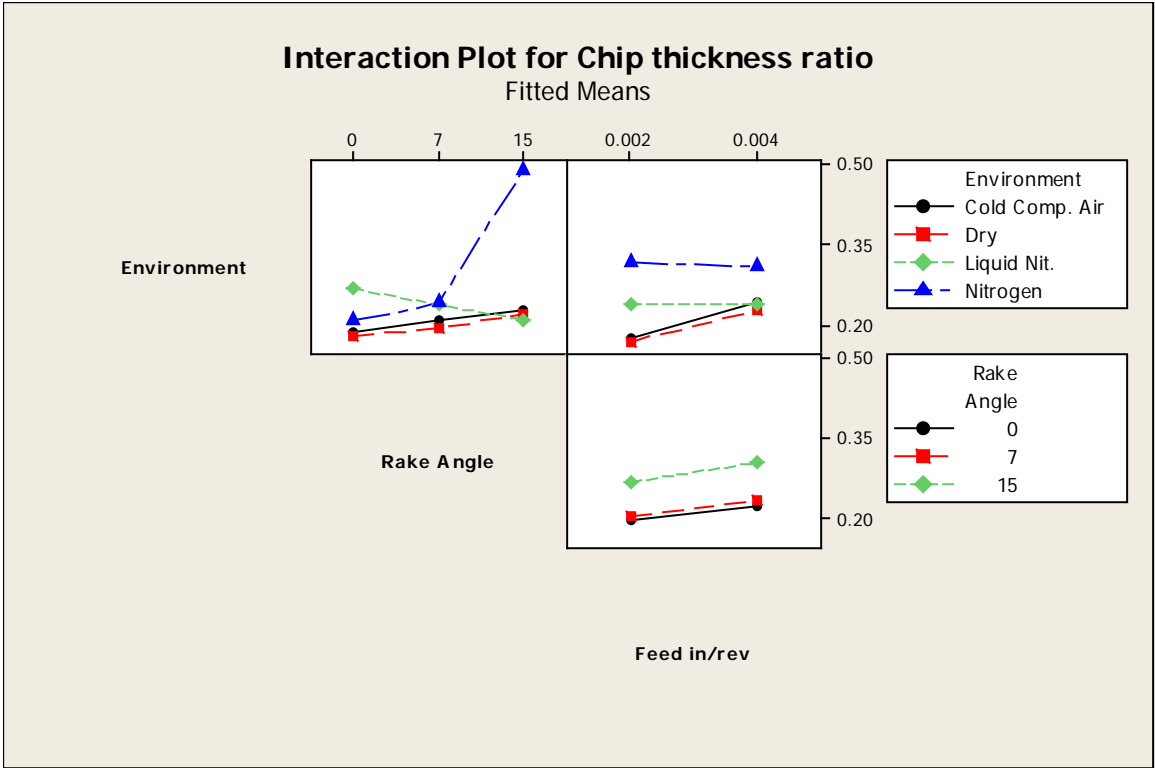
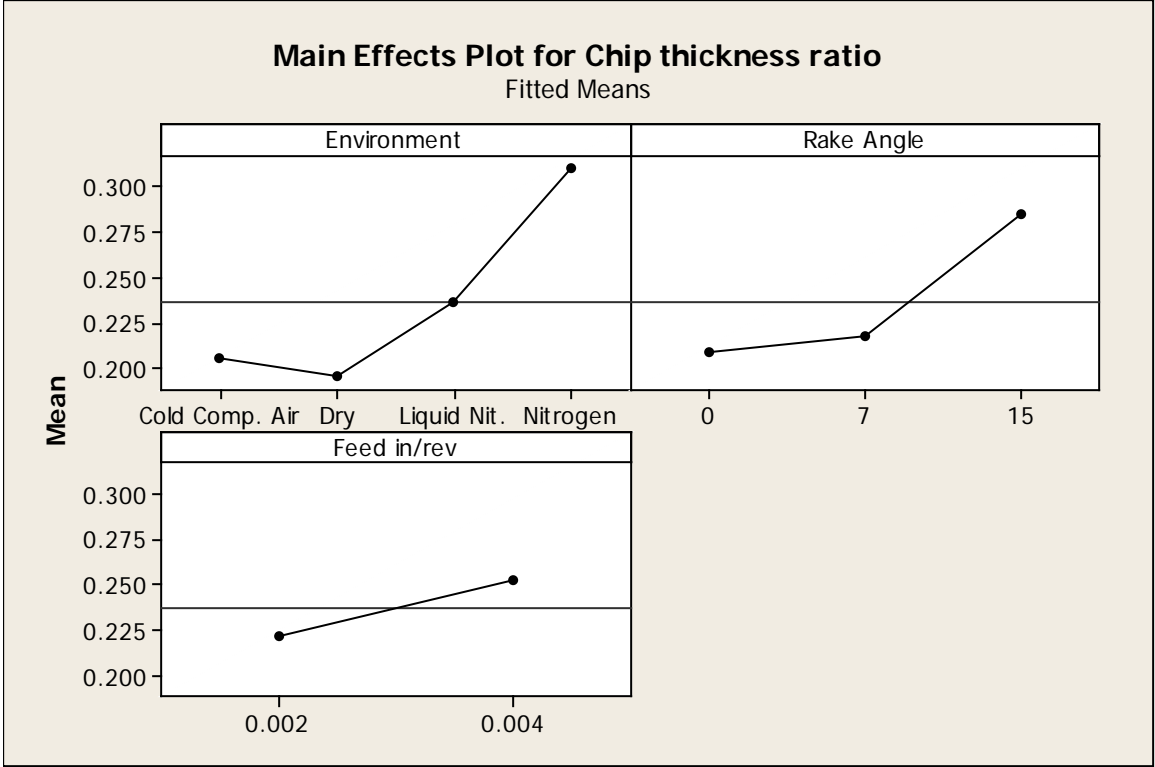
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 0.00425014 R-Sq = 99.80% R-Sq(adj) = 99.74%

Unusual Observations for Chip thickness ratio

Obs	Chip thickness ratio	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
18	0.175623	0.186564	0.002125	-0.010940	-2.97 R
19	0.197375	0.186564	0.002125	0.010811	2.94 R
65	0.512821	0.502286	0.002125	0.010535	2.86 R
67	0.487805	0.502286	0.002125	-0.014481	-3.93 R
74	0.290558	0.278959	0.002125	0.011599	3.15 R
76	0.269663	0.278959	0.002125	-0.009296	-2.53 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Phi degrees, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	654.536	654.536	218.179	3786.38
Rake Angle	2	415.171	415.171	207.586	3602.54
Feed in/rev	1	74.735	74.735	74.735	1296.98
Environment*Rake Angle	6	994.406	994.406	165.734	2876.24
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	84.221	84.221	28.074	487.21
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	2.073	2.073	1.037	17.99
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	22.402	22.402	3.734	64.79
Error	72	4.149	4.149	0.058	
Total	95	2251.693			

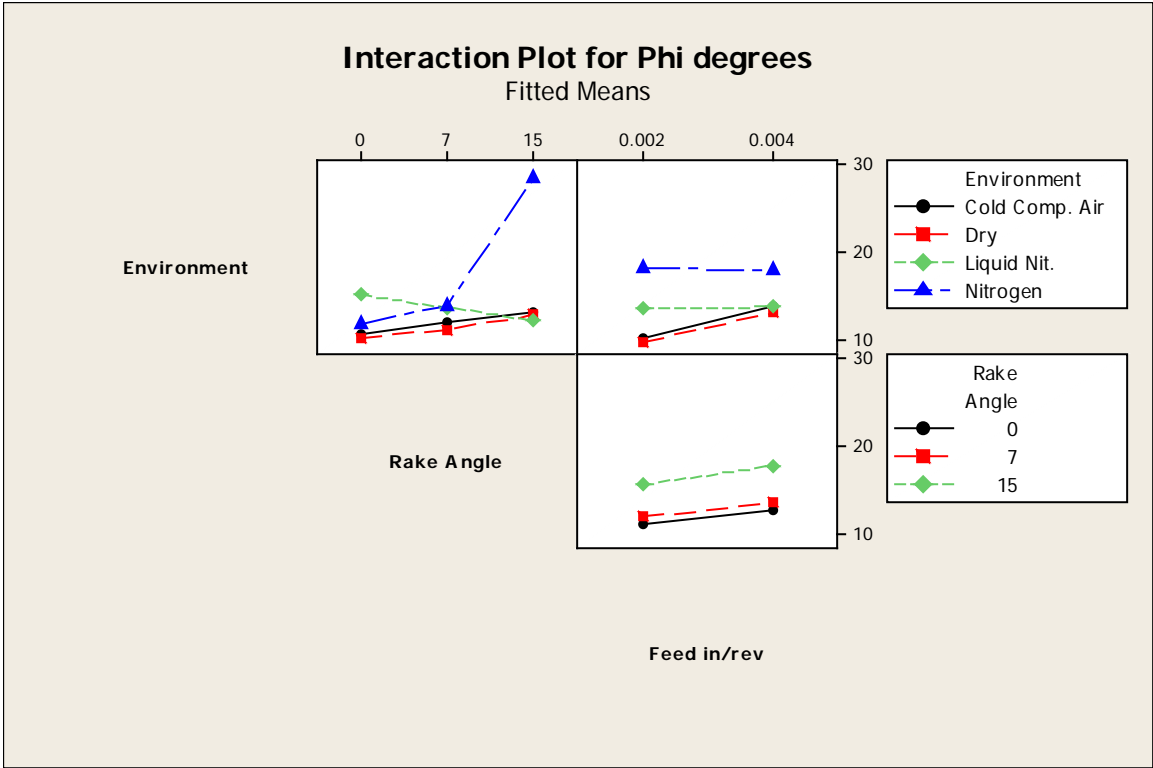
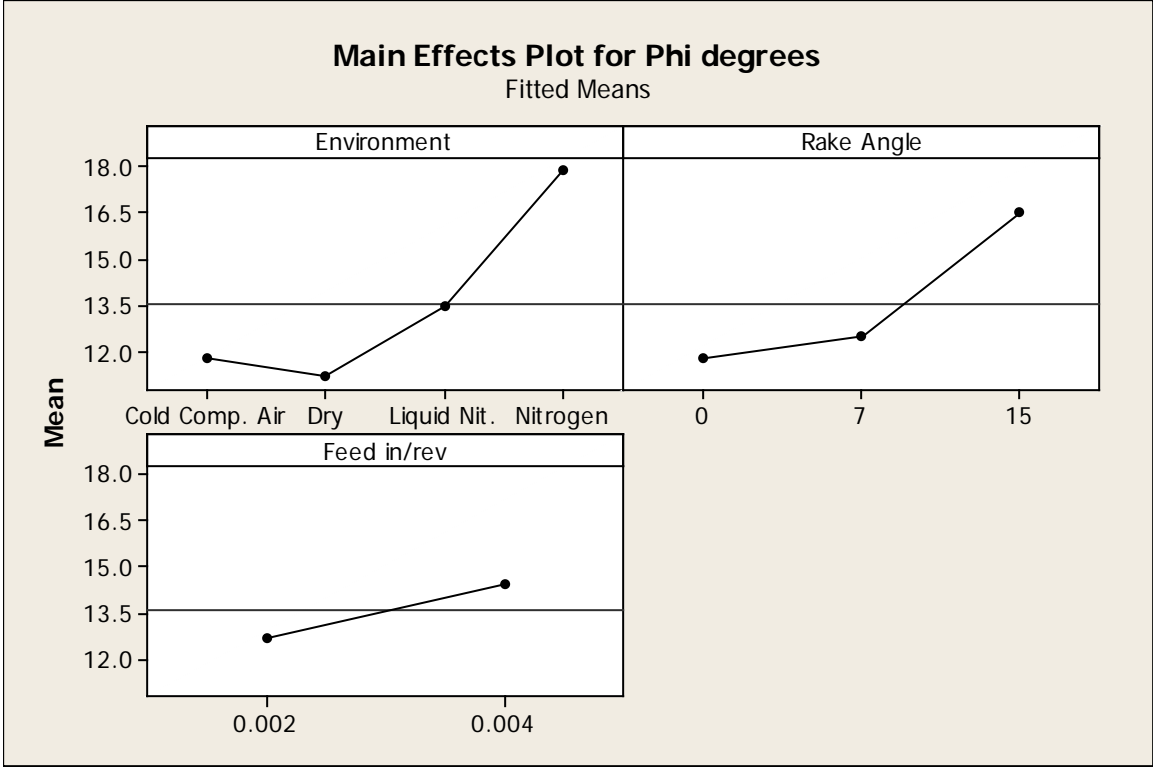
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 0.240046 R-Sq = 99.82% R-Sq(adj) = 99.76%

Unusual Observations for Phi degrees

Obs	Phi degrees	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
18	10.0772	10.7223	0.1200	-0.6450	-3.10 R
19	11.3602	10.7223	0.1200	0.6379	3.07 R
65	29.7330	29.1458	0.1200	0.5873	2.82 R
67	28.3365	29.1458	0.1200	-0.8092	-3.89 R
74	16.2017	15.5861	0.1200	0.6156	2.96 R
76	15.0916	15.5861	0.1200	-0.4945	-2.38 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Psi degrees, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	654.536	654.536	218.179	3786.38
Rake Angle	2	161.616	161.616	80.808	1402.38
Feed in/rev	1	74.735	74.735	74.735	1296.98
Environment*Rake Angle	6	994.406	994.406	165.734	2876.24
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	84.221	84.221	28.074	487.21
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	2.073	2.073	1.037	17.99
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	22.402	22.402	3.734	64.79
Error	72	4.149	4.149	0.058	
Total	95	1998.138			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

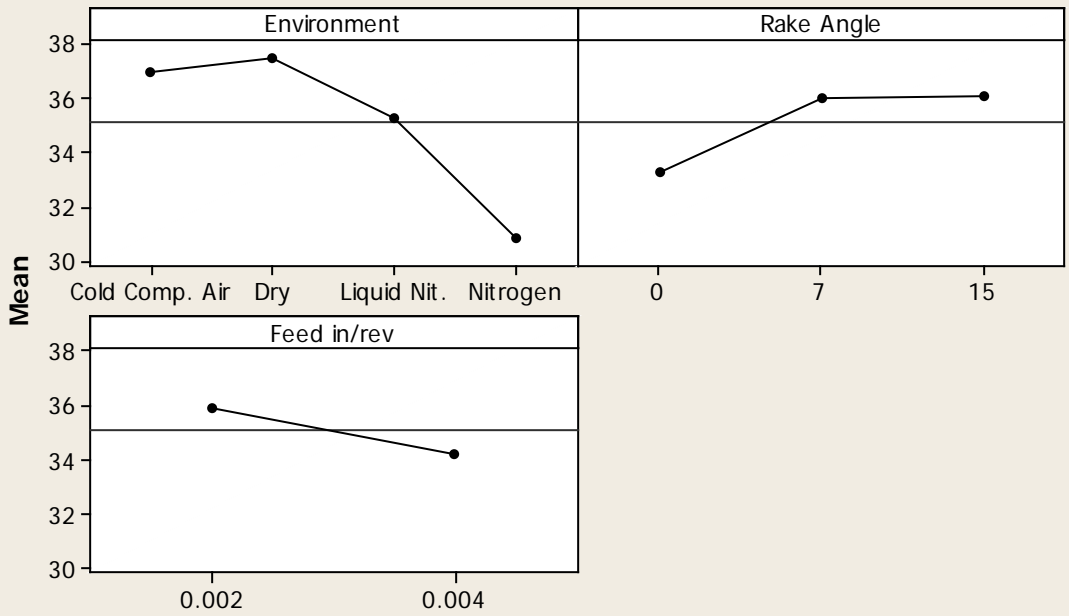
S = 0.240046 R-Sq = 99.79% R-Sq(adj) = 99.73%

Unusual Observations for Psi degrees

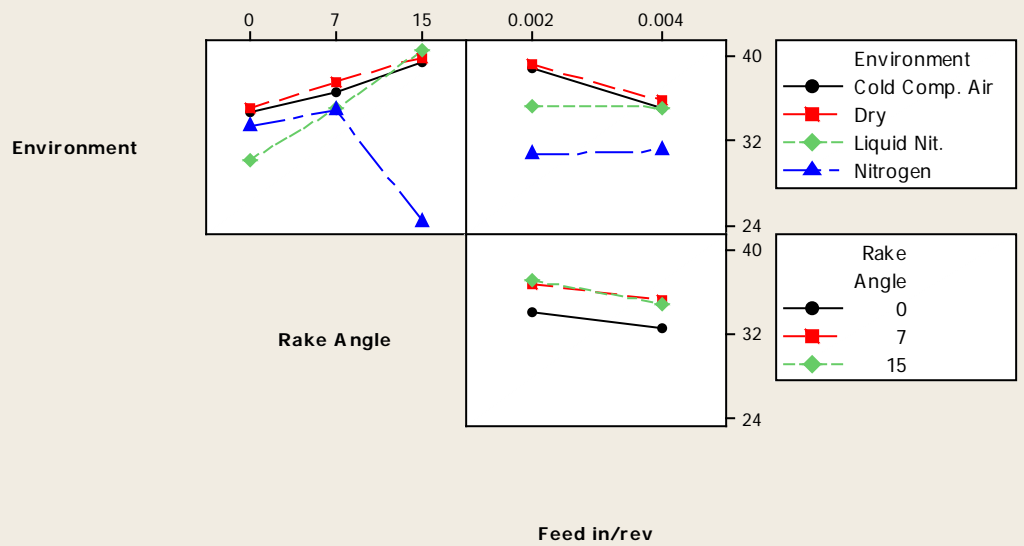
Obs	Psi degrees	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
18	42.4228	41.7777	0.1200	0.6450	3.10 R
19	41.1398	41.7777	0.1200	-0.6379	-3.07 R
65	22.7670	23.3542	0.1200	-0.5873	-2.82 R
67	24.1635	23.3542	0.1200	0.8092	3.89 R
74	28.7983	29.4139	0.1200	-0.6156	-2.96 R
76	29.9084	29.4139	0.1200	0.4945	2.38 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Psi degrees
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Psi degrees
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Friction Force (F), using Adjusted SS for Tests

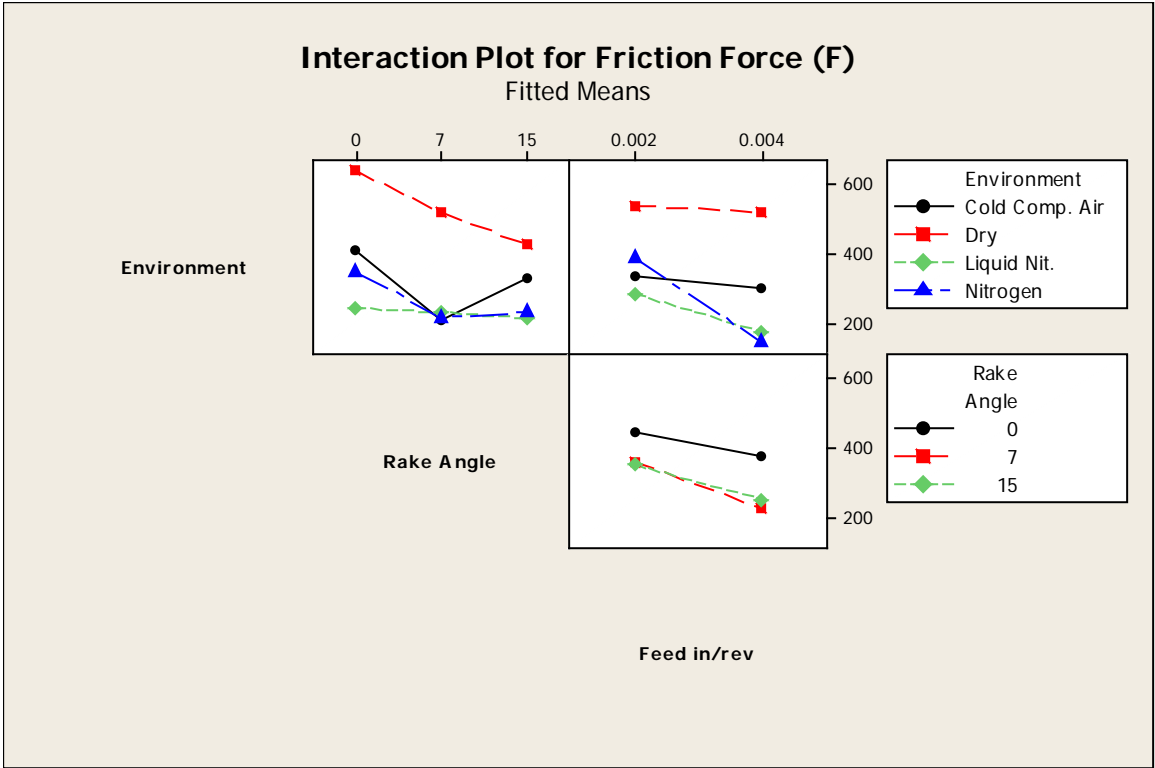
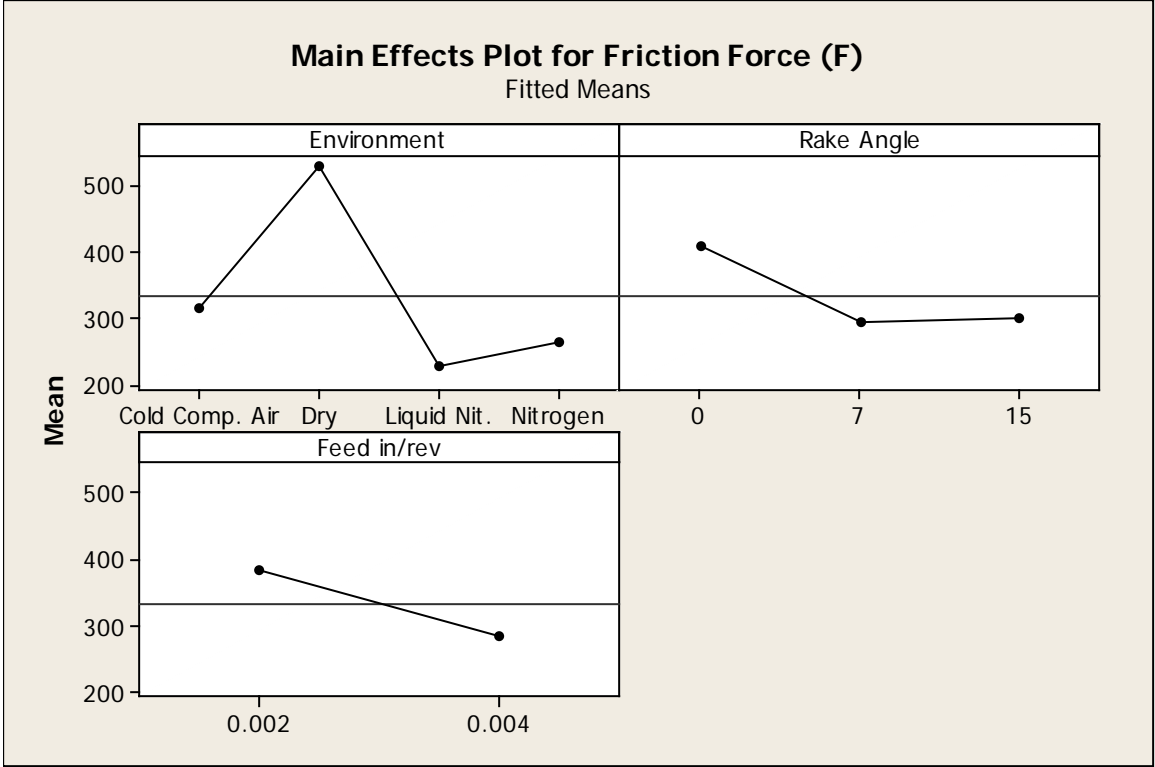
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	1290579	1290579	430193	110.06	0.000
Rake Angle	2	274196	274196	137098	35.08	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	241837	241837	241837	61.87	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	162022	162022	27004	6.91	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	184886	184886	61629	15.77	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	17368	17368	8684	2.22	0.116
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	273788	273788	45631	11.67	0.000
Error	72	281415	281415	3909		
Total	95	2726090				

S = 62.5183 R-Sq = 89.68% R-Sq(adj) = 86.38%

Unusual Observations for Friction Force (F)

Obs	Friction Force (F)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	466.152	700.569	31.259	-234.417	-4.33 R
6	872.213	700.569	31.259	171.644	3.17 R
8	869.808	700.569	31.259	169.240	3.13 R
41	264.137	380.340	31.259	-116.203	-2.15 R
57	445.770	280.879	31.259	164.890	3.05 R
76	394.842	268.276	31.259	126.566	2.34 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Normal Force (N), using Adjusted SS for Tests

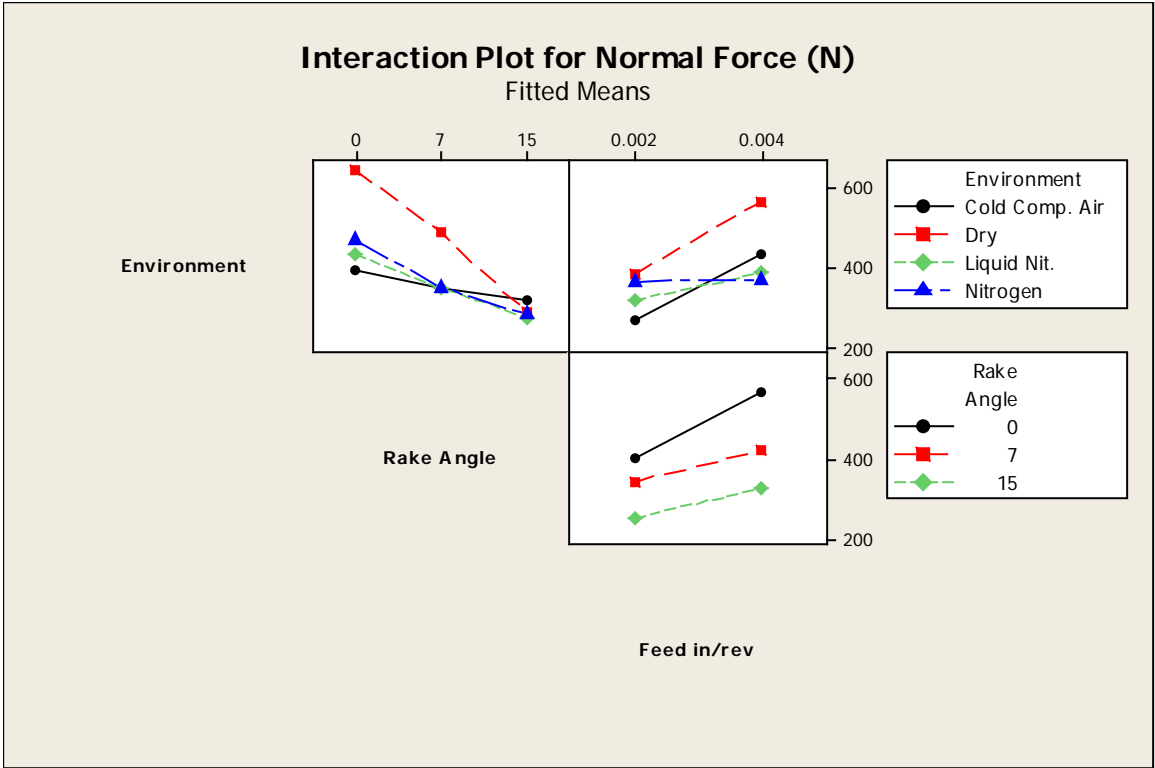
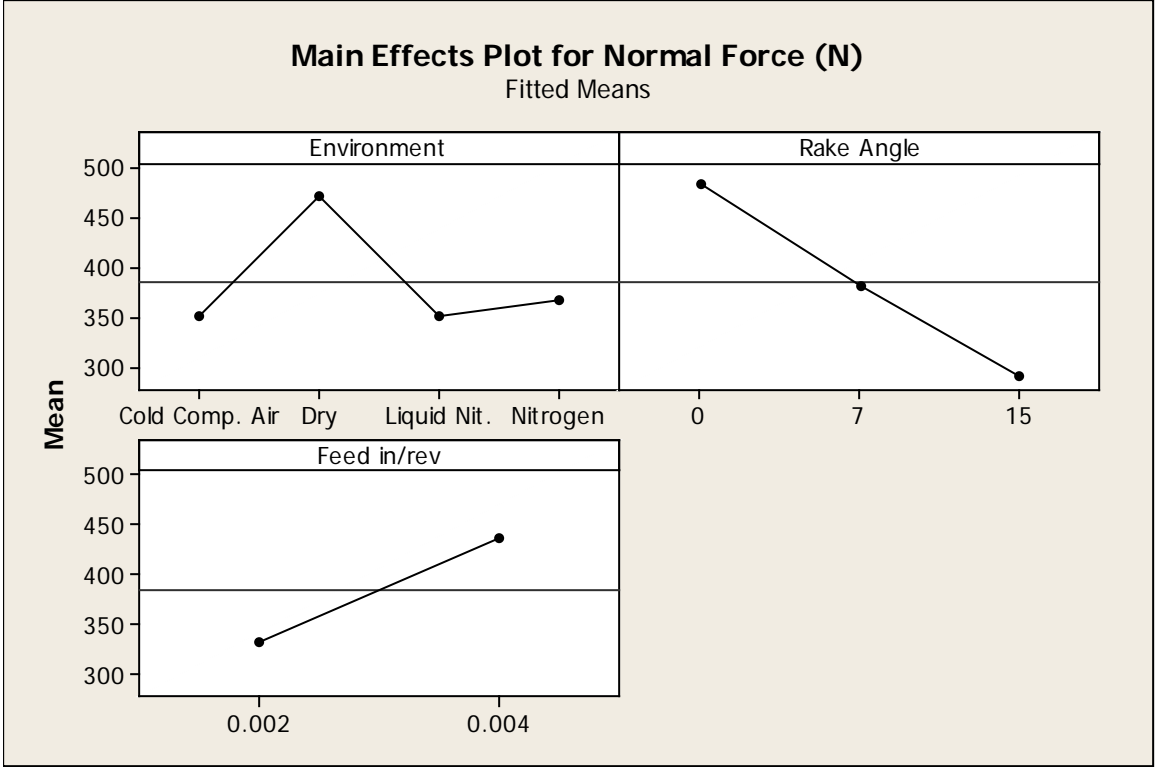
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	244746	244746	81582	44.72	0.000
Rake Angle	2	599376	599376	299688	164.26	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	263584	263584	263584	144.47	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	173279	173279	28880	15.83	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	123015	123015	41005	22.47	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	39494	39494	19747	10.82	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	130096	130096	21683	11.88	0.000
Error	72	131363	131363	1824		
Total	95	1704953				

S = 42.7140 R-Sq = 92.30% R-Sq(adj) = 89.83%

Unusual Observations for Normal Force (N)

Obs	Normal Force (N)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	656.372	770.586	21.357	-114.214	-3.09 R
6	871.452	770.586	21.357	100.866	2.73 R
7	658.843	770.586	21.357	-111.743	-3.02 R
8	895.677	770.586	21.357	125.091	3.38 R
17	103.625	205.978	21.357	-102.353	-2.77 R
28	364.375	218.694	21.357	145.681	3.94 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for F/N Ratio, using Adjusted SS for Tests

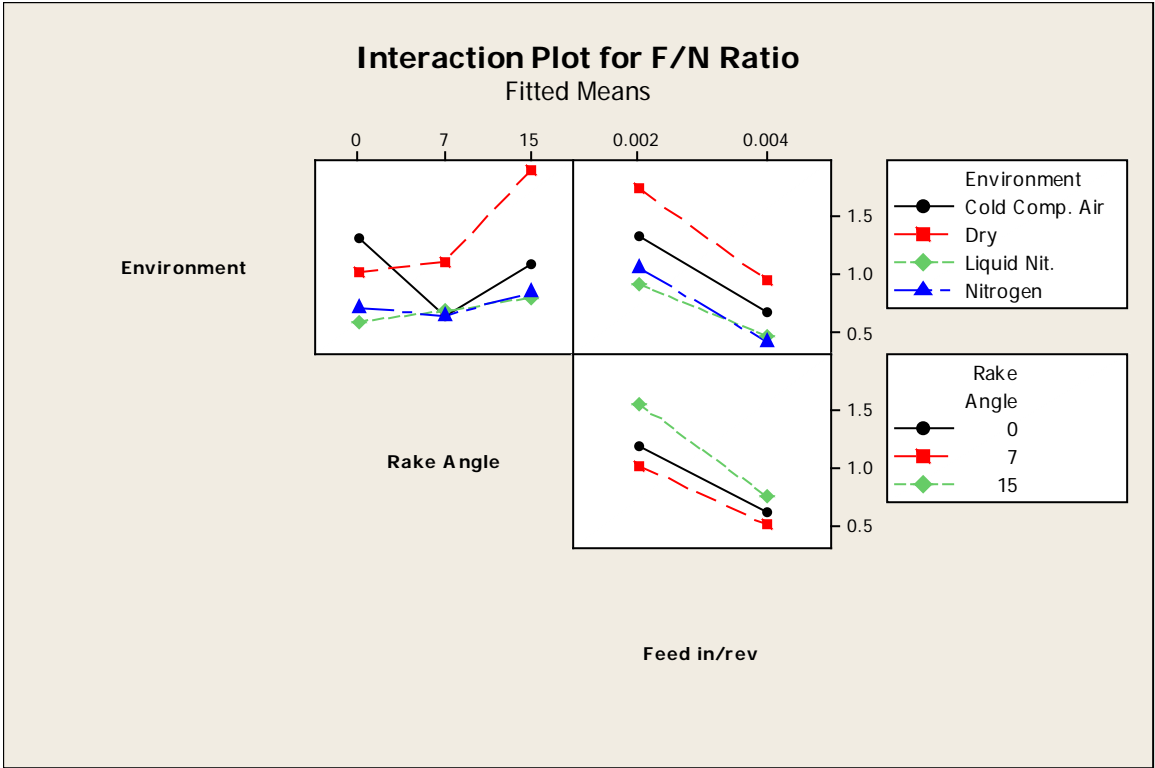
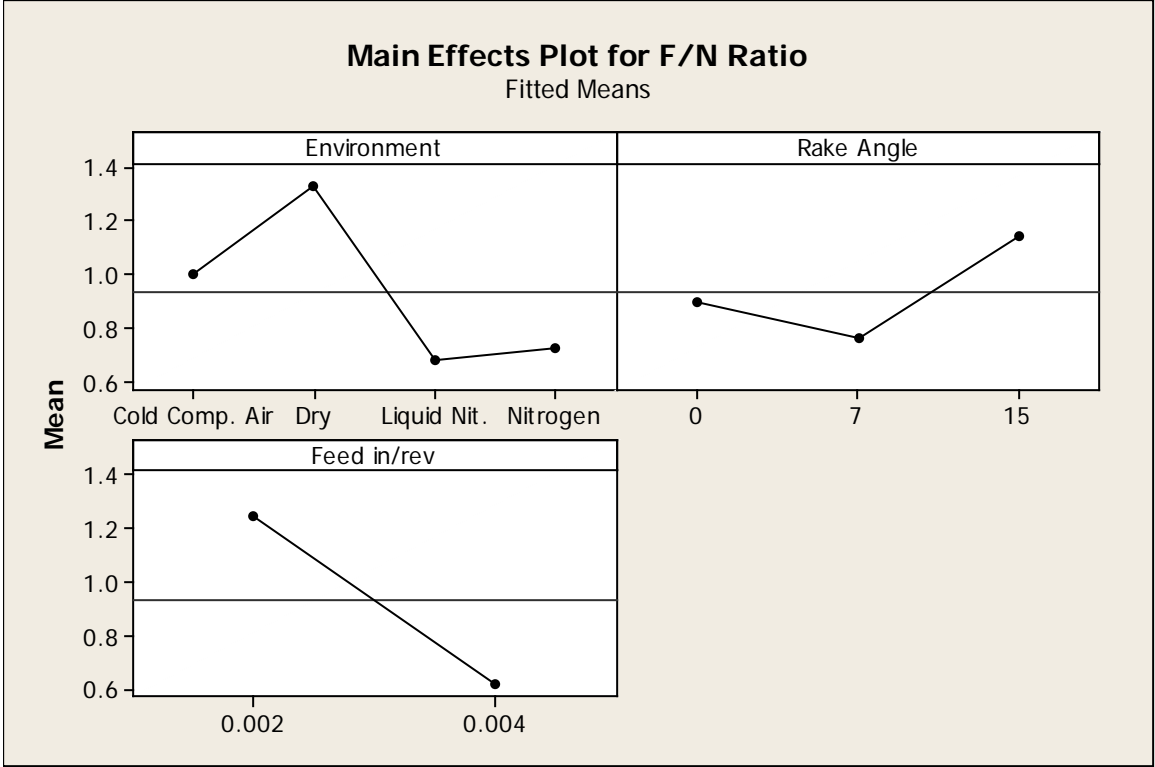
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	6.4765	6.4765	2.1588	13.96	0.000
Rake Angle	2	2.4354	2.4354	1.2177	7.87	0.001
Feed in/rev	1	9.5233	9.5233	9.5233	61.57	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	3.4800	3.4800	0.5800	3.75	0.003
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.3634	0.3634	0.1211	0.78	0.507
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.3662	0.3662	0.1831	1.18	0.312
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	2.3529	2.3529	0.3921	2.54	0.028
Error	72	11.1373	11.1373	0.1547		
Total	95	36.1350				

S = 0.393300 R-Sq = 69.18% R-Sq(adj) = 59.33%

Unusual Observations for F/N Ratio

Obs	F/N Ratio	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
17	5.38931	2.70479	0.19665	2.68453	7.88 R
18	1.60870	2.70479	0.19665	-1.09609	-3.22 R
19	1.73753	2.70479	0.19665	-0.96725	-2.84 R
28	1.03542	1.76955	0.19665	-0.73413	-2.16 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for **Fs (Merchant)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	208557	208557	69519	57.79	0.000
Rake Angle	2	191709	191709	95855	79.69	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	244250	244250	244250	203.06	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	137627	137627	22938	19.07	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	34407	34407	11469	9.53	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	39971	39971	19985	16.61	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	83127	83127	13854	11.52	0.000
Error	72	86606	86606	1203		
Total	95	1026254				

S = 34.6822 R-Sq = 91.56% R-Sq(adj) = 88.87%

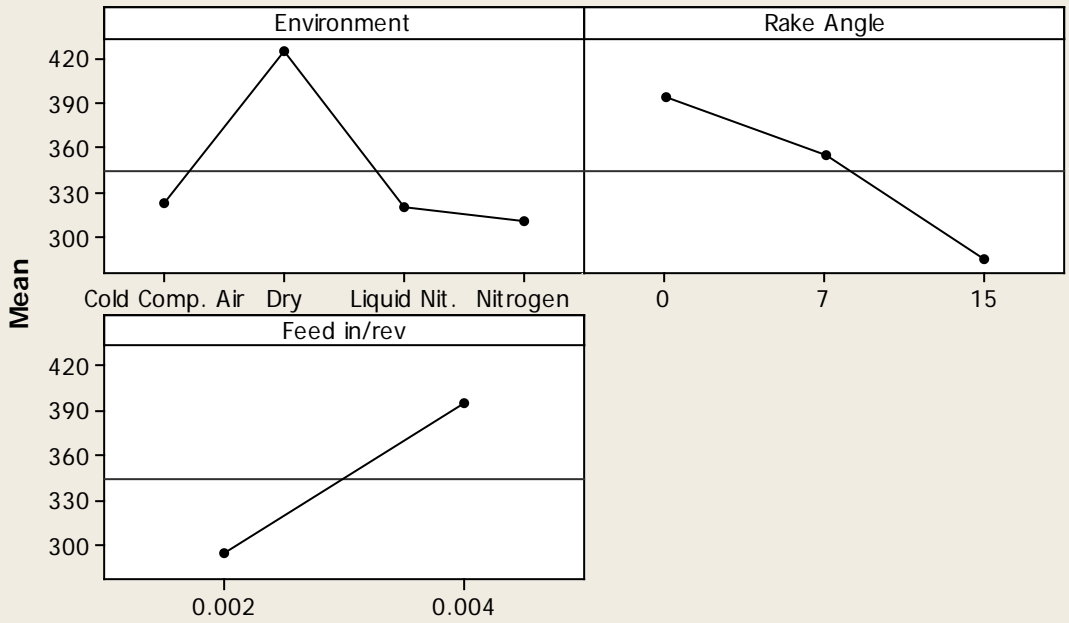
Unusual Observations for Fs (Merchant)

Obs	Fs (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	548.009	613.292	17.341	-65.283	-2.17 R
6	676.309	613.292	17.341	63.018	2.10 R
7	527.097	613.292	17.341	-86.195	-2.87 R
8	701.752	613.292	17.341	88.460	2.95 R
17	145.121	239.737	17.341	-94.616	-3.15 R
18	310.517	239.737	17.341	70.781	2.36 R
27	97.063	161.378	17.341	-64.315	-2.14 R
28	299.468	161.378	17.341	138.091	4.60 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

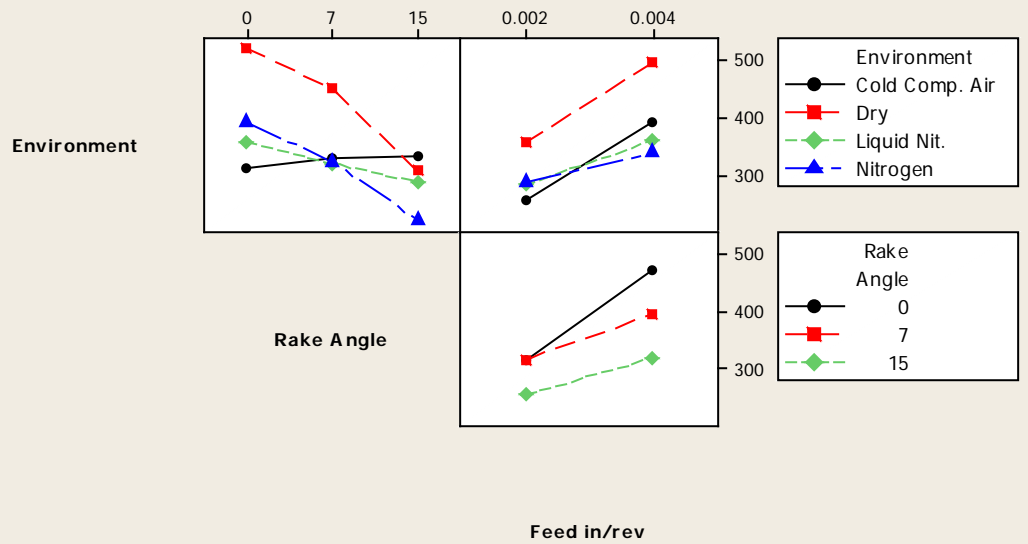
Main Effects Plot for Fs (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fs (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for **Fn (Merchant)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

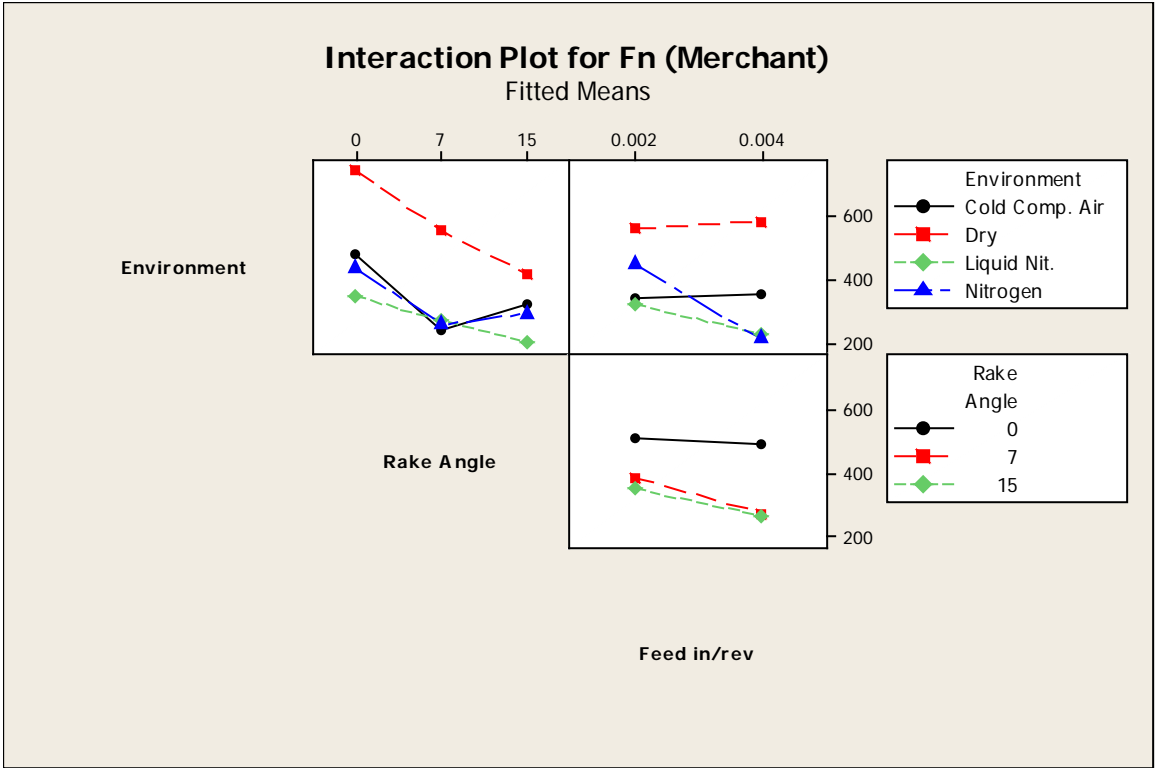
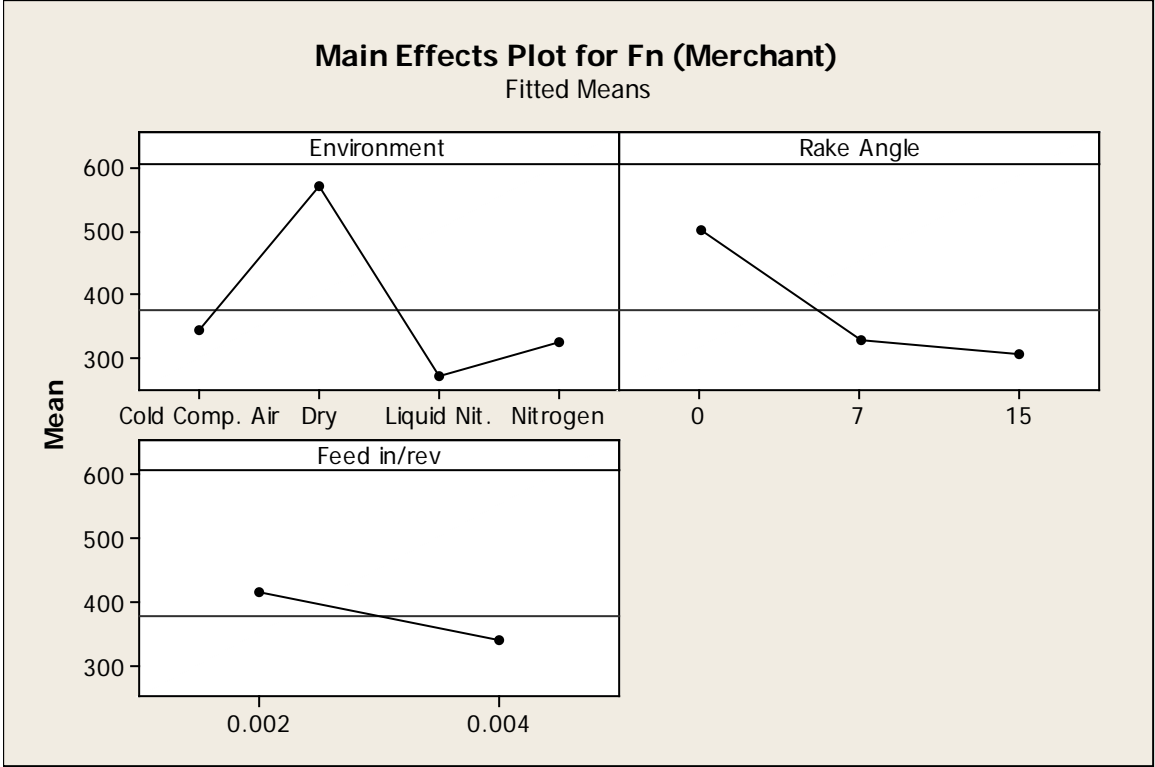
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	1261937	1261937	420646	93.41	0.000
Rake Angle	2	723904	723904	361952	80.38	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	135325	135325	135325	30.05	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	180631	180631	30105	6.69	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	258671	258671	86224	19.15	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	35350	35350	17675	3.93	0.024
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	329843	329843	54974	12.21	0.000
Error	72	324224	324224	4503		
Total	95	3249885				

S = 67.1052 R-Sq = 90.02% R-Sq(adj) = 86.84%

Unusual Observations for Fn (Merchant)

Obs	Fn (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	589.75	841.72	33.55	-251.97	-4.34 R
6	1030.92	841.72	33.55	189.19	3.26 R
7	713.58	841.72	33.55	-128.14	-2.20 R
8	1032.64	841.72	33.55	190.92	3.29 R
57	487.39	316.50	33.55	170.89	2.94 R
76	492.25	354.43	33.55	137.83	2.37 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Fs/Fn (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	4.10908	4.10908	1.36969	79.68
Rake Angle	2	2.18564	2.18564	1.09282	63.57
Feed in/rev	1	10.03254	10.03254	10.03254	583.60
Environment*Rake Angle	6	3.33549	3.33549	0.55591	32.34
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	1.82038	1.82038	0.60679	35.30
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.31871	0.31871	0.15936	9.27
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.82314	0.82314	0.13719	7.98
Error	72	1.23774	1.23774	0.01719	
Total	95	23.86273			

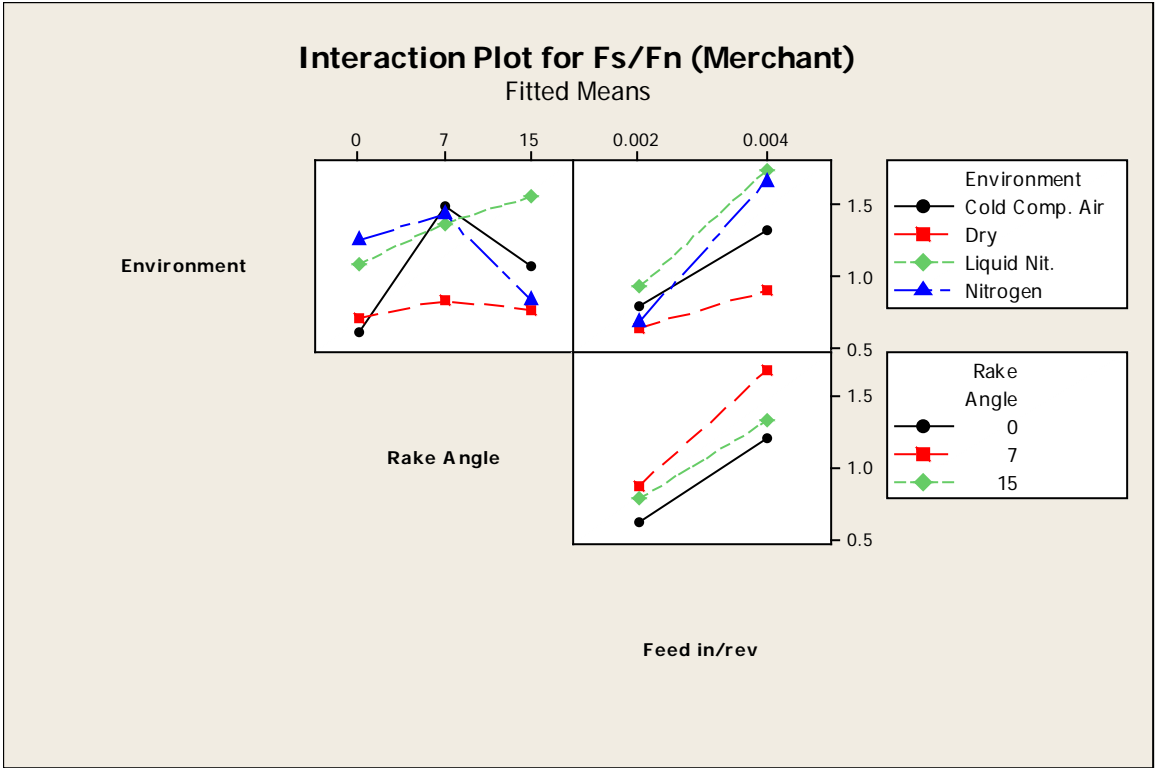
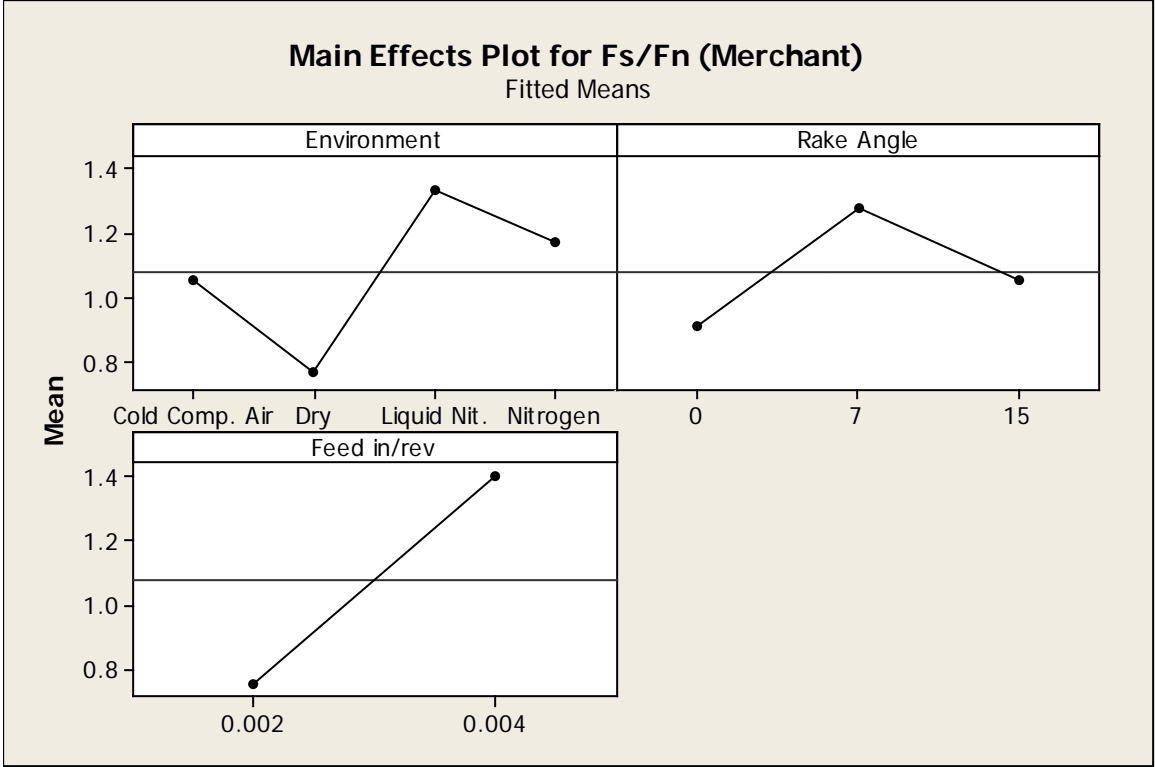
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 0.131114 R-Sq = 94.81% R-Sq(adj) = 93.16%

Unusual Observations for Fs/Fn (Merchant)

Obs	(Merchant)	Fs/Fn	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
17		0.26427	0.56260	0.06556	-0.29833	-2.63 R
28		0.69544	0.41241	0.06556	0.28303	2.49 R
41		1.13184	0.89768	0.06556	0.23416	2.06 R
55		2.14671	1.88686	0.06556	0.25984	2.29 R
57		0.66640	0.90255	0.06556	-0.23615	-2.08 R
78		1.74534	1.35976	0.06556	0.38557	3.40 R
79		1.03017	1.35976	0.06556	-0.32959	-2.90 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for **Fs (Payton)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	183670	183670	61223	61.38	0.000
Rake Angle	2	37800	37800	18900	18.95	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	491091	491091	491091	492.38	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	59484	59484	9914	9.94	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	6998	6998	2333	2.34	0.081
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	7275	7275	3638	3.65	0.031
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	29539	29539	4923	4.94	0.000
Error	72	71811	71811	997		
Total	95	887668				

S = 31.5813 R-Sq = 91.91% R-Sq(adj) = 89.33%

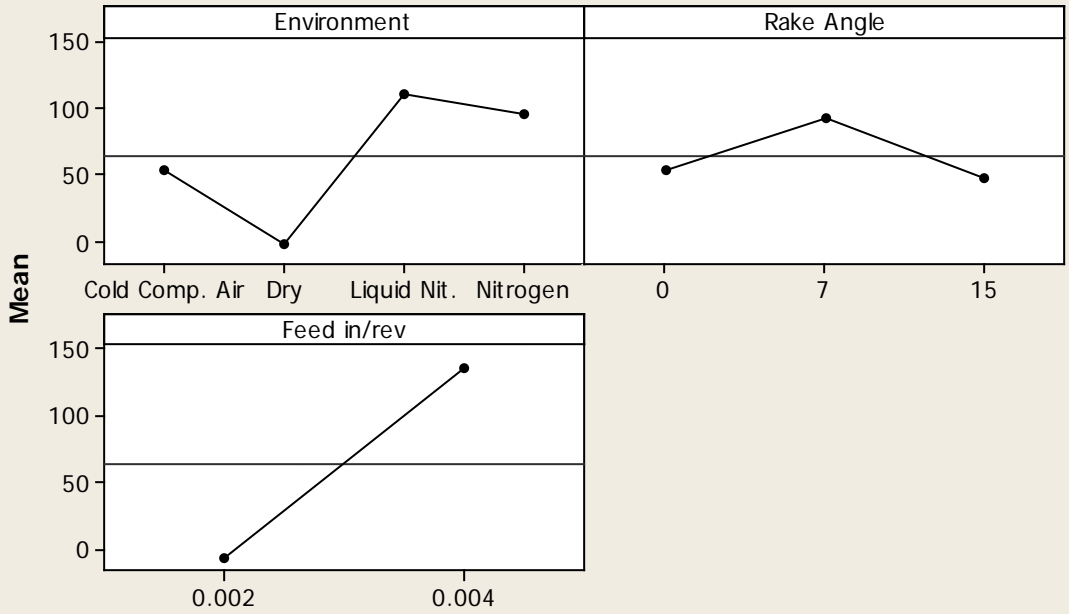
Unusual Observations for Fs (Payton)

Obs	Fs (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	134.506	49.510	15.791	84.996	3.11 R
17	-257.762	-116.829	15.791	-140.932	-5.15 R
18	-50.905	-116.829	15.791	65.925	2.41 R
28	-9.127	-92.329	15.791	83.203	3.04 R
57	-10.841	44.831	15.791	-55.672	-2.04 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

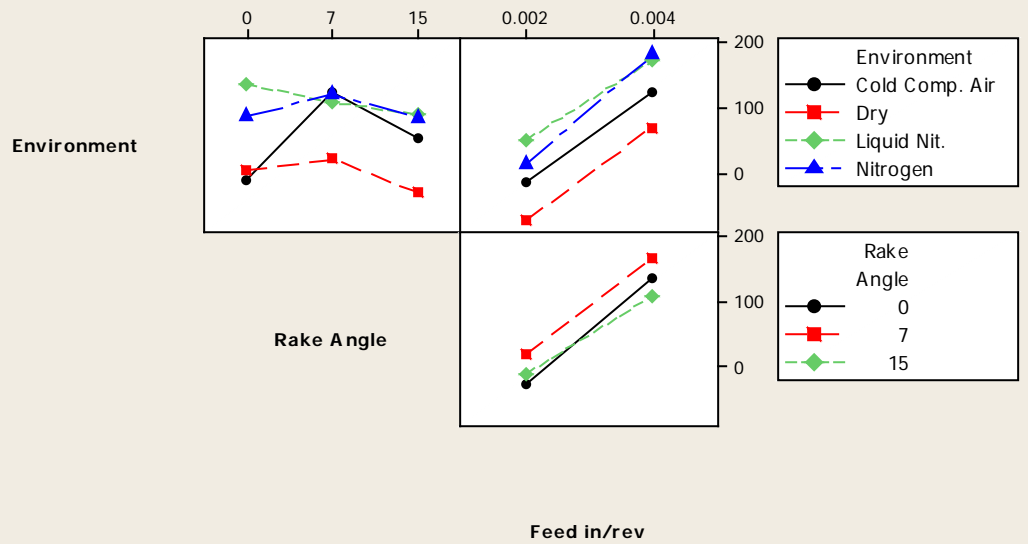
Main Effects Plot for Fs (Payton)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Fs (Payton)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for **Fn (Payton)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

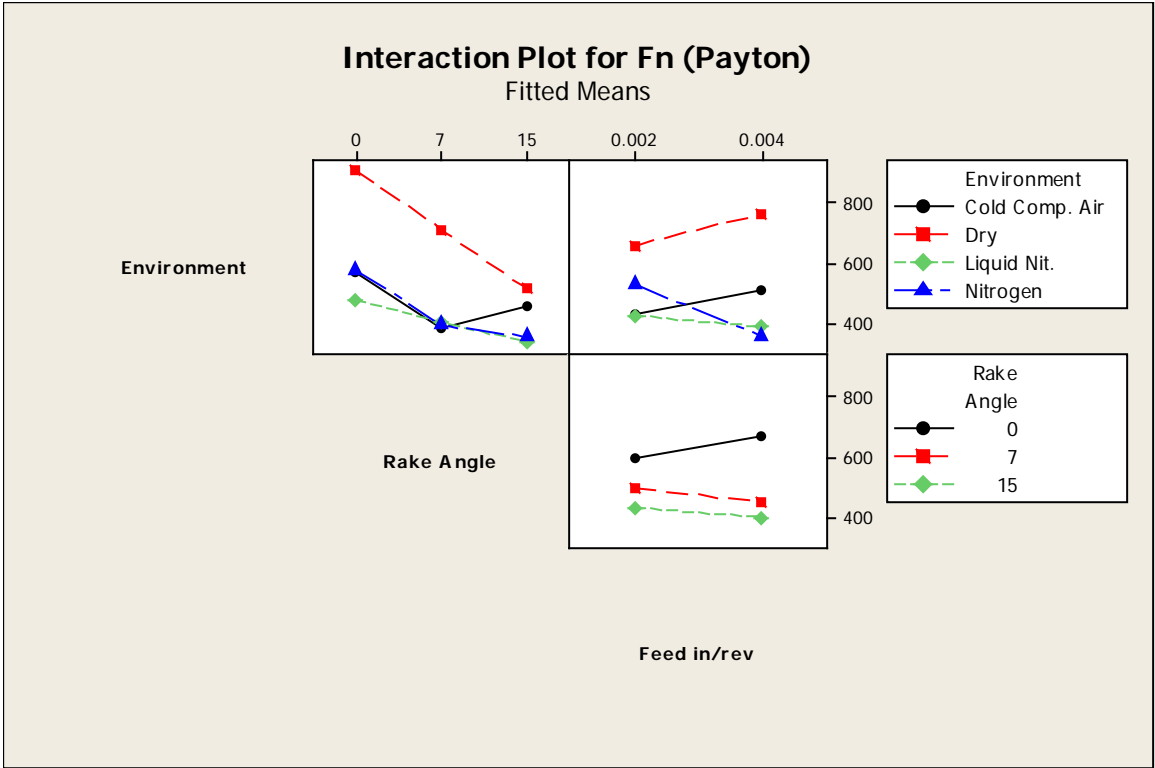
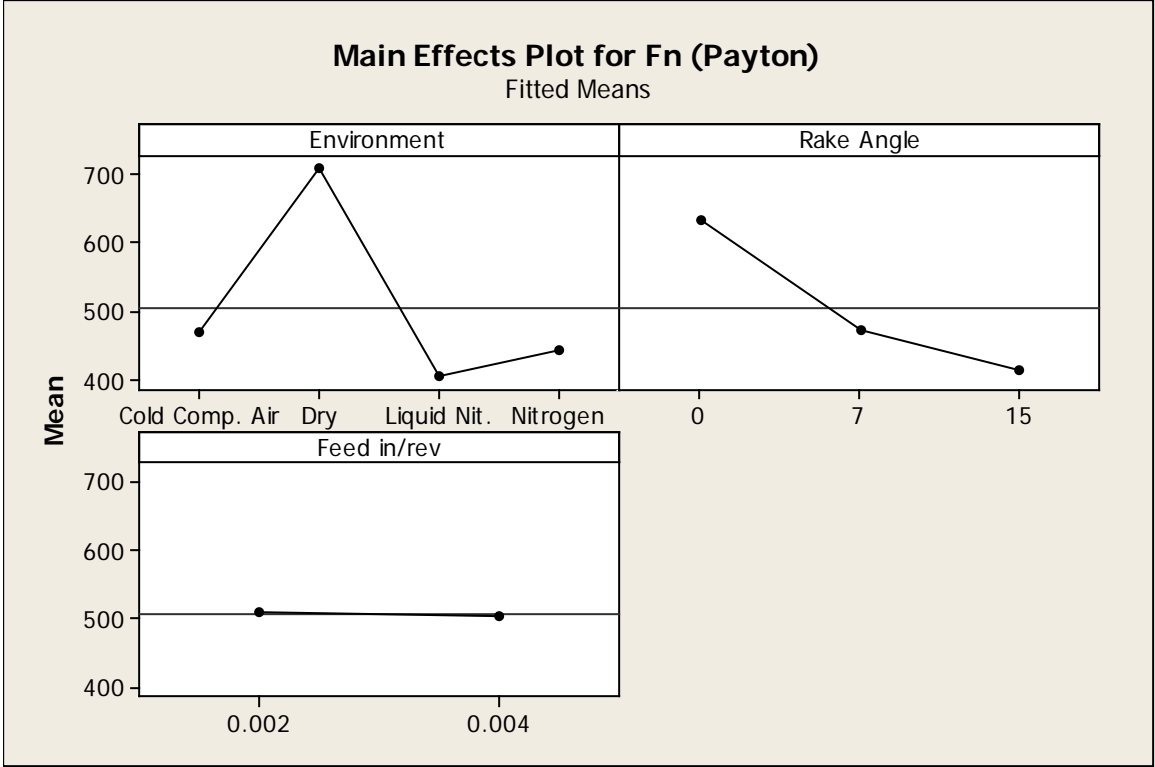
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	1374775	1374775	458258	96.77	0.000
Rake Angle	2	808574	808574	404287	85.37	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	653	653	653	0.14	0.711
Environment*Rake Angle	6	252697	252697	42116	8.89	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	296417	296417	98806	20.86	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	63263	63263	31632	6.68	0.002
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	378831	378831	63138	13.33	0.000
Error	72	340967	340967	4736		
Total	95	3516176				

S = 68.8160 R-Sq = 90.30% R-Sq(adj) = 87.21%

Unusual Observations for Fn (Payton)

Obs	Fn (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	793.74	1040.26	34.41	-246.52	-4.14 R
6	1232.96	1040.26	34.41	192.69	3.23 R
7	885.97	1040.26	34.41	-154.30	-2.59 R
8	1248.39	1040.26	34.41	208.12	3.49 R
28	524.43	401.61	34.41	122.82	2.06 R
57	585.60	414.69	34.41	170.91	2.87 R
76	580.74	442.73	34.41	138.01	2.32 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for **Fs/Fn (Payton)**, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	1.46889	1.46889	0.48963	88.97
Rake Angle	2	0.29977	0.29977	0.14988	27.23
Feed in/rev	1	2.70283	2.70283	2.70283	491.10
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.44016	0.44016	0.07336	13.33
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.15255	0.15255	0.05085	9.24
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.00780	0.00780	0.00390	0.71
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.17000	0.17000	0.02833	5.15
Error	72	0.39626	0.39626	0.00550	
Total	95	5.63827			

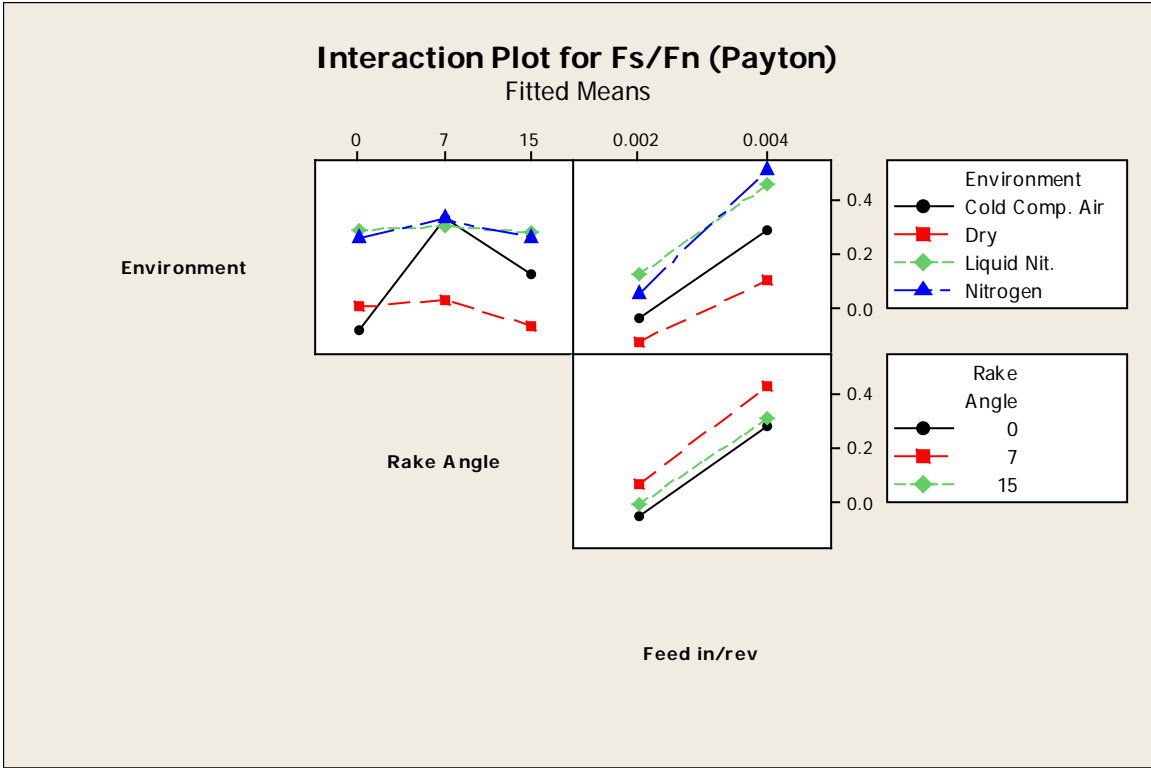
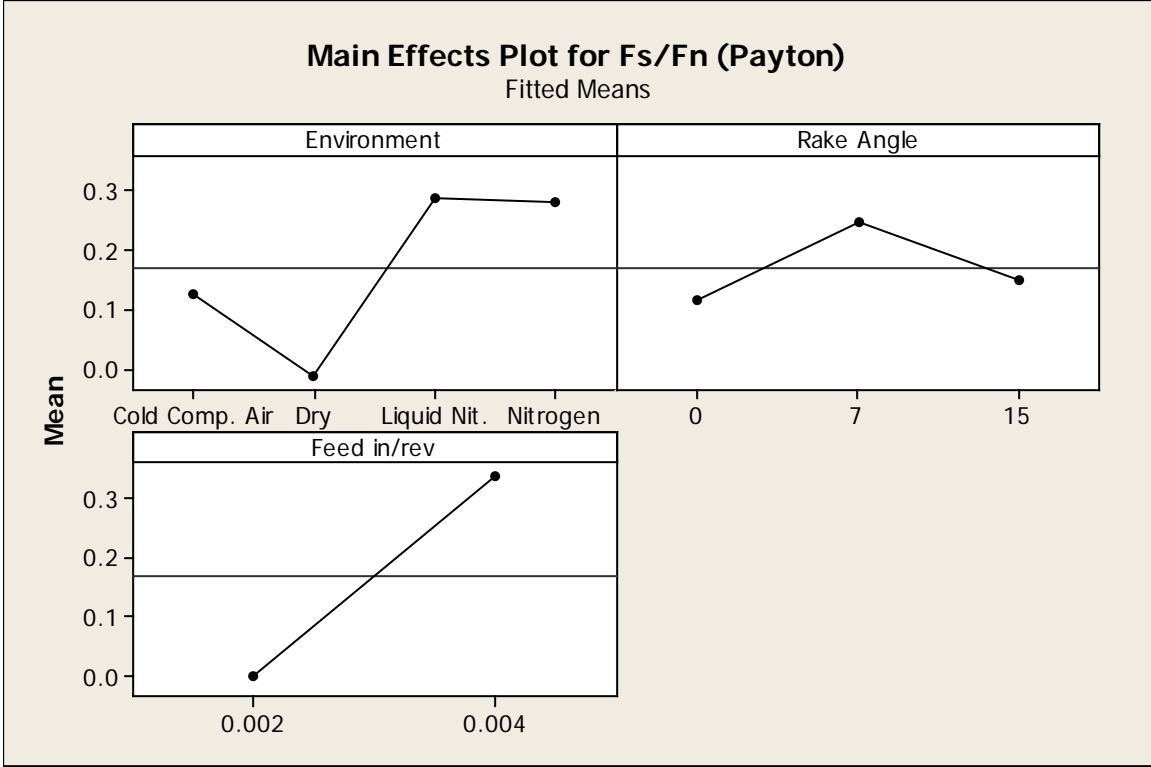
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.496
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0741861 R-Sq = 92.97% R-Sq(adj) = 90.73%

Unusual Observations for Fs/Fn (Payton)

Obs	Fs/Fn (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
17	-0.509266	-0.237749	0.037093	-0.271516	-4.23 R
18	-0.098651	-0.237749	0.037093	0.139098	2.17 R
28	-0.017403	-0.254992	0.037093	0.237589	3.70 R
57	-0.018513	0.128784	0.037093	-0.147297	-2.29 R
78	0.569110	0.413857	0.037093	0.155253	2.42 R
79	0.270937	0.413857	0.037093	-0.142919	-2.22 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Beta (degrees), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	4219.91	4219.91	1406.64	89.85
Rake Angle	2	1334.33	1334.33	667.16	42.62
Feed in/rev	1	7732.86	7732.86	7732.86	493.94
Environment*Rake Angle	6	1282.43	1282.43	213.74	13.65
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	362.37	362.37	120.79	7.72
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	11.94	11.94	5.97	0.38
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	477.95	477.95	79.66	5.09
Error	72	1127.19	1127.19	15.66	
Total	95	16548.96			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.684
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

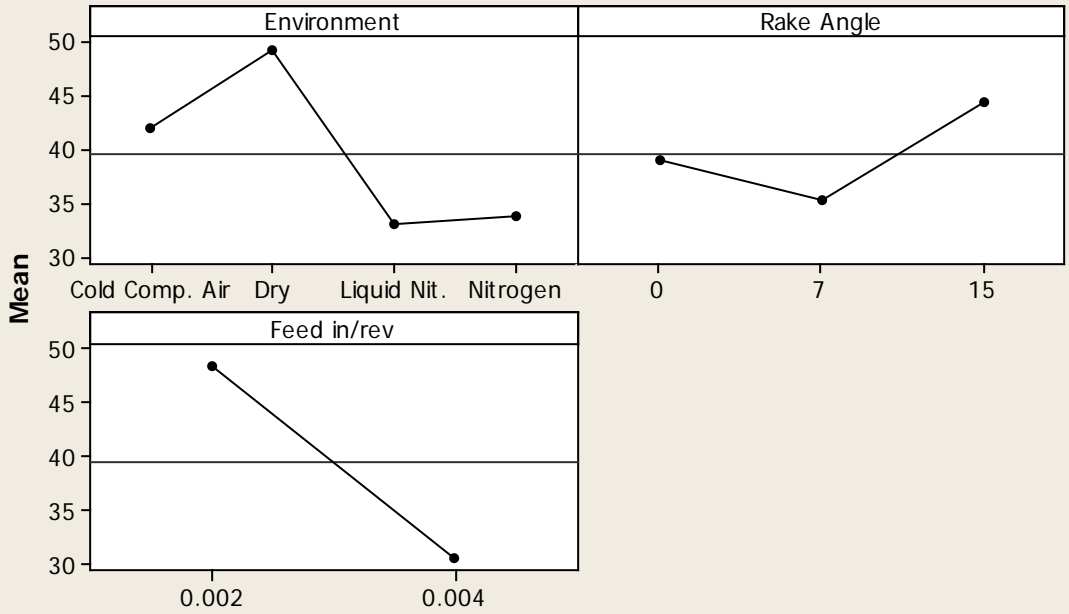
S = 3.95669 R-Sq = 93.19% R-Sq(adj) = 91.01%

Unusual Observations for Beta (degrees)

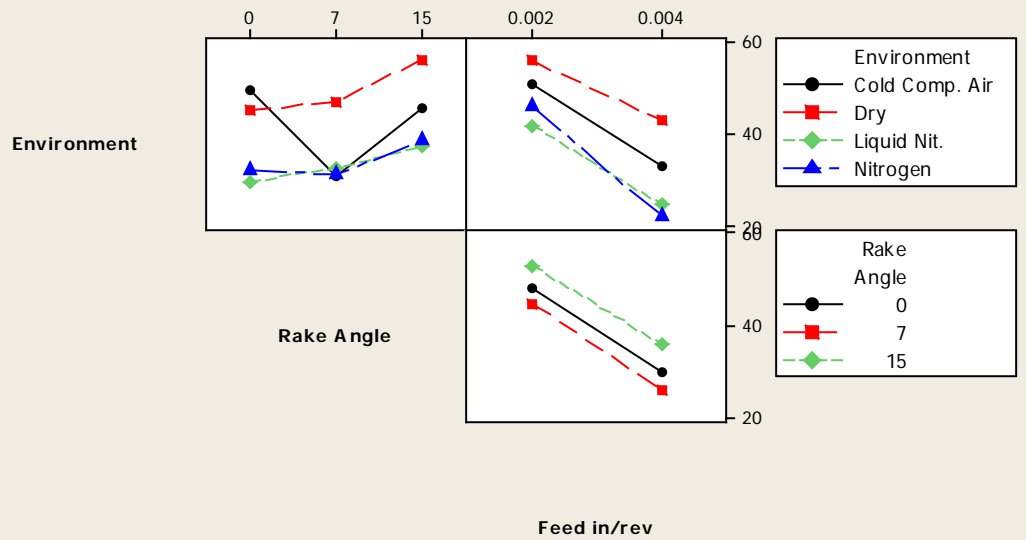
Obs	Beta (degrees)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
17	79.4882	65.5156	1.9783	13.9726	4.08 R
18	58.1341	65.5156	1.9783	-7.3815	-2.15 R
28	45.9970	59.0906	1.9783	-13.0936	-3.82 R
41	45.8536	52.9709	1.9783	-7.1172	-2.08 R
57	49.5606	41.2035	1.9783	8.3571	2.44 R
78	15.3554	22.7166	1.9783	-7.3612	-2.15 R
79	29.8404	22.7166	1.9783	7.1238	2.08 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Beta (degrees)
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Beta (degrees)
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Shear Area, As, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	0.0000030	0.0000030	0.0000010
Rake Angle	2	0.0000023	0.0000023	0.0000012
Feed in/rev	1	0.0000156	0.0000156	0.0000156
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.0000036	0.0000036	0.0000006
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.0000005	0.0000005	0.0000002
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.0000003	0.0000003	0.0000002
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.0000002	0.0000002	0.0000000
Error	72	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
Total	95	0.0000255		

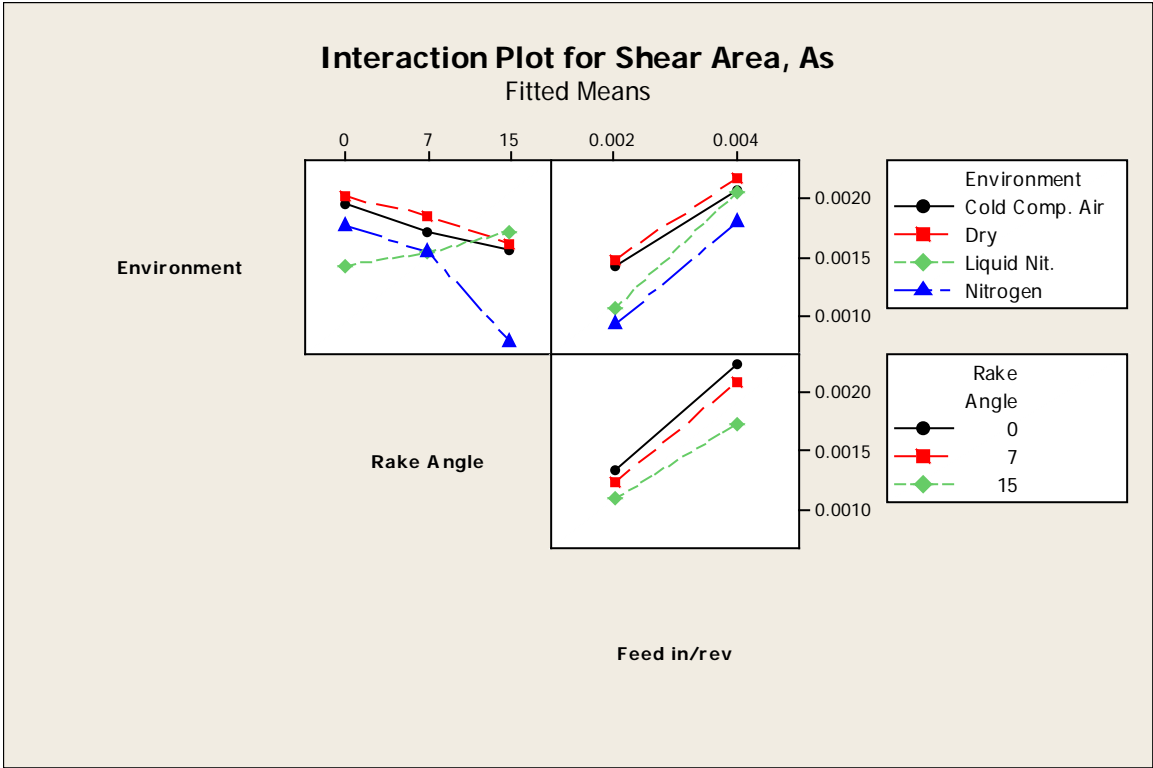
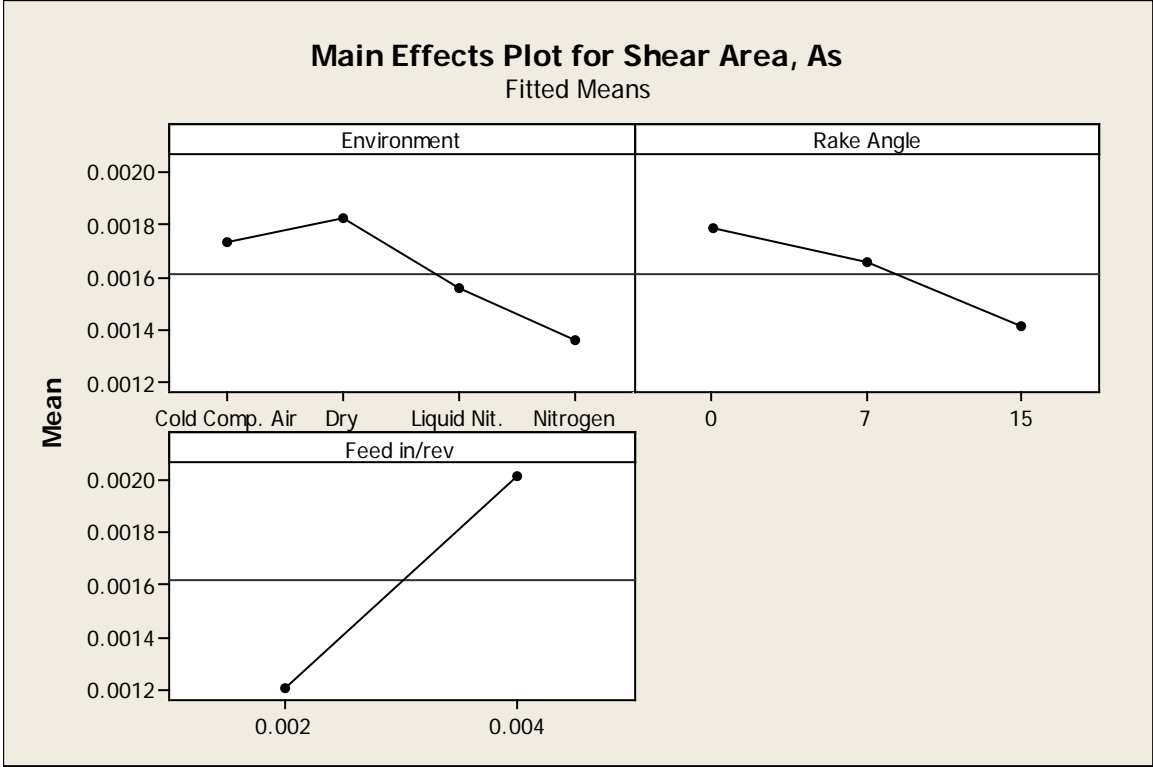
Source	F	P
Environment	1968.87	0.000
Rake Angle	2251.21	0.000
Feed in/rev	30249.00	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	1173.82	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	307.47	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	298.67	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	62.75	0.000
Error		
Total		

S = 0.0000226778 R-Sq = 99.86% R-Sq(adj) = 99.81%

Unusual Observations for Shear Area, As

Obs	Area, As	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
9	0.001527	0.001487	0.000011	0.000040	2.05 R
18	0.001372	0.001292	0.000011	0.000079	4.04 R
19	0.001218	0.001292	0.000011	-0.000074	-3.76 R
44	0.001385	0.001331	0.000011	0.000054	2.75 R
89	0.001263	0.001221	0.000011	0.000042	2.14 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	153302	153302	51101	42.70	0.000
Rake Angle	2	1420	1420	710	0.59	0.555
Feed in/rev	1	182520	182520	182520	152.53	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	236496	236496	39416	32.94	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	167870	167870	55957	46.76	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	14131	14131	7066	5.90	0.004
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	51816	51816	8636	7.22	0.000
Error	72	86158	86158	1197		
Total	95	893712				

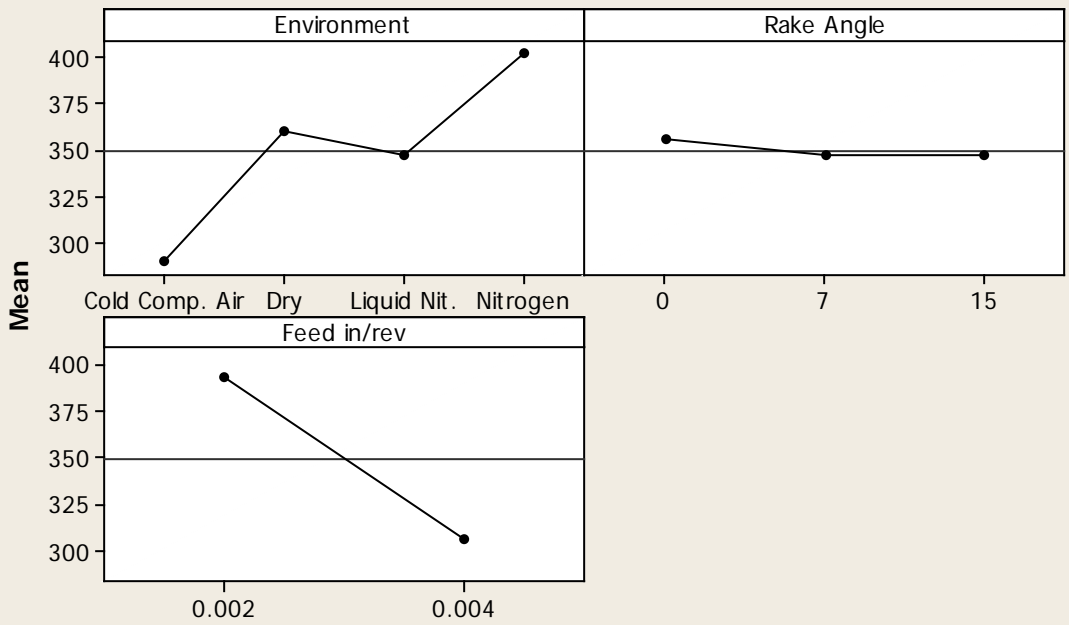
S = 34.5924 R-Sq = 90.36% R-Sq(adj) = 87.28%

Unusual Observations for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)

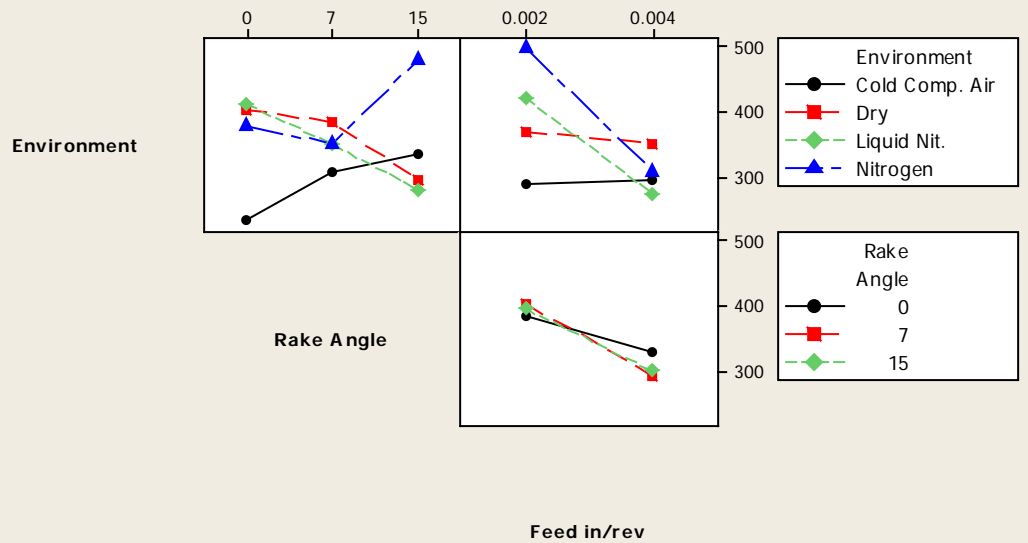
Obs	Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
7	339.518	399.847	17.296	-60.329	-2.01 R
17	174.157	287.545	17.296	-113.388	-3.78 R
18	350.901	287.545	17.296	63.356	2.11 R
19	357.953	287.545	17.296	70.408	2.35 R
27	96.774	163.914	17.296	-67.140	-2.24 R
28	308.775	163.914	17.296	144.861	4.84 R
57	498.936	425.606	17.296	73.330	2.45 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear Stress, Ts Merchant (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	231394	231394	77131	54.75	0.000
Rake Angle	2	23895	23895	11947	8.48	0.000
Feed in/rev	1	266274	266274	266274	189.00	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	109772	109772	18295	12.99	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	21529	21529	7176	5.09	0.003
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	2115	2115	1058	0.75	0.476
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	32353	32353	5392	3.83	0.002
Error	72	101438	101438	1409		
Total	95	788771				

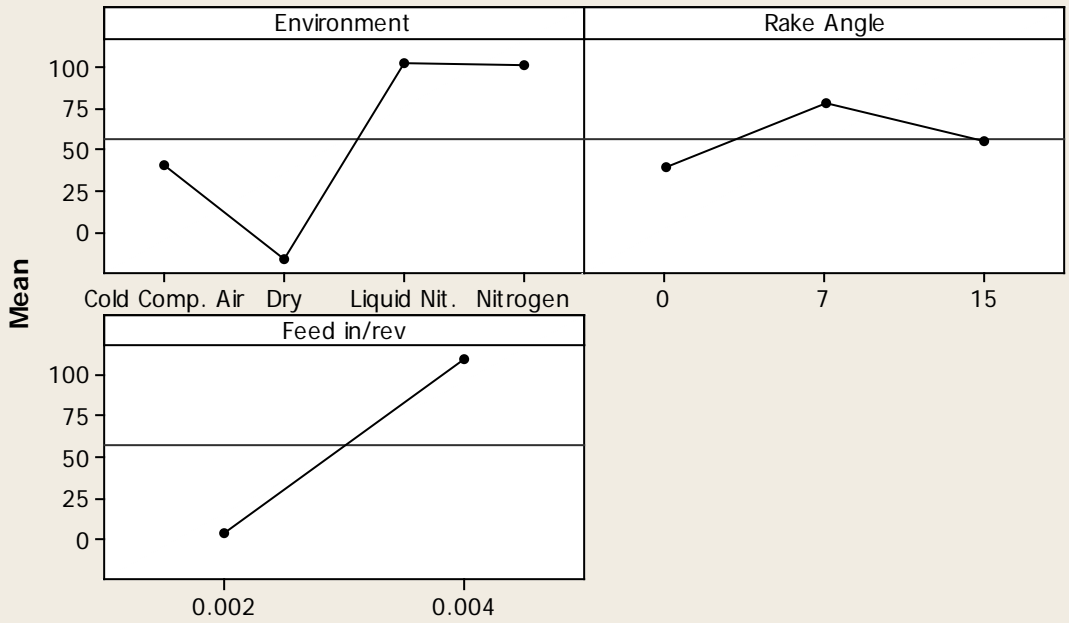
S = 37.5348 R-Sq = 87.14% R-Sq(adj) = 83.03%

Unusual Observations for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)

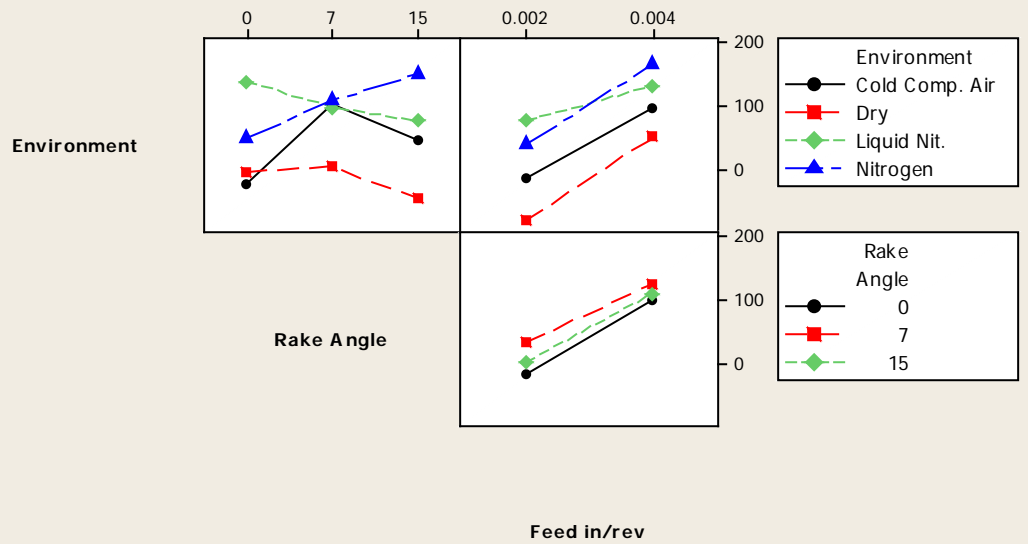
Obs	Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
17	-309.335	-140.609	18.767	-168.726	-5.19 R
18	-57.525	-140.609	18.767	83.084	2.56 R
28	-9.410	-92.511	18.767	83.101	2.56 R
57	-16.654	70.914	18.767	-87.567	-2.69 R
68	-3.003	94.730	18.767	-97.733	-3.01 R
76	37.580	110.723	18.767	-73.143	-2.25 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

Main Effects Plot for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) (Mpa)
Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Friction Co-efficient, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	1.28546	1.28546	0.42849	89.85
Rake Angle	2	0.40646	0.40646	0.20323	42.62
Feed in/rev	1	2.35556	2.35556	2.35556	493.94
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.39065	0.39065	0.06511	13.65
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.11038	0.11038	0.03679	7.72
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.00364	0.00364	0.00182	0.38
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.14559	0.14559	0.02427	5.09
Error	72	0.34336	0.34336	0.00477	
Total	95	5.04110			

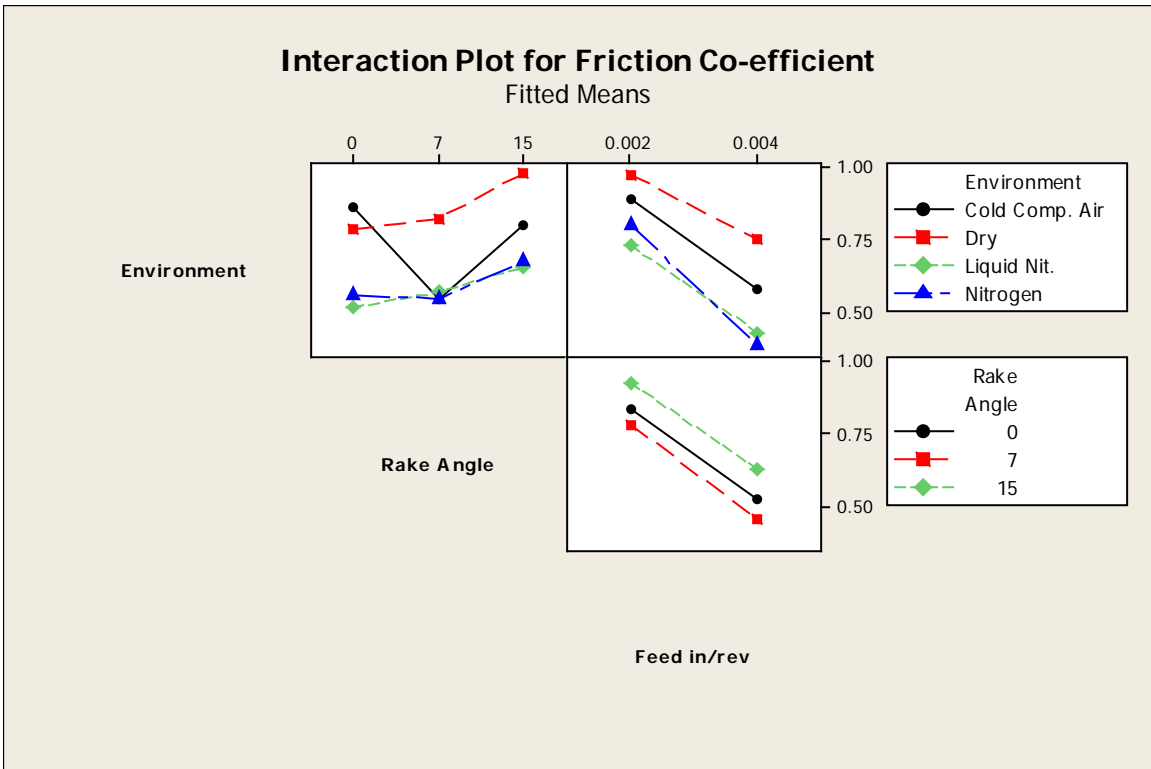
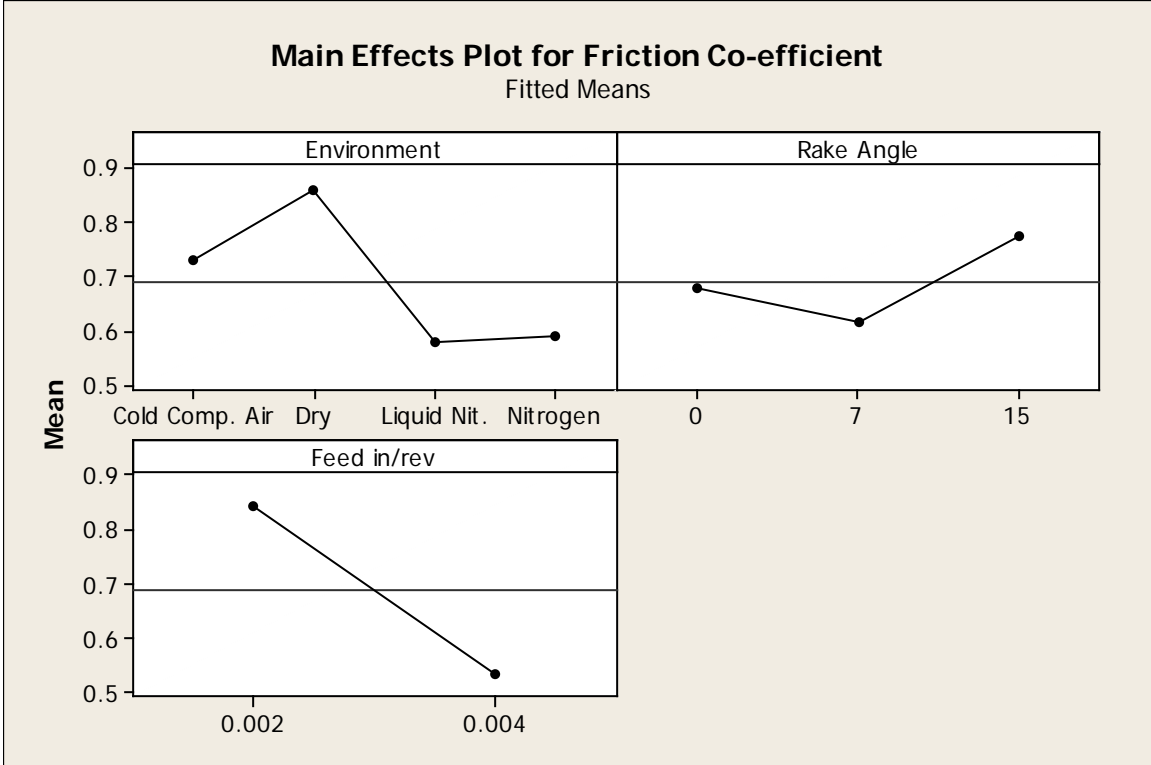
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.684
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0690573 R-Sq = 93.19% R-Sq(adj) = 91.01%

Unusual Observations for Friction Co-efficient

Obs	Friction Co-efficient	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
17	1.38733	1.14346	0.03453	0.24387	4.08 R
18	1.01463	1.14346	0.03453	-0.12883	-2.15 R
28	0.80280	1.03133	0.03453	-0.22853	-3.82 R
41	0.80030	0.92452	0.03453	-0.12422	-2.08 R
57	0.86500	0.71914	0.03453	0.14586	2.44 R
78	0.26800	0.39648	0.03453	-0.12848	-2.15 R
79	0.52081	0.39648	0.03453	0.12433	2.08 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Normal Stress (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	3.26400E+11	3.26400E+11	1.08800E+11
Rake Angle	2	1.09312E+11	1.09312E+11	54656116720
Feed in/rev	1	9.03005E+11	9.03005E+11	9.03005E+11
Environment*Rake Angle	6	3.25384E+11	3.25384E+11	54230671669
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	3.39665E+11	3.39665E+11	1.13222E+11
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	7546939291	7546939291	3773469645
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	1.16042E+11	1.16042E+11	19340363452
Error	72	1.82145E+11	1.82145E+11	2529791541
Total	95	2.30950E+12		

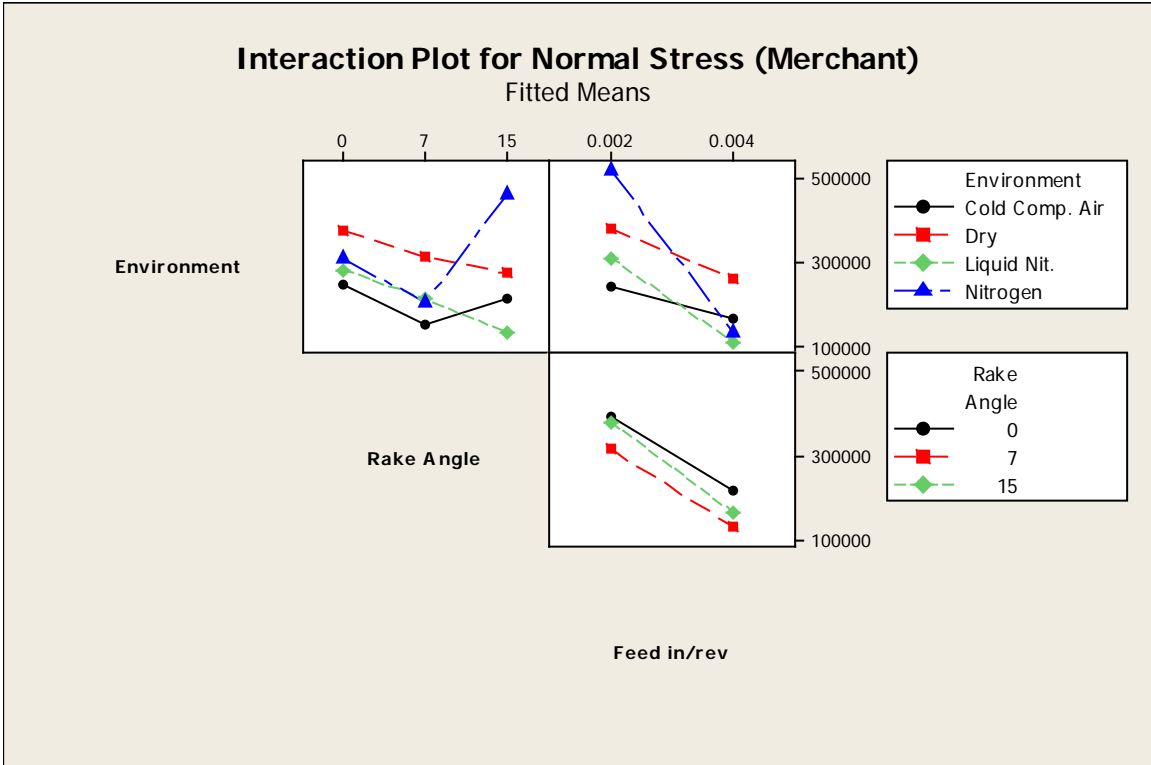
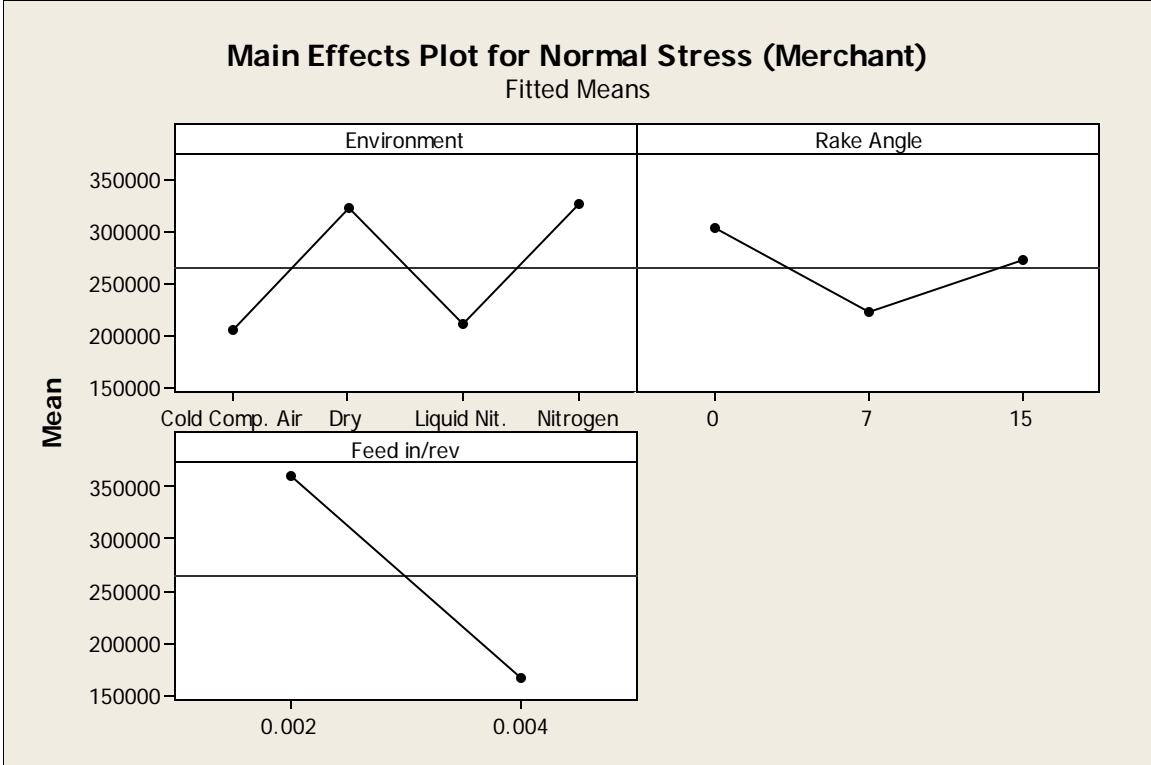
Source	F	P
Environment	43.01	0.000
Rake Angle	21.60	0.000
Feed in/rev	356.95	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	21.44	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	44.76	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	1.49	0.232
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	7.65	0.000
Error		
Total		

S = 50297.0 R-Sq = 92.11% R-Sq(adj) = 89.59%

Unusual Observations for Normal Stress (Merchant)

Obs	Normal Stress (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	249554	354010	25149	-104456	-2.40 R
57	483036	318856	25149	164180	3.77 R
66	595339	708039	25149	-112700	-2.59 R
68	880872	708039	25149	172833	3.97 R
76	534019	394870	25149	139149	3.19 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear strain (Merchant), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	33.1985	33.1985	11.0662	1595.35
Rake Angle	2	25.7894	25.7894	12.8947	1858.97
Feed in/rev	1	16.6020	16.6020	16.6020	2393.43
Environment*Rake Angle	6	28.6476	28.6476	4.7746	688.33
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	12.8769	12.8769	4.2923	618.80
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.1562	0.1562	0.0781	11.26
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	1.6344	1.6344	0.2724	39.27
Error	72	0.4994	0.4994	0.0069	
Total	95	119.4045			

Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0832857 R-Sq = 99.58% R-Sq(adj) = 99.45%

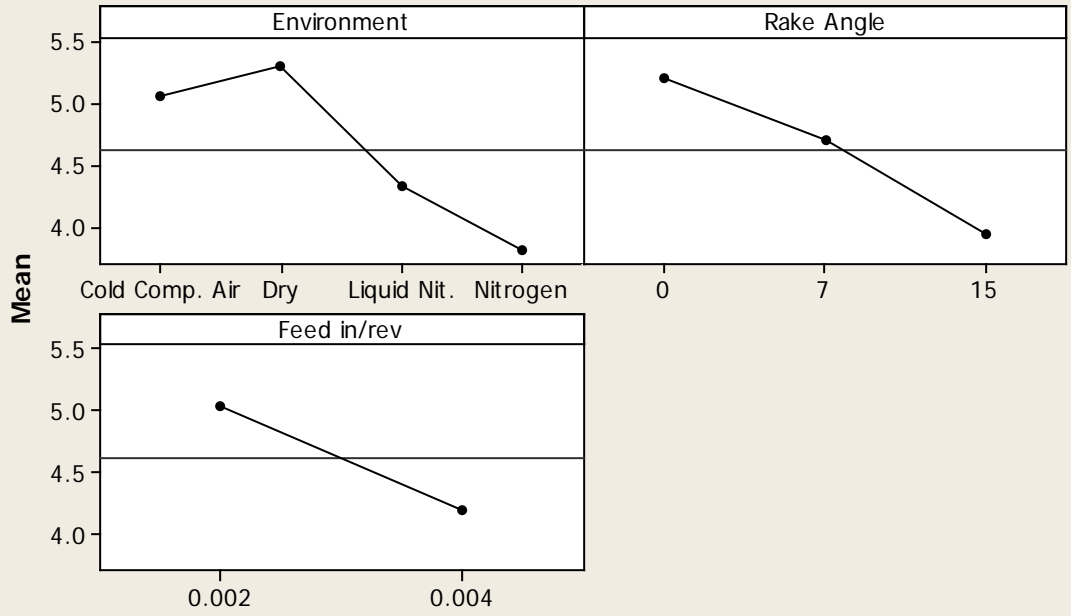
Unusual Observations for Shear strain (Merchant)

Obs	Shear strain (Merchant)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
9	6.31899	6.15333	0.04164	0.16565	2.30 R
18	5.54078	5.21590	0.04164	0.32488	4.50 R
19	4.91367	5.21590	0.04164	-0.30224	-4.19 R
44	5.59699	5.37549	0.04164	0.22150	3.07 R
89	5.09650	4.92490	0.04164	0.17160	2.38 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

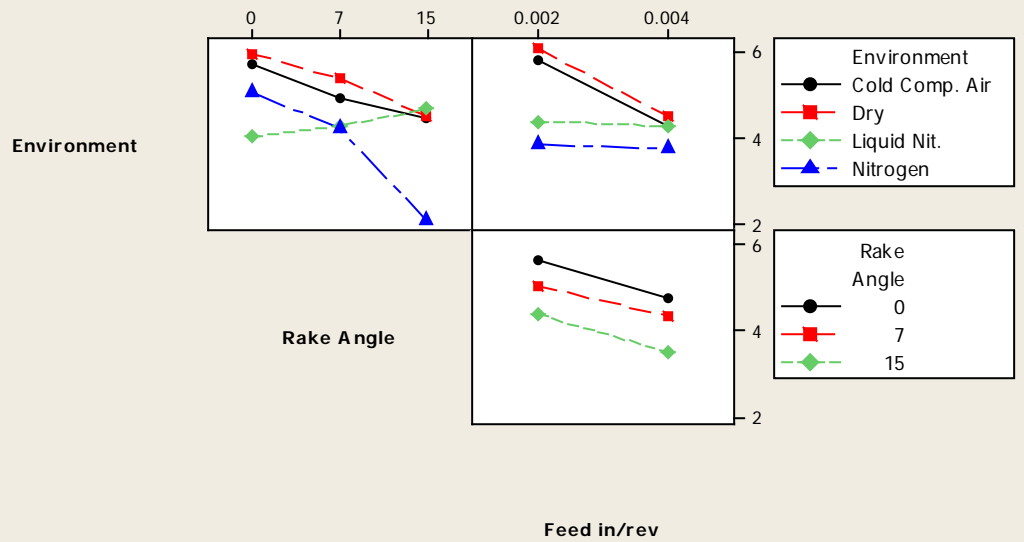
Main Effects Plot for Shear strain (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Interaction Plot for Shear strain (Merchant)

Fitted Means



Analysis of Variance for Narmal Stress (Payton), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	3.35469E+11	3.35469E+11	1.11823E+11
Rake Angle	2	74102330423	74102330423	37051165211
Feed in/rev	1	8.91084E+11	8.91084E+11	8.91084E+11
Environment*Rake Angle	6	3.64797E+11	3.64797E+11	60799478120
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	4.08365E+11	4.08365E+11	1.36122E+11
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	10535323429	10535323429	5267661714
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	1.23482E+11	1.23482E+11	20580400101
Error	72	1.77908E+11	1.77908E+11	2470947344
Total	95	2.38574E+12		

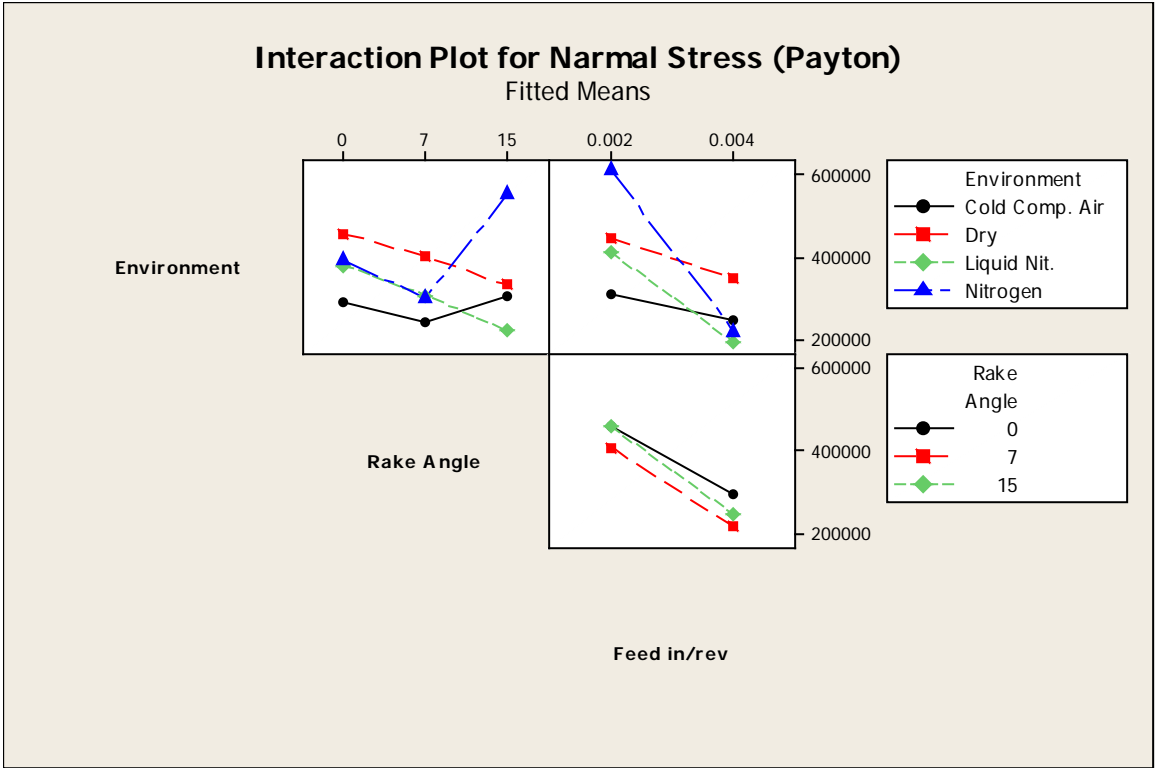
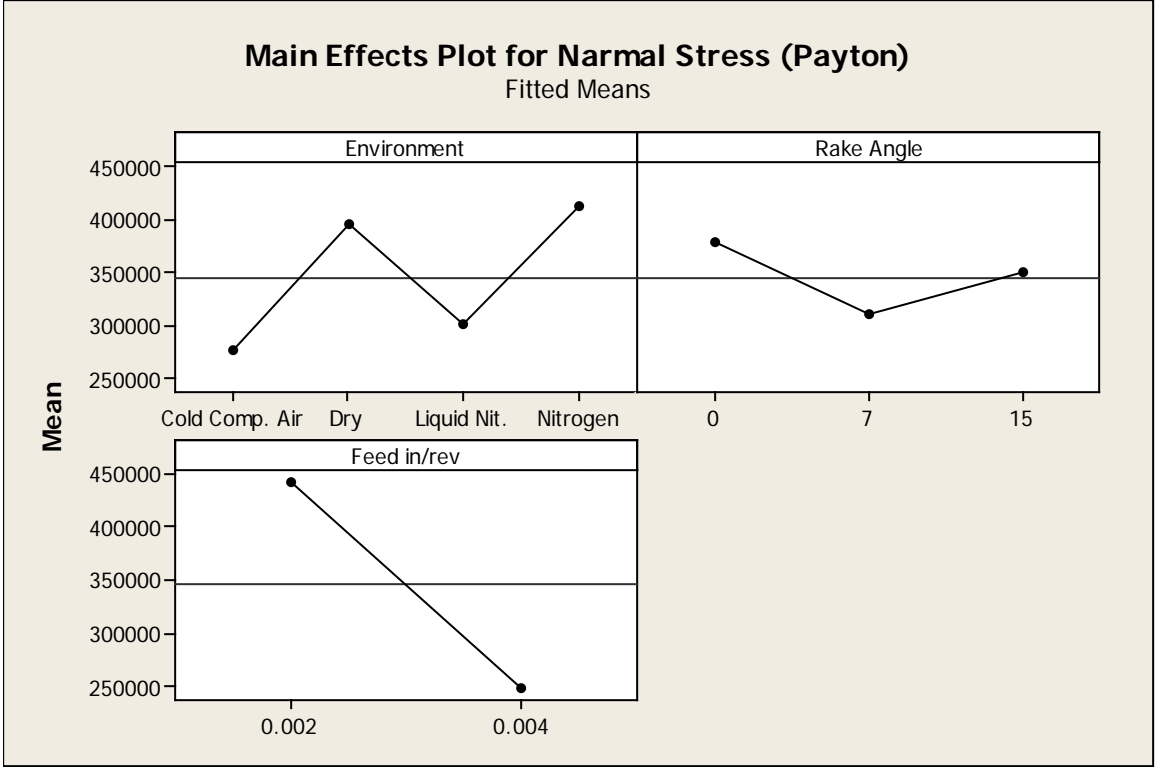
Source	F	P
Environment	45.26	0.000
Rake Angle	14.99	0.000
Feed in/rev	360.62	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	24.61	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	55.09	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2.13	0.126
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	8.33	0.000
Error		
Total		

S = 49708.6 R-Sq = 92.54% R-Sq(adj) = 90.16%

Unusual Observations for Narmal Stress (Payton)

Obs	Narmal Stress (Payton)	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
5	335874	437527	24854	-101653	-2.36 R
8	524770	437527	24854	87243	2.03 R
28	348856	262061	24854	86796	2.02 R
57	580365	418165	24854	162200	3.77 R
66	686014	797675	24854	-111661	-2.59 R
68	959556	797675	24854	161881	3.76 R
76	630011	493682	24854	136329	3.17 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.

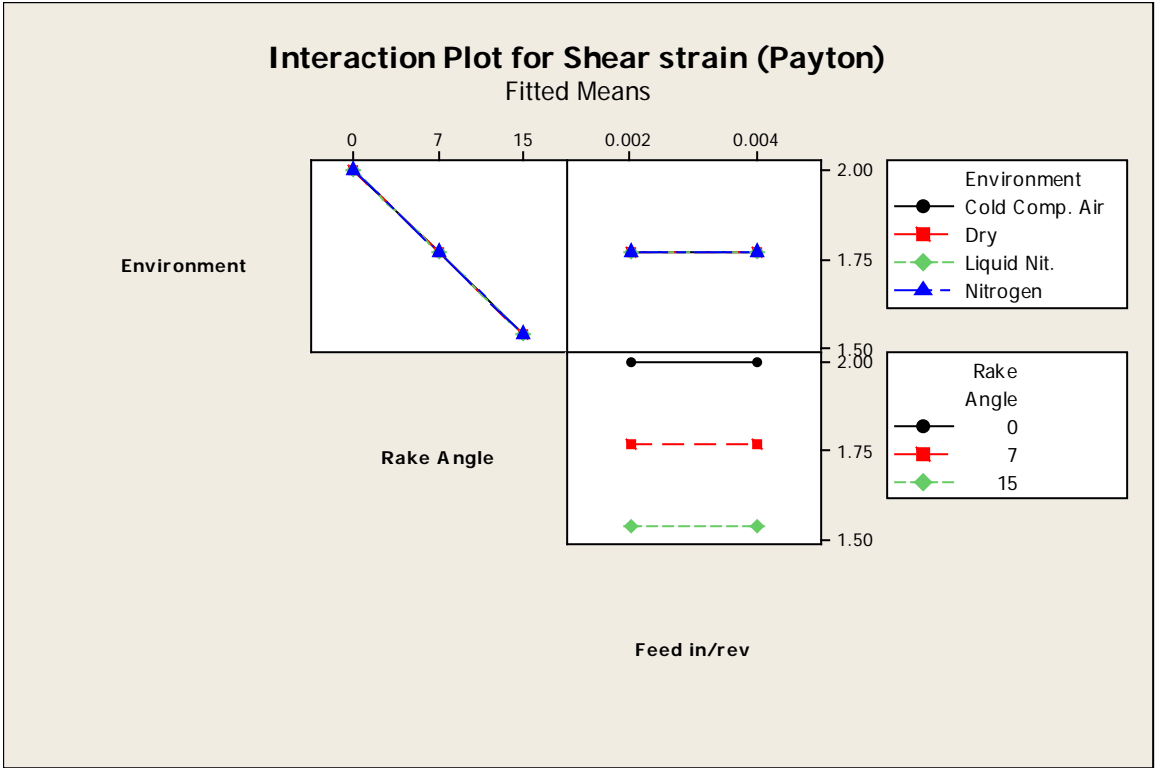
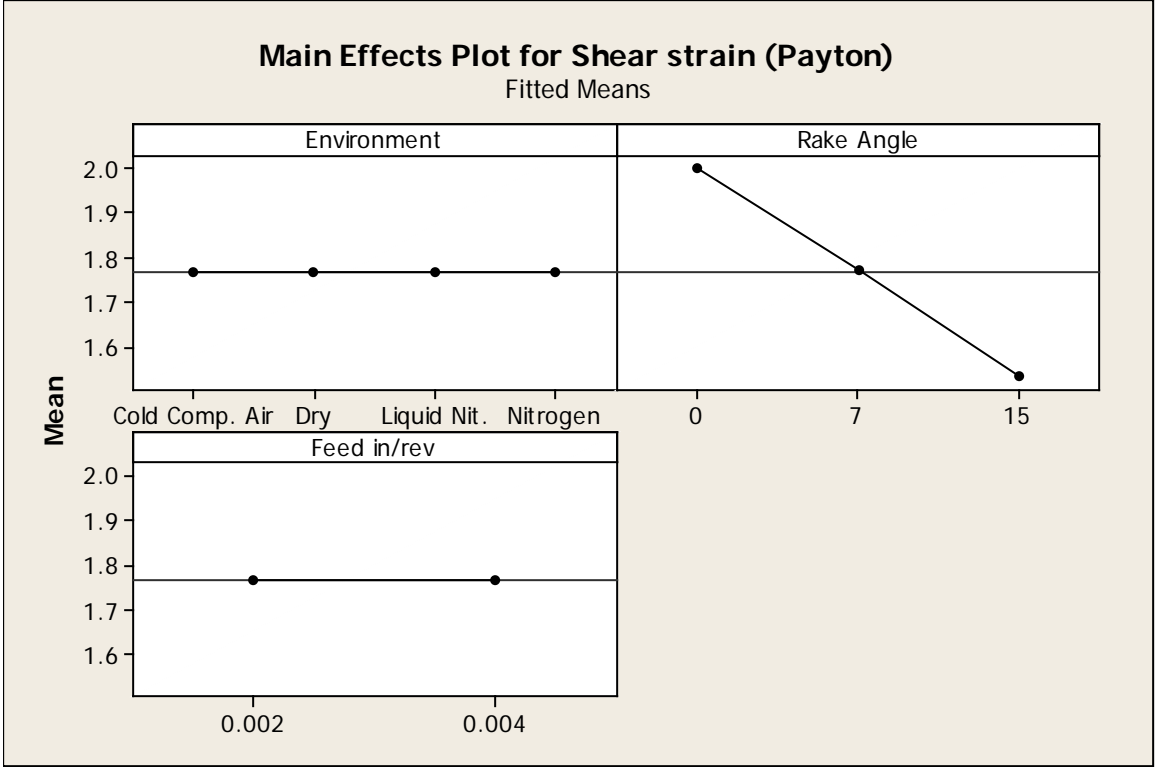


Analysis of Variance for Shear strain (Payton), using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Rake Angle	2	3.46485	3.46485	1.73242	**	
Feed in/rev	1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	**	
Error	72	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000		
Total	95	3.46485				

** Denominator of F-test is zero.

S = 8.576051E-17 R-Sq = 100.00% R-Sq(adj) = 100.00%



Analysis of Variance for Shear Area, As P, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS
Environment	3	0.0000055	0.0000055	0.0000018
Rake Angle	2	0.0000080	0.0000080	0.0000040
Feed in/rev	1	0.0000272	0.0000272	0.0000272
Environment*Rake Angle	6	0.0000064	0.0000064	0.0000011
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.0000008	0.0000008	0.0000003
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.0000008	0.0000008	0.0000004
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.0000003	0.0000003	0.0000001
Error	72	0.0000001	0.0000001	0.0000000
Total	95	0.0000491		

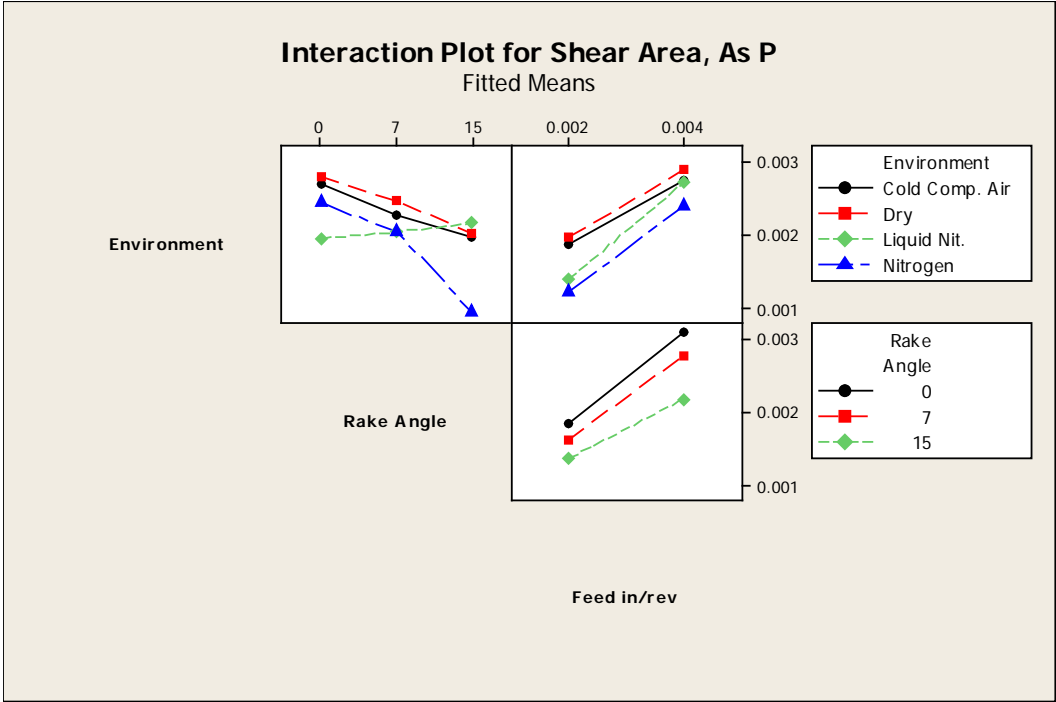
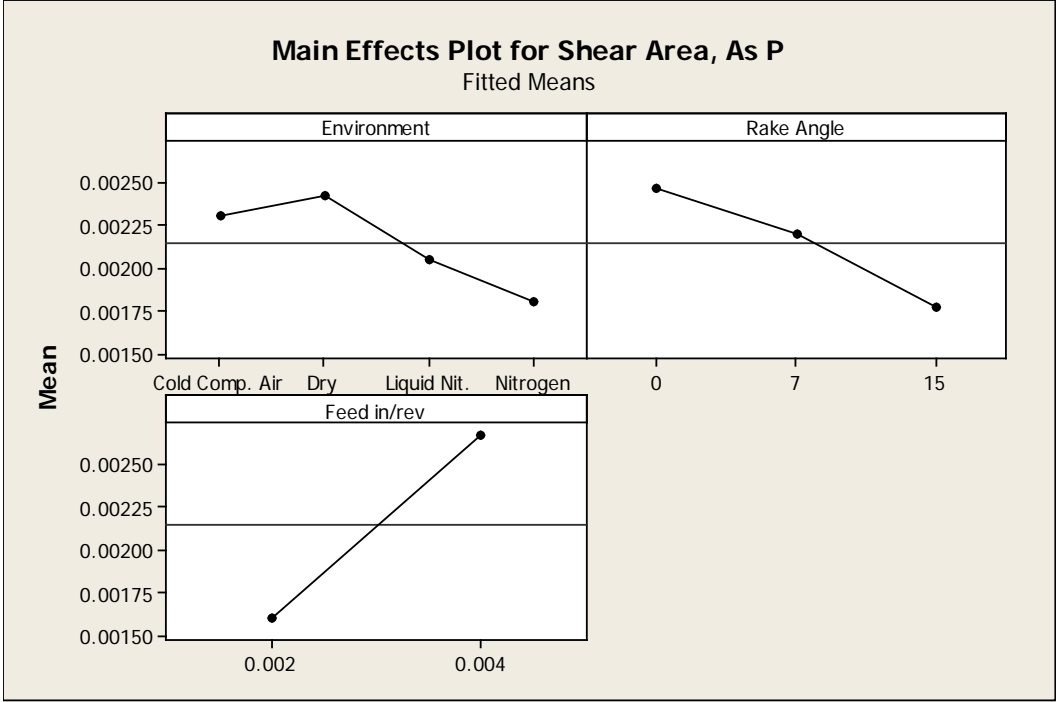
Source	F	P
Environment	2048.05	0.000
Rake Angle	4489.60	0.000
Feed in/rev	30596.57	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	1192.38	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	314.75	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	439.83	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	62.76	0.000
Error		
Total		

S = 0.0000298239 R-Sq = 99.87% R-Sq(adj) = 99.83%

Unusual Observations for Shear Area, As P

Obs	Shear Area, As P	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
9	0.002038	0.001983	0.000015	0.000054	2.09 R
18	0.001723	0.001624	0.000015	0.000098	3.80 R
19	0.001533	0.001624	0.000015	-0.000092	-3.55 R
44	0.001739	0.001673	0.000015	0.000067	2.59 R
77	0.002729	0.002674	0.000015	0.000055	2.14 R
89	0.001588	0.001536	0.000015	0.000052	2.02 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) corre, using Adjusted SS for

Tests

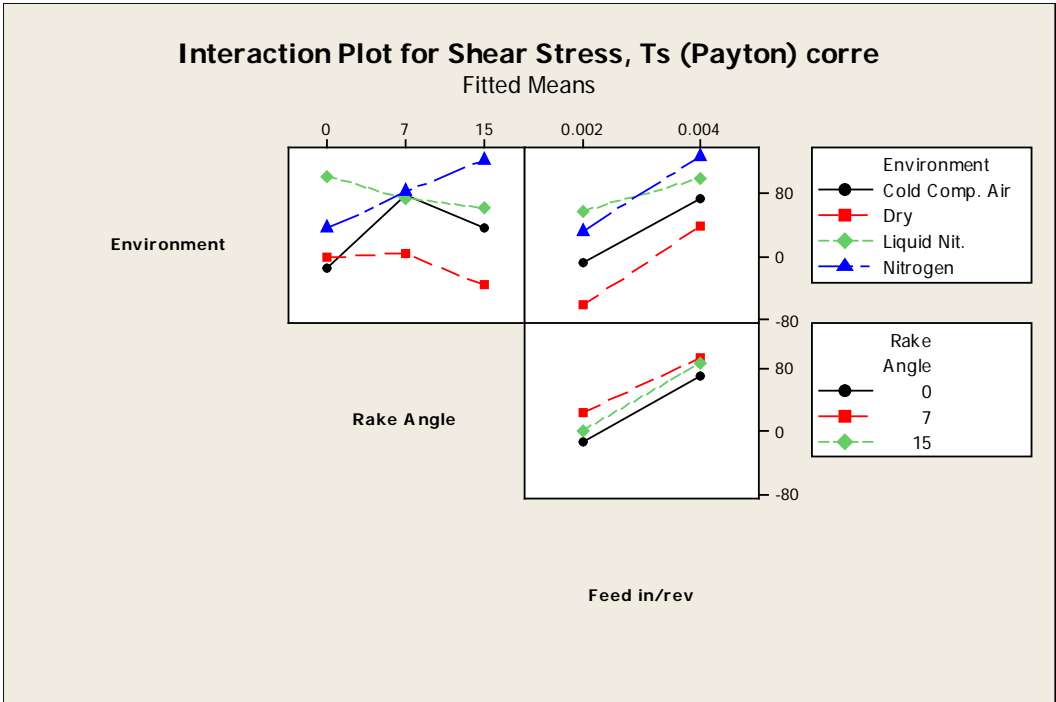
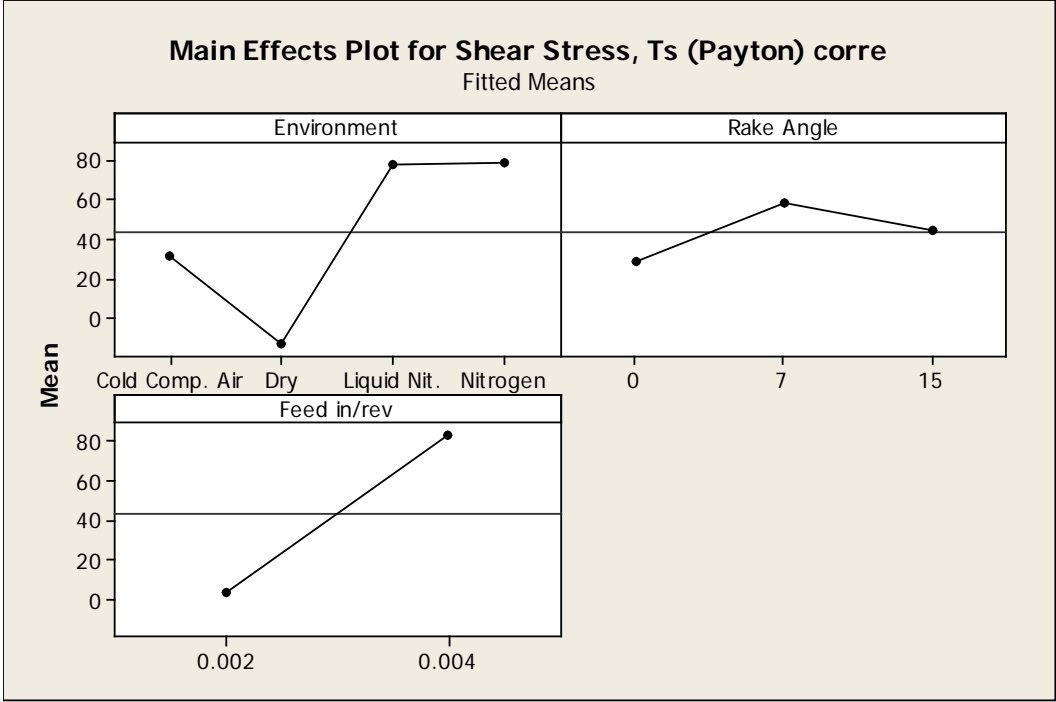
Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F	P
Environment	3	136657	136657	45552	53.82	0.000
Rake Angle	2	14152	14152	7076	8.36	0.001
Feed in/rev	1	152304	152304	152304	179.94	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	6	66231	66231	11039	13.04	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	12629	12629	4210	4.97	0.003
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	1181	1181	591	0.70	0.501
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	18243	18243	3041	3.59	0.004
Error	72	60942	60942	846		
Total	95	462339				

S = 29.0932 R-Sq = 86.82% R-Sq(adj) = 82.61%

Unusual Observations for Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) corre

Obs	Shear Stress, Ts (Payton) corre	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
17	-246.102	-111.862	14.547	-134.240	-5.33 R
18	-45.807	-111.862	14.547	66.055	2.62 R
28	-6.741	-66.217	14.547	59.477	2.36 R
57	-12.560	53.531	14.547	-66.091	-2.62 R
68	-2.456	77.546	14.547	-80.002	-3.18 R
76	27.522	81.335	14.547	-53.813	-2.14 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



Analysis of Variance for Shear strain new, using Adjusted SS for Tests

Source	DF	Seq SS	Adj SS	Adj MS	F
Environment	3	1.59803	1.59803	0.53268	2681.34
Rake Angle	2	0.62996	0.62996	0.31498	1585.52
Feed in/rev	1	0.07263	0.07263	0.07263	365.58
Environment*Rake Angle	6	2.68432	2.68432	0.44739	2252.00
Environment*Feed in/rev	3	0.13878	0.13878	0.04626	232.85
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	2	0.00012	0.00012	0.00006	0.30
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	6	0.05907	0.05907	0.00985	49.56
Error	72	0.01430	0.01430	0.00020	
Total	95	5.19722			

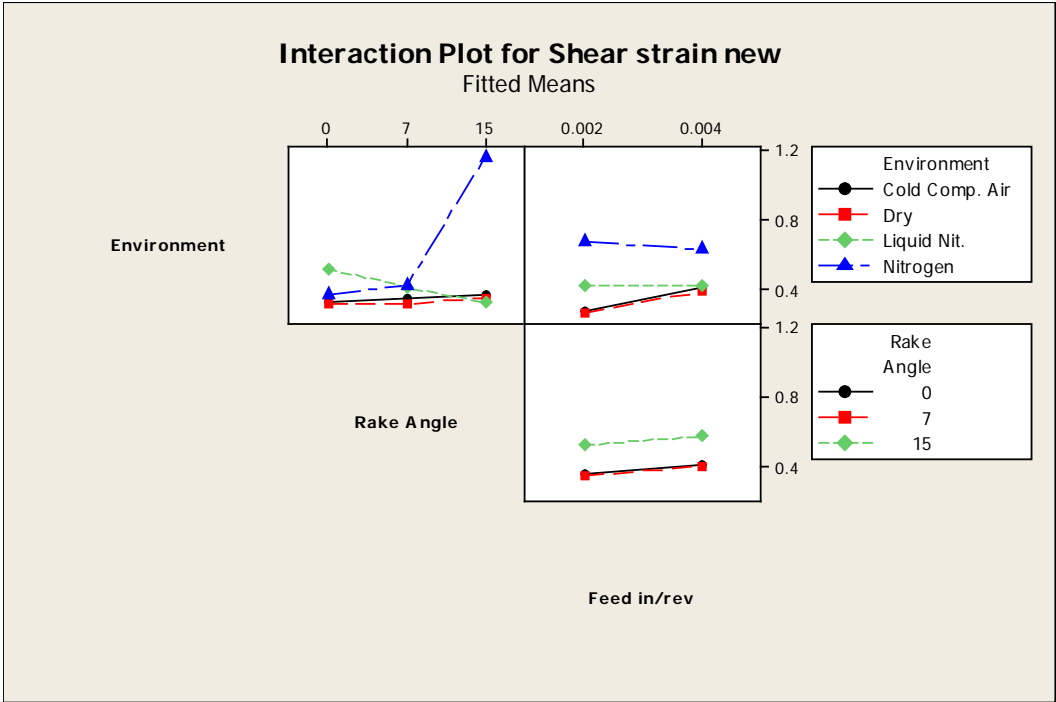
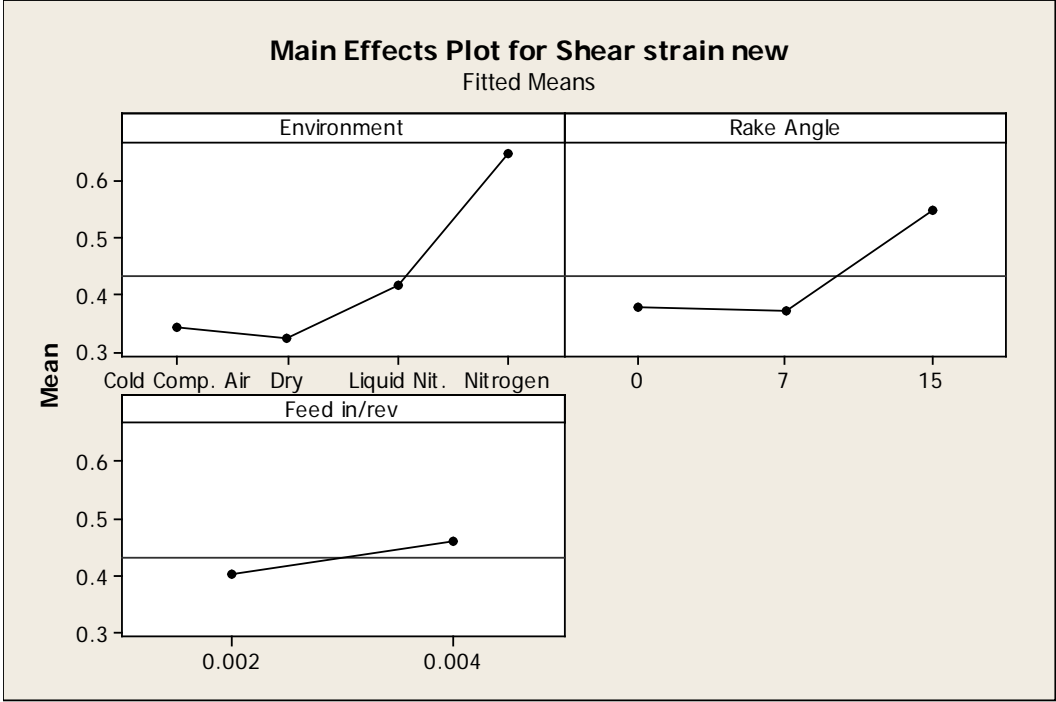
Source	P
Environment	0.000
Rake Angle	0.000
Feed in/rev	0.000
Environment*Rake Angle	0.000
Environment*Feed in/rev	0.000
Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.742
Environment*Rake Angle*Feed in/rev	0.000
Error	
Total	

S = 0.0140947 R-Sq = 99.72% R-Sq(adj) = 99.64%

Unusual Observations for Shear strain new

Obs	strain new	Fit	SE Fit	Residual	St Resid
65	1.28160	1.22960	0.00705	0.05200	4.26 R
66	1.25972	1.22960	0.00705	0.03012	2.47 R
67	1.15955	1.22960	0.00705	-0.07005	-5.74 R
74	0.57920	0.54736	0.00705	0.03184	2.61 R
76	0.52217	0.54736	0.00705	-0.02519	-2.06 R

R denotes an observation with a large standardized residual.



APPENDIX 6

LS Dyna Sample input file

```
$# LS-DYNA Keyword file created by LS-PrePost 3.1 -
02Apr2011(09:25)
$# Created on Jun-26-2011 (21:18:16)
*KEYWORD
*TITLE
$# title

*CONTROL_CONTACT
$# slsfac      rwpnal      islchk      shlthk      penopt
thkchg      orien      enmass
      1.000000      1
1
$# usrstr      usrfrc      nsbcs      intern      xpene
ssthk      ecdt      tiedprj
                                     4.000000
$#  sfrc      dfric      edc      vfc      th
th_sf      pen_sf

$# ignore      frceng      skiprwg      outseg      spotstp
spotdel      spothin

$#  isym      nserod      rwgaps      rwgdth      rwksf
icov      swradf      ithoff
                                     1.000000
$#  shledg

*CONTROL_ENERGY
$#  hgen      rwen      slnten      rylene
      2      2      2      2

*CONTROL_SHELL
$#  wrpang      esort      irnxx      istupd      theory
bwc      miter      proj
      20.000000      1      -1      1      2
2      1
```

```

$# rotascl    intgrd    lamsht    cstyp6    tshell
nfail1      nfail4    psnfail
  1.000000
1           1
$# psstupd    irqquad    cntco

*CONTROL_TERMINATION
$# endtim    endcyc    dtmin    endeng    endmas
  5.0000E-4

*CONTROL_TIMESTEP
$# dtinit    tssfacc    isdo    tslimt    dt2ms
lctm        erode    mslst
          0.900000
$# dt2msf    dt2mslc    imsc1

*DATABASE_MATSUM
$#          dt    binary    lcur    iopt
  5.0000E-7          1

*DATABASE_NODFOR
$#          dt    binary    lcur    iopt
  1.0000E-7          1

*DATABASE_BINARY_D3PLOT
$#          dt    lcdt    beam    npltc    psetid
  1.0000E-6
$# iopt

*DATABASE_BINARY_D3THDT
$#          dt    lcdt    beam    npltc    psetid
  5.0000E-7

*DATABASE_FORMAT
$# iform    ibinary

*DATABASE_EXTENT_BINARY
$# neiph    neips    maxint    strflg    sigflg
epsflg    rltflg    engflg
          3          1          0
0          0          0
$# cmpflg    ieverp    beamip    dcomp    shge
stssz    n3thdt    ialemat
          4          0          0
0          0          0
$# nintsld    pkp_sen    sclp    unused    msscl
therm    intout    nodout
          1.000000
STRESS    STRESS

```

***DATABASE_NODAL_FORCE_GROUP**

\$#	nsid	cid
	7	

***DATABASE_HISTORY_NODE**

\$#	id1	id2	id3	id4	id5
id6	id7	id8			
	1				

***BOUNDARY_PRESCRIBED_MOTION_SET**

\$#	nsid	dof	vad	lcid	sf
vid	death	birth			
	1	1	2	1	1.000000
0.000					

***BOUNDARY_PRESCRIBED_MOTION_SET**

\$#	nsid	dof	vad	lcid	sf
vid	death	birth			
	2	2	2	2	1.000000
0.000					

***BOUNDARY_PRESCRIBED_MOTION_SET**

\$#	nsid	dof	vad	lcid	sf
vid	death	birth			
	3	7	2	3	1.000000
0.000					

***BOUNDARY_PRESCRIBED_MOTION_SET**

\$#	nsid	dof	vad	lcid	sf
vid	death	birth			
	4	1	2	4	1.000000
0.000					

***BOUNDARY_PRESCRIBED_MOTION_SET**

\$#	nsid	dof	vad	lcid	sf
vid	death	birth			
	5	2	2	5	1.000000
0.000					

***BOUNDARY_PRESCRIBED_MOTION_SET**

\$#	nsid	dof	vad	lcid	sf
vid	death	birth			
	6	7	2	6	1.000000
0.000					

***BOUNDARY_PRESCRIBED_MOTION_RIGID**

\$#	pid	dof	vad	lcid	sf
vid	death	birth			
	2	1	2	7	1.000000
0.000					

***CONTACT_2D_AUTOMATIC_SINGLE_SURFACE_ID**

\$# cid
title
1
\$# sids sidm sfact freq fs
fd dc membs
3 1.000000 50 0.300000
0.300000 6
\$# tbirth tdeath sos som nds
ndm cof init
1.0000E+20 0.000 0.000

***SET_PART_LIST**

\$# sid da1 da2 da3 da4
solver
3
\$# pid1 pid2 pid3 pid4 pid5
pid6 pid7 pid8
1 2

***PART**

\$# title
Part 1 for Mat 1 and Elem Type 1
\$# pid secid mid eosid hgid
grav adpopt tmid
1 1 1

***SECTION_SHELL**

\$# secid elform shrf nip propt
qr/irid icomp setyp
1 13 1.000000 4 1
3
\$# t1 t2 t3 t4 nloc
marea idof edgset

***MAT_PLASTIC_KINEMATIC**

\$# mid ro e pr sigy
etan beta
1 2700.00006.8900E+10 0.330000 2.7000E+8
\$# src srp fs vp
6000.0000 4.000000 1.150000 1.000000

***PART**

\$# title
Part 2 for Mat 2 and Elem Type 1
\$# pid secid mid eosid hgid
grav adpopt tmid
2 1 2

***MAT_RIGID**

\$# mid ro e pr n
couple m alias
2 3200.0003.0000E+11 0.280000
\$# cmo con1 con2
1.000000 7 7
\$# lco or a1 a2 a3 v1 v2
v3

***DEFINE_CURVE**

\$# lcid sidr sfa sfo offa
offo dattyp
1 1.000000 1.000000
\$# a1 o1
5.0000002e-004

***DEFINE_CURVE**

\$# lcid sidr sfa sfo offa
offo dattyp
2 1.000000 1.000000
\$# a1 o1
5.0000002e-004

***DEFINE_CURVE**

\$# lcid sidr sfa sfo offa
offo dattyp
3 1.000000 1.000000
\$# a1 o1
5.0000002e-004

***DEFINE_CURVE**

\$# lcid sidr sfa sfo offa
offo dattyp
4 1.000000 1.000000
\$# a1 o1
5.0000002e-004

***DEFINE_CURVE**

\$# lcid sidr sfa sfo offa
offo dattyp
5 1.000000 1.000000
\$# a1 o1
5.0000002e-004

```

*DEFINE_CURVE
$#   lcid   sidr   sfa   sfo   offa
offo   dattyp
      6           1.000000  1.000000
$#           a1           o1

      5.0000002e-004

```

```

*DEFINE_CURVE
$#   lcid   sidr   sfa   sfo   offa
offo   dattyp
      7           1.000000  1.000000
$#           a1           o1

      5.0000002e-004           -0.0010500

```

```

*SET_NODE_LIST
$#   sid   da1   da2   da3   da4
solver
      1
$#   nid1   nid2   nid3   nid4   nid5
nid6   nid7   nid8
      2212   2232   2233   2234   2235
2236   2237   2238
      2239   2240   2241   2242   2243
2244   2245   2246
      2247   2248   2249   2250   2251
2252   2253   2254
      2255   2256   2257   2258   2259
2260   2261   2262
      2263   2264   2265   2266   2267
2268   2269   2270

```

Contd.

```

*SET_NODE_LIST
$#   sid   da1   da2   da3   da4
solver
      2
$#   nid1   nid2   nid3   nid4   nid5
nid6   nid7   nid8
      2212   2232   2233   2234   2235
2236   2237   2238
      2239   2240   2241   2242   2243
2244   2245   2246
      2247   2248   2249   2250   2251
2252   2253   2254

```

2255 2256 2257 2258 2259
2260 **Contd.**

***SET_NODE_LIST**

\$# sid da1 da2 da3 da4
solver
3
\$# nid1 nid2 nid3 nid4 nid5
nid6 nid7 nid8
2212 2232 2233 2234 2235
2236 2237 2238
2239 2240 2241 2242 2243
2244 2245 2246

Contd.

***SET_NODE_LIST**

\$# sid da1 da2 da3 da4
solver
4
\$# nid1 nid2 nid3 nid4 nid5
nid6 nid7 nid8
12 212 213 214 215
216 217 218
219 220 221 2232 2432
2433 2434 2435
2436 2437 2438 2439 2440
2441 2442 2443
2444 2445 2446 2447 2448
2449 2450

***SET_NODE_LIST**

\$# sid da1 da2 da3 da4
solver
5
\$# nid1 nid2 nid3 nid4 nid5
nid6 nid7 nid8
12 212 213 214 215
216 217 218
219 220 221 2232 2432
2433 2434 2435
2436 2437 2438 2439 2440
2441 2442 2443
2444 2445 2446 2447 2448
2449 2450

***SET_NODE_LIST**

\$# sid da1 da2 da3 da4
solver

6					
\$#	nid1	nid2	nid3	nid4	nid5
nid6	nid7	nid8			
	12	212	213	214	215
216	217	218			
	219	220	221	2232	2432
2433	2434	2435			
	2436	2437	2438	2439	2440
2441	2442	2443			
	2444	2445	2446	2447	2448
2449	2450				

***SET_NODE_LIST**

\$#	sid	da1	da2	da3	da4
solver					

7						MECH
\$#	nid1	nid2	nid3	nid4	nid5	
nid6	nid7	nid8				
	2212	2232	2233	2234	2235	
2236	2237	2238				
	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	
2244	2245	2246				

Contd.

***ELEMENT_SHELL**

\$#	eid	pid	n1	n2	n3	n4	n5
n6	n7	n8					
	1	1	1	420	421	3	
	2	1	420	419	430	421	
	3	1	419	418	439	430	
	4	1	418	417	448	439	
	5	1	417	416	457	448	
	6	1	416	415	466	457	
	7	1	415	414	475	466	
	...						
	...						
	...						
	6087	2	6318	6273	6272	6324	
	6088	2	6323	6274	6273	6318	
	6089	2	6322	6275	6274	6323	
	6090	2	6319	6276	6275	6322	
	6091	2	6321	6277	6276	6319	

***NODE**

\$#	nid	x	y	z
tc	rc			
	1	0.0020000	4.8749999e-004	
	2	0.0020000	3.6050001e-004	
	3	0.0020000	4.4214245e-004	
	4	0.0020000	4.1277439e-004	

5	0.0020000	3.9375920e-004
6	0.0020000	3.8144726e-004
7	0.0020000	3.7347554e-004
8	0.0020000	3.6831404e-004
9	0.0020000	3.6497205e-004
10	0.0020000	3.6280820e-004
11	0.0020000	3.6140715e-004
...		
...		
...		
6346	0.0021769	4.6832458e-004
6347	0.0021032	4.2985147e-004
6348	0.0022402	5.4376246e-004